AIG/Goldman Sachs Collateral Call Timeline

DATE	December 14, 2006	March 23, 2007	May 11, 2007	May 2007
SUMMARY	Email thread re 12/06 decision by Goldman to reduce subprime exposure/get closer to home.	Timberwolf Offering Circular	Craig Broderick (GS) email re downward adjustment of marks & adverse impact on clients.	Goldman sends marks to Bear Stearns Asset Management ("BSAM")
DESCRIPTION	 12/14/06 email from Daniel Sparks (GS) re subprime risk meeting: he writes that decision made to reduce subprime risk by selling ABX, selling inventory, marking the CDO warehouse more regularly. 12/14/06 David Viniar (GS) email response: he writes "my basic message was let's be aggressive distributing things because there will be very good opportunities as the markets goes into what is likely to be even greater distress and we want to be in position to take advantage of them." PSI. 	From 4/07 through 6/07, Goldman was soliciting Basis Yield Alpha Fund ("Master") ("BYAFM") to purchase the Timberwolf CDO. In the offering circular, Goldman discloses that "there is no established trading market for the Securities." This risk warning was typical and included in other Goldman offering circulars.	Craig Broderick sent an email to several individuals, in which he wrote that Daniel Sparks (GS) and the mortgage group "were in the process of considering making significant downward adjustments to the marks on their mortgage portfolio esp. CDOs and CDO squared" and that "this will potentially have a big P&L impact on us, but also to our clients due to the marks and associated margin calls on repos, derivatives and other products." He also wrote that Goldman needed to "survey our clients and take a shot at determining the most vulnerable clients, knock on implications, etc." He noted the significant downward adjustments to the marks were important to senior management, writing "this is getting lots of 30th floor attention right now."	Goldman sends marks to Bear Stearns that reportedly valued securities in the BSAM hedge funds at 50-60 cents on the dollar.
	TAB 1	TAB 2	TAB 3	TAB 4

June 7, 2007	July 11, 2007	July 26, 2007	July 27, 2007
BSAM hedge funds announce NAV decline BSAM hedge funds at revise the 4/07 NAV from minus 6% to minus 19%	Telephone call between Andrew Forster (AIGFP) and Alan Frost (AIGFP) Andrew Forster (AIGFP) tells Alan Frost (AIGFP) that (1) he is focusing on CDS and subprime," (2) "every fing rating agency[came] out with more downgrades," (3) "about a month ago I was like, you know suicidal," (4) "the problem that we're going to face is that we're going to have just enormous downgrades on the stuff we got," (5) AIGFP will "have to mark" its books, and (6) "we're [unintel] fed basically."	Goldman notifies AIGFP that a margin call on the SSCDS is on the way On 7/26/07, Andrew Davilman (Goldman) emailed Alan Frost (AIGFP), informing him that Goldman would be making a margin call on the CDS it purchased from AIGFP. The next day, Goldman sent AIG an invoice requesting \$1.8 billion in collateral.	\$1.8 billion Margin call Goldman sends AIGFP a collateral invoice for \$1.8 billion with valuations attached. Goldman purchases \$100 million of CDS protection on AIG. Attached to this chronology is a listing of each Goldman collateral call on AIGFP, each collateral posting by AIGFP and each purchase of CDS protection on AIG by Goldman.
TAB 5 at 24-25	TAB 6	TAB 7	TAB 8

July 30, 2007	August 1, 2007	August 2, 2007	August 10, 2007
Telephone call between Andrew Forster (AIGFP) and John Liebergal (AIGFP)	Tom Athan (AIGFP) email to Andrew Forster (AIGFP)	Goldman reduces its margin call from \$1.8 billion to \$1.2 billion.	AIGFP posts \$450 million of collateral and the companies execute a sideletter agreement
Forster (AIGFP) tells John Liebergal (AIGFP) that (1) Goldman margin call "hit out of the blue and [] a fing number that's well bigger than we ever planned for," (2) Goldman's prices were "ridiculous" but that the value "could be anything from 80 to sort of, you know 95," (3) he would not buy bonds at 90 cents on the dollar "because they could probably go low" and because it would require AIGFP to mark its books. He specifically stated, "we can't mark any of our positions, and obviously that's what saves us having this enormous mark to market. If we start buying the physical bonds back then any accountant is going to turn around and say, well, John, you know you traded at 90, you must be able to mark your bonds then."	Athan writes in email to Forster that (1) he had a "tough conf call with Goldman," (2) Goldman was "not budging and are acting irrational," (3) Goldman "insist[s] on 'actionable firm bids and offers' to come up with a 'mid market quotation," (4) he agreed on the call that "we needed to escalate this within AIG FP," (5) "we need Joe [Cassano] to understand the situation 100% and let him decide how he wants to proceed," (6) he "played almost every card I had, legal wording, market practice, intent of the language, meaning of the CSA, and also stressed the potential damage to the relationship and GS said that this has gone to the 'highest levels' at GS and they feel that the CSA has to work or they cannot do synthetic trades anymore across the firm in these types of instruments," and (7) GS called this a "test case" many times on the call.	On 8/2/07 Andrew Forster (AIGFP) emails Joe Cassano (AIGFP) and Pierre Micottis (AIGFP) a revised spreadsheet from Goldman showing a reduction in the margin call from \$1.8 billion to \$1.2 billion. Forster states in the email that "they [Goldman] realized they needed to use mids not bids" (meaning mid point between bid and ask). Attached is a listing of marks from Merrill and Goldman that shows Goldman marks are lower. For example, Goldman valued the Broderick CDO at 0.85 but Merrill valued it at 0.98. Goldman valued the Dunhill ABS CDO at 0.85 but Merrill valued it at 0.99. Merrill's estimated values did not represent actual bids or offers. Goldman CDS protection on AIG now \$300 million.	AIG posted \$450 million on 8/10/07. Goldman and AIG execute a "side letter agreement" in which it was written that the parties had not resolved the margin call dispute and that Goldman's acceptance of the \$450 million did not constitute an agreement that the \$450 million satisfied the required collateral posting. Goldman CDS protection on AIG now totals \$575 million.
TAB 9	TAB 10	TAB 11	TAB 12

August 16, 2007	September 11, 2007	September 13, 2007	September 20, 2007
Andrew Forster (AIGFP) email to Alan Frost (AIGFP) re Goldman is aggressively marking down assets	AIGFP internal emails re collateral calls	Goldman purchases \$700 million of additional CDS protection on AIG	Goldman reports 3Q07 results
Alan Frost writes in email to Andrew Forster (Forster on holiday) that (1) the \$450 million posting was "to get everyone to chill out," (2) he will not disturb Joe Cassano, who is also on holiday, (3) "this is not the last margin call we are going to debate," (4) Andrew Davilman (GS) told him that "marks from Merrill on CDO's [] are starting to look more like where GS would mark them," and (5) AIGFP "might start to see some significant margin calls." Forster responds that "I have heard several rumors now that gs is aggressively marking down asset types that they don't own so as to cause maximum pain to their competitors. It may be rubbish but it's the sort of thing gs would do."	Tom Athan (AIGFP) writes to Andrew Forster (AIGFP) and Adam Budnick (AIGFP) that (1) Goldman is now asking for \$1.5 billion, (2) SocGen London asked for \$40 million based on an 82.5 bid price from Goldman which Athan disputed, (3) SocGen NY said they "received marks from GS on positions that would result in big collateral calls but SG disputed them with GS." SocGen disputed marks from Goldman but also that AIGFP is disputing marks of other counterparties asking for collateral.	Goldman purchases another \$700 million of CDS protection on AIG. Total Goldman CDS protection on AIG is now \$1,449,000,000.	Reported in Goldman 3Q07 earnings release that "significant losses on non-prime loans and securities were more than offset by gains on short mortgage positions." Viniar says during conference call that shorts were profitable.
TAB 13	TAB 14		TAB 15

November 1, 2007	November 2, 2007	November 5, 2007	November 8, 2007
Joe Cassano (AIGFP) email to Elias Habayeb (AIGFP)	Goldman increases its margin demand from \$1.06 billion to \$2.8 billion.	Internal AIGFP email	David Lehman (GS) email to Andrew Forster (AIGFP) re valuation methodology.
Cassano writes that only other collateral call is from SocGen, that it was "spurred by GS calling them," and AIGFP had not heard from SocGen since disputing the call.	Margin call from Goldman to AIGFP increases from \$1 billion on 11/1/07 to \$2.8 billion on 11/2/07. Goldman asking for \$2.8 billion in addition to the \$450 million that has already been posted. CDS protection on AIG remains at \$1,449,000,000.	Pierre Micottis (AIGFP) email to Joe Cassano, Andrew Forster and Elias Habayeb (AIGFP) attaches spreadsheet showing differences between Goldman and AIGFP marks. The attached chart shows that Goldman's marks were lower than marks estimated by AIGFP utilizing its Binomial Expansion Technique ("BET") model and marks provided by other dealers. For example, on Duke Funding, Goldman mark was 70, Merrill's was 85 and BET was 99.81. On the Ischus CDO II, Goldman's mark was 55; CSFB's was 90 and BET was 99.92. On Altius II Funding, Goldman's mark was 87.5; CSFB was 85 and BET was 100. On the Sherwood Funding CDO, Goldman's mark was 60; Morgan Stanley's was 90 and BET was 100.	Lehman writes email to Forster asking him to continue constructive dialogue surrounding valuation methodology and that next step should be line-by-line comparison of GS vs AIGFP prices.
TAB 16	TAB 17	TAB 18	TAB 19

November 9, 2007	November 14, 2007	November 18, 2007	November 23, 2007
Marks from Merrill	Andrew Forster (AIGFP) email to Joe Cassano (AIGFP) re collateral calls.	Andrew Forster (AIGFP) email to Joe Cassano (AIGFP)	AIGFP posts \$1.55 billion, bringing the total amount posted to \$2 billion.
Andrew Forster (AIGFP) emails Joe Cassano and Pierre Micottis (AIGFP) a listing of marks received from Merrill that are higher than Goldman's marks. • Reservoir Funding: Goldman = 80; Merrill = 95. • Jupiter High-Grade: Goldman = 75; Merrill = 95. • Broderick: Goldman = 67.5; Merrill = 95. • Orient Point: Goldman = 60; Merrill = 95. • Southcoast Funding: Goldman = 55; Merrill = 80.	Forster writes that AIGFP received significant collateral calls from SocGen (\$1.7B) based on Goldman marks; and Merrill (\$610M). Asks if AIGFP should dispute and attempt to reach compromise.	Forster writes that average GS price on HG deals is 82.18 and 68.36 on average mezz deal. Merrill is 87 HG and 80.57 mezz. Forster also writes that Goldman and Merrill both made collateral calls on Independence V but that Merrill's call was based on a mark of 90.81 and Goldman's call was based on a mark of 67.5. Goldman CDS protection on AIG now totals \$1,874,000,000.	AIG posted an additional \$1.55 billion, again with a side letter stating the parties' continued disagreement about the proper collateral amount. Collateral demand declines to \$1.4 billion after the posting.
TAB 20	TAB 21	TAB 22	TAB 23-24

November 27, 2007	November 29, 2007	November 30, 2007	December 4, 2007
AIGFP collateral call analysis showing Goldman's marks lower than other dealers	PwC notes of meeting re Goldman collateral calls with representatives of AIG, AIGFP and PwC	AIG requests that Goldman Sachs return collateral or continue with dispute resolution discussion	Goldman letter to AIGFP.
Joe Cassano forwards to Bill Dooley (AIGFP) his email to Forster in which he wrote that the collateral calls from Goldman and others were being disputed, that parties were seeking resolution and that "no one seems to know how to discern a market valuation price from the current opaque market environment; and no one is particularly excited about the issue being left open." Attached chart shows collateral calls from Merrill, Bank of Montreal, Calyon, Goldman, SocGen, and UBS. Chart also shows Goldman marks lower than others. • Dunhill: Goldman = 75; Merrill = 95. • Independence V: Goldman = 67.5; Merrill = 90. • Lexington: Goldman = 60; Merrill = 90. • Orient Point: Goldman = 60; Merrill = 95. • South Coast Funding VII: Goldman = 65; Merrill = 90. CDS protection reduced by\$100,000,000 to \$1,774,000,000.	PwC's Tim Ryan tells AIGFP and AIG executives that the Goldman collateral calls are a major data point and that their impact on the valuation of the SSCDS book needs to be fully understood. Cassano says GS values could impact quarter's results by \$5 billion. AIG CEO Martin Sullivan says that would eliminate the quarter's profits. Forster told FCIC staff that Sullivan also responded to the \$5B estimate by saying he would have a heart attack. Sullivan told FCIC that he does not remember this meeting.	On 11/30/07, Cassano called Michael Sherwood at Goldman and demanded that Goldman return the \$1.55 billion of collateral posted on 11/23/07. Cassano told Dooley the demand was based on pricing provided by an independent third party for 70% of the 3500 reference obligations and AIGFP's valuation for the other 30%. Goldman did not return the collateral.	Goldman letter disputing AIGFP's 11/30/07 demand for return of collateral.
TAB 25	TAB 26	TAB 27	TAB 27

December 5, 2007	December 6, 2007	December 7, 2007	December 14, 2007
AIG Investor Day Conference	AIGFP letter to Goldman	AIGFP Letter to Goldman.	Andrew Forster (AIGFP) letter to Neil Wright (GS) requesting return of collateral
During an Investor Day Conference attended by AIG executives Martin Sullivan, Joe Cassano, Gary Gorton, Andrew Forster, Steven Bensinger, Bob Lewis, and others, Cassano represented that the estimated unrealized valuation loss on SSCDS book was \$1.5B; no disclosure was made that one method used to estimate the loss included a \$3.6B negative basis adjustment. Cassano says some counterparties that made margin calls "go away" after AIGFP tells them they disagree with their numbers and that other times "we sit down and we try to find the middle ground."	AIGFP letter to Goldman acknowledging continuing dispute and proposal to discuss dispute.	AIGFP demands return of \$1,562,720,000.	Forster writes in letter that "given the significant amount of collateral in dispute that is held by Goldman, we expect either that you now return to us the amount of collateral that we have called for, or that you continue next week to engage actively and constructively with us in discussions toward resolving the dispute" and that "it would not be appropriate to delay the discussion at this stage."
TAB 28	TAB 27	TAB 27	TAB 29

December 21, 2007	December 31, 2007	January 2, 2008	January 7, 2008
Cassano email to Sherwood requesting return of collateral	Status of Collateral Postings	Goldman Sachs increased its margin call from \$1.6 billion to \$2.1 billion.	Internal AIGFP email stating that SocGen did not make a margin call based on Goldman marks after discussions with AIGFP.
Cassano writes in the email that Goldman's exposure calculations (that Cassano received the previous night) were too high (marks too low), requests Goldman to return collateral but states that discussions will have to wait because of Christmas and New Year's holiday.	A schedule produced by AIG listed the following collateral postings as of 12/31/07. Goldman represents 89.4% of posted collateral while it represents about \$21 billion or 27% of the \$78 billion SSCDS book. • \$32 million to Bank of Montreal • \$4 million to BGI • \$56 million to Barclays • \$81 million to CIBC • \$2 million to Deutsche • \$2.429 million to Goldman Sachs Int'I • \$19 million to Societe Generale TOTAL: \$2.718 million	Goldman increases margin call to \$2.1 billion. CDS protection on AIG remains at \$1,774,000,000.	Tom Athan emailed Cassano, Forster and others stating that SocGen did not make a collateral call on 11/13/07 based on Goldman's marks after he told them AIGFP would dispute it.
TAB 30	TAB 31	TAB 32	TAB 33

January 16, 2008	February 6, 2008	March 3, 2008	March 17, 2008
AIGFP again requested that Goldman Sachs return collateral posted to date.	Cassano email to Habayeb and others	Goldman increases margin call from \$2.5 billion to \$4.2 billion.	Goldman increases margin call from \$4.2 billion to \$4.8 billion.
On 1/16/08, Cassano sent a follow-up email to Goldman CFO David Viniar and Sherwood in which he again wrote that Goldman's exposure calculations were too high and asked for Goldman to return \$1.1 billion of the collateral previously posted by AIG. Enclosed chart shows AIGFP valuing several securities at par. Goldman witnesses including David Lehman and Andrew Davilman, told FCIC staff that AIGFP's valuing securities at par was not credible.	Cassano writes that \$442M collateral call from SocGen is close to \$589M AIGFP estimate using BET model. Goldman's CDS protection on AIG now \$2.1 billion.	On 3/3/08, Goldman's collateral demand increased from \$2.5 billion to \$4.2 billion. Goldman's CDS protection on AIG remains at \$2.1 billion.	By 3/17/08, Goldman increased its demand to \$4.8 billion.; CDS protection on AIG remains at \$2.1 billion.
TAB 34	TAB 35	TAB 36	TAB 37

March 17, 2008	April 24, 2008	May 16, 2008	May 28, 2008
AIG posts \$1 billion of additional collateral.	Side letter executed	Side letter executed	Collateral posted by AIGFP totals \$4.9 billion of collateral.
AIG posted \$1.0 billion of additional collateral on 3/17/08 which brought the total amount to \$3.0 billion.	Goldman and AIG executed side letter to increase AIG's posting to \$4.737 billion. The parties reserve all rights to dispute the collateral calls. Goldman's CDS protection on AIG now \$2.8 billion.	Side letter signed by AIGFP to increase collateral posting to \$4.785 billion. The parties reserve all rights to dispute the collateral calls. Goldman's CDS protection on AIG now \$3.0 billion.	Side letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$4.912 billion. Goldman's CDS protection on AIG now \$3.2 billion.
TAB 38	TAB 27	TAB 27	TAB 27

June 18, 2008	June 26, 2008	June 30, 2008	July 2, 2008
Collateral posted by AIGFP totals \$5.4 billion.	AIGFP and Goldman agree to use third party prices to calculate collateral amount; AIGFP increases amount posted by \$484.6 million	Status of Collateral Calls and Postings	AIGFP increases amount posted to \$5.912 billion
Side letter executed to increase collateral posting to \$5,427.9 million, with the increase of approximately \$516 million associated with five ABACUS CDS transactions. All rights were reserved to dispute the related collateral calls.	AIGFP and GSI agreed to a calculation methodology that references third party prices to partially bridge the difference between the parties' calculated exposures. This will result in an increase in the amount to be posted by AIGFP by approximately \$484.6 million. Side letter sent to GSI for execution; comments expected on Monday. June 30. Goldman CDS protection on AIG declines to \$2.6 billion.	A schedule produced by AIG listed the following collateral calls and postings as of 6/30/08. Collateral Calls on CDS Written by AIGFP on Multi-Sector CDOs \$Millions	Side letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$5.912 billion. All rights were reserved to dispute the related collateral calls.
TAB 27	TAB 27	TAB 31	TAB 27

July 18, 2008	July 31, 2008		August 15, 2008	August 20, 2008
AIGFP agrees to increase amount posted to \$6.207 billion.	Status of Collateral Calls and Postings		AIGFP agrees to increase amount posted to \$6.447 billion.	AIG agreed to increase amount posted to \$6.445 billion.
Side letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$6.207 billion, with an increase of approximately \$294.9 million agreed to with respect to the Orkney transaction. All rights reserved to dispute the related collateral calls.	Select Counterparty Banco Santander Bank of America Bank of Montreal BGI Barclays Calyon \$ CIBC Coral (DZ Bank) Deutshe Goldman Sachs Cap M Goldman Sachs Int'l HSBC Merrill Lynch Int'l \$ Rabobank RFC Royal Bank of Scotland Societe Generale \$ Static Res UBS \$ Wachovia	tten by AIGFP DOS /2008 Call Posted \$125 \$183 \$263 \$405 \$244 \$6 \$6 \$997 \$817 1,261 \$734 \$304 \$224 \$306 \$306 \$388 \$450 \$94 \$7 8,254 \$6,217 \$183 \$21 2,234 \$2,127 \$319 \$184 \$435 \$242 2,271 \$1,977 1,485 \$510 \$71 \$61 9,321 \$14,376 eral called while it 7% of the \$78	AIGFP and GSI agreed to increase credit support posting to approximately \$6.447 billion, with an increase of approximately \$239.7 million agreed to with respect to five ABACUS transactions. Goldman's CDS protection on AIG now \$3 billion.	Side letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$6.445 billion, with an increase of approximately \$237.6 million.
TAB 27	TAB 31		TAB 27	TAB 27

August 28, 2008	August 31, 2008	September 12, 2008	September 15, 2008	
AIGFP agrees to increase amount posted to \$6.8 billion.	Status of Collateral Calls and Postings	Status of Collateral Calls and Postings	AIG Downgrade and Status of Collateral Calls and Postings	
Side letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$6.807 billion.	A schedule produced by AIG listed the following collateral calls and postings as of 8/31/08. Collateral Calls on CDS Written by AIGFP on Multi-Sector CDOs	A schedule produced by AIG listed the following collateral calls and postings as of 9/12/08. Collateral Calls on CDS Written by AIGFP on Multi-Sector CDOs \$Millions 9/12/2008 Select Counterparty Call Posted Banco Santander \$137 Bank of America \$222 \$288 Bank of Montreal \$455 \$280 BGI \$30 \$9 Barclays \$1,308 \$1,344 Calyon \$1,231 \$1,139 CIBC \$361 \$267 Coral (DZ Bank) \$290 \$290 Deutshe \$936 -\$12 Fort Dearborne Goldman Sachs Cap M \$94 Goldman Sachs Int'l \$8,979 \$7,596 HSBC \$173 \$98 Merrill Lynch Int'l \$2,278 \$2,133 Rabobank \$301 \$184 RFC Royal Bank of Scotland \$435 \$485 Societe Generale \$4,280 \$4,008 Static Res UBS \$1,831 \$756 Wachovia \$100 \$57 Totals \$23,441 \$18,922	AIG is downgraded and collateral calls increase from \$23.4 billion on 9/12/08 to \$32.0 billion on 9/15/08. A schedule produced by AIG listed the following collateral calls and postings as of 9/15/08. Goldman's demand increased from \$9 billion on 9/12/08 to \$10.1 billion on 9/15/08. Collateral Calls on CDS Written by AIGFP on Multi-Sector CDOs \$Millions 9/15/2008	
	billion SSCDS book as of 12/31/07.	Goldman represents 39% of collateral called while it represents about \$21 billion or 27% of the \$78 billion SSCDS book as of 12/31/07. Goldman CDS protection on AIG declines to \$2.7 billion.	Static Res \$1,832 \$755 Wachovia \$193 \$57 Totals \$32,013 \$19,573	
TAB 27	TAB 31	TAB 31	TAB 31	

September 16, 2008		September 18, 2008 November 6, 2008		November 24, 2008	
RBNY announces \$85 billion loan to AIG. AIG posts other \$3 billion of collateral.		AIGFP agrees to increase amount posted to Goldman \$8.8 billion.	Amount of collateral posted to Goldman increases to \$10.7 billion.	Maiden Lane III is created	
a schedule produced by AIG listed the following collateral calls and postings as of 9/16/08. None of the additional \$3 billion went to Goldman.		Side letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$8.801 billion, with	Goldman demanding \$1.8 billion in addition to \$10.7 billion of collateral posted. Total CDS protection on AIG is	Maiden Lane III pays Goldman \$5.6 billion to terminate most of the SSCDS contracts between AIGFP and Goldman. Tab 39, documents provided by Goldman, show funds paid to GS by AIG and MLIII, and funds paid to GS counterparties. Twelve SSCDS are not part of MLIII and Goldman has \$3.5 billion of collateral on these SSCDS.	
Collateral Calls on CDS Written by AIGFP on Multi-Sector CDOs		an increase of approximately			
\$Millions 9/16/2008		\$1,205 billion.	\$2.3 billion.		
Select Counterparty	Call	Posted			
Banco Santander	\$258	. 00.00			
Bank of America	\$222	\$342			
Bank of Montreal	\$455	\$320			
BGI	\$30	\$9			
Barclays	\$1,417	\$1,660			
Calyon	\$1,231	\$1,139			
CIBC	\$382	\$300			
Coral (DZ Bank)	\$1,033	\$290			
Deutshe	\$1,684	\$1,341			
Fort Dearborne	\$167				
Goldman Sachs Cap M	\$94				
Goldman Sachs Int'l	\$10,065	\$7,596			
HSBC	\$273	\$98			
Merrill Lynch Int'l	\$3,170	\$2,134			
Rabobank	\$775	\$184			
RFC	\$242				
Royal Bank of Scotland	\$538	\$543			
Societe Generale	\$9,818	\$5,582			
Static Res					
UBS	\$1,832	\$831			
Wachovia	\$193	\$76			
Totals	\$33,879	\$22,445	TAB 27		TAB 39

From:

Viniar, David

Sent:

Friday, December 15, 2006 8:57 AM

To:

Montag, Tom

Subject:

RE: Subprime risk meeting with Viniar/McMahon Summary

Yes. We spent about two hours together. Dan and team did a very good job going through the risks. On ABX, the position is reasonably sensible but is just too big. Might have to spend a little to size it appropriately. On everything else my basic message was let's be aggressive distributing things because there will be very good opportunities as the markets goes into what is likely to be even greater distress and we want to be in position to take advantage of them. Let me know if you want to catch up live.

From:

Montag, Tom

Sent:

Friday, December 15, 2006 1:00 AM

To:

Viniar, David

Subject:

FW: Subprime risk meeting with Viniar/McMahon Summary

is this fair summary?

From:

Sparks, Daniel L

Sent:

Thursday, December 14, 2006 11:04 PM

To:

Montag, Tom; Ruzika, Richard

Subject:

Subprime risk meeting with Viniar/McMahon Summary

Mortgage team - Gasvoda, Rosenblum, Swenson and me. Viniar, Bill, Brian Lee (controllers) and some risk guys. Ruzika on phone.

Reviewed in detail 6 areas of risk related to subprime:

ABX/CDS

Loans

Residuals

CDO warehouse

Early Payment Defaults (EPDs)

Loan warehouse

Follow-ups:

- 1. Reduce exposure, sell more ABX index outright, basis trade of index vs CDS too large
- 2. Distribute as much as possible on bonds created from new loan securitizations and clean previous positions
- 3. Sell some more resids
- 4. Mark the CDO warehouse more regularly (had been policy to true-up quarterly) will likely be weekly or more if necessary
- 5. Stay focused on the credit of the originators we buy loans from and lend to
- 6. Stay focused and aggressive on MLN (warehouse customer and originator we have EPDs to that is likely to fail)
- 7. Be ready for the good opportunities that are coming (keep powder dry and look around the market hard)

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations
EXHIBIT #3

Untitled Page Page 2 of 3

CONFIDENTIAL

TIMBERWOLF I, LTD. TIMBERWOLF I (DELAWARE) CORP.

U.S.\$ 9,000,000 Class S-1 Floating Rate Notes Due 2011
U.S.\$ 8,300,000 Class S-2 Floating Rate Notes Due 2011
U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Class A-1a Floating Rate Notes Due 2039
U.S.\$ 200,000,000 Class A-1b Floating Rate Notes Due 2039
U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Class A-1c Floating Rate Notes Due 2044
U.S.\$ 100,000,000 Class A-1d Floating Rate Notes Due 2044
U.S.\$ 305,000,000 Class A-2 Floating Rate Notes Due 2047
U.S.\$ 107,000,000 Class B Floating Rate Notes Due 2047
U.S.\$ 36,000,000 Class C Deferrable Floating Rate Notes Due 2047
U.S.\$ 30,000,000 Class D Deferrable Floating Rate Notes Due 2047
U.S.\$ 22,000,000 Income Notes Due 2047

Secured (with Respect to the Notes) Primarily by a Portfolio of CDO Securities and Synthetic Securities (referencing CDO Securities)

The Notes (as defined herein) and the Income Notes (as defined herein) (collectively, the "Securities") are being offered hereby in the L qualified institutional buyers (as defined in Rule 144A under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the "Securities Act")), in reliance under the Securities Act, and, solely in the case of the Income Notes, to accredited investors (as defined in Rule 501(a) under the Securities Act) worth of not less than U.S.\$10 million in transactions exempt from registration under the Securities Act. The Securities are being offered hereb States only to persons that are also "qualified purchasers" for purposes of Section 3(c)(7) under the United States Investment Company Act of 194 (the "Investment Company Act"). The Securities are being offered hereby outside the United States to non U.S. Persons in offshore transactions Regulation S ("Regulation S") under the Securities Act. See "Underwriting."

See "Risk Factors" for a discussion of certain factors to be considered in connection with an investment in the Securities.

There is no established trading market for the Securities. Application may be made to admit the Securities on a stock exchange of the Ispracticable. There can be no assurance that such admission will be sought, granted or maintained.

It is a condition of the issuance of the Securities that the Class S-1 Notes, the Class S-2 Notes, the Class A-1a Notes, the Class A-1b N A-1c Notes, the Class A-1d Notes and the Class A-2 Notes be issued with a rating of "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. ("Moody's") and "AA & Poor's Ratings Services, a division of The McGraw-Hill Companies, Inc. ("S&P," and together with Moody's, the "Rating Agencies"), that the Clissued with a rating of at least "Aa2" by Moody's and at least "AA" by S&P, that the Class C Notes be issued with a rating of at least "A2" by Mood "A" by S&P and that the Class D Notes be issued with a rating of at least "Baa2" by Moody's and at least "BBB" by S&P. The Income Notes will r credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to revision or withdrawal at any time by the assigning ratin "Ratings of the Notes."

See "Underwriting" for a discussion of the terms and conditions of the purchase of the Securities by the Initial Purchaser.

THE ASSETS OF THE ISSUER (AS DEFINED HEREIN) ARE THE SOLE SOURCE OF PAYMENTS ON THE SECURITIES. THE SECURI REPRESENT AN INTEREST IN OR OBLIGATIONS OF, AND ARE NOT INSURED OR GUARANTEED BY, THE HOLDERS OF THE SEC COLLATERAL MANAGER (AS DEFINED HEREIN), THE CASHFLOW SWAP COUNTERPARTY (AS DEFINED HEREIN), GOLDMAN, SACI INITIAL PURCHASER (AS DEFINED HEREIN)), THE ISSUER ADMINISTRATOR (AS DEFINED HEREIN), THE AGENTS (AS DEFINED I TRUSTEE (AS DEFINED HEREIN), THE SHARE TRUSTEE (AS DEFINED HEREIN) OR ANY OF THEIR RESPECTIVE AFFILIATES.

THE SECURITIES HAVE NOT BEEN AND WILL NOT BE REGISTERED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT, AND NEITHER OF THE ISSUERS HEREIN) WILL BE REGISTERED UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT. THE SECURITIES MAY NOT BE OFFERED OR SOLD WITHIN STATES OR TO, OR FOR THE ACCOUNT OR BENEFIT OF, U.S. PERSONS (AS SUCH TERMS ARE DEFINED UNDER THE SECURITIES PURSUANT TO AN EXEMPTION FROM, OR IN A TRANSACTION NOT SUBJECT TO, THE REGISTRATION REQUIREMENTS OF THE SECURITIES ACCORDINGLY, THE SECURITIES ARE BEING OFFERED HEREBY ONLY TO (A) (1) QUALIFIED INSTITUTIONAL BUYERS (AS DEFINED UNDER THE SECURITIES ACT) AND, SOLELY IN THE CASE OF THE INCOME NOTES, ACCREDITED INVESTORS (AS DEFINED IN RULE THE SECURITIES ACT) THAT HAVE A NET WORTH OF NOT LESS THAN U.S.\$10 MILLION AND, WHO ARE (2) QUALIFIED PURC PURPOSES OF SECTION 3(c)(7) UNDER THE INVESTMENT COMPANY ACT AND (B) CERTAIN NON-U.S. PERSONS OUTSIDE THE UNITITIES NOTES (OTHER THAN REGULATION S CLASS D NOTES AND REGULATION S INCOME NOTES) WILL BE REQUIRED TO EXECUTE AN LETTER CONTAINING CERTAIN REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENTS, AND PURCHASERS AND SUBSEQUENT TRANSFEREES NOTES, CLASS A-1a NOTES, CLASS A-1b NOTES, CLASS A-1c NOTES, CLASS A-1c NOTES, CLASS A-1c NOTES, CLASS A-1c NOTES, CLASS B NOTES, CLASS D NOTES AND REGULATION S INCOME NOTES, CLASS D NOTES AND REGULATION S INCOME NOTES, CLASS A-1c NOTES, CLASS B NOTES, CLASS D NOTES AND REGULATION S INCOME NOTES WILL BE DEEMED TO HAVE MADE SUCH REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENT TRANSFERED TO HAVE MADE SUCH REPRESENTATIONS AND AGREEMENT TRANSFERABLE EXCEPT IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE R DESCRIBED UNDER "NOTICE TO INVESTORS."

The Securities are being offered by Goldman, Sachs & Co. (in the case of the Securities offered outside the United States, selling thr agent) (the "Initial Purchaser"), in each case, as specified herein, subject to its right to reject any order in whole or in part, in one or more negotiat or otherwise at varying prices to be determined at the time of sale *plus* accrued interest, if any, from the Closing Date (as defined herein). It is ex Class S-1 Notes, Class S-2 Notes, Class A-1a Notes, Class A-1b Notes, Class A-1c Notes, Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Regulation S Class D Notes and the Regulation S Income Notes will be ready for delivery in book entry form only in New York, New York, on or a 2007 (the "Closing Date"), through the facilities of DTC and in the case of the Securities sold outside the United States, for the accounts of E S.A./N.V., as operator of the Euroclear System ("Euroclear") and Clearstream Banking, société anonyme ("Clearstream"), against payment therefor available funds. It is expected that the Class D Notes (other than the Regulation S Class D Notes) the Income Notes (other than the Regulation S will be ready for delivery in definitive form in New York, New York on the Closing Date, against payment therefor in immediately available funds. The reliance on Rule 144A will be issued in minimum denominations of U.S.\$100,000 and integral multiples of U.S.\$1 in excess thereof. The Income Notes we minimum denominations of U.S.\$100,000 and integral multiples of U.S.\$1 in excess thereof.

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Offering Circular dated March 23, 2007

RISK FACTORS

Prior to making an investment decision, prospective investors should carefully consider, in addition to the matters set forth elsewhere in this Offering Circular, the following factors:

Securities

Limited Liquidity and Restrictions on Transfer. There is currently no market for the Securities. Although the Initial Purchaser has advised the Issuers that it intends to make a market in the Securities, the Initial Purchaser is not obligated to do so, and any such market making with respect to the Securities may be discontinued at any time without notice. There can be no assurance that any secondary market for any of the Notes will develop or, if a secondary market does develop, that it will provide the Holders of the Notes with liquidity of investment or that it will continue for the life of such Notes and consequently a purchaser must be prepared to hold the Notes until maturity. Consequently, a purchaser must be prepared to hold the Notes for an indefinite period of time or until Stated Maturity. Since it is likely that there will never be a secondary market for the Income Notes, a purchaser must be prepared to hold its Income Notes until the Stated Maturity.

In addition, no sale, assignment, participation, pledge or transfer of the Securities may be effected if, among other things, it would require any of the Issuer, the Co-Issuer or any of their officers or directors to register under, or otherwise be subject to the provisions of, the Investment Company Act or any other similar legislation or regulatory action. Furthermore, the Securities will not be registered under the Securities Act or any state securities laws or the laws of any other jurisdiction, and the Issuer has no plans, and is under no obligation, to register the Securities under the Securities Act or any state securities laws or under the laws of any other jurisdiction. The Securities are subject to certain transfer restrictions and can be transferred only to certain transferees as described herein under "Description of the Securities—Form of the Securities" and "Notice to Investors." Such restrictions on the transfer of the Securities may further limit their liquidity. See "Description of the Securities—Form of the Securities." Application may be made to admit the Securities on a stock exchange of the Issuer's choice, if practicable. There can be no assurance that such admission will be sought, granted or maintained.

Limited Recourse Obligations. The Income Notes and the Class D Notes will be limited recourse obligations of the Issuer and the Notes (other than the Class D Notes) will be limited recourse obligations of the Issuers payable solely from the Collateral pledged by the Issuer to secure the Notes. The Income Notes are denominated as debt of the Issuer and are not secured by the Collateral Assets or the other collateral securing the Notes. None of the Collateral Manager, the Holders of the Notes, the Holders of the Income Notes, the Initial Purchaser, the Trustee, the Issuer Administrator, the Agents, the Cashflow Swap Counterparty or any affiliates of any of the foregoing or the Issuers' affiliates or any other person or entity will be obligated to make payments on the Notes or the Income Notes. Consequently, Holders of the Notes and Income Notes must rely solely on distributions on the Collateral pledged to secure the Notes for the payment of principal, interest and premium, if any, thereon. If distributions on the Collateral are insufficient to make payments on the Notes and Income Notes, no other assets (and, in particular, no assets of the Collateral Manager, the Holders of the Notes, the Holders of the Income Notes, the Initial Purchaser, the Trustee, the Issuer Administrator, the Agents, the Cashflow Swap Counterparty or any affiliates of any of the foregoing) will be available for payment of the deficiency, and following realization of the Collateral pledged to secure the Notes, the obligations of the Issuers to pay such deficiency shall be extinguished.

Subordination of the Securities. Payments of principal on the Class S-1 Notes will be senior to payments of principal of the Class S-2 Notes, the Class A-1 Notes, Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes and Class D Notes and senior to payments on the Income Notes on each Payment Date. Payments of principal on the Class S-2 Notes will be senior to payments of principal of the Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes and Class D Notes and senior to payments of principal of the Class A-2 Notes, Class B Notes, Class C Notes and Class D Notes and senior to payments on the Income Notes on each Payment Date. Payments of principal on the Class S-2 Notes and the Class A-1

From:

Broderick, Craig

Sent:

Friday, May 11, 2007 1:48 PM

To:

Rapfogel, Alan; Wildermuth, David; Schick, Sharon; Young, Greg; Welch, Patrick; Hemphill,

Subject:

RE: CDO's - Mortgages

Sparks and the Mtg group are in the process of considering making significant downward adjustments to the marks on their mortgage portfolio esp CDOs and CDO squared. This will potentially have a big P&L impact on us, but also to our clients due to the marks and associated margin calls on repos, derivatives, and other products. We need to survey our clients and take a shot at determining the most vulnerable clients, knock on implications, etc. This is getting lots of 30th floor attention right now.

From:

Wildermuth, David

Sent:

Friday, May 11, 2007 1:40 PM

To:

Sedita, Amy; Broderick, Craig; Schick, Sharon; Young, Greg; Welch, Patrick; Hemphill, Lee; Rapfogel, Alan

Subject:

RE: CDO's - Mortgages

What is the topic/discussion here? I have a conflict but can probably attend the first 1/2 hour. Depending on the topic, I can try to move my 2:30??

From:

Sedita, Amy

Sent:

Friday, May 11, 2007 1:00 PM

To:

Broderick, Craig; Schick, Sharon; Young, Greg; Welch, Patrick; Hemphill, Lee; Rapfogel, Alan; Wildermuth, David

Subject:

Updated: CDO's - Mortgages

When: Where: Friday, May 11, 2007 2:00 PM-3:00 PM (GMT-05:00) Eastern Time (US & Canada). Mod PC: Part PC: Client ID

= Redacted by the Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations

Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations EXHIBIT #84

^{*}updated with dial in #.

JOHN D. WORLAND, JR.(JW1962) ANTONIA CHION DANIEL CHAUDOIN JEFFREY WEISS JONATHAN COWEN **BRIAN SANO** ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 100 F St., N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549 Phone: (202) 551-4438 (Worland) (202) 772-9246 (Worland) E-mail: worlandj@sec.gov

08 2457

BLOCK, J.

POHORELSKY, M.J.

	TED STATES DISTRIC TERN DISTRICT OF N		DISTRICT COLUMN
SECURITIES AND EXCHA	NGE COMMISSION,	·:	JUN 1 9 2008 * BROOKLYN OFFICE
Plaintiff, -against-		:	ONLYN OFFICE
		:	08 Civ()
		: .:	JURY TRIAL DEMANDED
RALPH R. CIOFFI and MATTHEW M. TANNIN,		•	
	Defendants.	:	
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COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission ("Commission"), alleges the following against defendants Ralph R. Cioffi ("Cioffi") and Matthew M. Tannin ("Tannin"):

SUMMARY OF ALLEGATIONS

This action concerns fraudulent acts and misrepresentations made by 1. Cioffi and Tannin in connection with the high-profile collapse of two now-defunct hedge funds which they managed, the Bear Steams High-Grade Structured Credit Strategies

misrepresented to Bank No. 1 – or failed to report to Bank No. 1 as required by the total return swap agreement – the Enhanced Leverage Fund's performance, portfolio composition, and true condition.

- Fund would not survive at all. On May 13, 2007, he admitted to Tannin and the Third Manager: "I think...the [Enhanced Leverage Fund] has to be liquidated which seems to be somewhat certain given the redemption activity." (emphasis added). However, Cioffi and Tannin never disclosed this conclusion to Bank No. 1, despite a duty under the total return swap agreement to inform Bank No. 1 of material events.
 - Cioffi and Tannin Misrepresented the Funds' Net Asset Value
- 76. Most of the funds' short positions had readily obtainable market prices and were marked to market daily. However, most of the funds' long portfolio consisted of highly illiquid securities that lacked a market quotation.
- 77. Pursuant to BSAM's pricing policy, the funds sought to obtain multiple "marks" (i.e., price quotations) for their long securities on a monthly basis, either from the dealers that had sold them securities or from other dealers who had become familiar with the funds' holdings. The funds sent their positions to dealers on the street at the end of each month and typically averaged the marks that they received to determine a monthend valuation for each security. When the funds could not obtain sufficient marks, or when Cioffi thought the marks were incorrect, the funds relied on so-called "fair market" valuations, which Cioffi determined. Any fair market valuations had to be approved by BSAM's pricing committee.

- 78. BSAM and the funds, with input from the defendants, computed a daily net asset value ("NAV") and month-to-date return for the High Grade and Enhanced Leverage Funds. However, these figures only took into account month-to-date changes to the funds' hedges and their few exchange-traded long securities and assumed that the rest of the long portfolio had remained at the same valuation as the prior month-end marks. As a result, the funds and the defendants historically did not provide intra-month estimates to most of their investors because such estimates were unreliable. Instead, they provided "preliminary estimates" within a couple of weeks after each month's end, followed by a final NAV about six weeks later. Preliminary estimates were issued after most dealer marks had been received. The final NAV came out once all of the marks were available. By early 2007, many subprime securities were rapidly declining in value, and thus BSAM and the defendants could no longer reasonably rely on stale, prior month-end marks as an indication of current values.
- 79. As late as mid-March 2007, Cioffi was adamant that intra-month estimates not be released to investors, castigating a BSAM sales person, internally, that the figures were unreliable: "You should also know better [than to release intra-month figures] in that our hedges are marked real time [and] our assets at the end of each month. We've said that 1000 times!!"
- 80. By April 2007, however, Cioffi was anxious to present the funds' April performance in a positive light. Thus, he not only took the unusual step of providing an intra-month estimate on the April 25, 2007 investor conference call, but also did so without any notice to the call participants of the severe limitations inherent in the estimate. The only information that Cioffi provided was as follows: "The estimated

returns for April are -0.6 basis points for High Grade and -0.7 for Enhanced [i.e., -0.06% and -0.07%, respectively]." These "estimated returns" were disastrously off the mark, as the final NAVs for April were -5.09% for the High Grade Fund and -18.97% for the Enhanced Leverage Fund, stunningly large monthly losses for funds that Cioffi and Tannin had marketed as operating "like a bank."

- 81. Tannin actively participated in the April 25, 2007 call. Although he constantly interjected his opinions to reinforce and explain Cioffi's claims, in this instance, he said nothing to explain the estimates' limitations.
- 82. Throughout May, Cioffi became increasingly desperate to fair value his funds' portfolios and bring the final April numbers as much in line with earlier estimates as possible, thereby avoiding the need to report a huge disparity and prompt a likely flood of additional redemptions. Cioffi's efforts, however, ultimately ran into resistance from BSAM's pricing committee.
- 83. At a May 31, 2007 meeting, the pricing committee rejected every one of Cioffi's requests to set aside a dealer mark and use his own valuation. When challenged, Cioffi had virtually no evidence to support his desired valuations, and conceded in a contemporaneous e-mail to a committee member, "There is no market... its [sic] all academic anyway [because] -19% [i.e., the Enhanced Leverage Fund's anticipated final April NAV] is doomsday."
- 84. Later in the day on May 31st, after the pricing committee had already met,

 Tannin e-mailed Cioffi to ask whether investors should still be given "the [preliminary]

- -6.5 april or the larger down april?" Rather than simply telling Tannin to use the most recent and accurate number, Cioffi even then continued to equivocate, responding, "Ah that's correct[.] I think that one deserves a phone call [to discuss]."
- 85. Cioffi and Tannin failed to disclose to the funds' investors the significant limitations on the April 25th "estimated returns," rendering the figures misleading under the circumstances. The estimates were material to investors.
- 86. Tannin also independently misrepresented the funds' April NAV. On or about May 3, 2007, he falsely represented to a significant institutional counterparty that the funds' performance had been flat to slightly positive in March and April and that the NAVs continued to increase.
- 87. Furthermore, by the middle of May, at the latest, Cioffi and Tannin were aware that the Enhanced Leverage Fund's final April NAV would reflect losses of more than 10%. Even though the total return swap agreement with Bank No. 1 required Cioffi and Tannin to notify Bank No. 1 of any actual or anticipated losses greater than 10%, they failed to make the required disclosure.
- 88. On June 7, 2007, BSAM announced the Enhanced Leverage Fund's final April NAV and froze redemptions. The following day, it announced the High Grade Fund's final returns. Margin calls subsequently could no longer be met, and creditors began seizing the funds' assets.
 - 3. Cioffi Misrepresented an Upcoming CDO² Issuance as a Guaranteed Source of Liquidity
- 89. From 2005 through December 31, 2006, BSAM and the funds issued approximately seven of their own CDOs or CDO2s into the marketplace. On the April 25, 2007 investor call, Cioffi claimed that the funds had "significant amounts of

liquidity," in part because of what he variously called a "trade," "transaction," "facility," or "funding vehicle" – actually a CDO² issuance – to be undertaken by Cioffi's team and BSAM with a domestic bank ("Bank No. 2"). Cioffi asserted that this transaction "should be done this month and will close in May." According to Cioffi, this was a "significant transaction to get done." Cioffi also had touted the transaction on the March 12, 2007 conference call.

- 90. Although Cioffi continually presented the Bank No. 2 CDO² issuance as imminent throughout the spring, he knew, or was reckless in not knowing, that the deal would not actually be available to the funds until late May or early June, at the earliest. Moreover, he knew, or was reckless in not knowing, that the issuance would not solve the funds' current and/or prospective liquidity problems because there were essentially no buyers for new CDOs in the market, which severely limited the amount of money that could be raised in an offering. In mid-April, Cioffi admitted to a broker that there was no "buy interest on anything anywhere in this world or universe[.] [I] think we need to go into outer space to find new buyers of cdo's."
- 91. When the deal was ultimately done, in late May 2007, it failed to impart benefits to the funds sufficient to solve their liquidity problems.
- 92. Cioffi misrepresented to investors the timing of the Bank No. 2 CDO² issuance and its impact on the funds' liquidity. These misrepresentations were material to investors.
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- 93. As April 2007 progressed, the defendants knew that many investors in the funds were either submitting redemption requests or considering doing so. The

JOHN D. WORLAND, JR.(JW1962) ANTONIA CHION DANIEL CHAUDOIN JEFFREY WEISS JONATHAN COWEN **BRIAN SANO** ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION 100 F St., N.E. Washington, D.C. 20549 Phone: (202) 551-4438 (Worland) (202) 772-9246 (Worland) E-mail: worlandj@sec.gov

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BLOCK, J.

POHORELSKY, M.J.

	TED STATES DISTRIC TERN DISTRICT OF N		DISTRICT COLUMN
SECURITIES AND EXCHA	NGE COMMISSION,	·:	JUN 1 9 2008 * BROOKLYN OFFICE
Plaintiff, -against-		:	ONLYN OFFICE
		:	08 Civ()
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RALPH R. CIOFFI and MATTHEW M. TANNIN,		•	
	Defendants.	:	
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TAB 6

Name: Forster

Date: 7/11/07

Time: 17:15:24 (5:37pm)

Desk: 38

1

1		1236
2		MAN: Hi.
3		ANDREW: Hey.
4		MAN: How are you doing?
5		ANDREW: I'm alright. You?
6		MAN: [OVERLAPPING] Yeah, so, so how was
7	the big birthda	y party?
8		ANDREW: Uh, yeah, it was good actually,
9	yeah.	
10		MAN: How old?
11		ANDREW: He was four yesterday.
12		MAN: Oh. Yeah.
1.3		ANDREW: [OVERLAPPING] It was actually
14	four on Sunday.	His birthday party yesterday.
15		MAN: That's a big one.
16		ANDREW: Oh yeah. [LAUGHS] Exactly.
17		MAN: Um, I've got to tell a funny story
18	and I got a cou	ple a couple of things for you.
19	Um, I was away	this weekend with my buddies on my
20	annual golf tri	p. This year we went to, uh,
21	[PINEHURST ?],	in, uh, Scotland.
22		ANDREW: Right.
23		MAN: And we're driving back to the
24	airport and we	always play, we're, you know… we
25	know each other	very, very, very well. Put it
		2
1	that way. And.	uh, we always play these funny
2	•	d [ALAN ?] [LAST NAME ?] was with
3	•	buddy. And he came up with this

4	1236.txt game where he had to say words that we had to
5	guess how you would say them, you know, if you
6	were in England.
7	ANDREW: Right. [LAUGHS]
8	MAN: You know, [LAUGHS] cause my friend
9	Alan happens to be very He's got a good ear for,
10	for, for linguistics and he like, he can pick up
11	all kinds of like how you'd say garage instead
12	of garage, things like
13	ANDREW: Right.
14	MAN: That's like a kind of hokey one.
15	Anyway, every time he'd say a word one of my
16	first ways of trying to figure out how it might
17	be pronounced, pronounced is I tried to imagine
18	if you were saying it to me. For some reason you
19	were my go-to mental, uh, image for the audible
20	[UNINTEL]
21	ANDREW: [OVERLAPPING] [LAUGHS] I see, I
22	was thi-, you were thinking about me.
23	MAN: Exactly. And, uh, maybe I can't
24	remember some of the words he picked. Um, uh, um,
25	oh instead of saying specialty I guess in the UK,
	3
_	
1	you say speciality. Is that right? Is that, is
2	that that's one?
3	ANDREW: Speciality, yes, speciality,
4	yeah.
5	MAN: Right. So it, it was a game like
6	that. We were driving the car from Pinehurst to
7	the airport, about an hour's drive. And that
8	would be a typical game that we would come up
9	with. So, anyway, it's been on my mind.

	1530
10	1236.txt Speaking of which, how, uh, how is
11	everything?
12	ANDREW: It's, uh, you know, alright.
13	[LAUGHS]
14	MAN: I mean what's going on like sort
15	of what have you been thinking about or focused
16	on or… and how [UNINTEL]
17	ANDREW: [OVERLAPPING] What are we
18	focusing on? I'm focusing on CDAs and subprime.
19	MAN: Yeah obviously.
20	ANDREW: Nothing else. And spending most
21	of my time answering questions of [ENTERGY ?]
22	guys, AIG, you know, Sullivan, [MCDEAN ?], Lewis,
23	all the rest of it.
24	MAN: Right.
25	ANDREW: Every fucking one, you know.
1	Every rating agency we've spoken to. You know,
2	every time they come out with more downgrades we
3	have to go and get that and then analyze all the
4	exposures we've got in the rest of it. So, you
5	know, fairly time consuming. So
6	MAN: Um, and how Apart from the fact
7	that it's totally distracting and totally not
8	directionally the right way we want to go, how
9	so are you [THOROUGHLY ?] concerned or you just
10	sort of more [UNINTEL]
11	ANDREW: [OVERLAPPING] Ah, you know, if
12	you'd asked me, um, uh, probably about a month
13	ago I was like, you know, Suicidal Sid. I mean I
14	guess it's, uh the actual stuff that's coming up
15	[UNINTEL] actually is, is slightly better than

4

16	1236.txt you know, it kind of [CEMENT ?], you know, the,
17	the hope was always that it's going to be 2006
18	stuff and 2005 collateral will be, uh, you know,
19	will perform much better.
20	MAN: Yeah.
21	ANDREW: And the rating agency stuff I
22	guess is slightly, you know, confirming that.
23	MAN: Yup, yup.
24	ANDREW: I guess so it helps from that
25	point of view in terms of sort of ultimate loss.
23	
	5
1	The problem that we're going to face is that
2	we're going to have just enormous downgrades on
3	the stuff that we've got.
4	MAN: Right.
5	ANDREW: So, you know, you know, we sort
6	of sit there with a 60 billion CDO book and, you
7	know, now we're sort sitting and saying, yeah,
8	yeah, it's [SUPER SENIOR ?], it's super senior,
9	you know. It isn't going to be too much longer
10	before we're saying, yeah, okay, alright, we've
11	got, you know, 20 billion of single A risk now.
12	And that's going to happen. There's no doubt
13	about it.
14	MAN: [OVERLAPPING] [UNINTEL] You think
15	it's down that far, single A?
16	ANDREW: Yeah, oh yeah. But this is just
17	going to go from triple A I mean it's
18	immediately just going to go triple A, double A,
19	single A. And it's just -
20	MAN: Yeah.
21	ANDREW: You know, you've got triple Bs

22	1236.txt downgraded to triple Cs, you know, a lot of the
23	triple Bs are going to go down to single B. It's
24	going to get very, um, very, very ugly for the
25	next [UNINTEL].
2.5	HEXT [ONINIEL].
	6
1	MAN: They're, um Is there concern that
2	there's that, that event could cause us
3	[HAVE TO MARK ?]?
4	ANDREW: You know, all of this stuff
5	doesn't help because, you know, all, all the
6	accounts are sitting there and they read the
7	papers that say, you know, marks down here and
8	people are trying to hide marks and the rest of
9	it. So they, you know, there's lots of questions
10	from them as to why [UNINTEL], you know.
11	Everyone tells me that it's trading and
12	it's two points lower and all the rest of it and
13	how come you can't mark your book. So it's
14	definitely going to give it renewed focus.
15	MAN: Right.
16	ANDREW: I mean we can't we have to
17	mark it. It's, it's, uh, we're [UNINTEL] fucked
18	basically.
19	MAN: Yeah, no, clearly it's pretty big,
20	uh, one to have to mark.
21	ANDREW: Yeah.
22	MAN: But, uh, I mean the que-, I mean
23	I get a fairly, a fairly good argument to be made
24	is if it was hard to mark when it was sup-, super

7

senior, it doesn't mean it's any easier to mark

1236.txt

1	just because there's it's not super senior
1	
2	anymore.
3	ANDREW: Yeah, you know, we thought we'd
4	try to we obviously we're trying to I mean I, I
5	think it's [UNINTEL]
6	MAN: [OVERLAPPING] In some ways
7	especially I, I would argue it's harder to mark
8	now. Cause now you have different opinions on
9	what's [UNINTEL] quality. When it's super senior,
10	when [UNINTEL] agrees it's super senior the -
11	ANDREW: The problem is there's more of
12	market now. That people are actually, you know
13	Before -
14	MAN: Yeah.
15	ANDREW: You know, if you think about it
16	before [BACKGROUND VOICE] Oh hold on. Yeah.
17	[BACKGROUND VOICE]
18	[END OF TAPE]
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	

8

1	A Plus Recording and Transcribing, a division of
2	A Plus Office Support Systems, states that the
3	preceding transcript was created by one of its
4	employees using standard electronic transcription
5	equipment and is a true and accurate record of
6	the audio on the provided media to the best of Page 6

1236.txt

7	that employee's ability. The media from which we
8	worked was provided to us. We can make no
9	statement as to its authenticity.
10	
11	Attested to by:
12	
13	
14	Patrick Weaver
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TAB 7

From:

Davilman, Andrew

Sent:

07/26/2007 05:48:06 PM

To:

Frost, Alan

Subject:

Re: Sorry to bother you on

20bb of supersenior

---- Original Message -----

From: Alan.Frost@aigfpc.com <Alan.Frost@aigfpc.com>

To: Davilman, Andrew

Sent: Thu Jul 26 17:47:01 2007 Subject: Re: Sorry to bother you on

On what?

---- Original Message -----

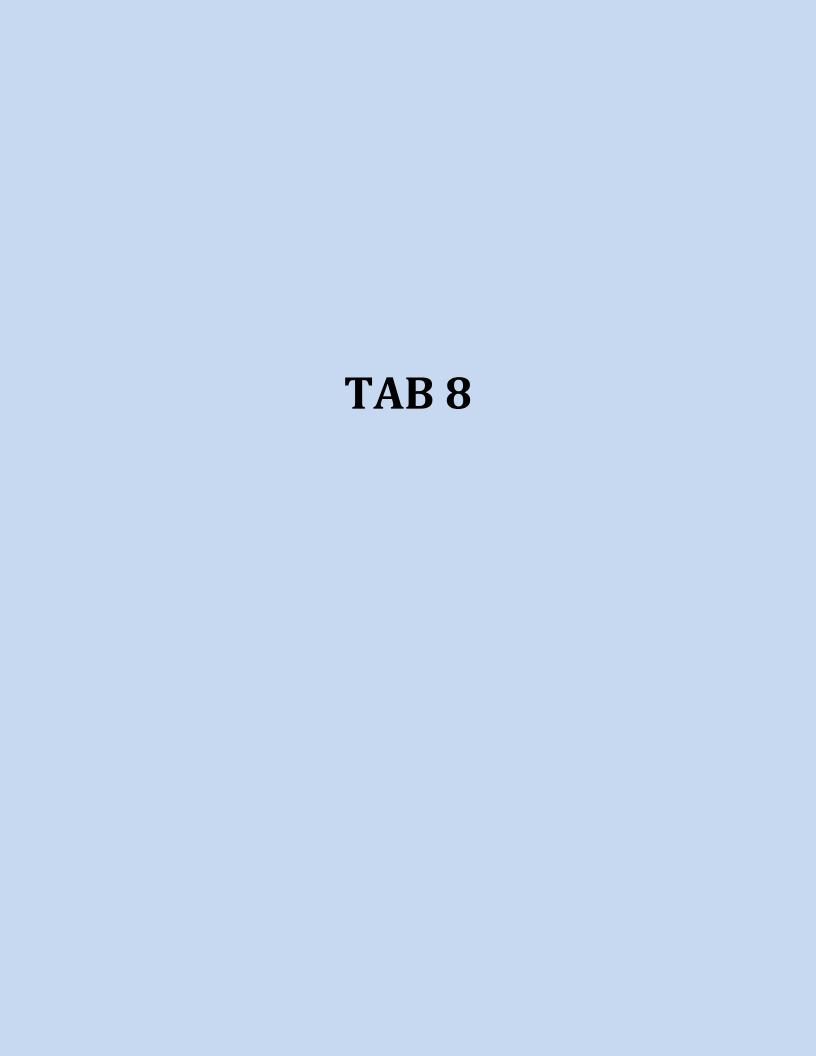
From: Davilman, Andrew <andrew.davilman@gs.com>

To: Frost, Alan

Sent: Thu Jul 26 17:29:35 2007 Subject: Sorry to bother you on

Vacation. Margin call coming your way. Want to give you a heads up.

to them.



Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court | 133 Fleet St | London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority

Collateral Invoice



To

AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Attn:

Group

Phone No: Email:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

From Phone No: Fax No:

Email:

Do Tom 212-902-7461 212-428-4775 do.tom@gs.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close 27-JUL-2007 26-JUL-2007

Market Exposure (USD)

 Credit Derivatives
 1,835,008,531.89

 Equity Options
 43,895,485.23

 Equity Structured Product
 6,722,114.70

 Total Exposure
 1,885,626,131.82

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required 75,000,000.00 1,810,626,131.82

Collateral Value (USD)

0.00

Increment Minimum Call Amt 10,000.00

Margin Call

1,810,630,000.00

Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhallan Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021

Account: 9301011483 Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

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Equity Derivative Equity Derivative	Equity Derivative Equity Derivative

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9EF65		Equity Derivative		-25498012.5	37500000	USD	37500000				15-JUN-2012	
9EF65		Equity Derivative		30834667.5	30000000	USD	30000000				21-JUN-2013	
9EF65		Equity Derivative		-27375967.5	37500000	USD	375D0000				21-JUN-2013	
8EF64		Equity Derivative		-1440007.275	8409586.15	USD	8409586.15				13-NOV-2019	
9EF65	66A 6	Equity Derivative		-2600831.767	49999907.1	USD	49999907.1				18-OCT-2010	
9EF6F	HS33	Equity Derivative		-395273.1585	799771.05	USD	799771.05				21-DEC-2007	
9 EF 6F	HS41	Equity Derivative		731.051276	799771,05	USD	799771.05				21-DEC-2007	
9EF5N	NKE8	Equity Derivative		-2376.11128		USD		16-NOV-2008				
9EF6N	MNJ18	Equity Derivative	033968843	-194135.4892	930820,9716	USD	930820.9716				21-DEC-2007	
9EF58		Equity Derivative		-1025455.2	17640000	USD	17640000				18-JAN-2009	
9EF5N	ellini	Equity Derivative		-4654.725831		USD		16-NOV-2006				
9EF64	XTE5	Equity Derivative		-1471999.796	8680859,33	USD	8680859.33				13-NOV-2020	
9EF5N	INIP6	Equity Derivative	033968843	-230397.1287		USD	673637.0256	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5N	INI27	Equity Derivative		-921524.4923	1281967.762	USD	1281967.762	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5M	INIOS	Equity Derivative	033968843	-984462,7962	1414886.008	USD	1414886.008	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	5
9EF5M	NIJO	Equity Derivative	Q33968B43	370096.7598	1158070.198	USD	1158070.198	16-NOV-2006	15-NOV-2008	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	s
9EF5M	INHW2	Equity Derivative	033968843	-1195484.889	1396352,342	USD	1396352,342	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
9EF65	0 JQ0	Equity Derivative	033968843	19010475	42375000	USD	42375000	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	01-MAY-2013	01-MAY-2013	8
9EF5M	INJC4	Equity Derivative	033968843	·1473,936978	1396352.342	USD	1396352,342	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	s
9EF65	OJT4	Equity Derivative	033968843	-16439475	48825000	USD	48825000	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	01-MAY-2013	01-MAY-2013	\$
9EF5M	INIQ4	Equity Derivative	033988843	-638272.637	858955,9351	USD	858955.9351	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	s
9EF5M	MHXO	Equity Derivative	033958843	-180224.5175	616682.115	USD	616662,115	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
8EF6G	2CK4	Equity Derivative	033988843	40066713.75	22500000	บรอ	22500000	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	D1-NOV-2010	01-NOV-2010	8
9EF5M		Equity Derivelive		-29820.59526	4661616.846	USD	4661616,846	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		4975,747567	1025458,217	USD	1025458.217	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5M	1NJ67	Equity Derivative		-170757.0448	350895.4176	USD	350895,4176	29-DEC-2006	29-DEC-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		-68264.48211	474471.9883	USD	474471.9883	18-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	s
. 9EF6G		Equity Derivative		-34763591.25	30000000	USD	30000000				01-NOV-2010	
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		-287.479485		USD		16-NOV-2006				
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		-801711.6929	1840183.91	USD	1840183.91				21-DEC-2007	
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		403450.0583		บรอ		16-NOV-2006				
9EF64		Equity Derivative		-1648108.809		USD	11049729.45				14-NOV-2022	
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		-807693,4853		USD		16-NOV-2008				
9EF5M		Equity Derivative				USD		18-NOV-2006				
9EF5M		Equity Derivative				USD	616682.115				21-DEC-2007	
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		-220607.989		USD		16-NOV-2006				
9EF5M		Equity Derivative				USD		16-NOV-2008				
9EF64		STRUCTB	033968843	6722114.698		USD	38116				13-NOV-2023	
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		-3111.344513		USD		16-NOV-2008				
9EF5M		Equity Derivative		-11506.06276		USD		16-NOV-2006				
9EF5M		Equity Derivative				USD		16-NOV-2006				
		Equity Derivative				USD		16-NOV-2006				
9EF5M				-312631.4629		USD						
9EF5M		Equity Derivative					1840183.91				21-DEC-2007	
9EF5M	VGIVI	Equity Derivative	O20200243	-964562.3335	1970403.112	USU	1910903,112	16-NOV-2008	10-14014-5000	21-DEC-2007	21-050-2007	•

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tradeReftd		accountNumber						effectiveDate	maturityDate	expireDate	buySellIND
9EF5MNK99	Equity Derivative		-447.685308	526102.1955		526102.1955			21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNKL2	Equity Derivative		-433148.5859	3128992.201		3128992.201			21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNJX8	Equity Derivative			722353,8444	USD	722353,8444			21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNIO9	Equity Derivative		-382469,7551		USD				21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNIG6	Equity Derivative		-83252.19253		USD				21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNJK6	Equity Derivative		-806.128453			1281967.762			21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-780001.812	863524,1004		863524,1004			21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-334668,6857		USD				21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-3224.551598		USD				21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-3146,743101		USD				21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNJR1	Equity Derivative		-1102.711856		USD				21-DEC-2007		
9EF64XTD7	Equity Derivative		-2491100.335	18119064.39					13-NOV-2020		
9EF5MNKQ1	Equity Derivative		7492.806615	2535437.773		2536437,773	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	5
9EF5MNJA8	Equity Derivative	033968843	-1339716.711	4861616.846	USD				21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNJE0	Equity Derivative	033968843	-1058.116352	419759.9678	USD	419759,9678	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNJ26	Equity Derivative	033968843	-20867,23631	3128992,201	Ų\$D	3128992.201	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNKQ6	Equity Derivative	033968843	-1293,052578	1544468.684	USD	1544466.684	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNI87	Equity Derivativa	033968843	-882697.6127	1471525.256	USD	1471525,256	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
	Equity Derivative		-318498.2335	694951.4754	USD	694951_4754	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
	Equity Derivative		-186375.0201	981267,5602	USD	981267,5602	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	5
	Equity Derivative	033968843	-3858,750858	813628,8534	USD	613628,8534	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNK81	Equity Derivative	033968843	-6321,058463	1919897.07	USD	1919897.07	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	s
	Equity Derivative		-318421.3828	1025458.217	USD	1025458.217			21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative	033968843	-2947,775844	B25625.1821	USD	82562S.1821	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S.
	Equity Derivative		-980573.6845	5949873.28	USD	5949673.28			14-NOV-2022		
	Equity Derivative		-30392.5055	4278187,746					21-DEC-2007.		
	Equity Derivative		-689.943929	681282,0715					21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-2229.047937	2108316.273					21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-37.326286	7.10099.2483					21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNJ67	Equity Derivative	033968843		165910.1153					21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-2615,349765	694951,4754					21-DEG-2007		
	Equity Derivative		-3414.281305		USD				21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative				USO				21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative				USD				21-DEC-2007		
	Equity Derivative			15825000	USD	15625000			17-SEP-2010		
	Equity Derivative				บรอ	8400000			16-JAN-2009		В
	Equity Derivative				USD	21875000			17-SEP-2010		
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	Equity Derivative			9900000		9900000			29-MAR-2010		
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	Equity Derivative					11250000			17-SEP-2010		
	Equity Derivative				USD				21-DEC-2007		
9EF5MNKAB	Equity Derivative	000000 43	-5019/010981	010031.0230	עפט	010001,0200	10-M-5000	10-140-14-2000	21-DEC-2007	21-066-2007	• .

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9EF5MNJ42	Equity Derivative	033968843	-1337354.713	2210292,575	USD	2210292,575	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
9EF5MNIN1	Equity Derivative		-721499,8949	1919897.07	USD	1919897.07	16-NOV-2005	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNIF8	Equity Derivative	033968843	952720.0399	722353.8444	USD	722353,8444	16-NOV-2006	15-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
9EF6GACU4	Equity Derivative	033968843	-319619.8301	655378.4342	USD	655378.4342	13-JUN-2007	13-JUN-2007	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNKI9	Equity Derivative	033968843	-1357,279228	1019368,58	USD	1019368,58	16-NOV-2006	18-NOV-2005	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	Ş
9EF6MNJU4	Equity Derivative	033968843	-345,883656	1173804.504	USD	1173804,504	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
9EF5MNIV3	Equity Derivative	033968843	-940612.5073	4278187.746	USD	4278187.746	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2005	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
9EF6F1J07	Equity Derivative		-5283098	3940000	USD	3940000	01-JUN-2007	01-JUN-2007	11-AUG-2016	11-AUG-2015	8
9EF5MNJB3	Egulty Derivative	033968843	-760,789468	239120,5588	USD	239120,5588	18-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2008	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	8
9EF5MNJQ3	Equity Derivative	033968843	-15687.91581	474471.9883	USD	474471.9883	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNI92	Equity Derivative	033968843	-464043.773	637755,7059	USD	837755,7059	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNJ18	Equity Derivative	033968843	-64711.82972	310273,6572	USD	310273.6572	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	s
9EF5MNIT8	Equity Derivative	033968843	-320675.0814	803504,0706	USO	803504.0706	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNK65	Equity Derivative	033968843	170445,5405	68699447.65	USD	68689447.65	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	8
9EF5MNJ00	Equity Derivative	033968843	-1178468.906	2484435.61	USD	2484435,61	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
9EF5GAC67	Equity Derivative	033968843	-737.564222	655378.4342	UŞD	655378.4342	13-JUN-2007	13-JUN-2007	21-DEG-2007	21-DEC-2007	s
9EF5MNJO8	Equity Derivative	033968843	-63.246519	10062.84824	USD	10062,84624	03-JAN-2007	03-JAN-2007	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	5
9EF5MNJY6	Equity Derivative	033966643	-26959,54294	1127201.955	USD	1127201.955	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	S
9EF5MNIH4	Equity Derivative	033958643	-547826,7515	2312202.196	USD	2312202,196	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2007	21-DEC-2007	\$
SDB1625969016.0,0,0	EQOTC-OTCNF	03396884	18454298.38	83521350	USD	83521350	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	06-MAY-2013	06-MAY-2013	8
SOB1625989093.0,0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-8191345,199	113895000	USD	113895000	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	24-SEP-2013	24-SEP-2013	S
SD81505569308.0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCNF	02340543	2963736.914	25000713.7	USD	25000713.7	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2017	27-JUN-2017	8
SDB1505569312.0,0.0	EQOTC-OTCNF!	02340543	120641,0488	4789080	USD	4789080	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2007	21-SEP-2007	21-SEP-2007	В
SDB1505589325.0,0,0	EQOTC-OTCFF	02340543	-149736,4074	4789080	USD	4769080	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2007	21-SEP-2007	21-SEP-2007	5
SDB1624655254.0,1,0	EQOTC-OTCNFF	03396884	365318.0372	16140150	USD	16140150	15-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	10-DEC-2010	10-DEC-2010	₿
SDB1624655258.0.1.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-88733.75725	20140150	USD	20140150	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	10-DEC-2010	10-DEC-2010	S

tradeRefld	pulCallIND		underlierQuantity	strikePrice
9EF5MNJNO	P	BNPP	25970	55.22
9EF5MN168	С	CAGR	20977	21,29
BEF5MNJH3	P	ALVG	10887	94.76
9EF5MNKR9	Р	TIT	67454,43023	2,5B
9EF5MNIM3	C	IBE.MC	24332	21.24
9EF5MNI68	С	CAGR	344	21.29
9EF84XT54	P	SPX	2817	1868.97
9EF6MNKK4	P	SAPG	8630	34.08
9EF5MN(19	C	AXAF	48083	19,57
9EF5MNKP3	P	SPI	70160	3.64
9EF6CY2K9	C	ABG	250000	45
9EF5V66B7	P	GT	1500000	10
9EF5V66F8	P	GT	1500000	10 .
	P	NAVZ	500000	15
9EF5MNKU2	٩	UNC	53793	17.84
9EF5X2Q30	P	NAVZ	500000	15
	¢	SPX	f517	1869.97
9EF5MNKK4	P	SAPG	19890	34.06
9EF5MNK24	ρ	FTE	44269.58771	22,46
	C	ABG	250000	34
9EF656699	P	SPX	42146	1186.35
9EF6566B4	C	SPX	19821	1513,58
	P	SFX	19821	1513.56
	P	SPX	19542	1279.3
	P	SPX	38941	1284
	C	STOXX50E		4851.6
	c	RWEG	14403	51.51
	C	STOXX50E		6717.6
	P	ENI	79043	21.29
	P	PHG	40738	21.08
	С	EONG	22394	68,52
	C	SNOK	1300000 -	82.36
		SNDK	1300000	95.03
	P	SPX	7277	2145.85
	C	SOGN	13850	81.16
			27686	22.58
		DTEG	80561	14.92
	C	EAUG	33193	24,77
	P	SAN,MC	193595	9,34
	¢	PHG	40738	21.08
			37630	22.7
			37630	22.7
			200000	29.543
9EF651F74	С	PCLN	750000	40

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9FF651F90	U	PCLN	750000	S
9EF651FC3	ں ،	PCLN	750000	4
9EF651FF6	· U	PCLN		8
9EF64XTA3	ပ	S X	3919	2145.85
9EF6566A6	o.	SPX	42146	1186,35
BEF6FHS33	U	DANO	15522	37.6
9EF6FHS41	n.	DANO	15522	37.5
9EFSMNKE8	œ.	OREP	3658	60.55
9EF5MNJ18	o	SAPG	19890	34,06
9EF5BMEM1	ပ	NTAP	420000	42
9EF5MNJJ8	a.	AXAF	48083	16.57
9EF64XTE5	ပ	SPX	3919	2215,07
9EFSMNIP6	ပ	LVMH	7959	61.6
9EF5MNI27	ပ	BASF	16875	55.29
9EF5MNI01	ပ	ALVG	10867	94.76
9EFSMNIJO	o	FOR	37745	22,33
9EF5MNHW2	ن	AAH	52711	19.28
9EF650JQ0	O	O EN	7500000	5.65
9EF5MNJC4	o.	AAH	52711	19.28
9EF650JT4	ပ	CEN	7500000	6.51
9EF5MNIQ4	Ç	LYOE	27686	Z 28
9EF5MNHX0	o	AEGN	42745	10.5
9EF6G2CK4	ပ	MA	375000	8
9EF6MNKT5	ь.	TOTFBSK	73948	45.88 .88
9EF5MNJP5	o.	CARR	18378	40.61
9EF5MNJ87	ပ	뭆	70160	₹ 8
SEF5MN184	O	ALU.PA	38284	305
9EF6G2CT5	O	MA	375000	8
BEF5MNJL4	α.	8AYG	22607	27.8
9EF5MNI43	O	BBVA.MC	104960	12.76
9EF5MNJB6	יט	Sec	53793	17.84
9EF64XTH8	a. (Xdo	4695	(323°)
9EF5MNJ75		TEF, MC	141241.3504	13.07
	י נ	10000		2 4
SEFORNOCZ	<u>.</u> (25.5	42/45	
) c	֓֞֞֜֞֜֜֞֜֜֞֜֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֓֡֓֓֓֓֓֓֞֓֓֡֓֞֡֓֞֓֓֡֞֡֓֞֡֓	22472	
SCHOMINGS	. 0	X	3616	Ş -
OFFSMN.IT7	. 4	DBKG	16834	63.62
9EF5MNKD0	. ۵.	NOKIA	144362	13.9
9EFSMNIC5	. ပ	DCXC	25833	33.07
9EFSMNJ34	· U	SGOB	10552	48,39
SEF5MNJM2	۵.	BBVA,MC	104960	12.76
9EF5MNIS0	. ບ	BNPP	25970	22.22

tradeRefid	putCallIND		underlier Quantity	
9EFSMNK99	P	LAFP	5285	72.45
9EF5MNKL2	P	SASY	31346	72.65
9EF5MNJX8	P	ELE.MC	30980	16.97
9EF5MNIO9	C	LAFP	5285	72.45
9EF5MNIGS	C	ENEL	113031.1215	7.258
9EF5MNJK6	P	BASF	16875	55.29
9EF5MNI35	C	BAYG	22607	27.8
9EF5MNIW1	¢	REP.MC	29703	20.23
9EF5MNJ91	C	TIT	277347.0019	2.575
9EFSMNKN8	P	SIEG	25788	62,38
9EF5MNJR1	P	CROI	150084.6994	4.0825
9EF64XTD7	P	SPX	7277	2215.07
9EF5MNKQ1	P ·	TEF.MC	141241.3604	13.07
9EF5MNJAB	C	TOTFBSK	73948	45.88
9EF5MNJE0	P	AHLN	47512	6.43
9EF5MNJ26	C	SASY	31346	72.65
9EF5MNKO6	P	SOGN	13850	81.16
9EF5MNIB7	C	DBKG	16834	63.62
9EF5MNIR2	C	MUVG	5730	88.27
9EF5MNKS7	P	TIT	277347.0019	2.575
9EF5MNJO8	P	CAGR	20977	21.29
9EF5MNK81	P	ING	61420	22.75
9EF5MN176	C	CARR	18378	40.61
9EF5MNKH1	P	REP.MC	29703	20.23
9EF64XTI6	C	SPX	2528	2353,51
9EF5MNKG3	P	RDSA.AS	128984	24.14
9EF5MNKM0	ρ'	SGOB	10552	46.99
9EF5MNK08	P	EONG	22394	68.52
9EF5MNK40	P	IBE.MC	24332	21.24
9EF5MNJ67	C	SPř	33173	3.64
9EF5MNKC2	P	MUVG	5730	88.27
9EF5MNJW0	P	EAUG	33193	24.77
9EF5MNISO	C	NOKIA	144362	13.91
9EF5MNK16	P	FOR	37745	22.33
9EF5VL145		CAL	625000	25
9EF5BMEK5	P	NTAP	420000	20
9EF5VL160	Ç	CAL	625000	35
9EF5MNIK7	C	FT€	44259,58771	22,46
9EF6GOSV5	Ç	L\$!	600000	19.8
9EF6GOSY9	C	LSI	500000	10,8
9EF5VL186	C	LCC	250000	30
9EF5VL1A1	¢	LCC	250000	45
9EF5MNID3	C	DTEG	80561 .	14.92
9EF5MNKA8	P	LVMH	7959	61.6

tradeRefid	pulCalIND	underlier	underlerQuantity	atrikePrice
9EF5MNJ42	Ċ	SIEG	25788	62,38
9EF5MNIN1	C	ING	61420	22.75
9EF5MNIF8	c	ELE.MC	30980	16.97
9EF6GACU4	C	AIRP	7432	64.18
9EF5MNKI9	P	RWEG	14403	51.51
9EF5MNJU4	P	DCXG	25833	33.07
9EF5MNIV3	Ç	RDSA.AS	128984	24.14
9EF6FIJ07	C	NRG	200000	19,7
9EFSMNJB3	C	TIT	67454.43023	2.58
9EF5MNJQ3	P	ALU.PA	38284	9.02
9EFSMNI92	C	CRDI	150084,9994	4.0625
9EF5MNJ18	Ċ	SAPG	6630	34.06
9EF5MNIT8	C	OREP	9658	60,55
9EF5MNK65	P	STOXX50E	16060	3113.3
9EF5MNJ00	С	SAN,MC	193595	9,34
9EF6GAC67	P	AIRP	7432	64.18
9EF5MNJQ8	P	CAGR	344	21.29
9EF5MNJY6	P	ENEL	113031.1215	7.258
9EF5MNIH4	C	ENI	79043	21.29
SDB1625989016.0.0.0	С	MDT.N	1500000	55.5609
SD81625989093.0.0.0	C	MDT.N	1500000	75.93
SDB1505589308.0,0.0	P	.SPX	16738	1493,65
SDB1505569312,0.0.0	C	.SPX	3180	1606
SDB1505589325.0.0.0	P	.SPX	3180	1506
SDB1624655254.0.1.0	C	VRX.N	500000	32.2803
SDB1624855256 0 1 0	C	VRX.N	500000	40.2803

Trade Reference Id	Acct Number	Markel Exposure	Trade Date	Notional Value	Notional Currency	Malurily Date	Buy\Se
NUUQ4123N00800.0.0.0	006441679	29814539.5	15-MAY-2007	271101325.9	USD	15-MAR-2013	
NUUQ5078S00800.0.0.0	006441679	126527821.3	15-MAY-2007	1253495357	USD	09-JUN-2042	В
SDB2012986056.0.0.0	006441879	316795,8697	12-JUL-2008	42500D0D	USD	16-JUL-2042	В
SDB2012986092.0.0.0	006441679	88637,01365	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	15-JAN-2045	В
SDB2012988042,0.0.0	006441679	226925.8045	12-JUL-2006	42500000	USD	10-AUG-2042	В
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	006441679	137002,4332	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-JAN-2046	8
SDB2012886155.0.0	006441679	775385,3251	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-JAN-2045	В
SDB981652352.0.0.0	006815922	39335275.37	22-MAR-2007	470000000	USD	28-MAR-2047	8
NUUQ4091P0080000000	006441879	2637.6	23-SEP-2004	89774.61	USD	07-DEC-2040	В
NULIQ6014M0080000000	006441679	39727.2	12-JAN-2006	247447.12	USD	08-OCT-2043	
NUUQ5030K00800.0.0.0	006441679	67442987.8	15-MAY-2007	406500000	USD	05-NOV-2040	В
SDB2012886145.0.0	006441679	714493,121	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-AUG-2042	8
NUUQ5030L0080000000	006441679	41477.8	02-MAR-2005	250000	USD	05-NOV-2040	В
SD8532092397.0	006815922	-488325.9241	23-OCT-2008	54960002,86	USD	20-DEC-2011	s
NUUQ506B 00420000000		150617,7899	17-JUN-2005	235623099.4	USD	09-JUL-2040	В
NUUQ507C D0080000000		24341.5	20-JUL-2005	244765.86	USD	08-JUN-2042	В
	006441679	30886129.5	13-MAY-2005	223881950.3	USD	06-JUN-2044	В
SDB2012886119.0.0	008441679	773030,2423	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-SEP-2045	8
BULIQ5060J0080000000	006441679	38374110	28-JUN-2005	213750000	uso	06-AUG-2040	В
SDB2012988058.0.0.0	008441679	97334,40407	12-JUL-2006 .	12500000	USD	15-AUG-2042	В
BUU Q5060K0080000000	006441679	8976400	28-JUN-2005	50000000	USD	08-AUG-2040	
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	006441679	140024.7078	12-JUL-200B	12500000	USD	10-SEP-2045	В
BUUQ5120L00800.0.0.0	008441679	73771128.6	11-MAY-2007	859602990.3	USD		8
SDB2012886123.0.0	006441679	719725.2709	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	11-SEP-2042	В
NUUQ506LG0390000A0D	006441679		23-JUN-2005	10000000	USD	10-NOV-2039	₿
SDB532354298.0	006441679	-284420.7592	19-JAN-2007	75000000	USD	20-JUN-2010	В
SDB532354359.0	006441879	-93048,77652	19-JAN-2007	25000000	USD .	20-JUN-2010	В
SD82012987947.0.0.0	006441679	107918,7146	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	11-SEP-2042	₿
BUUQ5111400800,0,0.0	006441679	58038514	11-MAY-2007	322250000	USD		В
NUUQ504GE00800,0,0.0	006441679	35761.8	15-MAY-2007	221100,99	USD	07-JAN-2041	В
NUUQ504GD0080000000	008441879	110646873.1	21-APR-2005	718755705.4	usD .	06-JAN-2041	В
SDB2012988060.0.0.0	006441679	13725.23713	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-AUG-2029	В
SD82012988046.0,0.0	005441679	183498,8489	12-JUL-2006	150000000	USD	10-JUN-2048	В
SD82012886201.0.0	006441679	39350.84666	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-AUG-2029	В
0000000800AE103DUUN	006441679	54744090.7	12-JAN-2006	338475548.7	USD	06-OCT-2043	В
SD82012987952.0.0.0	006441679	207347.8441	12-JUL-2006	15000000	USD	10-MAY-2043	
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	006441679	313879,4708	12-JUL-2006	42500000	USD		В
SD82012888045,0.0,0	006441679	230487.8801	12-JUL-2006	42500000	USD	10-JUN-2048	8
SDB2012988047.0.0.0	006441679	345534,1743	12-JUL-2008	46500000	USD	10-MAY-2043	
SDB504678635.0.0.0	006441679	11194700	08-DEC-2006		USD	03-OCT-2039	
NUUQ4102N0080000000	008441879	6902159.5	20-OCT-2004	211235903.9	USD	08-DEC-2040	
NUUQ4102Q0080000000	006441679	2301.8	20-OCT-2004	70443.79	USD	08-DEC-2040	
SDB2012987809.0,0.0	006441679	13915,8189	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	10-DEC-2042	
SDB2012987858,0.0.0	006441679	90210.89809	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-NOV-2042	В

Trade Reference Id		Market Exposure	race Date		Notional Currency		Buyloe
SD B20129B8048,0.0.0	006441679	166277.624	12-JUL-2006	11000000	USD	10-MAY-2043	
\$D82012988052.0,0.0	006441679	261944.9009	12-JUL-2006	15000000	USD	10-JUL-2045	
SDB2012886109.0.0	005441679	14245.99234	21-APR-2006		USD	10-DEC-2042	
SDB2012886111,0.0	006441679	537229.5373	21-APR-2006	4450000B	USD	10-NOV-2042	В
NUUQ503580080000000	006441879	18518206.5	11-MAR-2005	106870583.6	USD	15-NOV-2040	В
SDB2012886113.0.0	006441679	711945.9238	21-APR-2006		USD	10-JUL-2045	В
SDB2012987940.0.0.0	006441679	13935.38228	12-JUL-2008		USD	13-FEB-2046	В
SDB504493409.0.0.0	006441679	156709007.9	08-NOV-2006	1399850000	USD	03-OCT-2039	
SD8531906737.0	006441679	-28309,36775	17-AUG-2006		USD	20-JUN-2009	
SDB2012988050,0.0.0	008441679	430595,3508	12-JUL-2006	42500000	UŞD	10-JUL-2045	В
SDB504678606.0.0.0	006441679	11194700	08-DEC-2006	100000000	USD	03-OCT-2039	
SDB2012987916.0.0.0	008441679	107228.6342	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-JUL-2045	В
BUUQ511160080000000	005441879	41577440.6	24-NOV-2005	478401135	USD	03-JAN-2043	В
SDB2012988053.0.0.0	006441679	139887,3151	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	В
BUUQ511190080000000	006441679	21431.7	23-NOV-2005	249402.93	USD	03-JAN-2043	В
SDB533080300,1,4	006815922	-88255.00453	18-JUL-2007	20000000	USD	20-SEP-2012	s
SDB2012886159.0.0	006441679	39732.22498	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	13-FEB-2046	8
SDB2012886163.0.0	008441679	343770,0053	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-AUG-2038	₿
NUUQ4125H00800000000	006441679	26517730	22-DEC-2004	149750000	USD .	06-FEB-2040	8
SDB2012886137,0.0	006441679	731110.3725	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	В
SDB2012987971.0.0.0	006441679	98842,61529	12-JUL-2006	13000000	USD	15-AUG-2038	8
SDB504492863.0.0.0	006441679	158709007.9	08-NOV-2005	1399850000	USD	03-OCT-2039	В
NUUQ509IU0080000000	006441679	14886140.8	27-SEP-2005	195448300.8	USD	06-MAY-2042	В
NUUQ509IV0080000000	006441679	18654.3	27-SEP-2005	244922.68	USD	06-MAY-2042	В
SDB2012888147.0.0	006441679	737685.1541	21-APR-200B	44500000	USD	15-DEC-2044	8
SDB2012987973.0.0.0	006441679	129774,4773	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-AUG-2038	8
SDB2012886133.0.0	006441679	720304,4014	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-AUG-2038	8
SDB2012988039,0.0.0	008441879	137131,5428	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-DEC-2040	8
SDS2012988071.0.0.0	006441679	136735.208	12-JUL-2006	13000000	USD	14-NOV-2042	В
SDB503565516.0.0.0	008441679	219752250	19-JUL-2006	1187650000	USD	04-NOV-2041	6
SDB2012886211.0.0	006441679	474588.8378	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	14-NOV-2042	В
SDB2012987934,0.0.0	006441679	136557,7134	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-OCT-2045	8
SDB2012988043.0.0.0	006441679	181960,6304	12-JUL-2006	15000000	USD	10-AUG-2042	В
SOB2012886135.0.0	006441679	731989,2507	21-APR-2008	44500000	USD	15-DEC-2040	В
SDB503565139.0.0.0	006441679	219770750	19-JUL-2006	1187950000	USD	04-NOV-2041	В
SDB2012886216.0.0	005441679	38450,46428	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-AUG-2041	В
SDB2012988074.0.0.0	006441679	13493,43019	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	15-AUG-2041	В
SDB2012986054,0,0.0	006441679	140547,1981	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	8
SDB2012886117.0.0	006441679	719541.5504			USD	10-DCT-2045	
SDB2012886165.0.0		853303.557	21-APR-2006		USD	15-FEB-2039	
SDB2012987952.0.0.0	006441679	131070.0807	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-JUL-2044	B
SDB2012886139.0.0	006441679	766523,9246		44500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	В
SDB2012886151.0.0	006441679	486307.4504	21-APR-2006		USD	15-MAR-2042	
SOB2012886141.0.0	008441879	554211.518	21-APR-2006		USD	10-JUL-2039	

Trada Reference Id	Acct Number	Market Exposure	Trade Date	Notional Value	Notional Currency	Meturity Date	Buy\Sell
NUUQ4091N0080000000	008441679	9033.3	23-SEP-2004	96592	USD	12-NOV-2042	
NUUQ6090V0030000A00	005815922	298838.0059	12-SEP-2006	327585532.6	USD	28-SEP-2046	8
SDB2012988077.0.0.0	006441679	67643.26852	12-JUL-2005	12500000	USD	15-MAR-2042	8
NUUQ510DL0080000000	006441679	23763.5	07-QCT-2005	250000	UŞD	03-OCT-2045	В
SDB2012886125.0.0	006441679	726280.6921	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-JUL-2044	В
SDB2012988040.0.0.0	006441679	237676,4961	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-FE8-2039	8
NULIQ5022A00700.0.0.0	006441679		15-FEB-2005	600000000	USD	12-FEB-2035	В
SDB532092168.0	006441679	697329.1293	23-OCT-2006	68700003.57	USD	20-DEC-2011	В
SDB2012986084.0.0.0	008441678	125929,6468	12-JUL-2008	15500000	USD	15-OCT-2044	В
SDB2012866153.0.0	006441679	735502.2513	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-DEC-2044	В
SDB2012988088.0.0.0	006441679	134078,1798	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-DEC-2044	В
SDB2012886220.0.0	005441679	366694,939	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-OCT-2044	В
NUUQ409HSC080000000	006441679	9885893.5	23-SEP-2004	327136982.9	USD	07-DEC-2012	В
SDB2012886131.0.0	006441579	550298.0729	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-MAY-2043	В
NUUQ512BM0080000000	006441679	21210.8	19-DEC-2005	250000	USD	05-DEC-2042	В
NUL/Q510L300800.0.0.0	006441679	98979333.5	15-MAY-2007	1153336443	UŞD	05-DEC-2040	В
SD82012987954.0.0.0	006441679	88953,01813	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-MAY-2043	В
NUUQ409HR0080000000	006441678	29340232,6	23-SEP-2004	293155153.8	USD	12-NOV-2042	B
SDB2012886149.0.0	006441679	559635,3704	21-APR-2008	44500000	USD	12-JUN-2043	В
SDB2012886127.0.0	006441679	777499.5006	21-APR-2006	44500000 .	USD	15-JAN-2048	В
NUUQ412300080000000	006441679	22783.7	15-DEC-2004	217477.24	USD	04-JAN-2041	8
SDB2012988167.0.0.0	005441679	93385.11205	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	12-JUN-2043	В
BUUQ5111500800.0.0.0	005441679	30390108.7	11-MAY-2007	345420648.5	USD	05-JAN-2043	В
SDB2012988057.0.0.0	006441679	211175.4244	12-JUL-2006	15000000	USD	15-JUL-2042	Ð
NUUQ510DP00800.0.0,0	006441679	61523701.5	15-MAY-2007	647250000	USD	03-OCT-2045	В
SDB2012988055.0.0.0	006441679	93102.62089	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	10-JUL-2039	В
SDB2012988062,0,0.0	006441679	184584.1504	12-JUL-2008	15000000	USD	15-FEB-2040	В
SDB2012987943.0.0.0	006441679	131821,5147	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	11-DEC-2040	8
SDB20129B8061.0.0.0	006441679	227985,0074	12-JUL-2006	42500000	USD	15-FEB-2030	8
NUUQ510DN00800.0.0.0	006441679	61761336.5	15-MAY-2007	649750000	USD	63-OCT-2045	8
SDB2012986059.0.0.0	006441679	138609,6578	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-DEC-2044	8
SDB2012886121.0.0	006441879	736930 2959	21-APR-2008	4450000D	บรดิ	11-DEC-2040	8

Trade Reference ld	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Ref. Number
NUUQ4123N00800.0.0,0	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD	
NUUQ507BS00800.0,D,0	JUPITER HIGH GRADE CDO LTD	
SD82012988056.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
SDB2012988092.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012988042.0.0.0	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	DEUTSCHE MORTGAGE AND ASSET RECEIVING CORP-ASB	
SDB2012886155.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SOB981552352,0,0,0		
NUUQ409IP0080000000	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
NUUQ6014M0D80000000	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD	
NUUQ5030K00800.0.0.0	HUNTINGTON CDO. LTD.	
SDB2012886145.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244
NUUQ503DL0080000000	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.	
SDB532092397.0	MUNICH RE FINANCE B.V.	
NUUQ508EC0420000000	COOLINGE FUNDING, LTD.	
NUUQ507GD0080000000	JUPITER HIGH GRADE COO LTD	
NUUQ5055C0080000000	SATURN VENTURES I, LTD.	
SDB2012886119.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
BUUQ5060J0080000000	ISCHUS CDO 1 LTD	
SDB20129B8058.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
BUUQ5060K0080000000	ISCHUS CDO J LTD	
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
BUUQ5120L00800,0.0,0	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II, LLC .	
SDB2012886123.0,0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
NUUQ506LG0390000A00	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB532354298.0	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	659036
SDB532354359.0	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	659037
SDB2012987947.0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
BUUQ5111400800,0.0.0	SHERWOOD FUNDING CDO, LTD.	
NUUQ504GE00800.0.0.0		
	SOUTH COAST FUNDING	
SDB2012988080.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SD82012988046.0,0,0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012886201,0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
NUUQ6013A0080000000	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD	
SDB2012987962,0,0.0	COMM 2005-C6 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICAT	
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	COMM 2005-C6 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICAT	res
SDB2012988045.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012988047,0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB504678635,0.0.0	•	
	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD.	•
	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD.	
SDB2012987809.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012987858.0.0.0	8ANG OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	

Yanda Bafana a 14	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Ref. Number
Trade Reference Id SDB2012988048.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	Counterpany Rei. Number
	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012988052.0.0.0		370040 770044
SD82012886109.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244 772240-772244
SDB2012886111.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	112240-112244
	ORCHID STRUCTURED FINANCE CDO, LTD.	
SDB2012886113.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012987940,0,0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
SDB504493409.0.0.0	=	
SDB531906737,0	VALEO	
SDB2012988050.0,0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB504878606.0.0.0		
SDB2012987916.0.0.0	BANG OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
	BRODERICK CDO 1 LTD	
SDB2012988053.0,0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
	BRODERICK I CDO LTD.	
SDB533080300,1,4	KRAFT FOODS INC.	
SDB2012888159.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SDB2012886163.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	772240-772244
	RIVER NORTH COO LTD.	
SDB2012888137,0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
SDB2012987971.0.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	
SDB504492863,0,0,0		
	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	,
SDB2012888147,0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244
SDB2012987973.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	•
SDB2012886133.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988039.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012988071.0.0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	
SD8503565\$16.0,0.0		5295309/5296309/5286309/5286309/5296309/5295309/5296309/5296309/
\$D82012686211,0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	772240 - 772244
SDB2012987934.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE INC	•
SDB2012988043,0,0.0	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	•
SDB2012886135.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB503565139.0.0.0		\$295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/
\$DB2012886216.0,0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988074,0,0,0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012988054,0,0,0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012886117.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012886165.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	
SDB2012885139.0.0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012886141.0.0	COLUMBIA CENTER TRUST	772240-772244

Ligate Metereuce in	Reference Onligation	Counterparty Ref, Number	ŗ
NUUQ409 N0080000000			
NUUQ5080V0030000A00	ABACUS 2006-NS1, LTD.		
SDB2012988077,0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
NUUQ510DL0080000000	ORIENT POINT COO, LTD.		
SDB2012886125.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244	
SDB2012988040.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST		
NUUQ5022A00700,0,0.0	ORKNEY HOLDINGS, LLC		
SD8532092188,0	DEUTSCHE BANK FINANCE N.V.	656085	
SD82012988084.0,0,0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
SDB2012886153,0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-7 722 44	
SDB2012988088.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
SDB2012886220.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244	
NUUQ409HS0080000000	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.		
SDB2012866131.0.0	CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004-C2	772240-772244	
NUUG512BM0060000000	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II, LLC	727404	
NUUQ510L300B00.0.0.0	ALTIUS II FUNDING LTD		
SDB2012987954.0.0.0	CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004-C2		
NUUQ409HRD0B0000000	GLACIER FUNDING CDO II, LTD.		
SDB2012886149.0.0	MERRILL LYNCH MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244	
SDB2012886127.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244	
NUUQ412300080000000	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD		
SDB2012988187,0.0,0	MERRILL LYNCH MORTGAGE TRUST		
BUUQ5111500800.0.0.0	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.		
SD82012988057,0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP		
NUUQ510DF00800.0.0.0	ORIENT POINT COO, LTD.		
SDB2012988055.0.0.0	(GS) GS MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORPORATION II		
SDB2012988062.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
SDB2012987943.0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC		
SDB2012988061.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
NUUQ510DN00800,0,0.0	ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.		
SDB2012988059.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP		
SDB2012886121,0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244	

Trade Reference Id	GS Number	Fixed Rate
NUUG4123N00800.0.0.0	801480	
NUUQ507BS00800,0.6,0	8QBZN3	0
SDB2012988056.0.0,0	8PZDX3	Φ
SDB2012868092,0,0.0	8RYBS7	8
SDB2012988042.0,0,0	BOUSRS	80
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	855464	8
SDB2012888155.0.0	8SHAU8	2
SDB981652352.0.0.0		0
NGUG409 F00B0000000	BNVZMD	=
NUUQ6014M0080000000		4
NUUCISO30K00800.0.0.0	8P3J11	P
SDB2012886145.0.0	8SHAGD	ţ
NULIGISOSOLOOBOODOOO	8P3JI1	6
SDB532092397.0	2ECMO9	17
NUUQ506800420000000	8PSIQ9	5
NUUG557CD0080000000	8CBZN3	9
NUUGSOSSCOOBOODODO	8PTK76	10
SDB2012886119,0.0	8SH9T4	12
BUUQ\$060J0080000000	8GBPJ3	10
SDB2012986058.0.0.0	BSIERO	8
BUUQ5060K0080000000	8QBPJ3	10
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	8S16C9	80
BUUQ5120L00800.0.0.0	BRHKES	0
SDB2012886123.0.0	8SH8V9	52
NUCQSOBLGO390000A00	8N55S1	8
SD8532354298.0	211874	
SDB532354359.0	215674	19
SDB2012987947.0.0.0	8RPD05	8
BUUG5111400800,0.0.0	8R9U93	0
NUUG504GE00800.0.0.0	8PRL46	0
NUU CISQ 4 G D D D B S C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	8PRLB0	5
SDB2012988050.0.0.0	806RJ4	ø
SDB2012988046,0,0,0	BPBWRS	9
SDB2012886201.0.0	806RJ4	8
NUUQ6013A008D000000		4
SDB2012987962.0.0.0	8PSOP4	2
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	895897	φ
SDB2012988045.0.0.0	8P1VR1	0
SD82012988047.0.0.0	8PZDW5	80
SDB504878535.0.0.0	8TW8K9	0
NUUQ4102N0080000000		<u>-</u>
NUUQ4102Q0080000000		=
SDB2012987809.0.0.0	80JJE6	•
SDB2012987658.0.0.0	804858	~

Fixed Rate																																							
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GS Number	8SZF34	8P8M13	45177 80'17'08	BSHBS6	803LE8	8TW9L7	2RDGW2	8QTST9	SREP12	BRCNC7	8R97W8	BRCHF7	2RF6P3	BUSLES BOXNI72		6SQSK9	8RXN72	8TW9K9	8R38Z3	8R39Z3	8SHB61	8R1U17	SSHABI	BRGWF1	6R9LP7	835 CTD	BRSJM6	8003WB	8RTY95	82XNE9	8P3T85	8P3TB5	8RP007	SHLM35	8555E/	6H0602	SCHAU!	07 - 100 07	LINCLO
Trade Reference to	SDB2012988052.0.0.0	SDB2012888109,0,0	O'O'. L'I TORRE TORRE DE LA TILITA	32012886113.0.0	SDB2012987940.0.0.0	SDB504493409.0,0.0	8	മ	SDB504878806.0.0.0) 7	SDB201288853.0.0.0	BUUQ5111900800000000		SUB2012885159,0.0	NUUG4125H008000000	SDB2012886137.0.0	SDB2012987971,0.0,0	SD8504492863.0.0.0	NUUQ509 U00800000000	NUUGSOBIVOOSOOOOO	SDB2012886147.0.0	Δ	8	Œ	D820	SUGSQSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSSS	2000	082	\mathbf{c}	SDB503565139.0.0.0	m	82	20	820	82012886165,0.0	200	3201 28861 39 3201 28861 39	0.0.1568601205005	3

Trade Reference Id	GS Number	Fixed Re
NUUQ409INQ080000000	8NV2P3	11
NUUQ6090V0030000A00		13
SDB2012988077.0.0.0	8P9EW2	8
NUUQ510DL0080000000	8R06L2	10
SDB2012886125.0.0	8RMDG7	12
SDB2012988040.0.0.0	8S5SE7	8
NUUQ5022A00700.0.0,0		0
SDB532092188.0	6Z0XY9	15
SDB2012988084.0,0,0	8R0J04	8
SDB2012886153.0.0	8RLSG3	12
SDB2012988088.0.0,0	8RGYI3	8
SDB2012886220.0.0	8R0J04	8
NUUQ409HS0080000000	8NV2L2	11
SDB2012886131.0,0	8Q1SG8	12
NUUQ5128M0080000000		10
NUUQ510L300800,0.0.0	8R2SG5	0
SD82012987954.0.0.0	8R9781	8
NUUQ409HR0080000000	8NV2P3	11
SDB2012886149,0.0	8Q50A2	12
SDB2012886127.0.0	8\$HA88	12
NUUQ4123Q0080000000		11
SDB2012988167,0,0,0	8Q3 X8	8
BUUQ5111500800,0.0,0	8RCHF7	0
SDB2012968057,0.0.0	8Q5061	10
NUUQ510DP00800.0.0.0	8QXYP1	0
SDB2012988055,0.0.0	8PXCL5	8
SDB2012988062.0.0.0	8P8M62	10
SDB2012987943.0.0,0	8RG769	8
SDB2012988061.0.0.0	8P8WM6	В
NUUQ510DK00800.0.0.0	8R06L2	0
SD82012988059.0.0.0	8RGWH7	8
SDB2012886121.0.0	8SH9U1	12

TAB 9

Name: Forster

Date: 7/30/07

Time: 12:09:31 (12:09pm)

Desk: 38

COMBINE.txt 25 . 1 1437 2 [PHONE DIALING; PHONE RINGS] 3 JOHN: AIG. 4 ANDREW FORSTER: Hey John. Someone in 5 there. 6 JOHN: Someone's in there? 7 ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, they're doing, 8 uh, compliance or something, and they've got 9 AIG's compliance people in for the next couple of 10 days. 11 JOHN: Keep them the fuck out. 12 ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.

13 JOHN: All righty. I'm ... we can just 14 do it here. 15 ANDREW FORSTER: Let's do it here.

16 JOHN: All righty. So, uh, let's 17 [UNINTEL]. 18 ANDREW FORSTER: Well I guess the ...

19 the topics to cover, I guess, is the sort of ... how much Jared's got on ... on repo, and how much 20 21 is rolling off. How much we've already got out

22 there, and what the sort of timeline of it looks

23 like.

24 JOHN: So Jared has gotten off another,

25 uh, around, uh, 800 today.

1 ANDREW FORSTER: Already? Page 386

2

COMBINE.txt

2	JOHN: Yeah.		
3	ANDREW FORSTER: Excellent.		
4	JOHN: Of which about half is ABS, which		
5	is pretty good. ABS markets are pretty same.		
6	ANDREW FORSTER: That's very good. And		
7	how long is he repo'ing it for?		
8	JOHN: A month.		
9	ANDREW FORSTER: All right. Yeah, the		
10	only problem is, everyone because everyone's		
11	trying to avoid, I mean, on the CP so everyone's		
12	trying to avoid a month because they'll no		
13	one wants to do it in August given it's sort of		
14	bank holiday weekend at the end of the year, end		
15	of the month, and [OVERLAPPING]		
1.6	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] [UNINTEL]		
17	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Can he do		
18	can he do longer or not?		
19	JOHN: Uh, it's hard right now. No.		
20	ANDREW FORSTER: Right,		
21	JOHN: I don't think he can do longer.		
22	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay.		
23	JOHN: Hopefully this thing has, you		
24	know, hopefully someone says if this thing		
25			
	3		
1	ni alao		
1	right?		
2	ANDREW FORSTER: Yep.		
3	JOHN: I mean, I can understand the		
. 4	at some point in time someone in the US		
. 5	government has to make a statement either calling		

COMBINE.txt

```
these fucking banks up who were involved in these
 6
       originations and saying you'd better get some
 8
       liquidity back in the market because you're going
 9
       to be getting sued anyway for, uh, for predatory
10
       lending ...
11
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right. [LAUGHS].
12
                       JOHN: And you'd better start pumping it
13
       in now because you're going to be owning this one
14
       way or the other, and you'd probably want to own
1.5
       it on the keeps. You know, and the other thing
16
       is, at some point someone should ... and then the
17
       other thing is that, they've got to say that the
18
       '05 in earlier vintages where loans were real ....
19
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
20
                       JOHN: ... they've got to also tell him,
       you'd better start making some liquidity, you'd
21
22
       better start making some refinancing for those
       things.
23
24
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, no, well that's
25
       ... [OVERLAPPING]
1
                       JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] To [ease up?] the
2
       market.
 3
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
 4
                       JOHN: Because that will make a huge ...
 5
       those things would snap right back.
 6
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, yeah, everyone
       [UNINTEL] well actually that's one thing, right,
8
       because that's all coming up for the roll mass,
       eh?
```

```
10
                        JOHN: Say that again?.
11
                        ANDREW FORSTER: That's, a lot of that's
       coming up, the '05 stuff is all coming up for
12
       roll, sort of, you know, in that September time.
13
14
                        JOHN: Yeah, and ... [OVERLAPPING]
15
                        ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] So it'd
16
       be [UNINTEL] [OVERLAPPING]
17
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] And someone ...
18
       they'd better say someone ... and that stuff
19
       should be relative good borrowers and good, you
20
       know, decent LTV's, right?
21
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, should be by
22
       now, yeah, it should be, so, anyway ...
23
                        JOHN: So, uh, but ...
24
                        ANDREW FORSTER: But he's done, he's
25
       done another 800 today. He did what, 2.3 on
                                                                5
 1
       Friday.
 2
                        JOHN: He did 1.5, uh, one point ... he
 3
       did 2.3 but some of that was rolls, right?
 4
                       ANDREW FORSTER: oh, okay.
 5
                        JOHN: So, uh, it was like ...
 6
                        ANDREW FORSTER: One and a half was new,
       was it?
 8
                        JOHN: This was like one, uh ... what am
 9
       I missing here? why do I only have 800? Uh, 200
       .. 600 ... for the 30th ... uh ... uh, so what
10
       ... what day is ... yeah. I'll have to double
11
       check. But he had about, yeah, about one and, uh
12
       ... I think he had, uh, about 1.4 of new.
13
                           Page 389
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	CONDINE.CAL
14	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
15	JOHN: 600, 200 and 800. Six, two
16	no, six, two and six, so eight yeah, 1.4.
17	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay.
18	JOHN: Then 600 for same day, which was
19	one week, but it's corporate so he should be able
20	to roll that, uh, not as, uh, it's not as
21	difficult as the, uh, as the, uh the
22	whatchamacallit market, the ABS market.
23	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
24	JOHN: Two hundred for settle the next
25	day, and another 600 for the following day, and
	6
1	now he's done another 800 for settle on August
2	1st.
. 3	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
4	JOHN: So it's freed up a little bit
5	over, uh, over the month end concerns, now that
6	he's cleared month end. But still very thin.
7	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, I mean, obviously
8	he goes to that same but I mean if he can,
9	even the corporate stuff, if he can do it for a
10	month as opposed to a week he should [UNINTEL]
11	[OVERLAPPING]
12	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] Oh that's yeah,
13	no, he knows that.
14	ANDREW FORSTER: He should definitely
15	pay up and do it.
16	JOHN: He knows that Uh, he also, uh,
17	so we have a little bit over two billion left of
	Page 390

	. COMBINE.txt
18	collateral.
19	ANDREW FORSTER: Two billion in
20	collateral. And do we [OVERLAPPING]
21	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] Of which about 65
22	percent is ABS, ballpark. He's going to firm up
23	all the numbers.
24	ANDREW FORSTER: Right. And he's trying
25	to do obviously that two billion and
	7 .
. 1	JOHN: He's trying to do as much as he
2	can, so whether he does it today, tomorrow, he's
3	doing he's going to do all of it.
4	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay.
5	JOHN: Umm, the so that's where he
6	stands, and he's going to get me some roll
7	information. The good news is, he's got pretty
8	light rolls on ABS, until the end of August.
9	. ANDREW FORSTER: Right. Okay.
10	JOHN: So, you know, that we're in
11	good shape on.
12	ANDREW FORSTER: Do we know what the
13	corporate roll is till the end of August?
14	JOHN: Umm, I think it's pretty light,
15	too. But, uh, again, a little more access,
16	definitely more access to the market with
17	corporates than, uh, than ABS.
18	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. So where is, uh
19	
20	JOHN: Our cash last night was right
21	around two billion.
	man '

22	ANDREW FORSTER: And that's total
23 .	cashes? You haven't sort of excluded anything for
24	your buffer and all the rest of it? It's just two
25	billion in cash.
	·
1	· JOHN: It's two billion in cash on hand
2	at FP. We also have the 180-day money, which we
3	can use, which is roughly 700 million. So you
4	should call it 2.7 billion.
5	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, so cash FP was
6	what? Sorry? Two two billion?
7	JOHN: Right around two billion.
8	ANDREW FORSTER: And who have we got
. 9	that out with, then? Because that was another
10	thing. Joe came over this morning and was
11	JOHN: Yeah, I talked to Joe yesterday.
12	All that will be out of the, uh, will be off of
13	these whole it will be out of whole and repo.
14	ANDREW FORSTER: Right. Who have we got
15	on with?
16	јони: We had it on the primary guys
17	we had it on with were Goldman
18	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
19	JOHN: Morgan Stanley, and, uh, RBS.
20	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay. And it is on at
21	the moment with whole and collateral, is it?
22 .	JOHN: That is right. But those whole
23	and collaterals are out of these funky
24	counterparties, right?
25	ANDREW FORSTER: Oh yeah.
	Page 392

1	JOHN: So that's what so what we
2	told them is, we're moving it out of their
3	the, uh, we're taking the money, we're not going
4	to put it in any unguaranteed subs right now,
5	and, uh, we will be happy to replace it with, uh,
6	collateral in the where we can mark the
7	collateral, so we get real collateral with
8	pricing, and, uh, it's done out of the, uh, the
9	corporate entity, or the broker/dealer. So
10	[OVERLAPPING] [UNINTEL]
11	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] And are
1,2	they all going to they're all going to do
13	that, are they?
14	JOHN: Say that again?
15	ANDREW FORSTER: They're all going to do
16	that? Because I got I mean, because they've
17	got massive withholds and stuff, so that must be
18	a real problem for them, isn't it? Because
19	presumably we're not the only people that are
20	going back saying we don't want this collateral
21	any more.
22	JOHN: Presumably you would have thought
23	that they would do one of two things. One of them
24	would be, is to say, fine, we'll just slap a
25	guarantee on it.

10

1

ANDREW FORSTER: Right.

```
COMBINE.txt
 2
                       JOHN: And no one did that. If they were
 3
       desperate you'd figure they would have said that,
 4
       right?
 5
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
                       JOHN: I think there's some precedents
 6
 7
       of why they don't want to do that. When we spoke
       to Morgan Stanley they didn't even flinch. They
 8
 9
       said, "Fine, no problem." Didn't even question.
10
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
11
                       JOHN: Goldman Sachs questioned and RBS
12
       whined.
13
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right, okay.
14
                       JOHN: Uh, we have a little ... we had a
15
       little bit on, like 100 million or so each, with
       ... with Bear, Stearns which was in their
16
17
       guaranteed entity.
18
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right. Have we taken
19
       that back?
20
                        JOHN: Uh, I think we're taking it back.
       We're taking it all back today. So the only whole
21
22
       loan we'll have outstanding will be with ...
23
       which ... and we ... we sat down with Ed Diaz as
24
       well ... is with Nomura, which will be 125
25
       million, and he says he doesn't think that
                                                                11
       they're really impacted. He ... he thinks that
 1
       they're fine from all this.
 3
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
                        JOHN: And they're probably in better
 5
       shape to get liquidity than any of these other
```

```
COMBINE.txt
 6
       places right now.
 7
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Okay, so when do we,
 8
       uh, when we say we're going to [OVERLAPPING] ...
 9
                       JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] So we're going to
10
       be in con ....
11
                       ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] ... this
       Goldman Sachs stuff that we've got then that's
12
13
       whole loans, when ... when will it convert over?
14
       What's the sort of timeframe?
15
                       JOHN: Today.
16
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Oh, it'll all ... it'll
17
       all happen today?
18
                       JOHN: They're giving us the money back
19
       today. We're taking all the money back out of
20
       whole loans today.
21
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right. And then, are
22
       they then going to take it back again, or are
23
       they just giving us the cash back and then we're
24
       going to get ...
25
                       JOHN: They bring us the cash back and
                                                               12
1
       we'll invest it in time depots at sub LIBOR for a
2
       few days till things settle and figure out where
 3
       ... and kill ... and then our goal will be, is to
       put it into, uh, guaranteed repo where we can
 5
       mark the collateral.
6
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right, okay. So we
7
       figure ... [OVERLAPPING]
8
                       JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] And we'll do that
      on open. And there should be pretty good levels
9
```

```
COMBINE.txt
10
       on that right now if the ABS market is so
11
       strained from others, we should be, these guys
12
       should be ... want a new ... do ... you know,
13
       have some collateral that they want to turn into
14
       cash even overnight.
15
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
16
                       JOHN: Uh, so we're hoping then to do
17
       that, have guaranteed collateral, have good
18
       collateral that we can value, and, uh, and a
19
       guaranteed counterparty.
20
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Okay. So [OVERLAPPING]
21
       [UNINTEL]
22
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] And it'll all be
23
       ... and it'll all be on open. Sorry?
24
                       ANDREW FORSTER: We haven't got as much
25
       cash as I thought.
                                                                13
 1
                        JOHN: As I said, we've been setting up,
 2
       you know, with all this cash ... [OVERLAPPING]
 3
                        ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Yeah, I
 4
       know, exactly, with all this [UNINTEL] here. So
 5
       ... so ...
 6
                        JOHN: We had the problem of, you know,
 7
       with the credit, we didn't want to have a ton of
 8
       whole long out there.
 9
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
10
                        JOHN: So, uh, the repo, I mean, when
11
       Jared and the ... we ... we thought this
12
       three billion pairs was going to happen, and then
13
       we have, you know, this money coming in, without
```

	COMBINE.txt
14	a lot of activity, in August. And by the end of
15	August, I mean, we were, uh we were expecting
16	to be around eight billion.
17	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. So just, let's
18	make sure I'm accurate. So we've got two
19	billion currently on which will be time
20	depots, and then
21	JOHN: Time depots or guaranteed, uh,
22	repo on real collateral.
23	ANDREW FORSTER: Right, and then off the
24	
25	JOHN: You obviously you don't have
	1
1	any issues with doing overnight with the street
2	if it's if it's on guaranteed on any real
3	collateral, do you?
4	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, no, I wouldn't do
5	best then.
6	JOHN: At all? Really? You think they
7	got big [UNINTEL]?
8	ANDREW FORSTER: I think I think
9	it's going to get real \dots I just don't \dots I
10	don't see the point of doing them, to be honest.
11	они: okay.
12	ANDREW FORSTER: Because it's just going
13	to you know they're the only ones that
14	we, uh that I just think could be sort of
15	like, you know, ugly. They because they've
16	got a lot of they've got a huge amount of
17	sort of short-term, uh, paper they need to roll.

18	COMBINE.txt JOHN: Okay.
19	ANDREW FORSTER: And it's the
20	market's [decided?], I mean, you know, yes,
21	absolutely, you're getting money back in it. But
22	that one day, it's just like why bother.
23	JOHN: Well I've been hearing that
24	investors are turning off the i-banks totally?
25	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, they're definitely
	15
1	talk thinking about it, I think actually what
2	we're hearing is, umm, which we can come onto, is
3	all the, uh, they're all turning off from
4	anything that's got sort of CDO paper involved in
5	it, so the i-banks probably less so, uh, but, you
6	know, what they're turning off is from is
7	conduits and SIV's. Did you see the news from
8	IKB, in which they couldn't, umm
9	JOHN: I thought KSW was giving them
10	support?
11	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, they are, but I
12	mean the fact that they had a \$15 billion conduit
13	that they basically couldn't roll.
14	JOHN: So what happened?
15	ANDREW FORSTER: SO KSW stepped in and
16	said they'll guarantee the, uh, the, uh, the
17	funding. They'll guarantee they'll guarantee
18	the, uh, the liabilities of them so they can
19	continue to roll.
20	JOHN: And they did?
21	ANDREW FORSTER: And that's what they've

22	done, yeah.
23	JOHN: That's a good sign, at least.
24	ANDREW FORSTER: Well it's a good sign
25	for them, but it's not a good sign for the world
	. 1
1	in [OVERLAPPING]
2	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] It's bad for the
3	market. It's bad because, uh, no one's coming in
4	for the SIV's [UNINTEL].
5	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, without, yeah,
6	exactly. There's no one that can come in for the
7	SIV's, yeah.
8	JOHN: So what's our SIV?
9	ANDREW FORSTER: So so, sorry, just
10	let me just let me do the, umm, just make
11	sure I've got the numbers down and I'll tell you
12	the SIV. [OVERLAPPING]
13	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] So right now, so
14	let's throw in the NF test, because there's
15	[UNINTEL] tests. [OVERLAPPING]
16	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Okay, so
17	you've got two two billion [OVERLAPPING]
18	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] SO WE have 2.7. We
19	have 2.7 right now.
20	ANDREW FORSTER: Two point
21	JOHN: Currently.
22	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay. So [UNINTEL] 180
23	day, and then if the bond repo, I guess that's
24.	all money that we're raising and that's going to
2.5	be 1.4 billion, which we did on Friday that's

17

1	new, plus the 800. [OVERLAPPING]
2	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] NO but that's
3	no, some of that's already in there. Some of
4	that's already in there.
5	ANDREW FORSTER: Oh, okay. So how much
6	is that number?
7	JOHN: I've got to go through that again
8	with Jared again now, because I think that what
9	we have is, we have we should have Jared
10	should have done and remember it's month end,
11	so there'll be cash flows going out too for GIC's
12	and other things.
13	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
14	JOHN: And we'll figure what that out
15	is, we'll come back to that and we'll we'll
16	[OVERLAPPING]
17	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] But
18	but do you have do have any sense what the
19	re the, all the repos he's done, how much
20	of that is going to be [rate?] is additional
21	money in opposed on top of the 2.7?
22	JOHN: I think we because I think he
23	had 600. when when we did that, that was 600
24	same day, so there should be another 200 million
25	coming in today, and, uh, and today is what
	1.8
1	day is today? Today's the 30th, right?
2	ANDREW FORSTER: Thirtiath work

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3	JOHN: And there'll be another then
4	there should be 600 million for tomorrow, which
5	is the 31st, right?
6	ANDREW FORSTER: Yup.
7	JOHN: Is that right?
8	ANDREW FORSTER: Yup.
9	JOHN: Two hundred today, the 30th, it
10	should be 600 million tomorrow, the 31st, and
11	then 800 on the first.
12	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
13	JOHN: But then we have we should
14	have about 2.8 billion coming in from, uh,
15	Deutschebank.
16	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, before, but the 1.6
17	billion of the repo, of the repo stuff, is that
18	going to be new money on top of the 2.7 we've
19	already got?
20	JOHN: That should be new money.
21	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay, all right. so 1.6
22	billion of repo cash to come in within the next
23	couple of days. And then as you rightly say,
24	we've got the, uh, the Deutschebank, which looks
25	like it's, uh
	1
1	JOHN: 2.8.
2	ANDREW FORSTER: 2.8, which comes in.
	,

1.	JOHN: 2.8.
2	ANDREW FORSTER: 2.8, which comes in
3	JOHN: And then we've got a, uh, but
4	then I guess the, I I think it would make
5	a lot of sense, if we can, to delay the, uh, the
6	ABM for a week. If that's possible, we should
	Page 401

	COMBINE.txt
7	talk to [OVERLAPPING]
8	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] well i
9	can get I can [OVERLAPPING]
10	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] [UNINTEL] know at
11	all about that?
12	ANDREW FORSTER: I haven't talked to him
13 .	about it, but I'm more than happy to go and ask
14	him about it.
15	JOHN: I think you should.
16	ANDREW FORSTER: Because we even
17	with without that, all right, we've got \$7
18	billion, right?
19 •	JOHN: What do you mean without it?
20	ANDREW FORSTER: Well the 2 billion
21	cash, 700 million 180-day money, the 1.6 billion
22	of repo.
23	JOHN: Well the problem is, what the
24	fuck you guys going to settle for? We wouldn't
25	listen, we would be in fine shape if Goldman
	20
1	wasn't hanging its head out there.
2	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, no, that's true.
3	JOHN: I would have no worries where we
4	are if I didn't have that, you know, that was
5	just something that hit out of the blue, and it's
6	a fucking number that's well bigger than we ever
7	planned for.
	·

ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.

JOHN: So where do you think we can

negosh them down to?

8

9

ANDREW FORSTER: I don't know. I ... I

11

```
wasn't involved, you know. We need to talk to Tom
12
13
       when he gets in and see what the, uh ...
14
                        JOHN: They seem to think that the
15
       prices that Goldman were showing were egregious.
16
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, they were
17
       ridiculous. And I went back. We had a ... I had a
18
       couple of conversations with him on Friday about,
19
       you know, I'd seen some AA paper for the same
20
       deals that we were invested in, that were trading
       at sort of, you know, 90 cents on the dollar.
21
22
                        JOHN: If that's the case, then we
23
       should be at like 95, right?
24
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, well, you know,
25
       it's like all these things though. The problem
                                                                21
       is, they're going to say, is, you know, and this
 2
       is the biggest problem, right, it's not ... it's
 3
       got nothing to do with the sort of value earned
       or something like that. They just say, well okay,
 4
. 5
       well fine, you go and get me a bid, you know. We
       won't get a bid, you know, so I mean I'm sure we
 6
       can go out and get people to give us valuations
 7
       and the rest of it and we'll get into it then.
 8
 9
                       I did tell Tom to go off and ... and
10
       ring the leads on each of the deals and just say
11
       to them, look, if we come for a valuation what's
12
       it roughly going to be. Because we need to get a
       sense of what that number is.
13
14
```

JOHN: Yeah. Page 403

	SOLID TIVE CALC
15	ANDREW FORSTER: Because, I mean,
16	literally that could be anything from 80 to sort
17	of, you know, 95. I don't think it's less than 80
18	but it's uh, you know, they could come back
19	and say actually, you know, there's no bid so it
20	would be 80, which is ridiculous and no way
21	indicative of sort of where they think it's
22	really trading.
23	JOHN: I guess the question is, how much
24	can we push back on Goldman with, you know, you,
25	me, Cameron and and Joe. Even, I mean, if you
	22
1	have to use Joe just say this is ridiculous, your
2	levels are are stupid here.
3	ANDREW FORSTER: They are. I'm not sure
. 4	I'm much more you know, I think that's just
5	[UNINTEL], uh, I was talking to one of their guys
6	before and he was saying that, you know, all the
7	rest of the people on valuations we have to,
8	I mean, we'll we'll talk about it in a minute
9	when we talk about the SIV. A lot of people on
10	their valuations have just come back saying,
11	look, this is the valuation but clearly in this
12	market it doesn't work. It's indicative but the
13	market may well be lower because there's no
14	liquidity, blah blah blah. Goldman turned around
15	and said no, what we've been told to do is that
16	we have to put numbers on where we would actually
17	buy five million of any one bond.

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JOHN: Five million of any bonds? So why

17 18

19	don't we make a bid for five million of each
20	bond?
21	ANDREW FORSTER: [LAUGHING] Yeah. Well
22	and that was the thing, that's what I said to
23	him, I said [OVERLAPPING]
24	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] I said this
25	[UNINTEL] at 90. Once you once once
•	23
1	but my question, see, on this stuff, are we
2	effectively, if we bought those bonds are we
3	doubling down because Goldman has the credit
.4	protection, or does the credit protection go with
5	the bond?
6	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, no, we'd be buying
7	the bond back. Eighty we'd be
8	JOHN: But we'll be, still be short the
9	protection and now we own the bond so we're short
10	the protection [UNINTEL]? [OVERLAPPING]
11	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Yeah,
12	we're still short the protection, so and it
13	always [UNINTEL] it's just going to get locked in
14	there, so we'd just be doing the cash. It would
15	just mean we'd spend less cash on the asset.
16	JOHN: But no, but so, but does
17	so their credit default swap goes away if they
18	sell the bond to us?
19	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, that's right, yeah.
20	JOHN: It is true?
21	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
22	JOHN: Okay, so they
	Page 405

23	ANDREW FORSTER: Well you know, it
24	[UNINTEL] on roughly I mean in fact they
25	wouldn't be right because what they'll say is,
	24
1	yeah, you can buy the bond but the credit
2	protection we've got is worth an absolute fortune
. 3	to us, because they're paying us 10 basis points
4	and they're going to say the unwind of it's at
5	500.
6	JOHN: Uh-hmm.
7	ANDREW FORSTER: So they won't unwind
8	the credit protection. They would just get rid of
9	the cash bond.
10	JOHN: But if you so but if
11	if you could buy \$5 million of bonds at 90, isn't
12	that still a good deal for you? Do you think? Or
13	not.
14	ANDREW FORSTER: Umm
15	JOHN: Would you buy them at 90?
16	ANDREW FORSTER: You know, the the
17	problem that we'll have
18	JOHN: Well forget about our cash
19	situation right now.
20	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, it's not the cash
21	situation. [OVERLAPPING]
22	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] In a perfect world.
23	ANDREW FORSTER: Well
24	JOHN: And and forget about credit
25	and cash. Just from a pure value standpoint, if

. Page 406

25

```
you were uninvolved with everything else and you
       saw these bonds at 90 ...
 3
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Well in the current
       environment I still wouldn't buy them.
 5
                       JOHN: Yeah.
 6
                       ANDREW FORSTER: But just ... just more
       because I think they could probably go low. The
 8
       ... the issue would also be that even if we ...
 9
       that we have to be careful of, I think, is the,
10
       uh, you know, we can't mark any of our positions,
11
       and obviously that's what saves us having this
12
       enormous mark to market. If we start buying the
13
       physical bonds back ...
14
                       JOHN: That's bad.
15
                       ANDREW FORSTER: ... then any accountant
       is going to turn around and say, well, John, you
16
17
       know, you traded at 90, you must be able to mark
18
       your bonds then. In that case ... [OVERLAPPING]
19
                       JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] Yeah.
20
                       ANDREW FORSTER: ... you know, we'd end
21
       up sort of trading money from Goldman and then
       having it sort of, you know, $2 billion mark to
22
23
       market hit at the end of the year. That wouldn't
24
       make me popular.
25
                       JOHN: NO.
                                                               26
1
                       ANDREW FORSTER: So, uh, I think we just
```

Page 407

... uh, I'll take it up with Tom and then I'll

```
COMBINE.txt
 3
       come back to you later and say we'll meet them.
       we've gone back to them. So the whole thing is
       ridiculous because even when they say, oh which
       way, they'd buy five million. I mean, you know,
       that's putting stuff on 20 billing. There's no
 8
       way they'd buy that there, no matter what the
 9
       price was.
10
                       JOHN: Yeah. But, uh, that is the key
11.
       for us. That's the killer right now. If we didn't
12
       have that, you know, if we weren't planning for
       that, you know, we'd be ... we'd be okay.
13
14
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Well we've got to have
15
       seen ... your goals have got to have seen that
16
       the other guys come back as well, right?
17
                       JOHN: That's the ... that's the worry I
18
       have. And I'm not sure, you know, my question is,
       well, if we go to Fidelity and ask them to raise
19
20
       ... you know, one of the things I want to do
       today is kind of say, uh, we have a roll in
21
22
       August, which you said initially, you know, when
23
       we thought we were going to have all this cash
24
       then, we were going to get back, some things are
       delayed, so we're probably going to want to roll
25
                                                               27
1
       it again.
 2
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
 3
                       JOHN: You know, and, I ... what I'd
```

we're seeing some opportunities here. That

love to do is go back to them and say, you know,

market, you know, we ... we've gotten a roll and

4 5

```
COMBINE.txt
 7
       we see some opportunities. I'd love to do a one-
 8
       year trade, and do they have a bid for AIG paper.
9
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
10
                        JOHN: I don't know if ... I mean, uh,
11
       because some of them, we saw something from
12
       Merrill that people were concerned about AIG's
13
       CDO exposure.
14
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, well, I mean, you
15
       know, there will be, right? I mean, the way we've
16
       announced it is sort of very ... sort of cloak
17
       and dagger underhand, but it, you know, it's a
18
       fucking big number when they announced their
       results. And I think people will focus on it. I
19
20
       generally ... I mean, I think that will be the
       highlight of all the, uh, of all the, uh, the
21
22
       results.
23
                        JOHN: Joe ... Joe's going to get wailed
24
       on that call.
25
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, I, you know ... I
                                                               28
       think it's possible. So I ... I definitely think,
 1
 2
       you know, if you can roll stuff before that date.
       uh ... I ... I do feel, if the world's still as
 4
       it looks now that could be really ugly. Yeah, at
       the moment it's all the [Axion?] [UNINTEL] and
 5
       not really focused on that. I mean, if one of the
 6
 7
       debt guys got [UNINTEL] we know your guys have
 8
       written, you know, billions of dollars of this
 9
       stuff. Where the hell's that reported?
10
                       JOHN: Uh-hmm.
```

```
COMBINE.txt
11
                       ANDREW FORSTER: So, but I think
12
       they're going to make an announcement as to the
13
       numbers. And the numbers are pretty big,
14
      actually.
15
                       JOHN: I thought they weren't going to
16
       show our number. I thought they were only going
17
       out to cash.
18
                       ANDREW FORSTER: No, well [UNINTEL].
19
       That's what they've done so far, they've just
       done it as cash. And when I ... when they sent me
20
21
       the thing and I sent it back saying, this is fine
22
       but clearly you've not [UNINTEL] the synthetic
23
       book, and they said yeah, yeah, we know
24
       that, that's fine, uh, we'll probably cap ...
25
       we'll capture that when we do our, you know,
                                                                29
 1
       fourth, uh, third quarter results, or second
 2
       quarter, whatever the numbers are.
 3
                        JOHN: But did they also comment in
 4
       there that ... umm, because I think one of the
 5
       key things on this, which I think is ... is
 6
       helpful is, at least someone mentioned that all
 · 7
       of our exposure to '06 and '07, if they all blew
       up, we'd lose only like $30 million.
 8
 9
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, yeah, that's
10
       true, yeah.
11
                        JOHN: I mean that is ... [OVERLAPPING]
12
                        ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] I'm
13
       assuming they're going to announce that as well,
14
       so ...
```

```
JOHN: Because that to me, I mean, will
15
16
        people, do people still think '05 is really
17
        fucked?
                        ANDREW FORSTER: I think people ... I
. 18
 19
        think, you know, a month ago, no, but now people
        are just like, well, you know, they'll still just
 20
        focus on the number. But it's nowhere near as
 21
        bad. You're absolutely right. I mean, that ...
 22
 23
        that still looks like a [sample?] number.
 24
        [OVERLAPPING]
 25
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] Because this,
                                                                30
        that's the key thing to me is, if you come out
  1
  2
        and say '06, '07 exposure is basically nil ...
  3
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
                        JOHN: $30 million if everything
        defaulted? That's a pretty ... that's a pretty
  5
  6
        good number, that's a pretty positive thing if
        people want to focus ... you know, it depends on
  7
  8
        what people, in the market, like you said, they
  9
        want to focus on the negative.
 10
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
 11
                         JOHN: So they may just ignore that, but
 12
                        ANDREW FORSTER: I definitely think if
 13
 14
        you can get ... umm, you know, if you get, we get
 15
        a credible story to go back to Fidelity and ask
        them and say, you know, we're seeing
 16
        opportunities and we want to raise the cash now.
 17
 18
        See what they say. I definitely think you should
```

COMBINE. TXT

19	COMBINE.txt have that conversation, though, because we don't
20	•••
21	JOHN: Yeah.
22	ANDREW FORSTER: So I guess we've got
23	the outflow in October. That must be pretty big
24	in August. Must be pretty big, right? I
25	didn't see that in the cash structure.
	31
1	JOHN: Yeah, the outflow in August is
2	the, uh, ABM trades. That's the only real outflow
3	in August. Otherwise August will be a quiet
4	month, [UNINTEL] month.
5	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh oh, the ABM. And
6	then, oh and the
7	JOHN: And we have the Fidelity.
8	ANDREW FORSTER: Fidelity, the 750.
9	JOHN: Yeah.
10	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
11	JOHN: Umm, hold on one second, okay? I
12	just want to see what what's going on here. I
13	tried to do this from home yesterday and it
14	didn't work. Let's see if it's updated now. I've
15	gotta tell you man, this fucking sucks. What does
16	not kill you will [OVERLAPPING]
17	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] NOW
18	you're global overlord of all these marketers as
19	well. It's like, you know, you've got it coming
20	out both ends.
21	JOHN: You know, I'm you know what?
22	ANDREW FORSTER: We still haven't talked

23	about that.
24	JOHN: It was like my house this weekend
25	where my in-laws came bringing sickness. so there
	32
1	was the stomach virus in my house, and people
2	were yakking and shitting all fricking weekend.
3 .	ANDREW FORSTER: Nice.
4	JOHN: Somehow I stayed clear of it, you
5	know. I think it was all sympathy for what I
6 .	what I really should have been doing, yakking and
7	shitting. But I'm not going to do it with the
8	stomach virus.
9	ANDREW FORSTER: Right. Nice.
10	JOHN: So, uh, but, uh, yeah, it's
11	it's somewhat hectic.
12	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
13	JOHN: I just want you know, I'm
14	I'm hopeful that in the next couple days that .
15	things at least will stabilize, right? If you can
16	get a little normalcy and get some liquidity back
17	in the market
18	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
19	JOHN: I mean, someone needs to fucking
20	say something, right? I mean, isn't that really
21	it?
22	ANDREW FORSTER: You need something to
23	calm it down, otherwise it's going to fall off a
24	cliff at some point.
25	JOHN: But then it's not how I mean,

T	the the interesting thing is you can kill the
2	whole market now or you can and and you
3	know you're going to go after those guys anyway
4	in the predatory lending, right?
5	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
6	JOHN: And those guys are fucked anyway,
7	uh. So we got uh, what do we have a total
8	out of 1.9 on August 2nd is sec flows and swaps.
9	Yes, the 1.5 we have, uh let me just see what
10	these swaps are.
11	[END OF TAPE]
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	·
22	
23	
24	
25	•
•	

34

- 1 A Plus Recording and Transcribing, a division of
- 2 A Plus Office Support Systems, states that the
- $_{\rm 3}$ $_{\rm preceding}$ transcript was created by one of its $_{\rm Page}$ 414

4	employees using standard electronic transcription
5	equipment and is a true and accurate record of
6	the audio on the provided media to the best of
7	that employee's ability. The media from which we
8	worked was provided to us. We can make no
9	statement as to its authenticity.
10	
11	Attested to by:
12	
13	
14	Patrick Weaver
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
1	. 1438
2	JOHN: Swaps are ING vests. We have
3	300 million going out. I don't know what the hell
4	that's related to. I'll have to double check. Uh,
5	and we have what are these GICs on August
. 6	1st? Maybe some of these are are, uh and
7	a drawdown, [maybe not?], [going out?],
	Page 415

8	[UNINTEL] divests. So some of this money, some of
9	the GIC money may, uh, may roll.
10	[END OF TAPE]
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	•
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
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12	
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14	Patrick Weaver
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	
25	
1,	1439
2	JOHN: Umm, all righty, so this thing,
3	according to this, you know, the cash flows
4	what's that say? so we have about seven,
5	six so you've got 400 million going out on
6	the first, okay?
7	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
8	JOHN: Which is mainly GICs, and some of
9	that I'm I'm pretty confident will roll. I'll
10	get a better handle on that.
11	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
12	JOHN: Then we've got the, uh, right now
13	the which I think is going to move to the
14	third but we have it scheduled for the second
15	right now we have the 1.5 of the ING. Oh, you
	Page 417

16	know what the other number must be? Breakage. So
17	it's like 1.9 almost of ING. Okay? Those are our
18	two big outflows.
19	Then from there, the next real outflow
20	is on the 13th, uh, which is a collateral calls
21	and that's fine. Then we have then Fidelity
22	will be the next, uh, big outflow on the 15th.
23	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
24	JOHN: which will be 750. And hopefully,
25	you know, we can roll that. I'd like to roll that
1	in you know 500 to a word of
2	in, you know, 500 to a yard of new in there.
3	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
4	JOHN: But, you know, I just in this
5	environment I don't know what the hell they're
	if how concerned they are with us.
6	ANDREW FORSTER: Well anything that they
7	may well be doing, and it's, you know, it's sort
8	of the flip side of it. If they are, you know,
9	these sorts of guys that are pulling back from
10	investing in the sort of CP conduits and all the
11	rest of it, they may well actually do it as this
12	is the good place to put our money.
13	JOHN: This is uh, we're hoping it's
14	a safe haven, right?
15	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
16	JOHN: I just don't know how much
17	everyone knows about the CDO stuff. That that
18	could give everyone pause. If they don't I would
19	think that we would see that business. And I
	Page 418

20	also, what I'm going to do is probably float
21	looking at trying to see where I get some you
. 22	know, if anyone's got any demand for 18 months as
23	well.
24	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
25	JOHN: And just, you know what? At this
	,
1	stage, fucking do it, whatever we can get done.
2	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. Okay, how about
3	[OVERLAPPING]
4	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] SO
5.	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] each is
6	definitely different.
7	JOHN: So on the, uh, on this stuff
8	with, uh, you know, your market view on our
9	on our book
10	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
11	JOHN: This 70 yards of what we have,
12,	how low do you think those marks can go?
13	Realistically? I mean factoring it in, at some
14	point in time if they get, you know, if they're
15	too low doesn't that mean everyone else is wiped?
16	I mean, doesn't that cause a massive issues
17	everywhere?
18	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, but that and
19	that's the problem. Uh, I mean, they could
20	they could go anywhere honestly. And they just
21	because they're just going to get mobbed. But
22	•••
. 23	JOHN: So there's no bit for them now,
	Page 419

- 24	right?
25	ANDREW FORSTER: They just it's
1	just, they just it's any price. I mean,
2	if they came out [OVERLAPPING]
. 3.	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] But what helps you?
4	What solves this thing right now? Or what stems
5	the blood?
. 6	ANDREW FORSTER: Umm
7	JOHN: Anything you see? Or is it just
8	going to be more bloodletting?
9	ANDREW FORSTER: No, I mean, because I
1.0	think the next bloodletting could go, could
11	[UNINTEL], because people will then have you
12	know, the mark to market stuff will then be very,
13	very painful for a lot of people. So I think, you
14	know, what do we need? We need a sort of, you
15	know, period of stability and people to come into
16	the market and stop buying a little bit here and
17	there.
18	And it's still not going to be enough
19	to you just have to stop the sort of, you
20	know, the everyday coming in and being 30 wider.
21	So you know [OVERLAPPING]
22	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] Someone's going to
23	make a fucking bloody fortune on this thing,
24	aren't they?
25	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, possibly, yeah.

5

1	JOHN: Berkshire Berkshire Hathaway	
2	is going to come in and buy all this shit.	
3 .	ANDREW FORSTER: No, they're going long	
4	some of the, uh, high yield stuff, we know. But	
5	you know, they're already massive off side. We	
6	talked to the prop guy at Deutsche. He was	
7	telling us he was doing that and it was like 300	
8	basis points off side already.	
9	JOHN: Yeah, but if they can all	
10	they have to do is I mean, they don't care	
11	about mark to market, right?	
12	ANDREW FORSTER: Well, he will do.	
13	Berkshire might not, but Deutsche definitely.	
14	does.	
15	JOHN: Oh that's another that's	
16	another I was talking about Berkshire. The	
17	guys at Berkshire, guys who have tons of money,	
18	aren't they just going to come in and who	
19	guys who can hold it and not feel the mark to	
20	market pain?	
21	ANDREW FORSTER: Well, I think you're	
22	right. But the point is they're all sitting there	
23	saying, well, it just widens each day so why do I	
24	want to do it now. But yes, I agree that at some	
25	point it's worth time, but you know, the next, if	
		6
1	the next leg is horribly downwards then fuck	
2	it, buy a boatload cheaper.	
3	JOHN: That's the problem right now,	

```
COMBINE. txt
      which means that ... and that's why, I mean, and
       the ... the ... it would be as simple as someone
       that comes in and say and listen, I mean ...
       isn't that what the ... isn't that what
       [Bernacki?] and these guys are supposed to say?
       Get ... they got ... don't they have to
 9
10
       ultimately juice liquidity into the market right
11
       now?
12
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, yeah, they do
13
       [UNINTEL] [OVERLAPPING]
14
                       JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] Because now it's
15
       becoming more ... now it's becoming a liquidity
16
       crisis as opposed to a credit crisis, almost.
17
       right?
18
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yup.
19
                       JOHN: And ...
20
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Oh, it's definitely
21
       that now. That's absolutely, I mean, that's the
22
       biggest issue now. It's not credit.
23
                       JOHN: And ... and isn't it their
24
       responsibility to somehow get liquidity back into
25
       the market? And you could do that with the ...
                                                               7
                       ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] I agree
 1
 2
       with you but it's not much use.
 3
                       JOHN: You should be able to do deal
 4
       05's, you know 06's ... I mean 05's and earlier,
       arguably, by saying, listen, you whisper to those
 5
 6
       guys who are lending this and you can't, you
 7
       know, you shut it off, you're going to get
```

```
COMBINE.txt
 8
       fucking crushed. I'm going to kill, I'm going to,
 9
       we're going to come after you.
10
                       And you solve that problem and then you
11
       crack the other one is, you know, [UNINTEL] if
12
       you ... if you at least deal with that, and ...
13
       and ... and say we're going to lend to these
14
       guys, especially Freddie and Fannie. You'd hope
       that they'd be a little more public, then maybe
15
16
       ... maybe it's not enough for Freddie and Fannie.
17
       Maybe it's everybody has to be.
18
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
19
                       JOHN: And ... but if you, you know, I
       would think they should be able to pull these,
20
21
       some of these big lenders behind the doors and
22
       say, you'd better start figuring out a way to do
23
       it because if you don't you're going to ...
24
       you're going to lose one way or the ... you're
25
       going to lose both ... anyway. And you'll lose,
                                                               8
       you'll probably lose less this way.
 1
 2
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. No, I agree.
 3
                       JOHN: But ... but you don't ... you
 4
       just think this whole, you know, look, today's
 5
       going to be a bad day here, right? I mean, look,
 6
       the US market already is ... [OVERLAPPING]
 7
                       ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Yeah,
 8
       futures are going to go up,
 9
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] But your ... Asia
10
       held in there pretty well.
11
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, stock ... stock
```

```
COMBINE.txt
       futures still up?
12
13
                       JOHN: I don't know.
                       ANDREW FORSTER: And ... and Stephen.
14
15
                       JOHN: Where are they?
                       ANDREW FORSTER: They were down in the
16
       bucket. So marginally up still? Yeah, marginally
17
18
       up.
19
                        JOHN: What's the symbol for those?
20
       what's ... what's the ticker?
                        ANDREW FORSTER: I don't know. I just
21
22
       ask Stephen.
23
                        JOHN: So, but they're not ... they're
24
       not getting killed.
25
                        ANDREW FORSTER: No, no, no, they're up
                                                                9
       slightly.
                        JOHN: And Asia, and is the, uh, the, uh
 2
 3
                        ANDREW FORSTER: I think it was up.
        [OVERLAPPING]
 6
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] The, uh, the, uh,
       FTSI's ... FTSI's just hanging. FTSI was up and
 7
 8
       now it's drifting lower but not terrible.
 9
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, sounds like 10
       points on 6,000, so nothing.
10
                        JOHN: That's right. I mean, we need ...
11
12
        [OVERLAPPING]
13
                        ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] But the
        good news is the dollar's getting better.
14
15
                        JOHN: I saw that. That was weird.
```

```
COMBINE.txt
16
                       ANDREW FORSTER: [LAUGHS]
17
                       JOHN: Well the other interesting thing
       about this whole crisis is that in many ways the
18
19
       weaker dollar ... this crisis is occurring when
20
       ... the economy's fairly strong, right?
21
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
22
                       JOHN: It's not dead. And it's only
23
       going to get stronger if the dollar gets crushed.
24
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Yup.
25
                       JOHN: So it's kind of weird. You know,
                                                                10
       it's almost like a weaker dollar will help offset
       some of the issues of the housing market.
 2
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, it's funny.
 4
                        JOHN: But it's very different than a
       ... it feels like a very different market. I
 6
       mean, it just feels like a total liquidity issue
 7
       as opposed ... now the credit issues seem like
       something ... you know, clearly '06 and '07 have
 8
 9
       major issues, right?
10
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yup.
11
                        JOHN: Uh, [Todd walker?] ...
12
       [OVERLAPPING]
13
                        ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Now it's
14
       liquidity though. Now ... now it's definitely,
15
       you know ...
16
                        JOHN: But now it's moved beyond credit
17
       issues.
18
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Oh, absolutely.
19
                        JOHN: And that's where the ...
```

20	someone's got to fix that. If they're not even		
21	doing repo, right? If we're even if we're		
22	having a hard time getting repo off		
23	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.		
24.	JOHN: where does all that money go?		
25	It goes to Treasuries, which is why they're		
	11		
1	steepening. But, you know, and you're right.		
2	Hopefully Fidelity, a guy like that, will say,		
3	yeah, are lines are still with the [UNINTEL]		
4	edge, you're still a AA company, you're not		
5	[UNINTEL] tapped. Uh, even if they even if		
6	it's a little bit cheaper, you know, we could		
7	see, the oppor the buying opportunities are		
8	tremendous. I mean, that's how we'll spin it.		
9	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. So all right,		
10	so on the, uh, I looked at the [UNINTEL] so the		
11	conduits be sure to continue to do as much as		
12	possible.		
13	JOHN: Now do you still have op you		
14	had mentioned that you had done more on the		
15	conduit than you thought they needed?		
16	ANDREW FORSTER: Mm. We have, but		
17	there's a reasonable amount rolling off, so the		
18	amount we've done so far		
19	JOHN: Oh, covers the roll.		
20	ANDREW FORSTER: by the end of this		
21	week will make will make us 150 million		
22	positive if we do nothing else this week. But we		
23	will do, we're going to try and do as much as we		

```
is, ideally ... because I mean, I'll send you
25
                                                               12
 1
       over the, uh ... actually I'll send this over to
 2
       you, uh ...
 3
                       JOHN: But if we can ... [OVERLAPPING]
                       ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] YOU can
 5
       see the roll [UNINTEL]. There's one thing we need
 6
       ... sorry, John.
 7
                       JOHN: Shouldn't we soak up that right
 8
       now with ... with assets and, uh, SP? Just to
 9
       generate the cash temporarily?
10
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Well I mean, if we can
       repo it, then we should use the repo, and then we
11
12
       can keep the conduit, as much as we can, for just
       ... we should just keep, you know, raising cash
13
14
       in there and hold it, because I think what we
15
       need to do is think that at some point if the ...
       if the SIV can't roll its CP that we can have
16
17
       the, uh, having the guys just check that the ...
18
       the conduit can buy the SIV CP. [It's not what we
19
       want to do?] [OVERLAPPING]
20
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] Well we should be
21
       able to buy it too, right?
22
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, yes, I so mean
23
       either way we'd have the problem. So I mean, I
24
       just think on this conduit now, we should just
25
       raise whatever we can.
```

can. So I think what we need to ... to budget for

24

	COMBINE, CAC
1	JOHN: Uh, yeah, oh, I agree with that.
2	Then the question is, uh, if if but right
. 3	now, if we have moneys my only point was, if
4	we have money stuck, if we have headroom in
5	[Bock?] AIG
6	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
7	JOHN: should we sell out just from
8	Bock to the [Kurzan?].
9	ANDREW FORSTER: You mean and sell them
10	back to the bank when we need to?
11	JOHN: And then sell them back to SP or
12	the bank when we need them.
13	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
14	JOHN: I mean, if you have excess, and
15	it's just going to sit in cash, I'd much rather
16	have that cash sit at FP than at [Kurzan?],
17	right?
18	ANDREW FORSTER: Right. Yeah, okay.
19	JOHN: So I'd love to just soak up any
20	excess. Listen, and if they have a failed roll,
21	then what we do is, we probably have to buy the
22	bonds out of FP. Or [get tight?] [OVERLAPPING]
23	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Right,
24	[UNINTEL] we'll take, we'll put the assets back
25	into put the assets into [Kurzan?], soak up
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	1.4
1	the cash and then you'll take the and then
2	we'll just invest the cash overnight in depo
3	stuff. So we can always take it back again and
4	then sell the fund the assets, yes?

```
5
                        JOHN: And then, yeah, and then if we,
       uh, if the assets ... and we'll tell ... if we
 6
        ... we now have the cash, we raised them through
        ... we know what our funding level is, you know,
 8
 9
       so we have a little negative carry on the trade,
10
       or maybe not.
11
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
12
                        JOHN: Umm, and at least, uh, then we
13
       now have the cash sitting around in emergency at
14
       FT.
15
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
16
                        JOHN: And then to the extent that
17
       there's a roll issue in the future, you know,
18
       hopefully by that time (a) the roll will be gone,
19
       and if it's not then hopefully what will happen
20
       is, we'll just sell that asset to FP and have
21
       Jared repo it.
22
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. .
                        JOHN: If the repo market is ...is
23
24
       better than the CP market.
25
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Right.
```

```
JOHN: But ... so I would, whatever you

can raise I would actually have them buy assets

out of the bank.

ANDREW FORSTER: Okay.

JOHN: Because when ... when the money

comes into the bank, that's ... we have headroom

there. It'll automatically come over to FP,

without any, uh, change.
```

ANDREW FORSTER: okay, all right.

,	ANDREW FORSTER. ORay, att Figure.			
.10	JOHN: How's the SIV profile?			
11	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, just sending it to			
12	you now.			
13	JOHN: What are these, uh, oh, these			
14	numbers are on the bottom.			
15	ANDREW FORSTER: Oh, you need to go in			
16	and change it to			
17	JOHN: Format axis?			
18	ANDREW FORSTER: Format, yeah, sorry.			
19	JOHN: No problem. I'll have Format axis			
20	to date.			
21	ANDREW FORSTER: So basically you're at,			
22	for the conduit you'll see that within, you know,			
23	by the 11th of August [OVERLAPPING]			
24	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] [UNINTEL] conduits,			
25	and we only have what am I missing here?			
	16			
1	ANDREW FORSTER: Look at the cumulative			
2	one at the top, so you can see that within			
3	within about a month you need \$1 billion, less			
4	than a month, right. From the 12th of August			
5	onwards we're a billion that we need to fund.			
6	JOHN: Oh, on the right axis, okay.			
« 7	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.			
8	JOHN: That's the key move on the right?			
9	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.			

JOHN: I see. By Sept ... end of

ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. So we need to get

September, uh, by August 11th.

Page 430

10

11

	COMBINE. CXC		
13	that done. So once we've done a billion that will		
14	put us in a good state on that one.		
15	JOHN: And are you so far so good on		
16	that?		
17	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, so far we are.		
18	Yeah, I mean, we managed to do, uh, what did we		
19	do on Friday? Uh, I can't remember. We did we		
20	did about 700. We needed we needed to do 125,		
21	we did 700.		
22	JOHN: That's 700, so we're ahead on		
23	that billion right now.		
24	ANDREW FORSTER: We're ahead on that,		
25	we're ahead on, see, now we're got		
	17		
1	[OVERLAPPING]		
2	JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] We needed, you only		
3	need we own the 300 [OVERLAPPING]		
4	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] We've got		
5	600 [UNINTEL] capacity, but most of that's going		

JOHN: But that's ... and ... but that

10 roll off will then hold us through Sep 16 though,

to get used up this week if we don't roll

anything else, just because of the roll off this

is what you're saying?

week.

8

9

12 ANDREW FORSTER: Yes, yeah. Yeah.

13 JOHN: Which is nice.

14 ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah. So we need to

15 give ... you know, we'll raise as much as we can

there. I mean, I still think, you know ... and

17	then you can see on the other one, you can see			
18	the SIV stuff. And the SIV's actually not that			
19	bad. We don't get to, uh, I mean, if if you			
20	look at it in terms of a billion, you don't get			
21	to a billion until the bloody 18th of october,			
22	and it's 500 million from probably mid-August.			
23	so, uh, you know, we're trying			
24	JOHN: Okay, is the SIV the SIV			
25	right now? Are you assuming the SIV's not going			
٠		18		
4	to be able to mall combine?			
1	to be able to roll anything?			
· 2	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh			
3	JOHN: Or have they done any roll? I			
. 4	mean			
5	ANDREW FORSTER: They haven't. We we			
6	we tried to do a small amount on Friday and			
7	got nothing done. So we'll we'll keep posting			
8	on the SIV and see what we get back.			
9	[END OF TAPE]			
10				
11				
12				
13				
14				
15				
16				
17				
18				
19				

Page 432

21 22 23 24 25 A Plus Recording and Transcribing, a division of . 2 A Plus Office Support Systems, states that the preceding transcript was created by one of its 3 4 employees using standard electronic transcription equipment and is a true and accurate record of the audio on the provided media to the best of 7 that employee's ability. The media from which we worked was provided to us. we can make no 9 statement as to its authenticity. 10 11 Attested to by: 12 13 14 Patrick Weaver 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

Page 433

2324

25 .

-1
t

1	1440
2	JOHN: Umm
3	ANDREW FORSTER: No, it's obvious that,
4	you know, that's the sort of leading indicator to
5	that extent.
6	JOHN: And where are we posting?
7	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, I think we well
8	so at the moment we're posting alongside of other
9	people just to see where we sort of come back.
10	It's about plus three or something.
11	JOHN: And nothing's still getting done
12	ANDREW FORSTER: No, nothing.
13	JOHN: And that's for how what term
14	ANDREW FORSTER: Uh, that's like a month
15	or so.
16	JOHN: Jesus. That's a bad sign.
17	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, well I mean, I
18	think in a general I think there are people
19	that, some of the weaker ones are going to be up,
20	you know, seven, eight, nine basis points I
21	think. And so if you want to do six months
22	they're already out eight basis points.
23	JOHN: Yeah.
24	ANDREW FORSTER: So you've definitely
25	got that. I mean, that's what they're all at.

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1	JOHN: Our SIV has mainly CDO's, or			
2	ANDREW FORSTER: No, no. It's got very			
3	little CDO stuff in it.			
4	JOHN: But people should be doing that.			
5	ANDREW FORSTER: So they well they			
6	should be, but the problem is they don't look			
7	through it enough so the invest current			
8	investors, if we can get to them it's fine, so we			
9	just need to be, you know, keep on top of them			
10	and			
11	JOHN: Oh, so what we're what we are			
12	hopeful is that we try to post to get new guys			
13	in.			
14	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.			
15	JOHN: Who we're hopeful are just about			
16	to do a roll. [OVERLAPPING]			
17	ANDREW FORSTER: [OVERLAPPING] Yeah,			
18	they might roll, it's good, yeah.			
19	JOHN: So we may be able at that time,			
20	it may not just be no bid. The guys who are			
21	familiar with it may. We were looking for new			
22	money.			
23	ANDREW FORSTER: They might do, yeah.			
24	JOHN: And have we gotten any calls on			
2.5	guys asking us about?			
1	ANDREW FORSTER: No, no, we're sort of			
2	following up with Lehman on that, making sure			
3	that they have one sort of still [comfortable?].			
4	And it's still one of those things though, right?			

5	I mean, they don't want to call the guy and sort		
6	of, you know, so let's say, oh by the way, when		
7	it comes to roll are you going to be okay to roll		
8	still? Because that just sort of flags it to		
9	them. So they're all a bit they're a bit		
10	sensitive about ringing them.		
11	JOHN: Yeah. All right, so I'm going to		
12	do the following. I'm going to prepare a I		
13	want to, as soon as Chris comes in, I'm going to		
14	try to do an updated graph, right, because a lot		
1.5	has changed, and and go through everything.		
16	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.		
17	JOHN: And then what I will also do is,		
18	I will have that graph and then I'll incorporate		
19	in our repos, our, uh, you know, the SIV and CP		
20	just to see where we are.		
21	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.		
22	JOHN: And where we stand.		
23	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay.		
24	JOHN: And then you guys have to dispute		
25	the shit out of Goldman.		
1	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, I know, we'll do		
2	that and see what they get back. They are the		
3	ones causing us problems on the SIV by the way,		
4	because we got our we get daily valuations,		
5	and you know, everything came back roughly that		
	<u> </u>		

Goldman price. All of them came back at like 95

same apart from we have like four bonds at

cents on the dollar.

```
COMBINE.txt
                        JOHN: Except for Goldman?
 9
10
                       ANDREW FORSTER: No. all Goldman stuff
       came back. Everything else came back pretty much
11
       par or, you know, the odd ones at 99.
12
13
                        JOHN: Yeah.
.14
                       ANDREW FORSTER: The four bonds at
15
       Goldman price all came back at like 95.
16
                        JOHN: And what, did other guys price
17
       the other stuff you're saying?
18
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, yeah, it's
19
       different guys.
                        JOHN: But Goldman's just way off
20
21
       market.
22
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, with that ...
23
       [OVERLAPPING]
24
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] [UNINTEL].
25
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Really fucking ...
                                                                5
 1
                        JOHN: [OVERLAPPING] All right. Well,
 2
       you know what? It's ... it's probably worth
 3
       having Joe get involved at some point.
 4
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
 5
                        JOHN: But will you talk to him about
 6
        [Dia?]? Because as ... as Grant said, if we want
 7
        to delay the notice ....
 8
                        ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah.
 9
                        JOHN: I think we should do that. I
10
        think it's a good idea just to buy ... you know,
 11
        at a minimum it gives us time for the market to
        settle.
 12
```

13	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, well try ask			
14	him, do we do it for a couple of weeks or			
15	something?			
16	JOHN: A week or two, yeah, ask him wha			
17	his thoughts are. Yeah, tell him that, you know,			
18	the sounds like the pairs trade which we're			
19	hopeful is going to be, you know, no no later			
20	at the end now as at the end of the month.			
21	ANDREW FORSTER: Right.			
22	JOHN: And, uh, but, you know, uh, just			
23	given where we are and given the tightness in the			
24	markets, and given this Goldman, unexpected			
25	Goldman call, it would be nice to have that, you			
1	know, an extra and the Goldman call would			
2	is basically the, uh, you know, it's two billion			
3	right now, or a billion eight, whatever that ends			
4	up being. Now that's unexpected, and it would be,			
5	given the state of the market, both you and I			
6	think that, uh, if we can roll that out it gives			
7	us a lot of breathing room because we got the			
8	Deutsche settling and then we feel much better.			
9	ANDREW FORSTER: Yeah, okay, all right,			
10	I'll go and ask him that.			
11	JOHN: All right.			
12	ANDREW FORSTER: Okay mate.			
13	JOHN: And then you can tell him in the			
14	meantime that you spoke with me and we're, you			
15	know, we're prepared and try to get, you know,			
16	real time type numbers to to get a sense of			

```
ANDREW FORSTER: Okay, will do.
18
                       JOHN: All righty?
19
20
                       ANDREW FORSTER: All right. Okay, speak
21
       to you later.
22
                       JOHN: Thanks, bye.
                       ANDREW FORSTER: Later.
23
24
                       [END OF TAPE]
25
       A Plus Recording and Transcribing, a division of
 1
 2
       A Plus Office Support Systems, states that the
 3
       preceding transcript was created by one of its
       employees using standard electronic transcription
 4
       equipment and is a true and accurate record of
 5
       the audio on the provided media to the best of-
 6
 7
       that employee's ability. The media from which we
 8
       worked was provided to us. We can make no
 9
       statement as to its authenticity.
10
11
                        Attested to by:
12
13
14
                        Patrick Weaver
15
16
17
18
19
20
```

where we stand on everything.

. 17

TAB 10

From: Tom. Athan@aigfpc.com
Sent: 08/01/2007 07:14:59 PM

To: Forster, Andrew

Subject: Halo called needed tomorrow AM with you and Joe....

Tough conf call with Goldman. They are not budging and are acting irrational. They insist on "actionable firm bids and firm offers" to come up with a "mid market quotation". I cant tell you all the details of the call by email but we agreed that we needed to escalate this within AIG FP and we would talk in the AM and get back to GS by noon NY time.

I feel we need Joe to understand the situation 100% and let him decide how he wants to proceed. I played almost every card I had, legal wording, market practice, intent of the language, meaning of the CSA, and also stressed the potential damage to the relationship and GS said that this has gone to the "highest levels" at GS and they feel that the CSA has to work or they cannot do synthetic trades anymore across the firm in these types of instruments. They called this a "test case" many times on the call. It seems Ram has put himself in a bind that the firm is watching him here to see how he works this out and anything other than getting collateral close to liquidiation levels will be considered a failure. Someone (like Joe) might need to convince a senior person that there is an alternative way to look at this situation. I have offered a pretty good solution (I think) that we can discuss.

I can come in whenever to do the Halo Redacted For Privilege Redacted For Privilege

He is supposed to be out tomorrow but has changed his

flights to come in and can be available from 7:45AM but has to leave to by 9AM.

Can you talk to Joe and perhaps do an 8am Halo?

If you think we should do something differently email me asap. I will wake up a 5:30-6am and check emails to see how you want to handle it but I think a 1 hour Halo with Joe is the way to go.

Cheers.

Tom

BTW- This isnt what I signed up. Where are the big trades, high fives and celebratory closing dinners you promised?.....

Tom Athan AIG Financial Products Corp. 203-222-4714 phone athan@aigfpc.com

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Page 1 of 2

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TAB 11

From: Forster, Andrew

Sent: 08/02/2007 04:02:18 AM

To: Cassano, Joseph; Micottis, Pierre

Subject: GS Collateral

Attachments: af_new6CF.pdf; AIG Statement for 01Aug07.xls

Attached are GS marks in the spreadsheet. They reduced from 1.8bn to the 1.2bn that you can see when they realised they needed to use mids not bids. The pdf file are the marks from Merrill for month end valuations.

Subject:

Page: 1 of 1

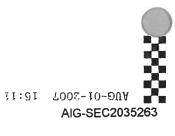
COB DATE:

7/31/2007

Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVA)	112021AB6	98.11
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVB)	112021AC4	98.11
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1V)	112021AA8	98.11
Dunhill ABS CDO Ltd.(A-1VA)	26545QAA7	99.36
Dunhill ABS CDO, Ltd. (A-1NV)	26545QAQ2	99.36
Glacier Funding CDO II, Ltd. (A-1V)	37638VAA1	99.97
Huntington CDO, Ltd. (A-1A NV)	446279AA9	98.56
Huntington CDO, Ltd. (A-18 V)	446279AC5	98.56
Jupiter High-Grade CDO III, Ltd. (A-1NV)	48206AAG3	98.62
Jupiter High-Grade CDO III, Ltd. (A-1VA)	48206AAA6	98.62
Kleros Preferred Funding II, Ltd. (A-1NV)	498588AC6	90.68
Kleros Preferred Funding II, Ltd. (A-1V)	498588AA0	90.68
Lexington Capital Funding, Ltd. (A-1ANV)	52902TAC0	98.46
Lexington Capital Funding, Ltd. (A-1B)	52902TAE6	95.32
Mercury CDO 2004-1, Ltd. (A-1NV)	58936RAB3	100
Mercury CDO 2004-1, Ltd. (A-1VA)	58936RAA5	99.24
Orient Point CDO, Ltd.	G6776XAF6	
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVA) Delayed	68619MAL5	97.88
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVB)	68619MAQ4	98.47
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1V)	68619MAJ0	98.47
Reservoir Funding Ltd. (A-1NV)	76112CAB4	99.27
Reservoir Funding Ltd. (A-1V)	76112CAA6	99.76
South Coast Funding VII Ltd. (A-1ANV)	83743YAS2	98.47
South Coast Funding VII Ltd. (A-1B) Voting	83743YAB9	95.42
South Coast Funding VIII Ltd. (A-1NV)	83743LAC5	95.92
South Coast Funding VIII Ltd. (A-1V)	83743LAA9	95.92

The above estimated value[s] are as of the date indicated and do not represent actual bids or offers by Merrill Lynch. There can be no assurance that actual trades could be completed at such value[s]. Unless otherwise specified, the above valuations repr

Bid-side valuations attempt to approximate the amount a party would pay to purchase the asset or position, and offer side valuations attempt to approximate the amount a party would pay to sell an asset or position. These estimates may not be representati



GS Pafarance Number	OHOID	
GS Reference Number NUUQ510L300800	CUSIP	Refernce Obligation
BUUQ5111500800	02149WAA5	ALTIUS II FUNDING LTD
	112021AB6	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.
BUUQ511160080000000	112021AC4	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.
BUUQ511190080000000	112021AA8	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.
NUUQ407410080000B00	264403AJ5	DUKE FUNDING VII, LTD.
NUUQ4075U0870000000	264403AK2	DUKE FUNDING VII, LTD.
NUUQ4123N00800	26545QAQ2	
NUUQ4123O0080000000	26545QAA7	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD
NUUQ5055C0080000000	80410RAA4	FA SATURN VENTURES 2005-1, LTD.
NUUQ409HR0080000000	37638VAG8	GLACIER FUNDING CDO II, LTD.
NUUQ409IN0080000000	37638VAA1	GLACIER FUNDING CDO II, LTD.
NUUQ5030K00800	446279AA9	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.
NUUQ5030L0080000000	446279AC5	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.
NUUQ402B10080000000	45343PAA3	INDEPENDENCE V CDO, LTD.
BUUQ5060J0080000000	46426RAA7	ISCHUS CDO II LTD.
BUUQ5060K0080000000	46426RAB5	ISCHUS CDO II LTD.
NUUQ507BS00800	48206AAG3	JUPITER HIGH-GRADE CDO III, LTD
NUUQ507CD0080000000	48206AAA6	JUPITER HIGH-GRADE CDO III, LTD
BUUQ5120L00800	498588AC6	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II, LLC
NUUQ512BM0080000000	498588AA0	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II, LLC
NUUQ5091U0080000000	52902TAC0	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.
NUUQ5091V0080000000	52902TAE6	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.
NUUQ4102N0080000000	58936RAB3	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD.
NUUQ4102Q0080000000	58936RAA5	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD.
NUUQ403JD0080000A00	G6177YAA0	MKP CBO III, LTD.
NUUQ5035B0080000000	68571UAA7	ORCHID STRUCTURED FINANCE CDO II, LTD.
NUUQ510DL0080000000	68619MAJ0	ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.
NUUQ510DN00800		ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.
NUUQ510DP00800		ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.
NUUQ409HS0080000000		RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.
NUUQ409IP0080000000		RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.
NUUQ4125H0080000000		RIVER NORTH CDO LTD.
511115		SHERWOOD FUNDING CDO II, LTD.
		SOUTH COAST FUNDING COO II, LTD.
		SOUTH COAST FUNDING VII LTD
MI II 100040400000000		SOUTH COAST FUNDING VII LTD
* ** ** * * * * * * * *		SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD
		SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD
		TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.
		TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.
CDDECAGEOR		TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.
		TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.
000000000		WEST COAST FUNDING I, LTD.
	332 100ADU \	WEST COAST FUNDING I, LTD.

Principal Notional	Factor -	Amortized Notional	Price	Exposure (Gross)	<u>Threshhold</u>
1,277,900,000		1,153,336,441.9	0.925	86,500,233.1	4.0%
354,500,000		345,420,648.8	0.85	51,813,097.3	4.0%
485,000,000		472,578,320.7	0.85	70,886,748.1	4.0%
	0.974388	243,597.1	0.85	36,539.6	4.0%
129,650,000		129,650,000.0	0.9	12,965,000.0	0.0%
	1.000000	100,000.0	0.9	10,000.0	0.0%
327,000,000		271,101,328.4	0.85	40,665,199.3	4.0%
	0.828680	207,170.1	0.85	31,075.5	4.0%
267,750,000		196,736,964.8	0.875	24,592,120.6	4.0%
324,800,000		264,931,704.5	0.85	39,739,755.7	0.0%
	0.815676	81,567.6	0.85	12,235.1	0.0%
406,500,000		406,500,000.0	0.85	60,975,000.0	4.0%
	1.000000	250,000.0	0.85	37,500.0	4.0%
200,000,000		142,553,118.0	0.825	24,946,795.7	0.0%
213,750,000		213,750,000.0	0.875	26,718,750.0	4.0%
50,000,000		50,000,000.0	0.875	6,250,000.0	4.0%
1,299,500,000		1,253,495,360.9	0.85	188,024,304.1	4.0%
	0.964592	241,148.0	0.85	36,172.2	4.0%
869,500,000		859,602,994.5	0.9	85,960,299.5	4.0%
	0.988618	247,154.4	0.9	24,715.4	4.0%
199,500,000		189,951,776.4	0.83	32,291,802.0	4.0%
	0.952139	238,034.8	0.83	40,465.9	4.0%
299,800,000		200,994,743.1	0.95	10,049,737.2	0.0%
	0.670285		0.95	3,351.4	0.0%
140,000,000		37,867,405.8	0.9	3,786,740.6	0.0%
113,750,000		104,094,971.7	8.0	20,818,994.3	4.0%
	1.000000	250,000.0	8.0	50,000.0	4.0%
649,750,000			8.0	129,950,000.0	4.0%
647,250,000			8.0	129,450,000.0	4.0%
374,800,000			0.9	31,568,187.4	0.0%
	0.842268		0.9	8,422.7	0.0%
149,750,000			0.85	22,462,500.0	
322,250,000			0.9	32,225,000.0	4.0%
773,500,000			0.825	119,715,122.9	4.0%
	0.884404		0.825	38,692.7	
344,500,000			0.825	58,643,372.5	4.0%
	0.972729		0.825	42,556.9	4.0%
1,399,850,000			0.965	48,994,750.0	
1,399,850,000			0.965	48,994,750.0	
100,000,000		• • •	0.965	3,500,000.0	
100,000,000			0.965	3,500,000.0	
1,187,950,000			0.85	178,192,500.0	
1,187,850,000		• • •	0.85	178,177,500.0	4.0%

1,772,729,988

02149WAA5	0.925 from (28
112021AA8	0.85	
112021AB6	0.85	
112021AC4	0.85	
264403AJ5	0.9	
264403AK2	0.9	
26545QAA7	0.85	
26545QAQ2	0.85	
37638VAA1	0.85	
37638VAG8	0.85	
446279AA9	0.85	
446279AC5	0.85	
45343PAA3	0.825	
46426RAA7	0.875	
46426RAB5	0.875	
48206AAA6	0.85	
48206AAG3	0.85	
498588AA0	0.9	
498588AC6	0.9	
52902TAC0	0.83	
52902TAE6	0.83	
58936RAA5	0.95	
58936RAB3	0.95	
68571UAA7	8.0	
68619MAJ0	8.0	
68619MAL5	0.8	
68619MAQ4	8.0	
76112CAA6	0.9	
76112CAB4	0.9	
768277AA3	0.85	
80410RAA4	0.875	
82437XAA6	0.9	
83743LAA9	0.825	
83743LAC5	0.825	
83743YAB9	0.825	
83743YAS2	0.825	
896008AB5	0.965	
896008AC3	0.965	
952186AA2	0.85	
952186AB0	0.85	
952186AH7	0.85	
G6177YAA0	0.9	
G6776XAF6		
G9064WAC0		
G9550EAB3		

Haircut Value	Exposure Net
40,366,775	40,366,775
37,996,271	37,996,271
51,983,615	51,983,615
26,796	26,796
12,965,000	12,965,000
10,000	10,000
29,821,146	29,821,146
22,789	22,789
16,722,642	16,722,642
39,739,756	39,739,756
12,235	12,235
44,715,000	44,715,000
27,500	27,500
24,946,796	24,946,796
18,168,750	18,168,750
4,250,000	4,250,000
137,884,490	137,884,490
26,526	26,526
51,576,180	51,576,180
14,829	14,829
24,693,731	24,693,731
30,945	30,945
10,049,737	10,049,737
3,351	3,351
3,786,741	3,786,741
16,655,195	16,655,195
40,000	40,000
103,960,000	103,960,000
103,560,000	103,560,000
31,568,187	31,568,187
8,423	8,423
16,472,500	16,472,500
19,335,000	19,335,000
92,351,666	92,351,666
29,849	29,849
45,239,173	45,239,173
32,830	32,830
-6,999,250	0
-6,999,250	Ö
-500,000	.0 .
-500,000	0
130,674,500	130,674,500
130,663,500	130,663,500
,	-,5,000

1,240,432,424

TAB 12

Soldman Sector & Co. 1 85 Broad Street | New York Hear York 10004 | Tet: +1 212 357 26 10 | Ferr +1 212 425 9187



DATE:

August 10, 2007

TO:

AIG Financial Products Corp.

FROM:

Goldman Sachs International

SUBJECT:

Side Letter Agreement

Reference is much to the ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of 19 August 2003 (the "Muster Agreement"). between AIG Financial Products Corp. ("AIG-PP") and Goldman Sacets International ("GSI") and the Transactions entered thereunder (including the Credit Support Annex, duted as of 19 August 2003, thereto). Undefined capitalized terms shall have their respective meanings set forth in the Master Agreement.

Notwithstanding the fact that AIG-FP and GSI have failed to agree On the Exposure in respect of certain the credit derivative. Transactions identified in the schedule attached hereto, AIG-FP is delivering to GSI Fligible Credit Support in respect of such Transactions (in respect of which AIG-FP shall be the Transferor and GSI the Transferee)on August 10, 2007 with a Value of USD 450,000,000. The Transfer of such Eligible Credit Support by AIG-FP and the acceptance of such Fligible Credit Support by GSI (i) shall not be construed as an agreement between the panies, or as an indication of any other sort, regarding the amount, or the undisputed amount, of the Exposure in respect of such Transactions and (ii) shall not constitute a waiver by either party of the rights or remedies available to such party under the Maxler Agreement, any Transaction Confirmation or the Credit Support Annex or applicable law, including, without limitation, the right to call for the delivery or return of Eligible Credit Support or the right to exercise the dispute resolution provisions available to the parties upon a failure to agree as joint Calculation

The failure of a party to make a daily written or unal demand for the delivery or return of Eligible Credit Support shall not be constructed as a waiver of such right or an agreement that no amount is timed. Moreover, the failure of a party to dispute (whether orally or in writing) the other party's demand for the delivery or return of Eligible Crodic Support shall not be construed as an agreement that it agrees with such decinand or the Exposure calculation supporting such demand or otherwise be construed as a waiver of any right or remody. USI acknowledges that AKS-FP as co-Calculation Agent does not agree with GSI's hixposure calculation in respect of such credit derivative Transactions, and AIG-FP will be deemed to have disputed any demand for Eligible Credit Support and the Exposure Calculation supporting such demand made by GSI with respect to such Transactions until such time as AIG-FP expressly agrees otherwise in writing.

Yours sincerally,

GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL

Name: Dartrick Street

Managin, Director

Agreed and Accepted:

AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP.

ALAN FROST EXECUTIVE VICE PRESIDENT

5\1.9 0D To: Goldman Sachs

191 (3432585

HUG-14-2007 15:08 From: GOLDMAN SACHS

Schedule

		Schedule	
GS Reference Number	CUST	Reference (Haligation	Original .
NUUQ510L300800	02149WAA5	VI THIS II THE PROPERTY OF	Notional
BUITQS111500800	1120211724	ALTIUS II FUNDING 1.TD	1,277,900,000
BUUQS11160080000000	112021 A C4	BRODERICK I CDO LTD.	354,500,000
BITUQ51119(XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	1/2021 4 4 8	BRODERICK I CDO LTD.	485,000,000
NUUQ4(174100800000B00	7644M3435	BRODERICK I CDO LTD.	250,000
NUUQ4075U087000000	264403AK2	DUKE FUNDING VIL, LTD.	129,650,000
NUUQ4123N(XXXX)	26545C)AC12	DUKE FUNDING VIL, LTD.	100,000
NUUQ412300080000000	26545QAA7	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD	327,000,000
NUUQ5055C0080000000	804 10RAA4	DUNHUL ABS CDO LTD	250,000
NUU0400HR0080000000	37638VAG8	FA SATURN VENTURES 2005-1, LTD	267,750,000
ИППО4001И0080000000	37638VAA)	OFVERS EDVIDING CDO LET AD	324,800,000
NUUQ5030K00800	446279AA9	GLACIER FUNDING COOH LITT	100,000
NUUUSOBOLOOSOOOOOO	446279AC5	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.	• •
NUUQ402B10080000000	440712VC2	HUNTINGTON CTXX. I.TD.	406,500,000
BUUQ506010080000000	45343PAA3	INDEPENDENCE V CDQ, LTD.	250,000
BEIT JOSOGO KONSOCKOOOO	46426RAA7	LSCHUS CDO II LTD.	200,000,000
NUUQ5078500800	46426RAB5	ISCHUS CDO NI.TD.	233,750,000
NUUQ507CD0080000000	48206AAG3	JUPITER HIGH-GRADE CDO III, LTD	50,000,000
BUUQ5120L00800	48206AAA6	JUPITER HIGH-GRADE CDO III T TIN	1.299,500,000
NT/T/Q512BM0080000000	498588AC6	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING IL LLC	250,000
NUUQ5091U6080000000		ALEKUS PREFERRIUD ISINODUC TI LI C	\$69,500,000 250,000
NUUQ509IV0080600000	52902TAC0	CEXINGTON CAPITAL FIINDING 17TO	250,000
NUUQ4102NO080000000	52902TAE6	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING 170	199,500,000
NUUQ4102Q0080000000	SROSGRAB3	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, 1.TD	250,000
WAGOOO BOOOLEUROUUM	58936RAA5	MERCURY CDO 2004-1-1 TO	299.800,000
NULIOS(BSB0080XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX	G6177YAA0	MKP CBO III, LTD	000,001
NULTACE LOCAL DOMESTICA (NULL DOMESTICA DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DE LA COMPONIO DEL COMPONIO DE	68571UAA7	ORCHID STRUCTURED FINANCE CDO II, L'ID.	140,000,000
NUUQ5100N00800	68619MAJ0	OMENI POINI COO LID	113,750,000
NUUQ\$10DP00800	68619MAQ4	ORIENT POINT CDO, L'ID.	250,000
NUUO409HSOXSOOOXXXX	68619MALS	ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.	649,750,000
NT/TIQ409TP0080000000	76112CAB4	RESERVOER FUNDING LTD	647,250,000
NUUQ4125H0080000000	76112CAA6	RESERVOIR FUNDING L. 3D	374,800,000
RUDQ5111400800	768277AA3	RIVER NORTH CDO LTD.	000,001
NUUQS04GD008000KKXXX	82437XAA6	SHERWOOD FUNDING COOLL LTD	149,750,000
NUI IQ 504 GE00800	83743 YAS2	SOUTH COAST FUNDING WILL TO	322,250,000
NUUQ6013A0080000000	83743YAB9	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII TO	773,500,000
NUUQ6014M0080000000	83743LAC5	SOUTH COAST FINDING VIII (17)	250,000
SDB504492863	83743LAA9	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VILLETO	344,500,000
SDB504493409	896008AB5	1 KIAXX PRIME CIXO 2010C.) 1 TTO	250,0(K)
SDB504678606	896008AC3	I KLAXX PRIME COO 2006-7 1 271	1.399,850,000
SD0504678635	896008AC3	TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006.2 1775	1.399.850,000
SDB503565139	896008AB5	TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2 TTD	000,000,000
SDR503565516	9521861172	WILL I COAST FUNDING LITTE	100,000,000
	952186AR0	WEST COAST FUNDING I, LTD.	1.187,950,000
			1,187,850,000

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SHOUS NEUTRON: WOLL PAIST JARR-AT-90H ** TOTAL PAGE.02 **

TAB 13

From: Forster, Andrew

Sent: 08/16/2007 01:19:44 PM

To: Frost, Alan **Subject:** Re: Goldman

I have heard several rumours now that gs is aggressively marking down asset types that they don't own so as to cause maximnum pain to their competitors. It may be rubbish but its the sort of thing gs would do

-----Original Message-----

From: Frost, Alan To: Forster, Andrew

Sent: Thu Aug 16 14:42:48 2007

Subject: RE: Goldman

The idea wasn't exactly to leave it for a few weeks, but that was probably going to be the result. The \$450mm was to get everyone to chill out, but we were to start thinking about how to deal with this on a more permanent basis. I wasn't really expecting to resolve anything, but starting the dialog was somewhat important. Remember, I'm a marketing guy, so I have but no choice to manage the relationship.

The good news is that, in the absence of any color (or colour) on the Joe/Woody conversation, there's no point in trying to agree on a plan, until we can confirm it from Joe. I made it unambiguously clear that I was not going to disturb him on his holiday for this, so that puts us into the week that we all get back to check in. On the assumption that he did not agree to anything in particular (or doesn't think he did), we should be thinking of how we are going to deal with this, because, trust me, this is not the last margin call that we are going to debate.

I'm sure that you are seeing the news. Not pretty. As I write this Countrywide got knocked from A3 to Baa3. You probably saw that they seemed to stem the CAD CP thing for now. Separately, Davilman told me that he heard that some accounts in Asia have started to see some marks from Merrill on CDO's that are starting to look more like where GS would mark them. Not necessarily on the kind of bonds that we have, but the marks might be starting to come out of the wood work. We should obviously stay as on top of this as we can, as even under out docs, we might start to see some more significant margins call. I've posted Jonny.

I hope at least the weather is nice down there.

----Original Message-----From: Forster, Andrew

Sent: Wednesday, August 15, 2007 3:35 AM

To: Frost, Alan Subject: Re: Goldman

I have no colour on the woody conversation but I assume joe went with the let's follow the docs.

I thought the whole idea was to leave it for a few weeks unless markets changed a lot

-----Original Message-----From: Frost, Alan To: Forster, Andrew

Sent: Wed Aug 15 02:46:14 2007

Subject: Goldman

Page: 1 of 2

Hey -

I hope you are having a reasonable holiday. No doubt being interupted too much. Sorry.

I was down at Goldman yesterday. I was in the city, and I thought since we got the money out on Friday, it would show good faith to meet and at least start the dialog. It was fine. Everybody wants this to go away, but the primary focus is to think if we can establish a better way of dealing with it if we need to again.

They are primarily focused ona way of establishing value. There's one point that is really unclear point to me. These guys seemed to think that when Joe and Woody finished their call, they agreed that we would get value from the market by obtaining bids and offers on 10mm of bonds. This is the impression that they got from Woody, said that he was fine with it, and they seem to think he now expects them to get this done. If Joe agreed to this and wants us to do it this way, obviously we can. It will save a lot of brain damage if the decision has already made for us. However, I'm not sure that we won't be better off if we simply went to the market with our confirm language, AS IS. We run the risk that the market inteprets it more long the lines of the way that Goldman thinks than the way we think. Also by being silent on the size, its possible it hurts us. But I think we are better off taking the chance rather than introducing the concept of "actionable bid/ask", even with the size clarified. I don't think this is Goldman's preference, but I haven't put anything on the table yet. But, I think the idea would be that we would prepare the language, details and dealers that we would reach out to if we had to get revaluations. A stipulation would be that we would agree to accept what we get and not require 5 results. The point is that we need to prepare a process for if and when this comes up again.

I'm not really asking you to sign off on anything here, but these guys (not just my guys, but senior guys including Woody) were not to happy about the notion of zero progress until labor day. (One of the reasons I went in for a face to face). So if you could give it some thought and revert back to me with some feedback, much appreciated. Also if you have any color to clarify the Woody/Joe agreement, if there was one, I would like to know.

Still here helping Jon prepare the 2a7 liqudity commentary for Moodys. FUN STUFF.

Alan

Page: 2 of 2

TAB 14

From:

Budnick, Adam

Sent:

09/11/2007 07:51:04 PM

To:

Athan, Tom; Forster, Andrew

Subject:

RE: Collateral summary

Just a couple of minor additions:

1. Your ML # is too high. It was a shade under \$10B as of inception, so probably closer to \$9B now.

2. For the ~\$1B Rabo, we don't have to post unless we are downgraded to A1/A+

From:

Athan, Tom

Sent:

Tuesday, September 11, 2007 7:08 PM

To: Cc: Forster, Andrew Budnick, Adam

Cc: Subject:

Collateral summary

Skybox- We sold protection to CIBC, CIBC sold protection to JP in 12/05. JP has the same CSA agreement with CIBC as CIBC has with us. JP had been pricing the deal for the CSA using a model and came up with something close to 91. We said sharpen your pencil and come back to us because we think it is too low. Our hope was to get it above 92 and they would go away as we have an 8% threshld. They decided that the model pricing was not accurate and they went to the trader and he quoted a replacement value in his opinion of 75px. His 75 price likely means we pay 25pts upfront to assign the pposition to another countarparty. This is about \$600mm deal and \$100mm collateral call.

Goldman- You have the situation correct as far as I know. We have not received any new call but supposedly they are now asking for \$1.5bn (\$300mm more than last \$1.2bn call). The deals are on the attached spreadsheet with a brief description on each. I think I may be missing a few but this list is \$15 We have a 4% threshold on most of these (a few are 0%). They are putting language together to go out to dealers for dispute. Alan just sent it to you.

<< File: GS CDS deals.xls >>

SG London- asked for \$40mm on a \$422mm mezz deal (Camber 3). This is based on an 82.5 bid price from GS. GS was a 92.5 synthetic indicative equivalent offer. I disputed with a 96.5px. We have an 8% theshold. I suggested we'd settle at 87.5 mid price for a call of \$20mm but we don't accept this as the value of the position. This is the only trade we have on with them

SG NY- Not sure of exact amount of CDS but I think it is ~\$15bn. They have called and said they recevived marks from GS on positions that would result in big collateral calls but SG disputed them with GS. The issue was not resolved. We have an 8% cushion with them. Most of the deals they have are with GS and a few ML and a few UBS.

UBS- asking for \$67mm on a "few billion" of CDS. The details are still sketchy as it seems a few have thresholds and a few don't but we raised the global CSA threshold with them when we did it or something. Its still unclear as well what prices they are using as we just received the \$ amounts with no info

These are rough and adam can put together more exact summary of outstanding deals from his files but....We have about ~\$12-15bn trades on with ML, \$2-3bn with Rabo,, ~\$1bn BN with BMO, <\$1bn w HSBC and Wachovia, and few Bn w Barclays that were done in UK

Adam if I forgot anything or I am way off on these let me know.

Good luck. Don't give an inch, even if they offer a compromise.

Page: 1 of 2

Tom Athan AIG Financial Products Corp. 203-222-4714 phone athan@aigfpc.com

From:

Forster, Andrew

Sent:

Tuesday, September 11, 2007 1:58 PM

To: Subject: Athan, Tom

Couple of things

How come jpm moved the price so much in such a short period of time? I thought the last call was for 5mm?

Can you summarise for me what collat calls we have had? I need to go through them with the accountants tomorrow and its first thing in the morning. As far as I recall we have had the following:

Goldman - currently we post 450 and they think its 1.2bn. We are still waiting on the new collat call? Do you know what the underlying deals are and can you send me the list?

Socgen called for a small amount based on having gs give them a bid on their bond holding as they hedged part with gs? Can you remind me on the bond and amounst etc?

Jpm on skybox.

Any others? thanks

TAB 15







NEW YORK, September 20, 2007 - The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (NYSE: GS) today reported net revenues of \$12.33 billion and net earnings of \$2.85 billion for its third quarter ended August 31, 2007. Diluted earnings per common share were \$6.13 compared with \$3.26 for the third quarter of 2006 and \$4.93 for the second quarter of 2007. Annualized return on average tangible common shareholders' equity (1) was 36.6% for the third quarter of 2007 and 37.5% for the first nine months of 2007. Annualized return on average common shareholders' equity was 31.6% for the third quarter of 2007 and 32.0% for the first nine months of 2007.

Business Highlights

- Investment Banking produced record quarterly net revenues of \$2.15 billion, driven by results in Financial Advisory which were 64% higher than the previous record.
- Goldman Sachs ranked first in worldwide announced mergers and acquisitions for the calendar year-to-date.
- Fixed Income, Currency and Commodities (FICC) generated record quarterly net revenues of \$4.89 billion, reflecting strength across most businesses.
- Equities generated record quarterly net revenues of \$3.13 billion, including record commissions.
- Asset Management generated record management and other fees of \$1.15 billion. Assets
 under management increased 27% from a year ago to a record \$796 billion, with net inflows of
 \$50 billion during the quarter.
- Securities Services achieved record quarterly net revenues of \$762 million, reflecting continued strength in the prime brokerage business.

"Given the difficult environment of the third quarter, many of our businesses were challenged," said Lloyd C. Blankfein, Chairman and Chief Executive Officer. "But overall, the quality of our franchise produced strong results as clients continue to look to us for advice and execution. The strength of our client relationships, the diversity of our businesses, and the talent and teamwork of our people continue to drive our performance."



Net Revenues

Investment Banking

Net revenues in Investment Banking were \$2.15 billion, 67% higher than the third quarter of 2006 and 25% higher than the second quarter of 2007, as mergers and acquisitions activity remained strong. Net revenues in Financial Advisory were \$1.41 billion, more than double the amount of net revenues in the third quarter of 2006, reflecting significantly higher client activity. Net revenues in the firm's Underwriting business were \$733 million, 8% higher than the third quarter of 2006, due to higher net revenues in equity underwriting, primarily reflecting an increase in industry-wide equity. and equity-related offerings, partially offset by lower net revenues in debt underwriting, as the financing environment became less favorable. The decrease in debt underwriting reflected lower net revenues in leveraged finance. The firm's investment banking transaction backlog decreased during the quarter, but was higher than at the end of 2006. (3)

Trading and Principal Investments

Net revenues in Trading and Principal Investments were \$8.23 billion, 70% higher than the third quarter of 2006 and 24% higher than the second quarter of 2007.

Net revenues in FICC were \$4.89 billion, 71% higher than the third quarter of 2006, reflecting significantly higher net revenues in currencies and interest rate products. Net revenues in mortgages were also significantly higher, despite continued deterioration in the market environment. Significant losses on non-prime loans and securities were more than offset by gains on short mortgage positions. In addition, net revenues in both commodities and credit products were higher compared with the third quarter of 2006. Credit products included substantial gains from equity investments, including a gain of approximately \$900 million related to the disposition of Horizon Wind Energy L.L.C. In addition, credit products included a loss of \$1.71 billion (\$1.48 billion, net of hedges) related to non-investment grade credit origination activities. Although the mortgage and corporate credit markets were characterized by significantly wider spreads and reduced levels of liquidity, FICC benefited from strong customer-driven activity and favorable market opportunities in certain businesses during the quarter.

Net revenues in Equities were \$3.13 billion, more than double the amount of net revenues in the third quarter of 2006. Net revenues were significantly higher in derivatives, reflecting strength across all regions, as well as in shares due to higher commission volumes. In addition, net revenues in principal strategies increased compared with the third quarter of 2006. During the quarter, Equities operated in an environment characterized by strong customer-driven activity and higher volatility.

Principal Investments recorded net revenues of \$211 million, reflecting gains and overrides from real estate principal investments. Results in Principal Investments included a \$230 million gain related to the firm's investment in the ordinary shares of Industrial and Commercial Bank of China Limited (ICBC) and a \$261 million loss related to the firm's investment in the convertible preferred stock of Sumitomo Mitsui Financial Group, Inc. (SMFG).

Asset Management and Securities Services

Net revenues in Asset Management and Securities Services were \$1.96 billion, 35% higher than the third quarter of 2006 and 8% higher than the second quarter of 2007.

Asset Management net revenues were \$1.20 billion, 31% higher than the third quarter of 2006, reflecting a 40% increase in management and other fees, partially offset by lower incentive fees. During the quarter, assets under management increased \$38 billion to \$796 billion, reflecting money market net inflows of \$31 billion, non-money market net inflows of \$19 billion spread across all asset classes, and net market depreciation of \$12 billion, reflecting depreciation in equity and alternative investment assets, partially offset by appreciation in fixed income assets.

Securities Services net revenues were \$762 million, 42% higher than the third quarter of 2006, as the firm's prime brokerage business continued to generate strong results, reflecting significantly higher customer balances in securities lending and margin lending.

Expenses

Operating expenses were \$8.08 billion, 55% higher than the third quarter of 2006 and 20% higher than the second quarter of 2007.

Compensation and Benefits

Compensation and benefits expenses were \$5.92 billion, 68% higher than the third quarter of 2006, primarily reflecting the impact of higher net revenues. The ratio of compensation and benefits to net revenues was 48.0% for the first nine months of 2007 compared with 49.4% for the first nine months of 2006. Employment levels increased 7% during the quarter.

Non-Compensation Expenses

Non-compensation expenses were \$2.16 billion, 27% higher than the third quarter of 2006 and 16% higher than the second quarter of 2007. The increase compared with the third quarter of 2006 was primarily attributable to continued geographic expansion and the impact of higher levels of business activity. The majority of this increase was in brokerage, clearing, exchange and distribution fees, which principally reflected higher transaction volumes in Equities. Other expenses also increased and included provisions for litigation and regulatory proceedings of \$35 million.

Provision For Taxes

The effective income tax rate was 33.2% for the first nine months of 2007, essentially unchanged from the first half of 2007 and down from 34.5% for fiscal year 2006. The decrease in the effective tax rate from fiscal year 2006 was primarily due to changes in the geographic earnings mix and an increase in tax credits.

Capital

As of August 31, 2007, total capital was \$190.19 billion, consisting of \$39.12 billion in total shareholders' equity (common shareholders' equity of \$36.02 billion and preferred stock of \$3.10 billion) and \$151.07 billion in unsecured long-term borrowings. Book value per common share was \$84.65 and tangible book value per common share was \$73.10 (1), each increasing 4% compared with the end of the second quarter of 2007. Book value and tangible book value per common share are based on common shares outstanding, including restricted stock units granted to employees with no future service requirements, of 425.5 million at period end.

The firm repurchased 11.2 million shares of its common stock at an average cost per share of \$219.35, for a total cost of \$2.45 billion during the quarter. The remaining authorization under the firm's existing share repurchase program is 23.0 million shares.

Dividends

The Board of Directors of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. (the Board) declared a dividend of \$0.35 per common share to be paid on November 26, 2007 to common shareholders of record on October 29, 2007. The Board also declared dividends of \$404.41, \$387.50, \$404.41 and \$399.13 per share of Series A Preferred Stock, Series B Preferred Stock, Series C Preferred Stock and Series D Preferred Stock, respectively (represented by depositary shares, each representing a 1/1,000th interest in a share of preferred stock), to be paid on November 13, 2007 to preferred shareholders of record on October 29, 2007.

Goldman Sachs is a leading global investment banking, securities and investment management firm that provides a wide range of services worldwide to a substantial and diversified client base that includes corporations, financial institutions, governments and high-net-worth individuals. Founded in 1889, it is one of the oldest and largest investment banking firms. The firm is headquartered in New York and maintains offices in London, Frankfurt, Tokyo, Hong Kong and other major financial centers around the world.

Cautionary Note Regarding Forward-Looking Statements

This press release contains "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These statements are not historical facts but instead represent only the firm's beliefs regarding future events, many of which, by their nature, are inherently uncertain and outside of the tirm's control. It is possible that the firm's actual results and financial condition may differ, possibly materially, from the anticipated results and financial condition indicated in these forward-looking statements. For a discussion of some of the risks and important factors that could affect the firm's future results and financial condition, see "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of the firm's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 24, 2006 and "Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations" in Part II, Item 7 of the firm's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 24, 2006.

Statements about the firm's investment banking transaction backlog also may constitute forward-looking statements. Such statements are subject to the risk that the terms of these transactions may be modified or that they may not be completed at all; therefore, the net revenues, if any, that the firm actually earns from these transactions may differ, possibly materially, from those currently expected. Important factors that could result in a modification of the terms of a transaction or a transaction not being completed include, in the case of underwriting transactions, a decline in general economic conditions, outbreak of hostilities, volatility in the securities markets generally or an adverse development with respect to the issuer of the securities and, in the case of financial advisory transactions, a decline in the securities markets, an adverse development with respect to a party to the transaction or a failure to obtain a required regulatory approval. For a discussion of other important factors that could adversely affect the firm's investment banking transactions, see "Risk Factors" in Part I, Item 1A of the firm's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended November 24, 2006.

Conference Call

A conference call to discuss the firm's results, outlook and related matters will be held at 11:00 am (ET). The call will be open to the public. Members of the public who would like to listen to the conference call should dial 1-888-281-7154 (U.S. domestic) or 1-706-679-5627 (international). The number should be dialed at least 10 minutes prior to the start of the conference call. The conference call will also be accessible as an audio webcast through the Investor Relations section of the firm's web site, www.gs.com/our_firm/investor_relations/. There is no charge to access the call. For those unable to listen to the live broadcast, a replay will be available on the firm's web site or by dialing 1-800-642-1687 (U.S. domestic) or 1-706-645-9291 (international) passcode number 14824766, beginning approximately two hours after the event. Please direct any questions regarding obtaining access to the conference call to Goldman Sachs Investor Relations, via e-mail, at gs-investor-relations@gs.com.

THE GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SEGMENT NET REVENUES (UNAUDITED) \$ in millions

Investment Banking Financial Advisory
Equity underwriting Debt underwriting Total Underwriting
Total investment Banking
Trading and Principal Investments FICC
Equities trading Equities commissions Total Equities
SMFG (GBC Other corporate and real estate gains and losses Oventides Total Principal Investments
Total Trading and Principal Investments
Asset Management and Securities Services Management and other fees Incentive fees Total Asset Management
Securities Services
Total Asset Management and Securities Services
Total net revenues

	EE Collins	• Unange From		THE RESERVE AND ADDRESS OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	100 PM	Continues - more		1	Charles of the
_	Aug. 25, 2006		May 25, 2007	19. 25, 2006		May 25, 2007		ig. 31, 2007	
2	13	%	99	609	\$	709	\$	1,412	\$
1	3		(1)	270		358		355	
			(42)	409		654		378	
8)		-	(28)	679		1,012		733	
7	6	_	25	1,288		1,721		2,145	
1	7		45	2,860		3,368		4,889	
4	16		27	707		1,415		1,799	
	5		23	844		1,082		1,330	
2	10	_	25	1,551		2,497		3,129	S/ACCITION.
E.	N.M		N.M.	261		(64)		(261)	
	N.N		N.M.	(8)		(125)		230	
4			(84)	142		909		148	
3	16		47	35		84		94	
1)	(5		(73)	430		784	ARTER STATE	211	
5		-	24	4,841		6,649	_	8,229	
3	4		11	822		1,035		1,152	
	(5)		130	96		20		46	
_	3	-	14	918		1,056		1,198	
?	4:		1	537		757		782	
Ξ	39	_	8	1,455		1,812		1,960	
-	83	-	21	7,584	\$	10,162	\$	12,334	\$

lavae	tment Banking
	cial Advisory
Equity	underwriting
Debt (anderwriting .
Total I	Underwriting
Total i	investment Banking
Tradic	ng and Principal Inventments
FICC	
Equition	es trading
Equition	es commissions
Total (Equities
SMFG	i
ICSC	
Other	corporate and real estate gains and losses
Ovent	das
Total I	rincipal investments
Total ?	Frading and Principal Investments
Asset	Management and Securities Services
	pement and other less
	ve fess
Total /	Asset Menagement
Securi	ties Services
Total A	Asset Management and Securities Service
Total o	et revenues

,	Aug. 31, 2007		Aug. 25, 2006	% Change From Aug. 25, 2008	
\$	2,982	\$	1,953	63	
	979		1,035	(5)	
_	1,621		1,297	25	
	2,680		2,332	11	
	5,582		4,285	30	
	12,861		11,158	15	
	5,377		3,730	44	
	3,336		2,622	27	
	0,713		8,352	37	
	(164)		605	N.M.	
	332		(12)	N.M.	
	2,180		626	N.M.	
	373		199	87	
	2,721		1,418	92	
-	24,295		18,928	28	
	3,169		2,422	31	
	156	_	939	(83)	
	3,325		3,381	(1)	
	2,044		1,684	21	
_	5,369		5,045	6	
8	35.246	S	28 258	96	

THE GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (UNAUDITED) In millions, except per share amounts and employees

			Three	Months End	ed		°, Cha	nge From
		Aug. 31, 2007		May 25, 2007		Aug. 25, 2006	May 25, 2007	Aug. 25,
evenues	********		-	2001		2000	2007	2006
vestment banking	\$	2,145	\$	1.720	\$	1.285	25	% 87
rading and principal investments		7,576		6,242	•	4.368	21	73
sset management and securities services		1,272		1,107		976	. 15	
terest Income		12,810		11,282		9.351	14	30
otal revenues		23,803	-	20,351		15,979	17	37 49
terest expense		11,469		10,169		8,395	13	37
evenues, net of interest expense		12,334		10,182		7,584	21	63
perating expenses			2000					
ompensation and benefits		5 000		4.000		22/2012		
		5,920		4,887		3,530	21	68
okerage, clearing, exchange and distribution fees		795		638		523	25	52
arket development		148		144		117	3	26
ommunications and technology		169		161		141	5	20
epreciation and amortization		145		140		126	4	15
nortization of identifiable intangible assets		53		50		50	6	6
ccupancy		218		210		221	4	(1)
ofessional fees		188		161		135	17	39
est of power generation		88		81		-101	9	(13)
her expenses		351		279		278	26	26
tal non-compensation expenses	-	2,155	-	1,864		1,692	16	27
tal operating expenses		8,075		6,751		5,222	20	55
e-tax earnings		4,259		3,431		2,382	24	80
ovision for taxes		1,405		1,098		768	28	35.
t earnings	-	2,854		2,333	-	1,594	22	83 79
eferred stock dividends		48		46		39	N.M.	MM
t earnings applicable to common shareholders	\$.	2,806	\$	2,287	S	1,555		N.M.
	-	2,000	-	E1601	9	1,000	23	80
rnings per common share								
sic	\$	6.54	S	5.25	\$	3.46	25 9	6 89 9
ited		6.13	750	4.93		3.26	24	88
erage common shares outstanding								
sic		429.0		435.8		449.4	(2)	(5)
uted		457.4		464.1		477.4	(1)	(4)
ected Data								
ployees at period end (4)		29,905		28.012		25.647	_	
illo of compensation and benefits to net revenues		48.0 %		48.0 %		25,647 46.5 %	7	17

THE GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF EARNINGS (UNAUDITED) In millions, except per share amounts

	Nine Mor	iths Ended	% Change From
	Aug. 31, 2007	Aug. 25, 2006	Aug. 25, 2006
Revenues Investment banking	\$ 5,581	\$ 4,276	31 %
Trading and principal investments	22,891	17,976	27
Asset management and securities services	3,512	3,545	(1)
interest Income	34,450	25,430	35
Total revenues	66,434	51,227	30
Interest expense	31,168	22,969	36
Revenues, net of interest expense	35,248	28,258	25
Operating expenses Compensation and benefits	40.040		
*	16,918	13,952	21
Brokerage, clearing, exchange and distribution fees	1,984	1,414	40
Market development	424	338	25
Communications and technology	481	396	21
Depreciation and amortization	417	378	10
Amortization of identifiable intangible assets	154	128	20
Occupancy	632	613	3
Professional fees	510	367	39
Cost of power generation	253	308	(18)
Other expenses	924	789	17
Total non-compensation expenses	5,779	4,731	22
Total operating expenses	22,697	18,683	21
Pre-tax earnings	12,549	9,575	31
Provision for taxes	4,165	3,190	31
Net samings	8,384	6,385	31
Preferred stock dividends	143	-91	N.M.
Net earnings applicable to common shareholders	\$ 8,241	\$ 6,294	31
	The second of th	Constitution of the same	
Earnings per common share	200 T3003060		
Basic	\$ 18.89	\$ 13.92	35 %
Diluted	17.75	13.12	35
Average common shares outstanding			
Basic	436.2	452.1	(4)
Diluted	464.3	479.7	(3)
Selected Data			
Ratio of compensation and benefits to net revenues	48.0 %	49.4 %	

NON-COMPENSATION EXPENSES (UNAUDITED) \$ in millions

	CHESTON			The state of the state of	4	1	% Change From		
		ig. 31, 2007		907 007		lug. 25, 2008	May 25, 2007		Aug. 25, 2006
Non-compensation expenses of consolidated investments (5)	\$	101	\$	101	\$	153	-	%	(34) %
Non-compensation expenses excluding consolidated investments									
Brokerage, clearing, exchange and distribution fees Market development		795		638		523	25		52
Communications and technology		146		142		108	3		35
Depreciation and amortization		168		161		139	4		21
		128		121		103	6		24
Amortization of Identifiable intangible assets		52		48		48	8		В.
Occupancy		200		192		188	A		8
Professional fees		188		180		132	18		42
Cost of power generation		88		81		101	.0		900 00 00
Other expenses		289		220		197	31		(13)
Subtotal		2,054		1,763	-	1,639		*	47
		4,000		1,700		1,000	17		33
Total non-compensation expenses, as reported	S	2,155	8	1,864	6	1,692	- 10	-	
3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	CHOCKMAN	400	-	L Track	Ψ	1,082	16	NAME OF TAXABLE PARTY.	27

		Nine Nor ug. 31, 2007	A	ed ug: 25, 2006	". Change From Aug. 25, 2006
Non-compensation expenses of consolidated investments [6]	\$	289	\$	371	(22) %
Non-compensation expenses excluding consolidated investment	8				
Brokerage, clearing, exchange and distribution fees		1,984		1,414	40
Market development		418		313	34
Communications and technology		479		391	23
Depreciation and amortization		367		325	13
Amortization of Identifiable intangible assets		150		126	19
Occupancy		681		528	10
Professional fees		508		358	42
Cost of power generation		253		308	(18)
Other expenses		750		597	26
Subtotal	***************************************	5,490	The state of	4,360	26
Total non-compensation expenses, as reported	\$	5,779	\$	4,731	22

THE GOLDMAN SACHS GROUP, INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA (UNAUDITED)

Average Daily VaR (*) \$ In millions

Risk Categories interest rates Equity prices Currency rates Commodity prices Diversification effect ⁽⁷⁾ Total

g. 31, 007	Me	nths Ended ly 25, 007	Au	g. 25, 006
\$ 96	\$	61	\$	55
97		101		61
23		20		21
24		24		31
(101)		(93)		(76)
\$ 139	\$	133	\$	92

Assets Under Management (*) \$ in billions

Asset Class
Alternative investments
Equity
Fixed income
Total non-money market assets
Money markets
Total assets under management

		Д	is of		Charles Marie
Aug. 31, 2007			May 31, 2007		g. 31, 006
\$	151 251	\$	151 253	\$	139 193
	230		221	-	186
	632		625		518
	164		133		111
\$	796	\$	758	S	629

	Aug. 31, 2006	May 31, 2007
1	9	
	30	(1)
,	24	4
•	22	1
	48	23
	27	5

Balance, beginning of period
Net inflows / (outflows)
Alternative investments
Equity
Fixed Income
Total non-money market net inflows / (outflows)
Money markets
Total net inflows / (outflows)
Net market appreciation / (depreciation)
Balance, end of period

Service Service	Designation of the	tites me	HINDS FOOD	0		
Aug. 200			ny 31, 007		g. 31, 1006	_
S	758	\$	719	\$	593	
	7				13	
	7		7		4	
	5	-	7		10	
	19		14		27	
	31		4			(8)
	50		18		30	
	(12)		21		6	
\$	796	\$	758	\$	629	•

Principal investments (10) \$ in millions

Private	
Public	
Subtotal	
SMFG convertible preferred stock (1	1)
CBC ordinary shares (12)	
otal	

NOTE:		As of Au	igust 31, 200	7	
C	orporate	Res	il Estate		Total
\$	5,627	\$	1,695	\$	7,322
	1,863		47		1,910
	7,490	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	1,742		9,232
	3,690		+		3,690
	6,281				6,281
\$	17,461	\$	1,742	\$	19,203

Footnotes

Tangible common shareholders' equity equals total shareholders' equity less preferred stock, goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, excluding power contracts. Identifiable intangible assets associated with power contracts are not deducted from total shareholders' equity because, unlike other intangible assets, less than 50% of these assets are supported by common shareholders' equity. Management believes that return on average tangible common shareholders' equity (ROTE) is meaningful because it measures the performance of businesses consistently, whether they were acquired or developed internally. ROTE is computed by dividing net earnings (or annualized net earnings for annualized ROTE) applicable to common shareholders by average monthly tangible common shareholders' equity. Tangible book value per common share is computed by dividing tangible common shareholders' equity by the number of common shares outstanding, including restricted stock units granted to employees with no future service requirements.

The following table sets forth a reconcilitation of total shareholders' equity to tangible common shareholders' equity:

	Average	for the		A	s of
	ionths Ended st 31, 2007	Augus	nths Ended t 31, 2007 in millions)	Augus	31, 2007
Total shareholders' equity Preferred stock	\$ 38,667 _(3,100)	\$	37,384 (3,100)	\$	39,118 (3,100)
Common shareholders' equity Goodwill and identifiable intangible assets, excluding power contracts	 35,567 (4,926)		34,284 (4,956)		36,018 (4,915)
Tangible common shareholders' equity	\$ 30,641	\$	29,328	\$	31,103

- (2) Thomson Financial January 1, 2007 through August 31, 2007.
- (3) The firm's investment banking transaction backing represents an estimate of the firm's future net revenues from investment banking transactions where management believes that future revenue realization is more likely than not.
- (4) Excludes 4,904, 4,841 and 9,901 employees as of August 2007, May 2007 and August 2006, respectively, of consolidated entitles held for investment purposes. Compensation and benefits includes \$40 million, \$50 million and \$83 million for the three months ended August 31, 2007, May 25, 2007 and August 25, 2006, respectively, attributable to these consolidated entities.
- (5) Consolidated entities held for investment purposes are entities that are held strictly for capital appreciation, have a defined exit strategy and are engaged in activities that are not closely related to the firm's principal businesses. For example, these investments include consolidated entities that hold real estate assets, such as hotels, but exclude investments in entities that primarily hold financial assets. Management believes that it is meaningful to review non-compensation expenses excluding expenses related to these consolidated entities in order to evaluate trends in non-compensation expenses related to the firm's principal business activities.
- (6) VaR is the potential loss in value of Goldman Sachs' trading positions due to adverse market movements over a one-day time horizon with a 95% confidence level. The modeling of the risk characteristics of the firm's trading positions involves a number of assumptions and approximations. While management believes that these assumptions and approximations are reasonable, there is no standard methodology for estimating VaR, and different assumptions and/or approximations could produce materially different VaR estimates. For a further discussion of the calculation of VaR, November 24, 2006.
- (7) Equals the difference between total VaR and the sum of the VaRs for the four risk categories. This effect arises because the four market risk categories are not perfectly correlated.
- (8) Substantially all assets under management are valued as of calendar month end. Assets under management do not include the firm's investments in funds that it manages.
- (9) Includes the transfer of \$8 billion of money market assets under management to interest-bearing deposits at Goldman Sachs Bank USA, a wholly owned subsidiary of The Goldman Sachs Group, Inc. These deposits are not included in assets under management.
- (10) Represents investments included within the Principal Investments component of our Trading and Principal Investments segment. Excludes assets related to consolidated investment funds of \$17.11 billion as of August 2007, for which Goldman Sachs is not at risk.
- (11) Excludes an economic hedge on the shares of common stock underlying the investment. As of August 2007, the fair value of this hedge was \$2.69 billion. Includes the effect of foreign exchange revaluation on the investment, for which Goldman Sachs also maintains an economic hedge.
- (12) includes interests of \$3.97 billion as of August 2007 held by Investment funds managed by Goldman Sachs. The fair value of the investment in the ordinary shares of ICBC, which trade on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong, includes the effect of foreign exchange revaluation, for which Goldman Sachs maintains an economic currency hedge.

TAB 16

From:

Cassano@aigfpc.com

Sent:

11/01/2007 05:18:28 AM

To:

Habayeb, Elias

Subject:

RE: gs call material

Attachments:

(001) Margin Call Report GSI vs. AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS

CORP.msg; Margin Call Report GSI vs. AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP.msg; RE Margin Call Report GSI vs. AIG

FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP.msg; side1.pdf

Elias

I attach a pdf version of the letter agreement we signed with Goldman related to collateral in respect of the CDS in question.

I also attach two of the e-mail requests for Collateral that our collateral group received from Goldman: (1) Initial request reflecting a Goldman valuation for the CDS (2) Most recent request (yesterday's) reflecting a Goldman valuation for the CDS.

Requests of this sort have been received daily. At the time we negotiated the letter agreement, we asked Goldman to stop sending the requests pending resolution of the dispute over valuation. They indicated that their automated internal processes generated the requests in a manner that could not be stopped without significant effort. As a result, we added a provision to the letter agreement confirming that we would be deemed to dispute each request for collateral related to the CDS in question -- without the need to dispute each individually, which is what we had been doing up until that point. In this regard, I attach the e-mail that we sent to dispute the initial request attached above:

There may also have been ad hoc e-mail correspondence on the subject between the our front office (e.g., Andrew, Al, Tom) and theirs, but I haven't tried to track this down.

I think it is clear from the countersigned letter agreement that we have a bona fide dispute with GS. It is not unusual even in the best of times with normal liquidity to dispute the calls. One other thing to note that I did not mention on yesterday's call with PWC is that we have ,I believe only one other collateral call from one counterpart SocGen which was spurred by GS calling them . In that case we also disputed the call and have not heard from SocGen again on that specific call.

I am available to discuss let me know what time and I will call in when you meet with Henry and Tim. This is all so Bob Sullivan he really loves the last minute dramatics .

We are pulling together details of the trades but I am not sure what additional color that will add . I will forward that to you in a separate note .

Finally I heard last night briefly about some questions from PWC regarding marks on the cmbs synthetic portfolio I will track down the uissue with the wilton guys in the morning.

Joe

Page: 1 of 3

From: Habayeb, Elias [mailto:Elias.Habayeb@aig.com]

Sent: Thursday, November 01, 2007 3:19 AM

To: Cassano, Joseph

Subject: RE:

thanks

From: Cassano@aigfpc.com [mailto:Cassano@aigfpc.com]

Sent: Wednesday, October 31, 2007 2:58 PM

To: elias.habayeb@aig.com

Subject: Re:

Hi

All of the guys involved have gone for the day. I will see what we can put together for the morning.

Joe

Sent from Joe Cassano Banque AIG London Branch

----Original Message----

From: Habayeb, Elias <Elias.Habayeb@aig.com>

To: Cassano, Joseph

Sent: Wed Oct 31 18:41:38 2007

Subject:

Joe,

Just got off the phone with PwC as a follow up to the call with had a couple of hours ago.

They want to know how much of the total collateral relates to each individual transaction. Effectively, \$x million

Page: 2 of 3

.....

to transaction A, \$y million to transaction B,

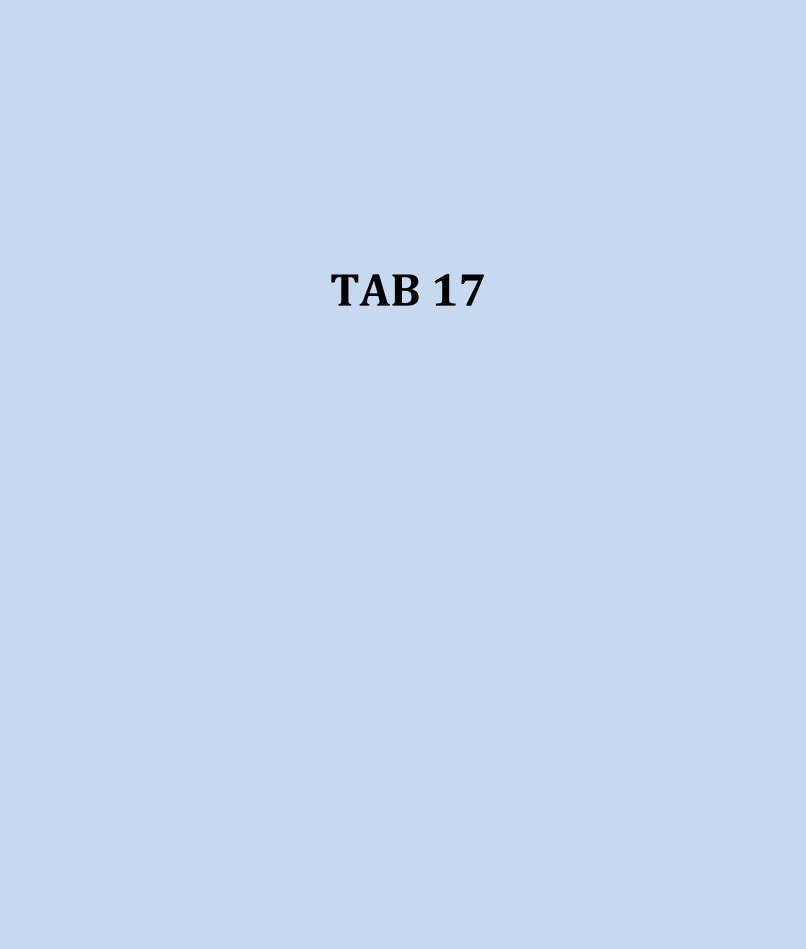
Also, they want to see copies of the written correspondence between AIGFP and GS.

Do you know who I can reach out to help me collect this information?

Thanks

Elias

Page: 3 of 3



Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court I 133 Fleet St I London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority

Collateral Invoice

Goldman

Sachs

To

AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Attn:

n: Group

Phone No:

Email:

Marina Dias

From
Phone No:
Fax No:

212-902-6537 212-428-4775

Email:

Marina.Dias@gs.com

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close 02-NOV-2007 01-NOV-2007

Market Exposure (USD)

Credit Derivatives
Equity Options
Equity Structured Product
FI Swaps - Interest Rate Swaps
Foreign Exchange - Forwards
Foreign Exchange - Options

3,209,763,574.81 45,609,719.94 7,843,388.29 45,847,059.54 (3,176,815.62) 16,786,166.84

Total Exposure

3,322,673,093.80

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required 75,000,000.00 3,247,673,093.80

Collateral Value (USD)

Cash Collateral:

450,000,000.00 450,000,000.00

Increment Minimum Call Amt 10,000.00 100,000.00

Margin Call

2,797,680,000.00

Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhattan Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021

Account: 9301011483

Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

The information in this statement ingrating current monet values is provided for your information only. It specifically stated, the valuation is the price at which Goldman Sochs is proposed to unwind or learned on transaction of pyroximal style Line specifical. Otherwise, such valuation is based upon a good light estimate of the information of the mid-monet value for the permitted of the provided of the provide

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64549259A	O JYUD DE 927500 10Sep09 2JE 0		Z S	ıw O	,	92,75	JPY/USD	10.SEP-2009	TKO
59708758A	O JYLD PE 868500 17Nov09 P97 0	•	ZKO	LJJ	_	36.85	JPY/USD	17-NOV-2009	TKO
64549267A	O JYUD PE 927500 10Sep09 C4A 0	-	150	uu OL	-	52,75	JPY/USD	10-SEP-2009	Ť
61149411A	O JYUD CE 723500 16Peb15 572 0	•	1,0	w O	•	72.35	JPY/USD	16.FEB-2015	7.60
59277514A	O JYUD CE 758060 200ct16 9TP 0		Ę,	UL U	•-	75.6	JPY/USD	20-007-2016	TKO
61149457A	O JYUD PE 723500 (6Feb15 HRW 0		150	er m	•	72.35	JPY/USD	16-FEB-2015	TKO
59277522A	O JYUD PE 756000 200c(16 687 0	20-OCT-2004	24	u)			JPY/USD	20-OCT-2016	TKO C
61191573A	O JYUD CE 867000 18Feb10 ST4 0		-K	ы	_	86.7	JPY/USD	16-FEB-2010	ŦĞ
61191581A	O JYUD PE 857000 16Feb10 BAR 0		DXC OXT	a. w	~		JPY/USD	16-FEB-2010	TKO
54635021A	O JYUD CE 890500 2258p09 5HZ 0		1 <u>%</u>	C E	~	88.05	JPY/USD	22-SEP-2009	₹ 0
62705876A	O JYUD CE 911500 22May09 93W 0		좑	EE CO		91.15	JPY/USD	22-MAY-2009	1 <u>K</u> O
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54635010A	O JYUD PE 890500 2259p09 A9V 0	22-SEP-2003	9 <u>7</u>	er Fin	_	89.05	JPY/USD	22~8EP-2009	₹ 9
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64285360A	O JYUD GE 723000 27Aug 20 27H 0	29-AUG-2005	NAC		•	72.3	JPY/USD	27-AUG-2020	Š
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FXmMExposure -805.6961507	16273,7765	1025,30446	-137490,8188	-360967,8992	-2091411.589	-422859.6805	-145688,3275	-1260.554768	-643740.5413	-176871.6957	-1447,256333	-917916.9274	-420706,0318	34541,1321	-3353,403557	-300852.2065	-682735,1682	-19.92656556	-588883 355B	-469022,5275	133,155485	-2785149.905	-3107.761145	-2930.710814	-953263.4228	13721263.38	-398729.9071	-5148105.557	68058.24375	6038112.066	-6915518,174	-263433.7168	358.7104085	5666,634001.	54546 7600 54546 7600	179 430531	143 78613	283536 4341	-8792.132442	341,9002021	412412.6577	-9710,393305
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tradeRefld	putCallIND underlier	underlier	underlier Quantity	strike Price
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9EF650JQ0	۰	CEN	2500000	0.00 0.00
9EF650JT4	v	ÇIEN	7500000	6.5
9EF64UNK3	Δ,	XPX	36116	
9EF6NYU26	ပ	IBE.MC	97328	5,31
9EF5VL145	o	CAL	625000	X3
9EF5VL160	v	CAL	625000	35
9EF5VL186	v	202	250000	<u></u>
9EF5VL1A1	v	ပ္ပ	250000	\$
9EF5V6687	۵,	GT	1500000	õ
9EF5V66F8	a.	GT	1500000	₽
9EF5X2J87	Q.	NAVZ	200000	õ
9EF5X2Q30	۵.	NAVZ	500000	õ
9EF6NYUO8	D.	IBE,MC	97328	5.31
9EF5MNI68	ပ	CAGR	20977	21.29
95565669	Q.	SPX	4246	1186.35
9EF656684	o	SPX	19821	1513,56
9EF6566C2	a	SPX	19821	1513.58
9EF6566E8	o.	SPX	18542	1279,3
9EF6566D0	a.	SPX	38941	1284
9EFSMNJO8	۵.	CAGR	344	21.29
9EF6568A6	۵.	SPX	42146	1186.35
SDB1504953910Z.0.0.0	o	ALVG.DE	10867	94.76
SDB1623043827.0.1.0	ပ	MA.N	375000	8
SDB1623043841.0,1.0	v	MA,N	375000	8
SDB1624655254.0.1.0	O	VRX.N	500000	32,2803
SDB1624655256,0.1,0	Ç	VRX.N	200000	40.2803
SDB1504953758Z,0.0.0	Ç	STOXX50E	(6060	3113.3
SDB1504953765Z.0.0.0	v	BASF.DE	16876	55.23
SDB15049537912,0,0,0	Ç	SGOB.PA	10552	46.99
SDB1504953798Z.0.0.0	œ.	AEGN.AS	42745	10.5
SDB1504953810Z,0.0.0	ပ	SAPG.DE	6630	34.06
SDB1504953824Z.0.0.0	<u>.</u>	AIRP.PA	7432	64.18
SDB1504953846Z.0.0,0	۵.	EONG.DE	22394	68.52
SDB1504952849Z.0.0.0	O	GASI.MI	37830	22.7
SDB1623049574Z,0.0.0	ن	PCLN.O	250000	8
SDB1504953070Z.0,0.0	ρ.	INGAS	61420	22.75
SOB1505589308.0.0.0	D.	X9S.	16738	1493.65
SDB1504952870Z.0.0.0	۵.	DTEGN,DE	80581	14.92
SDB1504952878Z.0.0.0	o	TLT.Mi	67454.43	2,58
SDB15049S3102Z.0.0,0	<u> </u>	BASF.DE	16875	55.29
SDB1504953104Z,0,0,0	Ω.	TOTFBSK=B		45.88
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SDB1504953594Z.0.0.0	P DBKGn.DE	E 16834	63.62
SDB1504953596Z.0.0.0	C LYDE.PA	27686	22.58
SDB1504953597Z,0.0.0	C AEGN.AS	42745	10.5
SDB15049538052.0,0.0	C FTE.PA	44269.5878	22.46
SDB1504953613Z.0.0.0	C TEF.MC	141241,36	13.07
SDB1504952660Z.0.0.0	C AIRP,PA	7432	84,18
SDB1504952679Z.0.0,0	P REP.MC	29703	20,23
SDB1604953634Z.0.0.0	C DAIGN.DE	25833	33.07
SDB1504952685Z.0.0.0	C LAFP,PA	5285	72,45
SDB1504952695Z.0.0.0	C BBVA.MC	104960	12.76
SDB1504952703Z,0.0.0	C DBKGn.DE	E 16834	83.62
SDB1504952711Z,0,0.0	P PHGAS	40738	21.08
SDB1504953686Z.0.0.0	C SAN.MC	193595	9.34
SDB1504953689Z,0,0,0	C TOTFBS	TOTFBSK=8 73948	45.88
SDB1504953703Z,0,0,0	P TEF.MC	141241,36	13,07
SDB1504953716Z,0.0.0	P AXAF.PA	48083	19.57
SDB1504953718Z.0.0.0	P TLIT.MI	67454.43	2.58
SOB1504953728Z.0.0.0	C RDSa.AS	128984	24,14
SDB1504952435Z.0,0.0	C CARR.PA	18378	40,61
GDB15040537447 0 0 0	ENELW:	113031,1215	7.258

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SDB506568874.0	006816922	20729,9425	08-AUG-2007	1000000	OSD	20-SEP-2012	ı Ø
SDB532092188.0	006441678	1006571.893	23-OCT-2006	7229992,91	asn	20-DEC-2011	₩.
NUUQS07CD0080000000	_	28050,0031	20-JUL-2005	244765.86	OSN	08-JUN-2042	æ
SDB2012987952,0,0,0	006441879	326003.7437	12-JUL-2008	15000000	asn	10-MAY-2043	80
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	006441679	309454,7082	12-JUL-2006	42500000	OSD	10-MAY-2043	æ
SDB2012986052.0,0,0	006441679	336060,4478	12-JUL-2005	15000000	asn	10-JUL-2045	ø
SDB504678635,0,0,0	006441679	3500000	08-DEC-2006	100000000	asa	03-OCT-2039	6
MULQ509/U0080000000	006441878	68730733.48	27-SEP-2005	185353148.5	USD	06-MAY-2042	Ф
SDB2012998043.0.0.0	006441679	331832.7043	12-JUL-2008	15000000	OSN	10-AUG-2042	6
NUUQ5091V0080000000	006441679	30197.0032	27-SEP-2005	232284.64	qsn	06-MAY-2042	8
SDB2012988050.0.0,0	006441879	372673,222	12-JUL-2008	42500000	OSD	10-JUL-2045	a
SDB2012988042,0,0,0	006441879	298747,9693	12-JUL-2006	42500000	nso	10-AUG-2042	60
NUUQ41230008000000	006441679	20927.6496	15-DEC-2004	207170,12	OSD	04-JAN-2041	80
NUUQ510L300800,0,0,0	008441879	170818109.9	15-MAY-2007	1137454066	OSD	05-DEC-2040	40
NUUC 409HS00800000000	006441679	62300513.07	23-SEP-2004	315881673.4	asn	07-DEC-2012	₩.
NUUQ4102N0080000000	006441679	18972858.35	20-OCT-2004	200994743.1	nso	08-DEC-2040	80
NUUGSOSCODBOOGOOO	006441679	29022267.77	13-MAY-2005	198736964.4	nsp	06-JUN-2044	m
SDB2012987840,0.0.0	008441679	35414,24128	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	13-FEB-2046	uy.
SDB2012886159.0.0	006441679	116333.1113	21-APR-2006	44500000	asn	13-FEB-2046	m
SDB2012886139.0,0	006441679	1233016,436	21,4PR-2006	44500000	aso	10-NOV-2045	.
SDB2012987809.0.0.0	006441679	35406,18569	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	10-DEC-2042	ď
SDB2012886109.0.0	006441879	138097,2453	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSO	10-DEC-2042	•
SDB2012988054,0,0.0	006441579	118679.8112	12-301-2006	12500000	osn	10-NOV-2045	63
SOB504492863,0.0,0	008441679	48994750	09-NOV-2006	1399850000	OSD	03-DCT-2039	æ
SDB2012987934,0,0,0	006441679	119955,4536	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	10-OCT-2045	
SDB504678606,0,0,0	006441679	3500000	08-DEC-2008	100000000	OSD	03-007-2039	6
SDB504493409.0,0,0	006441679	48994750	08-NOV-2006	1399850000	asn	03-OCT-2039	(2)
SDB2012886117.0.0	008441679	1030307.67	21-APR-2008	44500000	oso	10-OCT-2045	2
NUUG5622A00700.0,0.0	006441679		15-FEB-2005	600000000	asn	12-FEB-2035	æ
SDB2012986045.0.0.0	006441679	303375,6763	12-JUL-2006	42500000	OSD.	10~UN-2048	4
SDB2012988046,0.0.0	006441679	307763,0681	12-JUL-2006	15000000	aso	10-JUN-2048	.
BUUQ5060100800000000	006441679	87637500	28-JUN-2005	213750000	OSD OSD	06-AUG-2040	ත
BUUQSOSOKOOBOOOOOO	006441879	20500000	28-JUN-2005	50000000	asn	08-AUG-2040	₽
BUUQ511190080000000	006441579	26589,6632	23-NOV-2005	249402.93	กรอ	03-JAN-2043	ab

Counterparty Ref. Number	244			772240-772244 62951,68452951,68452951,68152951,68152951,08152951,68152951,68 772240-772244 772240-772244	\$	244	990 544	244
Counterpart	772240-772244	772240-772244	772240-772244	772240-772244 6295168/52951(772240-772244 772240-772244	772240-173	772240-772244 659038 659037	772240-772244 772240-772244	772240-772244
Reference Obligation		BRODERICK (GDO LTD.) MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD. JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST DUNHILL ABS CDD LTD CLACIER FUNDING CDD II, LTD. GLACIER FUNDING CDD II, LTD, CRS, CS MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORPORATION II	COLUMBIA CENTER TRUST WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2008-1A BANG OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST BANG OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST OF CARRIED STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST OF CARRIED CAMPERCIAL MORPTRAGE CORPORATION	- •	MERRILL LYNCH MORTGAGE TRUST RUNTINGTON CDC, LTD. REPUBLIC OF TALY REPURIN CAFTALY	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	, , , , , ,
Trade Reference id	SDB2012988167,0.0.0 SDB2012886147,0.0 SDB2012886147,0.0 BUUCS120L00900.0.00 NUUCAGASSB008000000 NUUQAGASB0080000000000000000000000000000000000	BULQ511500800.0.0.0 NUUQ4102Q008000000 SDB2012884058.0.0.0 SDB2012886145.0.0 SDB201288690.0.0.0 CDB201288690.0.0.0	SDB2012866119.00 NUC4123N0900.0.00 NUC409HR008000000 NUUC409HR008000000000000000000000000000000000	SDB2012886141.00 SDB2012886141.00 SDB2012886113.00 SDB2012886111.00	SDB2012886137.0.0 SDB503382523.0.0 SDB2012988055.0.0.0 MUUC41251008000000 NUUC510DN000000.0.0 SDB503440664.0.0 SDB503440664.1.0 SDB5030440664.1.0	SDB2012886149.0,0 NUUGS030K00900.0,0.0 SDB532354298.0 SDB53234444	SDS201297343.00.0 SDS2012986121.0.0 SD82012886183.0.0 SD82012886183.0.0	\$D82012988056.0,0.0 \$D82012886125.0,0 \$D82012886125.0,0 \$DUUQSf1160090000000 \$DR2012989952.0,0.0

NUUG6014M0080000000 BUUG5111400800.0.0.0		
0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIILTO	
0.00012000210200	WACHOVA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB503565516.0.0.0	WEST_COAST FUNDING LTD 2008-1A	52963091528630915286309J529630915286309J52963091529630915296
SDB2012987858,0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012987918.6.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB20128B6131.0,0	CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004-02	772240-772244
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	DEUTSCHE MORTGAGE AND ASSET RECEIVING CORP. ASB	. !
SDB2012886123.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SDB2012987947,0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
SDB533080300.1.4	KRAFT FOODS INC.	
SDB2012988074.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886127.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE.BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244
SDB2012988061.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012988077,0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886151.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988082.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
NUCCS128M0080000000	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II, LLC	727404
SDB532092397.0	MUNICH RE FINANCE B.V.	
SDB2012988088,0,0,0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886153.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SOB2012987973,0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	
SDB2012866201.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988060.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886135,0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988039,0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012866133,0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	172240-772244
SDB2012886220.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
NUUQ504GE00800,0,0,0		
NUUQ6090V0030000A00	-	
SDB2012886165.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
NUUC503010080000000	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.	
SDB531906737.0	VALED	
SDB2012886211.0.0		772240 - 772244
NUUQ504GD0080000000	-	
SDB2012988040,0.0.D	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
NUUQ6013A0080000000	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD	
NUUQ507BS00800.0.0.0	JUPITER HIGH GRADE CDO LTD	
SDB20129B8084.0.0,0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SD82012888071.0.0,0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	-
SDB2012886155,0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988048,0.0,0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
C C C CONGOOCE CCCCCC	MINORSHIP DANN COMMISSION MODELS AND TO THE	

Trade Reference Id	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Ref. Number
50,82012988047,0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SOB506568874.0	BLACK & DECKER CORPORATION (THE)	
SDB532092188,0	DEUTSCHE BANK FINANCE M.V.	856085
NUUDS07CD0080000000		
SDB2012987962.0.0.0	COMM 2005-08 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES	TES
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	COMM 2005-C8 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES	JES
SDB2012988052.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB504678635.0.0.0		
NUUG509W00800000N	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	
SD82012988043.0.0.0	GRÉENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	
NUUGSOSIVOOBOODOOO	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	
SDB2012988050.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012986042.0.0.0	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	
NUUQ412300080000000	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD	
NUUQ510L300800.0.0.0	ALTIUS II FUNDING LTD	
NUUQ409HS0080000000	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
NUUQ4102N6680000000	MERCURY CDG 20041, LTD.	
NUCLESSSC0080000000	SATURN VENTURES (, LTD.	
SDB2012987940,0,0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
SDB2012886159.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SDB2012886139.0,0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
SDB2012987809.0.0.0	BANG OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012886109.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB20129BB054.0,0.0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB504492863,0.0.0		
SDB2012987934.0,0.0	SANC OF AMERICA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE INC	
SDB504678605.0.0.0		
SDB504493409,0.0.0		
SDB2012896117.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
NUUQ5022A00700,0.0.0	ORKNEY HOLDINGS, LLC	
SDB2012988045.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDBZ012988048,0,0,0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MOREGAE CORPORATION	
BUUG51119008000000	BRODERICK 1 CDC LTD.	

Dar Fixed Rate 8 8 12 12 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	828020218202228	
GS Number BG3K8 BS16C9 BSHB61 BRHKE5 BPHUP1 8NVZM0 BRCHF7	SSIERO SSHAGO SRGWH7 SSHAGO SRGWH7 SSH9T4 SONSP SNUZP	224700 624R00 624R00 8050A2 8050A1 2116T4 810T4 810T4 810T4 810T4 810T4 810T4 810T4 810T4 810
Trade Reference (d SDB201/288167.0.0.0 SDB201/288163.0.0.0 SDB201/2866147.0.0 BUUGS1/28000000000000000000000000000000000000	SDB201298058.0.0.0 SDB2012986145.0.0 SDB2012886145.0.0 SDB2012886119.0.0 SDB2012886119.0.0 NUUCA409HROBROXOXOXOX NUUCA409HROBROXOXOXOX SDB2012986141.0.0 SDB2012886141.0.0 SDB2012886141.0.0 SDB2012886141.0.0 SDB2012886111.0.0 SDB2012886135.0.0 SDB2012886135.0.0 SDB2012886130.0.0	505552440644.10 508533440664.10 508533440664.10 508532340661.00 50853235428.0 50853235439.0 5082012886181.00 5082012886183.00 5082012886183.00 5082012886183.00 5082012886183.00 5082012886183.00 5082012886183.00

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GS Number 8R05L2 8R9U83 8P3TB5 8SXUF5 8D4858 8R6P12 8D15G8	BSH9V9 BRPD05 BRPD05 BPATB5 BSHAB6 BSHAB6 BPBWM6 BPBWM6 BPTT.05	806RJ4 806RJ4 806RJ4 88TGWF1 88TGWF1 88TGWF1 8PGJ14 2RDGWZ 8PSGF7 8PR1B0 8PSGF7 8PR1B0 8CBZN3 8RB1P7 8PR1B0 8CBZN3 8RB1P7 8FR1B0 8CBZN3 8RB1P7 8RB1P7 8RB1P7 8RB1P7 8RB1P7
Trade Reference ld NUUGS100L0080000000 NUUGS014M00800.0.0.0 SDE2012808716.0.0 SDE2012808716.0.0 SDE201288788.0.0.0 SDE2012887816.0.0.0 SDE2012886131.0.0	SD82012886123.0.0 SD82012888123.0.0 SD82012888074.0.0.0 SD82012888074.0.0.0 SD82012888177.0.0.0 SD82012888171.0.0 SD82012888181.0.0 SD82012888181.0.0 SD82012888181.0.0 SD82012888181.0.0 SD82012888181.0.0 SD82012888181.0.0	SDB2012885201.0.0 SDB201288606.0.0.0 SDB2012886038.0.0 SDB2012886138.0.0 SDB2012886138.0.0 SDB2012886183.0.0 SDB2012886185.0.0 NUUGSG9V003000000.0.0 NUUGSG90V0030000000000 SDB2012886513.0.0 SDB2012886511.0.0 NUUGSG90000000000000000000000000000000000

CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED BY GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

From:

Micottis, Pierre

Sent:

Monday, November 05, 2007 4:51 PM

To:

Habayeb, Elias

Cc:

Cassano, Joseph; Forster, Andrew

Subject:

RE: Collateral Calls

Bias,

Here's a revised spreadsheet:



Collateral_Calls.xis

I added a column containing Goldman's percentage for the deal (column G), Goldman's haircut (column H) and the resulting calculation (column M).

Pierre

From:

Micottis, Pierre

Sent:

Monday, November 05, 2007 21:18

To:

Habayeb, Bias

Cc:

Cassano, Joseph; Forster, Andrew

Subject:

Collateral Calls

∃ias,

Here's a spreadsheet giving the details about the collateral calls:

<< File: Collateral_Calls.xls >>

Pierre

		Oallataval			D. H.	Deal %	Haircut
INTEX	Deal	Collateral Type	Manageo/ Static	Implied Mark from Collateral	Dealer	Deal /6	riditut
				Call			
		110	D4-4'-				
	Abacus 2004-1 Abacus 2004-2	HG Mezz	Static Static				
	ABACUS 2005-2	HG	Static				
	Abacus 2005-3	Mezz	Static				
ABAC05C1	ABACUS 2005-CB1A	Mezz	Static				
ABAC06N1		CMBS					
ABAC0718		CMBS HG	Static				
	Adirondack 2005-1 Adirondack 2005-2	HG	Static				
	Alexander Park CDO I	Mezz	Managed				
	Altius I Funding	HG	Static				
	: Altlus II Funding	HG	Managed	87.50	gs	97%	4%
AYRES1	Ayresome CDO I	Mezz	Managed				
	Belle Haven ABS CDO	HG	Managed				
	Bernoulli High Grade CDO I	HG	Managed		merrili		
	I BFC Genesee CDO BLUEGRASS ABS CDO II	Mezz Mezz	Managed Managed				
	Broderick CDO I LTD	HG	Managed Managed		gs	100%	4%
	Camber 3	Mezz	Managed		socgen/gs	,,,,,	2.5.5 3 3
	Cascade Funding CDO I	HG	Static				
	Commodore 2005-4A A1A	Mezz	Managed	l			
COMMDOR	COMMODORE CDO II	Mezz	Static				
	Coolldge Funding	Mezz	Static				
	Davis Square 2003-1	HG	Static				
	Davis Square Funding II, Ltd	HG	Managed				
	DAVIS SQUARE FUNDING III	HG HG	Managed Managed				
	Davis Square Funding IV Davis Square Funding V	HG	Managed				
	Davis Square Funding VI	HG	Managed				
	Diogenes CDO I	Mezz	Managed	i			
DUKEHG1	Duke Funding HG 1	HG	Managed				
DUKE	Duke Funding VI	Mezz	Managed		ubs		40.4
	Duke Funding VII	Mezz	Managed		gs	25%	4%
	B Duke Funding VIII CDO	Mezz	Managed		OC.	94%	4%
	_ Dunhill ABS CDO Fort Dearborn CDO	Mezz Mezz	Managed Managed		gs	J4 /6	7/0
	Fort Sheridan CDO	HG	Managed		merrill		
	Fortius I Funding	Mezz	Static				
	I G Street Finance	HG	Static				
	3 Gemstone CDO III	Mezz	Static				
GEMST4	Gemstone CDO IV	Mezz	Manageo				
	2 Glacier Funding CDO II	Mezz	Manageo				
	3 Glacier Funding CDO III	Mezz	Manageo	89.27	merrill		
GSTR020	I 2 GStar 2002-2 - 2a7	CMBS Mezz	Static			8 . 1 3	
	GSIar 2002-2 - 2a7 I Hout Bay 2006-1	HG	Static				
	F Huntington CDO	Mezz	Manageo	00.08 t	gs	88%	4%
	INDEPENDENCE IV CDO	Mezz	Static		-		
	5 Independence V CDO	Mezz	Managed		gs	51%	4%
INDEP	independence VI CDO	Mezz	Manageo		merrill		
	I Iona CDO I	HG	Manageo			E401	407
	2 Ischus CDO II	Mezz	Managed		gs	51%	4%
	I Ischus High Grade Funding I	HG HG	Managed Static	98.52	ubs		
	G Jupiter High-Grade CDO 2 Jupiter High-Grade CDO II	HG	Static				
	3 Jupiter High-Grade CDO II	HG	Manageo	d 75.00	gs	100%	4%
	2 Khaleej II CDO	Mezz	Manageo		merrill		
	, = -						

	KLEROS Kleros Preferred Funding	HG	Statio				
	KLEROS2 Kleros Preferred Funding II	HG	Static	00.50			
	LAGUNA Laguna ABS CDO	HG	Managed	82.50	gs	100%	4%
/	LAKESD1 Lakeside CDO1	HG	Managed				
	LAKESD2 Lakeside CDO II	HG	Static				
	LEAFS021	CMBS	Static				
	LEXCAP Lexington Capital Funding	_					
	LONGH061 Long Hill 2006-1	Mezz	Managed	60.00	gs	60%	4%
	MARGF1 Margate Funding I	Mezz	Managed	98.05	ubs		
	MER041 Mercury CDO 2004-1	HG	Managed	97.34	ubs		
	MER2 Mercury CDO II	HG	Static	90.00	gs	48%	4%
	MKPCBO3 MKP CBO III	HG	Managed				
	MKPCBO4 MKP CBO IV	Mezz	Managed	93.75	gs	48%	4%
	MKPCBO5 MKP CBO V	Mezz	Managed				
	MONH051 Monroe Harbor CDO 2005-1	Mezz	Managed				
	MONTPT Montauk Point CDO	HG	Managed				
	NEPT041 Neptune CDO 2004-1	Mezz	Managed	68.55	merrill		
	NEPT2 Neptune CDO II	Mezz	Managed				
	NLAKE1 NORTHLAKE CDO I	Mezz	Managed	88.00	merrill		
	ORCHARD Orchard Park	Mezz	Managed				
	ORCHID Orchid Structured Finance CDO	HG	Static				
	ORCHID2 Orchid Structured Finance CDO II	Mezz	Static				
	ORIPT Orient Point CDO	Mezz	Static	65.00	gs	56%	4%
	PALIS PALISADES CDO	HG	Managed	60.00	gs	100%	4%
	PINEMT Pine Mountain CDO	Mezz	Managed				
	PTNM021 PUTNAM 2002-1 A-1LT	Mezz	Managed				
		HG 🐰	Static				
	PTNM011 Putnam Structured Product CDO 2001-1 RESVOIR Reservoir Funding		Static				
	RFC3 RFC CDO III	HG	Static	80.00	gs	100%	4%
	RIVNOR River North CDO	Mezz	Managed				
	SATV051 Saturn Ventures 2005-1	Mezz	Managed	70.00	gs	77%	4%
	SHERWD Sherwood Funding CDO	Mezz	Static	80.00	gs	100%	4%
	SHERWD2 Sherwood Funding CDO II LTD	Mezz	Managed	60.00	gs	100%	4%
	SIERRAM SIERRA MADRE FUNDING	Mezz	Managed				
)	SKYBX Skybox CDO, LTD	HG	Managed				
	SCOAST4 South Coast Funding IV	Mezz	Static	67.00	jpm/cibc		
	SCOAST5 South Coast Funding V	Mezz	Managed				
	SCOAST7 South Coast Funding VII	Mezz	Managed				
	SCOAST8 South Coast Funding VIII	Mezz	Managed	65.00	gs	100%	4%
	STRT05B Start 2005-BA A1	Mezz	Managed	55.00	gs	100%	4%
	STRT05C START 2005-C A1	Mezz	Static				
	STRIPS3	Mezz	Statlc				
	STRGL1 Straits Global ABS CDO I	CMBS					
	STREETR Streeterville ABS CDO	Mezz HG	Managed				
	SUMS05H1 Summer Street 2005-HG1		Managed				
	SUMMRM1 Summit RMBS CDO I	HG	Managed				
	TABS054 TABS 2005-4	Mezz	Managed	99.20	ubs		
	TIAAR031	Mezz	Managed				
	TORO1 Toro ABS CDO I	CMBS HG					
	TRIXP062 Triax 2006-2		Managed				
	TRIXP061 Triaxx Prime CDO 2006-1	Prime Prime	Static	92.50	gs	100%	4%
	VERD Verde CDO	Prime	Static	98.18	ubs		
	VERT051 Vertical ABS CDO 2005-1	HG	Managed				
	WCOAST1 WESTCOAST 2006-1X A1V	Mezz	Managed	98.93	ubs		
	MAINTI VA MILLATEL VICEO I	Prime	Managed	65.00	gs	100%	4%
	SAUTI IFFO SAUSI	Mezz	Managed				
		HG	Managed				

Additional Comments	Implied	Our BET	AIG Exposure	Amount
	Mark	Valuation as		
	from	at End		
	BET	October		
	model	(706,801,850)	73,322,042,628	2,996,670,
	98.94	(17,176,215)	1,617,721,630	
	99.77	(1,470,815)	643,009,432	
	98.00	(18,869,663)	945,509,339	
	100.00	1,043,509	972,435,126	
	100.00	611,945	363,955,171	
	100.00	875,091	327,405,589	
	100.00 97.60	899,370 (28,039,491)	470,000,000 1,166,189,321	
	98.37	(20,429,564)		
	100.00	314,046	145,081,440	
	99.73	(4,368,793)	1,596,967,108	
85 price for 10/31 from CSFB	100.00	1,481,849	1,161,223,230	96,065
•	100.00	80,366	117,250,798	
	99.68	(2,559,850)		
	96.63	(42,359,124)		
	97.77 100.00	(4,150,011) 328,216	195,889,585	
	98.25	(14,263,120)		
Socgen made call but using GS price	100.00	516,675	422,086,579	
Googen made can be coming to price	100.00	476,117	197,057,531	
	100.00	349,607	187,298,928	
	100.00		105,388,127	
	100.00		228,742,004	
	100.00		869,622,762 1,057,339,737	
	98.75 98.59	(13,197,149) (18,681,682)	'	
	97.31	(35,331,535		
	96.26	(64,058,347		
	95.75	(60,784,067	1,429,443,658	i .
	98.88	(2,776,282		
	99.09	(19,834,937		
BGI made call using UBS dirty price 99.621478	99.05	(5,874,666		
MS gave a price of 85	99.81 100.00	(947,139 379,339		
	100.00			
	100.00		312,627,651	
	98.45	(12,039,277		
	99.94	(197,152		
	98.11	(22,649,024		
	100.00			
	99.89 100.00	(378,933) 230,967	•	
	99.87	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	100.00	*		
	100.00			
	100.00		784,638,392	
	100.00			
	100.00			_
no call from merrill on same position	99.76	•		
	98.82	•	•	
00 mins for 10/21 from CSED	99.24 99.92	• •	*	
90 price for 10/31 from CSFB	99.92 97.31		•	•
	100.0		•	
no call from merrill	97.71			6
	99.23	• •	7) 1,581,690,47	
	100.0	264,669	493,343,429	9

*

	98.29	(13,169,320)	771,718,568	
	97.31	(22,350,056)	830,535,626	112,090,090
	100.00	2,249,615	1,047,146,964	
	100.00	1,004,026	363,363,044	
	100.00	1,816,058	781,873,480	
	100.00	2,257,954	941,443,912	
	99.75	(798,252)	315,444,031	67,712,180
	99.71	(1,511,367)	516,363,036	
W. 6	99.98	(195,456)	798,016,462	
no call from merrill on same position	100.00	800,420	403,936,068	11,537,184
	98.81	(10,008,407)	843,078,777	. ,
	100.00	21,344	41,464,261	444,112
	100.00	228,250	229,414,724	
	98.79	(5,661,621)	468,476,610	
	97.56	(32,185,305)	1,318,332,361	
	97.18	(7,212,224)	255,524,371	
	99.97	(66,498)	240,926,367	
	100.00	47,451	195,610,243	
	100.00	299,924	142,364,743	
	100.00	346,546	109,158,350	
	100.00	33,719	33,279,680	
	100.00	76,082	97,950,176	16,931,216
Table 1	93.43	(85,049,045)	1,295,246,021	466,198,724
	100.00	565,900	358,062,208	100,100,121
	99.99	(17,819)	238,415,976	
	100.00	5,639,313	1,746,076,874	
	100.00	237,936	97,448,536	
	100.00	821,500	310,014,243	49,592,722
	99.12	(3,768,591)	428,271,948	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
	100.00	6,836	148,781,486	29,936,988
	100.00	143,584	169,809,188	27,144,125
MS gave a price of 90	100.00	276,052	342,211,717	123,081,296
	100.00	394,343	320,802,975	,,
	100.00	912,124	1,327,358,814	
CIBC made call using JPM price-JP admits error in CIBC calc	97.24	(16,212,179)	586,611,638	
no call from merrill	100.00	109,767	145,802,944	
no call from merrill	100.00	377,540	378,655,319	
	99.72	(1,957,058)	695,096,197	215,312,783
	98.27	(5,611,113)	324,822,374	133,073,935
	99.57	(2,768,825)	641,953,034	.,
	99.84	(519,442)	314,942,299	
	100.00	173,588	82,829,791	
no call from merrill	100.00	129,968	193,716,037	
no call from merrill	100.00	1,624,697	617,945,665	
	99.09	(6,598,280)	724,643,140	
	100.00	586,639	265,005,232	
	99.10	(2,337,876)	259,780,382	
	100.00	705,147	182,649,434	
no call from merrill	95.87	(35,934,663)	870,821,904	
	100.00	6,739,255	3,706,833,251	129,645,150
	100.00	4,728,050	2,248,900,861	
	97.97	(13,067,030)	645,164,453	
	99.93	(202,962)	276,699,288	
	100.00	1,856,173	2,362,095,943	732,188,105
no call from ubs	100.00	253,328	175,308,789	
	99.88	(904,094)	768,717,825	
		•	• •	

From:

Lehman, David A.

Sent:

11/08/2007 07:09:59 AM

To:

Forster, Andrew

Subject:

Follow-up

Andrew -

Thanks again for getting on the phone yesterday, know it is busy given the current market conditions

We very much would like to continue the constructive dialogue surrounding valuation methodology, trading framework, etc

To that end, we believe the next steps should include a line by line comparison of GS vs AIGFP prices and to drill down into 2-4 deals in more detail

The deals we would suggest would be West Coast Funding (HG) and Independence 5 (Mezz), please feel free to suggest two additional ones as well

Open to other suggestions that you might have

Can we set aside 30 minutes to discuss live today or tomorrow? Our schedule is open

Thanks again, please don't hesitate to reach out to me direct as Neil will be in and out of the office

David

Goldman, Sachs & Co.

One New York Plaza - 47th Floor | New York, NY 10004 Tel: 212-902-2927 | Fax: 212-493-9681 | Mob: 917-863-4678

c-mail: david.lehman a gs.com

Goldman

Sachs

David Lehman

Fixed Income. Currency & Commodities

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Page: 1 of 2

From: Forster, Andrew

Sent: 11/09/2007 01:09:53 PM

To: Cassano, Joseph; Micottis, Pierre

Subject: Merrill Marks

Attachments: AIG_Sent_110607 (2).xls; ML CDO deal 1031 month end prices in

90s attached.msg

Attached are the marks we just got from Merill. I added them to the first excel sheet so you can see their marks vs GS's.

Page: 1 of 1

		I		
Name		CUSIP	Notional	Factor
Mercury CDO 2004-1, Ltd. (A-1NV)	MRCY 2004-1A A1NV	58936RAB3	299,800,000	0.67
Reservoir Funding Ltd. (A-1NV)	RESF 2004-1A A1NV	76112CAB4	374,800,000	0.84
Jupiter High-Grade CDO III, Ltd. (A-1NV)	JPTR 2005-3A A1NV	48206AAG3	1,299,500,000	0.96
Altius II Funding, Ltd. (A-1)	ALTS 2005-2A A1	02149WAA5	1,277,900,000	0.90
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVA)	BROD 2005-1A A1NA	112021AB6	354,500,000	0.97
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVB)	BROD 2005-1A A1B1	112021AC4	485,000,000	0.97
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVA) Delayed	ORPT 2005-1A A1VF	68619MAL5	647,250,000	1.00
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVB)	ORPT 2005-1A A1VB	68619MAQ4	649,750,000	1.00
Kleros Preferred Funding II, Ltd. (A-1NV)	KLROS 2006-2A A1NV	498588AC6	869,500,000	0.99
West Coast Funding I, Ltd. (A-1a)	WESTC 2006-1A A1A	952186AA2	1,187,950,000	1.00
West Coast Funding I, Ltd. (A-1b)	WESTC 2006-1A A1B	952186AB0	1,187,850,000	1.00
Triaxx Prime CDO, Ltd. 2006-2A	TRIAX 2006-2A A1B2	896008AC3	1,499,850,000	1.00
Triaxx Prime CDO, Ltd. 2006-2A (A1B1)	TRIAX 2006-2A A1B1	896008AB5	1,499,850,000	1.00
Independence V CDO, Ltd. (A-1)	INDE5 5A A1	45343PAA3	200,000,000	0.71
MKP CBO III, Ltd. (A)	MKP 3X A1	G6177YAA0	140,000,000	0.27
Duke Funding VII, Ltd. (I-A2)	DUKEF 2004-7A 1A2	264403AJ5	129,650,000	1.00
Dunhill ABS CDO, Ltd. (A-1NV)	DUNHL 2004-1A A1NV	26545QAQ2	327,000,000	0.83
Huntington CDO, Ltd. (A-1A NV)	HUNTN 2005-1A A1A	446279AA9	406,500,000	1.00
River North CDO Ltd. (A-1)	RIVER 2005-1A A1	768277AA3	149,750,000	1.00
Orchid Structured Finance CDO II, Ltd. (A-1)	ORCHD 2005-2A A1	68571UAA7	113,750,000	0.92
Saturn Ventures 2005-1, Ltd. (A-1)	SATV 2005-1A A1	80410RAA4	267,750,000	0.73
South Coast Funding VII Ltd. (A-1ANV)	SCF 7A A1AN	83743YAS2	773,500,000	0.88
Ischus CDO II Ltd. (A-1A)	ICM 2005-2A A1A	46426RAA7	213,750,000	1.00
Ischus CDO II Ltd. (A-1B Delayed)	ICM 2005-2A A1B	46426RAB5	50,000,000	1.00
Sherwood Funding CDO II, Ltd. (A-1)	SHERW 2005-2A A1	82437XAA6	322,250,000	1.00
South Coast Funding VIII Ltd. (A-1NV)	SCF 8A A1NV	83743LAC5	344,500,000	0.97
Lexington Capital Funding, Ltd. (A-1ANV)	LEXN 2005-1A A1AN	52902TAC0	199,500,000	0.95

	Sep M/E	Sep M/E	Sep M/E	Oct M/E	Oct M/E	Oct M/E	Merrill
Actual Notional	Bid	Offer	Mid	Bid	Offer	Mid	mid
200,994,743	87.50	95.00	91.25	85.00	95.00	90.00	92.00
315,681,873	82.50	90.00	86.25	75.00	85.00	80.00	95.00
1,253,495,357	77.50	87.50	82.50	70.00	80.00	75.00	95.00
1,153,336,443	87.50	95.00	91.25	82.50	92.50	87.50]
345,420,648	77.50	85.00	81.25	62.50	72.50	67.50	95.00
472,578,320	77.50	85.00	81.25	62.50	72.50	67.50]
647,250,000	70.00	80.00	75.00	55.00	65.00	60.00	95.00
649,750,000	70.00	80.00	75.00	55.00	65.00	60.00	95.00
859,602,990	80.00	87.50	83.75	77.50	87.50	82.50	95.00
1,187,950,000	90.00	97.00	93.50	62.50	72.50	67.50]
1,187,850,000	65.00	75.00	70.00	57.50	67.50	62.50	
1,499,850,000	94.00	99.00	96.50	85.00	100.00	92.50	
1,499,850,000	94.00	99.00	96.50	85.00	100.00	92.50	
142,553,117	77.50	87.50	82.50	62.50	72.50	67.50	
37,867,405	80.00	90.00	85.00	90.00	97.50	93.75	
129,650,000		95.00	91.25	65.00	75.00	70.00	
271,101,327	80.00	90.00	85.00	70.00	80.00	75.00	95.00
406,500,000	80.00	90.00	85.00	75.00	85.00	80.00	95.00
149,750,000	80.00	90.00	85.00	65.00	75.00	70.00	
104,094,972		82.50	77.50	60.00	70.00	65.00	
196,736,964		90.00	85.00	75.00	85.00	80.00	
684,086,415	75.00	85.00	80.00	60.00	70.00	65.00	90.00
213,750,000	80.00	90.00	85.00	50.00	60.00	55.00	
50,000,000		90.00	85.00	50.00	60.00	55.00	
322,250,000		92.50	88.75	55.00	65.00	60.00	
335,104,984		82.50	77.50	50.00	60.00	55.00	80.00
189,951,776	77.50	87.50	82.50	55.00	65.00	60.00	90.00

From: Athan, Tom

Sent: 11/09/2007 12:49:03 PM

To: Forster, Andrew

CC: Frost, Alan; Liebergall, Jon

Subject: ML CDO deal 10/31 month end prices in 90s attached

Attachments: AIG.xls

...1 mezz deal (SC 7) at 80

Remember, I think the confy we signed last month to see these marks is still in place thus we cant forward it on to others but we can use it to discuss with others

Tom Athan
AIG Financial Products Corp.
203-222-4714 phone
athan@aigfpc.com

From: Caggiano, Robert (GMI-DCS&O) [mailto:robert_caggiano@ml.com]

Sent: Friday, November 09, 2007 12:45 PM

To: Athan, Tom

Cc: Figler, Todd (Strategic Solutions Group - FIG)

Subject: Month end

Tom,

Here are the prices you requested. We will set them up so that you receive them monthly going forward.

This message w/attachments (message) may be privileged, confidential or proprietary, and if you are not an intended recipient, please notify the sender, do not use or share it and delete it. Unless specifically indicated, this message is not an offer to sell or a solicitation of any investment products or other financial product or service, an official confirmation of any transaction, or an official statement of Merrill Lynch. Subject to applicable law, Merrill Lynch may monitor, review and retain e-communications (EC) traveling through its networks/systems. The laws of the country of each sender/recipient may impact the handling of EC, and EC may be archived, supervised and produced in countries other than the country in which you are located. This message cannot be guaranteed to be secure or error-free. This message is subject to terms available at the following link: http://www.ml.com/e-communications_terms/. By

Page: 1 of 2

messaging with Merrill Lynch you consent to the foregoing.
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Page: 2 of 2



Report sent to:

AIGFP Valuation Date 10/31/2007

Report sent from:

Name Client Valuation Group

Email cdo_pricing@ml.com

Phone 212-236-8482

Fax 212-236-8541

AE Name

AE Email

Deal Name	CUSIP/ISIN	BBRG Ticker	Mid Market Spread	Mid Market Value
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVA)	112021AB6			95.00
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVB)	112021AC4			95.00
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1V)	112021AA8			95.00
Dunhill ABS CDO Ltd.(A-1VA)	26545QAA7			95.00
Dunhill ABS CDO, Ltd. (A-1NV)	26545QAQ2			95.00
Glacier Funding CDO II, Ltd. (A-1V)	37638VAA1			95.00
Glacier Funding CDO II, Ltd. (A-1V)	37638VAG8			95.00
Huntington CDO, Ltd. (A-1A NV)	446279AA9			95.00
Huntington CDO, Ltd. (A-1B V)	446279AC5			95.00
Jupiter High-Grade CDO III, Ltd. (A-1NV)				95.00
Jupiter High-Grade CDO III, Ltd. (A-1VA)	48206AAG3			95.00
Kleros Preferred Funding II, Ltd. (A-1NV)	48206AAA6			95.00
Kleros Preferred Funding II, Ltd. (A-1V)	498588AC6			95.00
,	498588AA0			
Lexington Capital Funding, Ltd. (A-1ANV)	52902TAC0			90.00
Lexington Capital Funding, Ltd. (A-1B)	52902TAE6			90.00
Mercury CDO 2004-1, Ltd. (A-1NV)	58936RAB3			92.00
Mercury CDO 2004-1, Ltd. (A-1VA)	58936RAA5			92.00
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVA) Delayed	68619MAL5			95.00
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVB)	68619MAQ4			95.00
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1V)	68619MAJ0			95.00
Reservoir Funding Ltd. (A-1NV)	76112CAB4			95.00
Reservoir Funding Ltd. (A-1V)	76112CAA6			95.00
South Coast Funding VII Ltd. (A-1ANV)	7011207010			90.00
	83743YAS2			
South Coast Funding VII Ltd. (A-1B) Voting				90.00
South Coast Funding VIII Ltd. (A-1NV)	83743YAB9			80.00
South Coast Funding VIII Ltd. (A-1V)	83743LAC5			80.00
Court Codst I unumg vill Ltd. (A-1V)	83743LAA9			30.00

The above estimated value[s] are as of the date indicated and do not represent actual bids or offers by Merrill Lynch. There can be no assurance that actual trades could be completed at such value[s]. Unless otherwise specified, the above valuations represent estimated mid-market valuations. Such mid-market values attempt to approximate the current economic value of a given position using prices and rates at the average of the estimated bid and offer for the respective underlying asset(s) or reference rate(s) and/or mathematical models, as we have deemed appropriate. In the absence of sufficient or meaningful market information available to us, such valuations, or the components thereof, may be theoretical in whole or in part.

Discussions of the trade values in general, and indicative or firm price quotations and actual trade prices in particular, may vary significantly from these written estimated values as a result of various factors, which may include (but are not limited to) the composition of the remainder of your portfolio, the immediate intentions of you and others with respect to similar or related positions, prevailing credit spreads, market liquidity, position size, transaction and financing costs, hedging costs and risks and use of capital and profit. Bid-side valuations attempt to approximate the amount a party would pay to purchase the asset or position, and offer side valuations attempt to approximate the amount a party would pay to sell an asset or position.

These estimates may not be representative of any theoretical or actual internal valuations employed by us for our own purposes, may vary during the course of any particular day and may vary significantly from the estimates or quotations that would be given by another dealer. You should consult with your own accounting or other advisors as to the adequacy of this information for your purposes. As a condition for providing these estimates, you agree that Merrill Lynch makes no representation and shall have no liability in any way arising there from to you or any other entity for any loss or damage, direct or indirect, arising from the use of this information.

From: Forster, Andrew

Sent: Wednesday, November 14, 2007 4:54 AM

To: Cassano, Joseph

Subject: Collateral Calls on CDO's

Joe,

We have received 2 significant collateral calls overnight from Merrill Lynch and from Socgen.

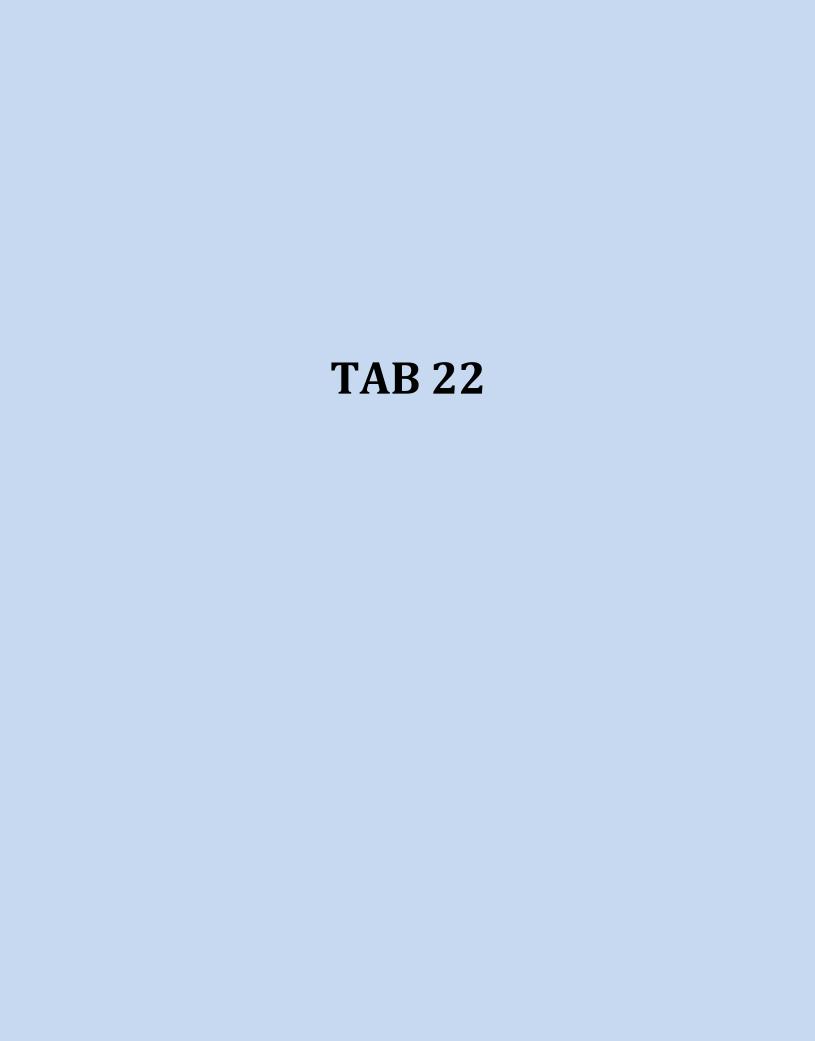
Socgen is asking for \$1.7bn on a portfolio of 13.6bn. They have another 3.7bn where 1bn has prices above the posting threshold of 92 but the other 2.7bn is waiting for prices that come from UBS so the call may well increase. The Socgen call is on 14 deals, 8 HG and 5 mezz. A lot of their prices come from GS although they also have deals where they got prices from other dealers that include Bear, JP Morgan, RBS, Morgan Stanley and Wachovia. The average price on deals they have made a call on is 79.60.

Merrill Lynch came back with an increased collateral call which is now \$610mm on a portfolio of 7.8bn. They still have another 2bn of exposure that as of yet they have not made a call on. Their average price is 84.20.

I am assuming we shoud push back, dispute the marks and see if we can agree a compromise number with each bank?

Goldman are yet to respond by the way but should do today

Andrew few



From: Forster, Andrew

Sent: Sunday, November 18, 2007 7:41 AM

To: Cassano, Joseph Subject: GS Prices vs Others

The average GS price on HG deals is 82.18 and the avg mezz deal is 68.36

The average Merrill price using the prices they used as the collateral call on HG is 87 and mezz is 80.57.

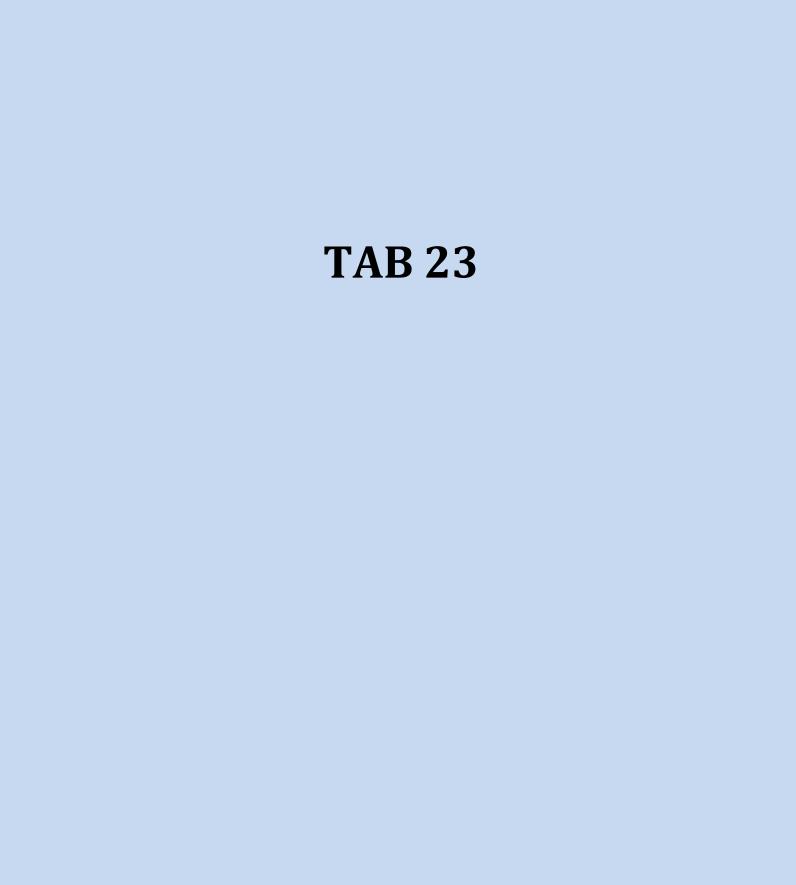
The average Merill price they sent as valuations is 94.5 for HG and 90 for mezz.

The only specific deal that we had calls for under the CSA by both guys is Independence V where Merrill used 90.81 and GS used 67.5

The average mezz price if we inloude the call from Socgen where they did not use GS prices is 76

Out of interest if we use the prices for HG and mezz deals that Merrill has used for their collateral call the GS amount would be for 1.5bn. If we use the average prices (not including quotes as they are much higher) from all other dealers (Merrill, RBS, JPM amd Wachovia) the call is 1.66bn. We have one deal that is prime collateral and GS marked it at 92.5 and if we mark that at 92.5 instead of the average then the collateral call would be 1.5bn using all other dealers and 1.35bn using Merrill.

All prices we have received are as of 10/31



Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court [133 Fleet St | London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority



Collateral Invoice

To Attn: AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Group

Phone No: Email:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

From Phone No: Fax No: Email:

Marina Días 212-902-6537 212-428-4775

Marina.Dias@gs.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close 23-NOV-2007 22-NOV-2007

Market Exposure (USD)

3,403,521,820.99 **Credit Derivatives Equity Options** 46,644,863.56 8,745,649.03 **Equity Structured Product** FI Swaps - Interest Rate Swaps 45,659,958.73 Foreign Exchange - Forwards (1,946,626.77) 13,542,969.82 Foreign Exchange - Options

Total Exposure

3,516,168,635.35

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required

75,000,000.00 3,441,168,635.35

Collateral Value (USD) Cash Collateral:

450.000.000.00 450,000,000.00

increment Minimum Call Amt

10,000.00 100,000.00

Margin Call

2,991,170,000.00

Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhatlan Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021 Account: 9301011483 Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

The inhumation in this statement regarding cumber translet values is provided for your information only. It specifically stated, the valuation is the price of which Goldman Soch's is prepared to unmind or terminate the transaction of approximately the time specified, the price of the price

Page 1

Alla Valla																														
underlierQuanilly 10000000	10000001	100000001	100000001	1500000	1500000	1500000	1500000	20000002	20000000	25000000	25000000	2500000	25000000	2500000	25000000	30000000	30000000	30000000	31000000	50000000	50000000	10000001	100000001	15000000	15000000	1260075600	1302180000	240750000	204120000	-16829d000
accountNumber 02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587667	02567567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02597567	02597567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587567	02587587	02587567	02567567	02587587	02587567	02697567
firmAccountNumber 79599004	79599004	79599004	78599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79595004	79599004	79589004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	78599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79599004	79598004	79599004
gsLegalEntity GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	SSIL	GSIL	CSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	CSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL	CSIL	GSIL	GSIL	GSIL.	CSIT	CSIL	GSII.
buySekiND securityType B Option	Option	Option	Option	Optlen	Option	Option	Collon	Oplion	Optlon	Option	Oplion	Option	Optlon	Opiion	Option	Oplon	Opllon	Optlon	Option	Option	Oplion	Option	Option	Optlon	Option	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward	Forward
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closingPrice 0.161322928	0.117827335	0.021123765	0,026161415	0.158317177	0.113482411	0.043208741	0.084954781	0,158070558	0.023343692	0.146340868	0,134472951	0,081390797	0.022008805	0.020751876	0.046731912	0.06976254	0.109484872	0.011023674	0.073316888	0.000521565	0.010697794	0,10446889	0,10074075	0,142212046	0.072149127	104,2729362	104.2654438	73.78363872	81.67937249	72,81598573
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9EFSWNI68	U	CAGE	*	21.29
BEF64UNK3	ο.	SPX	36118	-
SEFSMNJOB	ο.	CAGR	7,502	21.29
9EF5MNJO8	<u>م</u>	CAGR	*	7. 13
9EF650JQ0	ပ	CIEN	7500000	5,65
9EF650JT4	v	CIEN	7500000	6,51
9EF656899	۵.	SPX	42146	1186.35
9EF65684	ပ	SPX	19821	1513,56
9EF6566C2	Ð.	SPX	19621	1513.55
9EF6566E8	a.	SPX.	19542	1279.3
9EF656DD	۵.	SPX	38941	1284
9EF6NYU26	o	IBE.MC	97328	5,31
9EF5VL145	o	CAL	625000	25
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SDB15049528702.0.0.0	. a.	OTEGN.DE	80581	14,92
SDB1504953605Z.0.0.0		FTE.PA	44259,5876	22.46
SDB1504952878Z.0.0.0	o	rut.wi	67454.43	2.58
SDB1504953195Z.0.0.0	<u> </u>	CROLMI	150085	4.0625
SOB1626239221,0.0,0	~ o	NRG.N	200000	29,543
SDB1504953613Z.0,0.0	, O	TEF.MC	141241.36	13.07
SOB1504853196Z.0.0.0	- د	ISP.MI	70160	3.64
SDB15048532022,0,0,0	<u>.</u>	BBVA.MC	104960	12.78
SDB1623043827,0.1,0	ο	MA.N	375000	8
SDB1623049426Z.0.0.0	ű	SNOK.O	1300000	82,36
SDB15049532052,0.0.0	Ü	BAYG.DE	22607	27.8
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SDB1504953634Z.0.0.0	0	DAIGN.DE	25833	33.07
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SDB1504953686Z.0.0.0	ű	SAN,MC	193585	48.00
SDB1504953889Z,0.0.0	ი	TOTFBSK-B 73948	73948	45.88

Trade Reference Id NUUO4125H00B0000000	Acct Number 006441679	Market Exposure 38572530.92	Trade Date	Notional Value 149750000	Notional Currency USD	Meturity Date 05-FEB-2040	Buy\Sell B
NUUG5030L0080000000	008441579	40000	02-MAR-2005	250000	osn	05-NOV-2040	D
BUUQ506030080300000	006441679	87307816.93	28-JUN-2005	213750000	OSD	06.AUG-2040	œ
NUVOS100L008000000	005441679	90000	07-OCT-2005	250000	nsp	03-OCT-2045	83
BUUQ\$060K0080000000	006441679	20422881,13	26-JUN-2005	20000000	uso	06-AUG-2040	cn.
BUUGS11190080000000	006441579	68917,3092	23-NOV-2005	249402.93	asn	03-JAN-2043	ø
NUUQ512BM0080000000	006441679	32866,83543	19-DEC-2005	250000	asn	05-DEC-2042	80
SDB531906737.0	006441679	-7257,552229	17-AUG-2006	11132055,87	QSD	20-JUN-2009	6 0
SDB532092397.0	006815922	-1100909.124	23-OCT-2005	59370964.63	QSA	20-DEC-2011	ω
SDB532092188.0	006441679	1862368,504	23-OCT-2006	74213705.79	USD	20-DEC-2011	æ
SD8532354298.0	005441679	-200685,2442	19-JAN-2007	75000000	asn	20-JUN-2010	œ
SDB532354359.0	008441679	-65244,29693	19-JAN-2007	25000000	USO	20-JUN-2010	œ
NUUQ4091P0080000000	006441679	16622,33571	23-SEP-2004	89774.61	oso	07-DEC-2040	6
NU UGE014M0030000000	006441679	97461.1205	12-JAN-2006	247447.12	OSO	06-0CT-2043	Φ
NUUQ4102Q0080000000	006441679	6327.145	20-OCT-2004	70443.79	OSD	08-DEC-2040	<u>د</u>
NUUGSO7CD0080000000	006441679	49731,8241	20-101-2005	244765.88	asn	08-JUN-2042	<i>a</i>
'SDB533080300.1.4	006815922	16997,50612	18~JUL-2007	20000000	ash	20-SEP-2012	Ø
NUUQ409HS00800000000	006441679	62300513.07	23-SEP-2004	315681873,4	asn	07.050.2012	100
NUUQ4102N0080000000	008441679	18972858.35	20-OCT-2004	200994743,1	asn	08-DEC-2040	0
NUUG5055C008D000000	006441679	29022267.77	13-MAY-2005	186736964,4	USD	96-JUN-2044	_
SDB533440664.0.0	006815922	-6138,445747	05-SEP-2007	0000006	asp	20-JUN-2010	60
SDB533440564.1,0	006815922	-23189.68393	05-SEP-2007	34000000	GSD	20~UN-2010	—
SDB533440664,2.0	006815922	-11594,84197	05-SEP-2007	1700000	asn	20~UN-2010	മ
SDB506568874.0	006815922	-69632,70813	08-AUG-2007	1000000	asn	20-SEP-2012	v
BUUGS11160080000000	006441679	133699580.5	24-NOV-2009	472578320,2	osn	03-JAN-2043	8
NUUQ412300080000000	006441679	39952,7856	15-050-2004	207170.12	ash	04-JAN-2041	æ
NUUQ504GD0080000000	008441679	204998075.3	21-APR-2005	684088415.1	usp	08~JAN-2041	~
NUUG6013A0080000000	006441679	134301423.5	12-JAN-2006	335104984.4	OSD	06-0CT-2043	6
NUUCEOSOVOD30000A00	006815922	48065478.57	12-SEP-2006	327257840.4	uso	28-SEP-2045	æ
NUUQ503580080000000	006441879	29335635,36	11-WAR-2005	101577993.8	oso	15-NOV-2040	m
SDB533882552.1.0	008815922	3221363,041	30-OCT-2007	50000000	asn	20~UN-2012	-
NUUQSOSIU00800000000	006441679	64930289,18	27-SEP-2005	185363148.5	OSO	06-MAY-2042	₽
NUUGSOBIVOOSOOOOO	006441679	81366.2748	27-SEP-2005	232284.84	QSD	06-MAY-2042	7
SDB533920572.0	005815922	-157819,7789	06-NOV-2007	22264111.74	OSO	20.DEC-2012	S
SDB533918128.0	005815922	195909,4659	06-NOV-2007	22264111,74	OSD	20-DEC-2012	6
SDB533818096.0	006815922	272863,9698	06-NOV-2007	22264111.74	asp	20-DEC-2012	
NUUG409HR0080000000	008441679	50741743.47	23-SEP-2004	224831328.4	asn	12-NOV-2042	_
NUUQ409INEO80000000	005441679	14953.0675	23-SEP-2004	69221.45	asn	12-NOV-2042	œ
SDB2012987947,0.0,0	006441679	340575,6813	12-JUL-2008	12500000	OSD	11-SEP-2042	~
SDB2012866139,0,0	006441679	2911353,606	21-AFR-2006	44500000	asn	10-NOV-2045	Φ.
SOB2012988054,0.0,0	006441679	477886,8042	12-JUL-2008	12500000	. OSD	10-NOV-2045	a 3
SDB2012886165.0.0	006441679	1874518,776	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSD	15-FEB-2039	6
SDB2012988040.0.0.0	006441679	524647.9667	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	15-FEB-2039	oo.
SDB2012988055.0.0.0	006441679	400075.1369	12-JUL-2006	12500000	asn	10-JUL-2039	8

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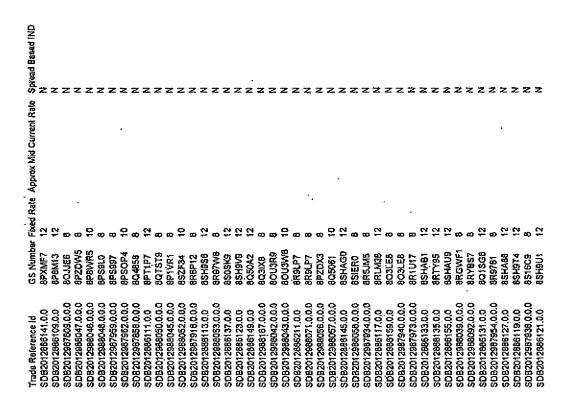
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Market Exposure 455232.8336 268986.3064	160483.1364	561840.827 727590.028)	1325219.032	2772081.146	2726731.487	509492,2341	455837.5944	925225,3481	460052.4561	563339,0062	2110567,112	386927.9182	160928.3306	1074425,742	372843.7722	2761372,703	468463,3354	116010000	97724744,85	114310851.9	52281930.56		65040000	66256,6472	258506036.4	233910000	233010000	209731544.4	336042907.7	397928750	48984750	48994750	3500000	3500000	170746392.8
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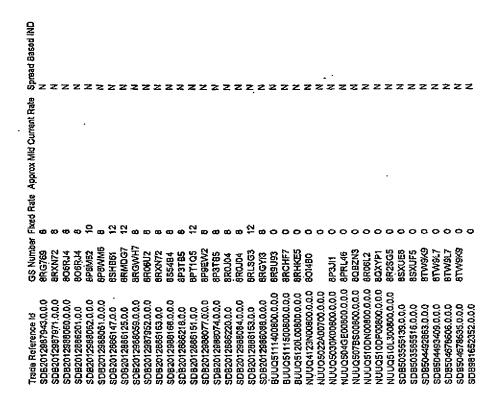
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SDB2012988042.0.0.0	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	
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SDB2012886211.0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	1/2240 - 1/2244
SDB2012988071.0.0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	
SDB2012988056.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
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SDB2012886145.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244
SDB2012988058.0.0,0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MONTGAGE SECS CORP	
SDB2012987934.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE INC	
SDB2012886117,0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012886159.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SDB2012987940.0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
SDB2012987973,0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	
SDB2012886133.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	(72240-7/2244
SDB2012866135.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012886155.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988039.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012988092.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012885131.0.0	CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004 C2	772240-772244
SDB2012987954,0.0,0	CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004-02	
SDB2012886127.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244
SDB2012886119.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	(/2240-//2244
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	BANG OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012886121.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244

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SDB2012987971,0.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	
SDB2012886060,0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012866201.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988062.0.0.0	18-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012988061.0.0.0	18-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886147.0.0	JP WORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244
SDB2012886125.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244
SDB2012986059.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
SDB2012987952.0.0.0	CD 2805-CD1 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB20128B6163.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	772240-772244
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	DÉUTSCHE MORTGAGE AND ASSET RECEIVING CORP.ASS	
SOB2012886216.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
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SDB2012988077.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
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SDB201298B055.0.0.0	8PXCL5	∞		2:





## Unkown

From:

Dias, Marina [Marina Dias@ny.email.gs.com]

Sent:

Monday, November 26, 2007 9:10 AM

To:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

Subject:

Margin Call Report GSI vs. AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Attachments: Invoice; FX Details; Fixed Income Swaps Details; Equity Options Details; Credit Derivatives

Details; Collateral Details

The 6 attachments to this Email contain the Margin Call Report for close of business 23-NOV-2007. Please confirm receipt of this report by contacting us via e-mail or phone.

Marina Dias 212-902-6537 Marina.Dias@gs.com

Prepared Monday, November 26, 2007 at 09:09 AM Compass Tracking Code 24834_330090920

<< Invoice>> << FX Details>> << Fixed Income Swaps Details>> << Equity Options Details>> << Credit Derivatives Details>> <<Collateral Details>>

5/7/2008

## Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court | 133 Fleet St | London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority

## Collateral Invoice



To Attn: AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Phone No: Email:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

From Phone No: Fax No:

Email:

Marina Dias 212-902-6537 212-428-4775

Marina.Dias@gs.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close 26-NOV-2007 23-NOV-2007

Market Exposure (USD)

 Credit Derivatives
 3,403,925,131.85

 Equity Options
 46,897,299.80

 Equity Structured Product
 8,745,649.03

 FI Swaps - Interest Rate Swaps
 45,624,153.49

 Foreign Exchange - Forwards
 (1,895,285.42)

 Foreign Exchange - Options
 13,198,134.10

 Total Exposure
 3,516,495,082.86

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required 75,000,000.00 3,441,495,082.85

Collateral Value (USD) Çash Collateral: 2,000,000,000.00

Increment Minimum Call Amt 10,000.00 100,000.00

Margin Call

1,441,500,000.00

## Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhatian Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021 Account: 9301011483

Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

The Information in this statement reputing current manes values is provided for your information only. If specifically stated, the valuation is the price of which Goldman Sochs is he practiced on the price of which Goldman Sochs is propried to annihilate for the information of operations of the middle for the specified and there is no representation that any valuation is observed in the price. The adjusted valuation was reported to the price is no representation that any valuation have been effected at that price. The adjusted valuation you would obtain by using pricing modets an abbit form Codemon Sochs or from any other source, or which would receive from another develor, and is mall recessively indicative of valuation reports that cannot be called the price. The adjusted on the price, the social report of the valuation provided from your price of the price of the valuation of the price of the price. The adjusted is information which we believe, but do not specified and strend valuation models in the Adjusted of the price of th

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Trade Referenca Id BUUQS111400800,0.0.0	Acct Number 008441879		Trade Date 11-MAY-2007	Notional Value 322250000	Votional Value Notional Currency		Buy\Sell B
SD8532092397.0	006815922	-1038510.702	23-OCT-2006	59327991.84	gsn	20-DEC-2011 S	
SDB2012886159.0.0	006441979	580982,7458	21-APR-2008	44500000	OSD	3-FEB-2046	_
SDB2012387954.0.0.0	006441679	393247.6267	12 JUL 2006	12500000	csn	15-MAY-2043 B	
SDB2012987940.0,0.0	006441879	165967.2397	12-JUL-2006	12500000	asn	13.FEB-2046 B	_
SDB2012988084,0,0,0	006441679	373326.2192	12~101-2006	15500000	asn	15-OCT-2044 B	_
NUUQ4102Q0080000000	006441679	6327.145	20-OCT-2004	70443.79	osn	08-DEC-2040 8	
SDB2012886137.0.0	006441579	2747212,12	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSD	10-NOV-2045 B	_
SD82012988055.0,0,0	006441679	400456.9456	12~JUL-2006	12500000	CSD	10-JUL-2039 B	_
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SDB2012886153.0.0	006441679	2784977.252	21-APR-2006	44500000	nsp	15-DEC-2044 B	_
SDB2012886123.0.0	006441879	2530733,761	21-APR-2008	44500000	OSO	11-SEP-2042 B	_
SDB2012986042,0.0.0	006441679	1324368.386	12-JUL-2006	42500000	asu	10-AUG-2042 B	_
SDB2012886147.0.0	006441679	2775715,989	21-APR-2008	44500000	asn	15-DEC-2044 B	_
5082012988088,0,0,0	006441679	489048,9445	12-JUL-2006	1250000	asn	15-DEC-2044 B	_
SDB2012988043.0.0.0	008441679	744646.8813	12-JUL-2006	15000000	OSD	10-AUG-2042 B	_
SOB2012865135,0,0	006441679	2750713.541	21-APR-2006	44500000	uso	15-DEC-2040 B	_
NUUG5022A00700.0,0.0	006441679		15-FEB-2005	600000000	OSD	12-FEB-2035 B	_
SDB2012986047.0.0.0	006441679	1477650,788	12~JUL-2006	46500000	asn	10-MAY-2043 B	
SDB2012886149.0.0	006441679	2329527,093	21-APR-2008	44500000	OSO	12-JUN-2043 E	_
SDB2012988046,0,0.0	006441679	724833.0022	12-101-2006	15000000	asn	10-JUN-2048 B	_
SDB201298B167,0,0,0	006441679	399221.1787	12-JUL-2006	12500000	asn	12-JUN-2043 E	_
SDB2012986048.0,0,0	006441679	595320,8178	12-301-2008	11000000	dsn	10-MAY-2043 B	_
SDB2012988168.0,0.0	006441679	460634,519	12-JUL-2006	12500000	asn	15-JAN-2046 E	_
NUUG507CD00800000000	006441879	49731.8241	20101-2005	244765.86	asn	08~UN-2042 B	_
SDB2012987947.0,0.0	006441679	340985.1852	12-JUL-2006	12500000	dsn	11-SEP-2042 B	_
SDB2012886155.0.0	006441679	2951432.217	21-APR-2006	44500000	asp	15-JAN-2045 E	_
SDB2012968092,0,0,0	006441679	194854.191	12~JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	15-JAN-2045 E	_
SDB2012988039.0.0.0	006441679	491309.8705	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	15-DEC-2040 8	_
BUUQ511190080000000	006441679	68917,3092	23-NOV-2005	249402.93	OSD	03-JAN-2043 E	~
NUUG4125H0080000000	006441679	38572530.82	22-DEC-2004	149750000	OSD	06-FEB-2040 E	_
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	006441679	1346725,287	12-JUL-2006	42500000	OSO	10-MAY-2043 E	_
SDB50355516,0.0.0	006441679	397929750	19-JUL-2006	1187850000	oso	04-NOV-2041 B	_
SDB2012987962,0.0.0	006441679	791663.0224	12-JUL-2006	15000000	ดรถ	10-MAY-2043 E	_
SDB2012686127,0.0	006441679	2958773,608	21-APR-2006	44500000	nsp	15-JAN-2046 E	_
SDB533440664,0.0	006815922	-2839,395183	05-SEP-2007	9000006	osn	_	m
SDB533440664,1,0	006815922	-10726,60403	05-SEP-2007	34000000	nsp	20~UN-2010 E	_
SDB533440664,2.0	006815922	-5383,302013	05-SEP-2007	17000000	osn	20-JUN-2010 E	_

Trade Reference ld	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Ref. Number
NUUQ409IP0080000000	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
SDB2012886141.0.0	COLUMBIA CENTER TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012987952.0.0.0	CD 2005-CD1 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SD82012988050.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012988045.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SD8533920572.0	ING BANK N.V.	
NUUQ5100L0080000000	ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.	
SDB2012866109.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDE2012987809.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012886211.0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	772240 - 772244
SDB2012988071.0.0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	
NUUG409HS0080000000	-	
SDB533882552.1.0	CDX,NA.IG,HVOL.8	
NUUQ4102N00800000000	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTO.	
NUVG5055C0080000000	SATURN VENTURES I, LTD.	
SOB2012985059.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
SDB2012886119.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988056.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012988057.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
BUUGS111500800,0,0,0	BRODERICK I COO LTD.	
SDB2012886145.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244
SDB2012986058.0.0.0	-	
NUUQ6014M0080000000		
NUUQ5030K00800.0,0.0	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.	,
SDB532354298.0	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	659038
NUUCEOBOVOO30000A00	ABACUS 2006-NS1, LTD.	
SDB532354359.0		559037
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NUUQ6013A0080000000	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD	
BUUQSÓGOJGOGGODGOOO	ISCHUS CDO ILTD	
BUUQ5060K0080000000	ISCHUS CDO I LTD	
NUUQ5t0DP00800.0.0.0	ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.	
NUUQ\$10DN00800.0.0.0	ORIENT POINT CBO, LTD.	
NUUQ4123N00800.0.0.0	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD	
SDB2012988052.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	•
SDB533080300.1.4	KRAFT FOODS INC.	
SDB2012886121.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SDB2012987943.0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
SDB2012988060.0.0	US-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886201.0.0	-	772240-772244
NUUQ512BM0080000000	-	12/4/3
SDB2012988062.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
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Counterparty Rof. Number	772240-772244	772240-772244		772240-772244 850085		772240-772244	5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/52	772240-772244	AACTOR AACTOR	++77;;;;	772240-772244	772240-772244	772240-772244	772240-772244	++>27  -C+77
Reference Obligation  18-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST  300 BRODERICK CDO 1 LTD	_	DANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION THE BOVAL BANK DE SCOTT AND PUBLIC ! IMITED COMPANY		88	9	WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2006-1A	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	8	_	VALEO 3.0 ALTUS II FUNDING LTD 5.0 BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST 5. BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST 5. BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	_			BANC OF AMERICA SIRUCTURAL SECURITY IROSI GO SOUTH COAST FUNDING GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTIGAGE CORPORATION
Trade Reference ld SDB2012988061.0.0.0 BUUQS1116090000000	SD8981652352.0,0,0 SD82012886139,0,0 SD8506568874.0	SDB2012987858.0.0.0 SDB2012886111.0.0 SDB504492863.0.0.0	SDESO/493409.0.0.0 SDESO4678806.0.0.0 SDESO12988054.0.0.0	SDB20428101207 SDB2012886131.0.0 SDB2012988074.0.0.0	NUUQ409HR008000000 NUUQ409H008D000000	SDB2012886216.0.0 NUUQ6078800800.0.0.0	SDB503565139.0.0.0	SDB2012886165.0.0	NUUQ503580080000000000000000000000000000000	SD82012386151,0.0 SD82012388077,0,0.0	SDB531906737.0 NUUQS10L300800.0.0.0 SDB2012387916.0.0.0 SDB0012386113.0.0	SDE201286793000000000000000000000000000000000000	SUBSULTERNZEUN. NUUQ4123C0866000000 SDB2012987973.0.0,0 SDB2012886125.0.0	\$D82012886133.0.0 NUUGSG9IUGG80000000 NUUGSG9IVDG80000000	SD62012888117.0.0 NUUG504GE00800.0.0 SD62012988053,0.0.0

Trade Reference Id BUUGS1 † 1400800,0.0,0 SDB532092337.0 SDB2012886159.0,0 SDB2012887854.0,0,0		Counlerparty Ref. Number 772240-772244
SDB2012987940.0.0.0 SDB201298004.0.0.0 NULYQ.410202080000000 SDB2012896137.0.0 SDB2012989655.0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST MERCURY CDO 2804-1, LTD. GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION (GS) GS MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORPORATION II	772240-772244
SDB2012886153.0.0 SDB2012886153.0.0 SDB2012988042.0.0.0	ERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST TOTAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC DIAMERCIAL FUNDING CORP. MERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-77224 772240-77224 772240-77224
SCB20129803810.00 SCB2012988048.0.00 SCB2012886135.0.0 SCB2012886135.0.0 NUUGS022A00700.0.0	·	772240-772244
SDE2012886149.00 SDE2012886149.00 SDE2012989646.0.00 SDE2012989167.00.00 SDE2012989168.0.00 SDE2012998168.0.00 SDE2012999169.0.00	ASB S INC	772240-772244
SDB2012886155.0.0 SDB2012886092.0.0.0 SDB2012886039.0.0.0 BUUQ\$11180080000000	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST BRODERICK 1 CDO LTO. RIVER NORTH COO LTO.	772240-772244
5062012987399.0.0 506201298756.0.0.0 506201298737.0.0 506533440684.0.0 506533440664.1.0 506533440664.2.0	COMMIN 2003-CB COMMINERCIAL MORTONE FASS-1 FROUGH CERTIFICATES WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2006-14 SSS COMMINERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES SSS CITIERROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMINERCIAL MORTGAGES HELLENIC REPUBLIC (THE) HELLENIC REPUBLIC (THE) HELLENIC REPUBLIC (THE)	529630815296309152963091529630915296309152963081! ES 772240-772244

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GS Number BNV2MD BPXMF7 BROBU2 BQTST9 BPIVR1	BROBLZ BPBM13 BOJJE6 BRBLP7 BRSLP7 BRSLP7 BNV2LZ SXUGS1 BPTK76	BRGWH7 BSH914 BPZDX9 BS16C9 BS16C9 BSHAG0 BSHAG0 BSIER0 BSIER0 BP3JII	8PRJB0 808PJ3 808PJ3 808PJ3 808PJ3 806RJ4 2RF6P3 8SR9U9U9 88GR6P3 806RJ4 8P8M62 8P8M62
Trade Reference Id NULICAGGIPODBODODODO SDE2012886141.0.0 SDE2012984752.0.0.0 SDE2012988050.0.0.0 SDE2012988050.0.0.0 SDE503920972.0	NUUCS10D10000000000000000000000000000000000	SDB2012988USS.0.0.0 SDB201298BUSS.0.0.0 SDB201298BUGE.0.0.0 SDB201298BUSF.0.0.0 BUU QS111500800.0.0.0 SDB201238B145.0.0 SDB201238B145.0.0 SDB201238B145.0.0 SDB201238B145.0.0 SDB201238B145.0.0 SDB501238B145.0.0 NUUQS00000000000000000000000000000000000	NUUCSD4GD003000000000000000000000000000000000

Trade Reference Id	GS Number	Fixed Rate Approx	Approx Mid Current Rate	Spread Based IND
SDB2012988061,0.0.0	8P8WM6	60		z
BUUG5111600B0000000	BRCNC7	2		z
SDB981652352.0.0.0		0		z
SDB2012896139.0.0	8SHAD7	12		Z
SDB508568874.0	64NO07	20		z
SDB2012987858,0.0.0	804858	80		z
SDB201288B111,0,0	8PT1P7	12		z
SOB504492883.0.0.0	8TW9K9	Q		z
. SDB504493409.0,0.0	8TW9L7	0		z
SDB504678606,0.0.0	8TW9L7			z
SDB2012988054.0,0.0	<b>8RP007</b>	8		z
SDB533918128.0	31491.1	<b>\$</b>		z
SDB2012886131.0,0	801598	12		z
SDB532092188.0	6.X0Z9	15		z
SDB2012988074.0.0.0	8P3TB6	<b>&amp;</b>		z
NUUQ409HR0080000000	8NV2P3	=		Z
NUUQ409IN0Q80000000	8NV2P3	=	,	z
SDB2012987971.0.0.0	8RXN72	8		z
SDB2012886216.0.0	8P3TB5	8		z
NUUQ\$078\$00800.0.0.0	8QBZN3	0		z
SQB504678635.0.0.0	8TW9K9	0		z
SDB503565139.0.0.0	8SXUE8	0		z
SDB2012686163,0.0	BRXN72	æ		z
SDB2012866165,0.0	8S55E7	8		Z
NUCQ5035BD080000000	8PHUP1	2		z
SDB2012988040.0.0.0	8SSE7	8		z
SDB2012886151.0.0	8PT105	72		z
SD62012988077,0.0.0	8P9EW2	80		z
SDB531906737,0	2RDGW2	8		z
NUUGS101300800.0.0.0	8R2SG5	0		z
SDB2012987916,0.0,0	6R6P12	œ		z
SD92012886113.0.0	8SH9S6	12		æ
8009512000800.0.0.0	BRHKES	0		≉
SDB2012987934,0,0,0	<b>BRSJMS</b>	<b>60</b>		z
SDB2012886220.0.0	8R0J04	9		z
NUUQ4123C0080000000		=		z
SDB2012987973.0,0.0	8R1U17	∞		Z
SDB2012886125.0,0	8RMDG7	12		2
SDB2012886133.0.0	8SHAB1	12		Z
NUUCSOBILIDOBOGOOOOO	8R38Z3	무		z
NUCASOBIVAGEBOODDO	8R38Z3	5		z
SOB2012886117.0.0	SRLM38	12		z
NUUQ504GE00800.0.0.0	8PRL46	0		z
SDB2012988053.0.0.0	BR97W6.	<b>6</b> 0		z

Spread Based IND	2 Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z Z	zzzzzzzzzzzzzz
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GS Number 8R9U93 2ECMO9 903LE8 9R9781 803LE8 9R0.04 8S0SK9 8P3JI1 8R1SG3 8SH9V9	80U3R9 6SHB61 8RGY(3 8OU3W6 BRTY95 8PZDW5 8D50A2 8PBWR5 9Q3IX8 8PS9L0 8S5484	8GBZN3 8RPD05 8SHAU9 8RGWF7 8RGWF7 8RCHF7 8RCHF7 8RCHF7 8FS987 8SXUF5 8PS987 8SXUF5 8PS987 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8SXUF5 8S
Trade Reference Id BUUGS111.400800.0.0.0 SDB532092337.0 SDB2012986159.0.0 SDB2012988340.0.0.0 SDB2012988340.0.0.0 NUUG410200000000000000000000000000000000000	SDB2012988042.00.0 SDB201298048.00.0 SDB201298048.00.0 SDB201298048.00.0 SDB201298040.00.0 SDB2012986145.00 SDB2012986149.00 SDB2012986046.00.0 SDB2012988046.00.0 SDB2012988046.00.0	NUUG507C D00800000 SDE2012381547.0.0.0 SDE2012386155.0.0 SDE2012386092.0.0.0 SDE2012386092.0.0.0 BUUQ511190080000000 NUUQ4125H0080000000 SDE3012287859.0.0.0 SDE301228766.0.0.0 SDE303440664.1.0 SDE533440664.1.0

### Unkown

From:

Dias, Marina [Marina.Dias@ny.email.gs.com]

Sent:

Tuesday, November 27, 2007 8:34 AM

To:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

Subject:

Margin Call Report GSI vs. AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Attachments: Invoice; FX Details; Fixed Income Swaps Details; Equity Options Details; Credit Derivatives

Details, Collateral Details

The 6 attachments to this Email contain the Margin Call Report for close of business 26-NOV-2007. Please confirm receipt of this report by contacting us via e-mail or phone.

Marina Dias 212-902-6537 Marina.Dias@gs.com

Prepared Tuesday, November 27, 2007 at 08:33 AM Compass Tracking Code 24834_331083334

<<li>voice>> <<FX Details>> <<Fixed Income Swaps Details>> <<Equity Options Details>> <<Credit Derivatives</li> Details>> <<Collateral Details>>

5/7/2008

### **TAB 24**

DATE:

November 23, 2007

TO:

AIG Financial Products Corp.

FROM:

Goldman Sachs International

SUBJECT:

Amended Side Letter Agreement

This Amended Side Letter Agreement supplements the Side Letter Agreement between GSI and AIG-FP dated Angust 10, 2007.

Reference is made to the ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of 19 August 2003 (the "Master Agreement"), between AIG Financial Products Corp. ("AIG-FP") and Goldman Sachs International ("GSI") and the Transactions entered thereunder (including the Credit Support Annex, dated as of 19 August 2003, thereto), Undefined capitalized terms shall have their respective meanings set forth in the Master Agreement.

Notwithstanding the fact that AIG-FP and GSI have failed in agree on the Exposure in respect of certain credit derivative Transactions identified in the schedule attached hereto, AIG-FP is delivering to GSI Eligible Credit Support in respect of such Transactions (in respect of which AIG-FP shall be the Transferor and GSI the Transferee) on November 23, 2007 with a Value of USD 1,550,000,000 (such that the total Value of Eligible Credit Support delivered to GSI shall be USD 2,000,000,000). The Transfer of such Eligible Credit Support by AIG-FP and the acceptance of such Eligible Credit Support by GSI (i) shall not be construed as an agreement between the parties, or as an indication of any other sort regarding the amount, of the Exposure in respect of such Transactions and (ii) shall not constitute a waiver by either party of the rights or remedies available to such party under the Master Agreement, any Transaction Confirmation or the Credit Support Amers or applicable law, including, without limitation, the right to call for the delivery or return of Eligible Credit Support or the right to earl for the delivery or return of Eligible Credit Support or the right to earl sort the Master Agreement.

The failure of a party to make a daily written or oral demand for the delivery or return of Eligible Credit Support shall not be constitued as a waiver of such right or an agreement that no amount is owed. Moreover, the failure of a party to dispute (whether orally or in whiting) the other party's demand for the delivery or return of Eligible Credit Support shall not be construed as an agreement that it agrees with such demand or the Exposure calculation supporting such demand or otherwise be construed as a waiver of any right or remedy. GSI acknowledges that AIG-FP as co-Calculation Agent does not agree with GSI's Exposure calculation in respect of such credit derivative Transactions, and AIG-FP will be deemed to have disputed any demand for Eligible Credit Support and the Exposure Calculation supporting such demand made by GSI with respect to such Transactions until such time as AIG-FP expressly agrees otherwise in writing.

Yours sincerely,

GOI DMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL

Name: N

Name: NJ WRIGHT

Agreed and Accepted:
AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP.

G Name:

Managuy Drein

### Schedule

	£0	Schedule	**
			Original
GS Reference Number	CUSIP	Referece Obligation	Notional
NUUQ510L300800	02149WAA5	ALTIUS II FUNDING LTD	1,277,900,000
BUUQ5111500800	112021AB6	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.	354,500,000
BUUQ511160080000000	112021AC4	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.	485,000,000
BUUQ511190080000000	112021AA8	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.	250,000
NUUQ407410080000B00	264403AJ5	DUKE FUNDING VII, LTD.	129,650,000
NUUQ4075U0870000000	264403AK2	DUKE FUNDING VII, LTD.	100,000
	26545QAQ2	DUNHIEL ABS COO LTD	327,000,000
NUUQ4123N00800	26545QAA7	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD	250,000
NUUQ412300080000000	80410FAA4	FA. SATURN VENTURES 2005-1, LTD.	267,750,000
NUUQ5055C0080000000	37638VAG8	GLACIER FUNDING COO II, LTD.	324,800,000
NUUQ409HR0080000000	37638VAA1	GLACIER FUNDING COO II, LTD.	100,000
NUUQ4091N0080000000	446279AA9	HUNTINGTON COO, LTD.	406,500,000
NUUQ5030K00800	446279AC5	HUNTINGTON COO. LTD.	250,000
NUUQ5030L0080000000	45343PAA3	INDEPENDENCE V.CDO, LTD.	200,000,000
NUUQ402B10080000000	46426RAA7	ISCHUS COO II LTD.	213,750,000
BUUQ5060J0080000000	46426RAB5	ISCHUS COO II LTD.	50,000,000
BUUQ5060K00800000000	48206AAG3	JUPITER HIGH GHADE COO III, LTD	1,299,500,000
NUUQ507BS0080Q	48206AAA6	JUPITER HIGH GRADE CDO III, LTD	250,000
NUUQ507CD0080000000	498588AC6	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING IL LLC	869,500,000
BUUQ5120L00800		KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II, LLC:	
NUUQ512BM00800000000	52902TAC0	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	199,500,000
NUUQ509 U0080000000	52902TAE6	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	250,000
NUUQ509 V00800000000	58936RAB3	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD.	299.800.000
NUUQ4102N0080000000 NUUQ4102Q0080000000	58936RAA5	MERCURY COO 2004-1, LTD.	100,000
NUUCI4102C0080000CQ0		MKP CBO IILLTD.	140,000,000
NUUQ5035B0080000000	68571UAA7	ORCHID STRUCTURED FINANCE COOL	I, LTD. 113,750,000
NUUQ510DL0080000000	68619MAJ0	ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.	250,000
NUUQ510DN0080D	68619MAQ4	ORIENT POINT COO, LTD.	649,750,000
NUUQ510DF00800	68619MAL5	ORIENT POINT COO, LTD.	647,250,000
NUUQ409HS0080000000	761120AB4	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	374,800,000
NUUQ409IP0080000000	76112CAA6	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	100,000
NUUQ4125H00800000000	768277AA3	RIVER NORTH CDO LTD.	.149,750,000
BUUQ5111400800	82437XAA6	SHEFIWOOD FUNDING COO II, LTD.	322,250,000
NUU0504GD0080000000	83743YAS2	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VII LTD	773,500,000
NUUQ504GE00800	83743YAB9	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VII LTD	250,000
NUUQ6013A00800000000	83743LAC5	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD	344,500,000
NUUQ6014M00800000000	83743LAA9	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD	250,000
SDB504492863	896008AB5	TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.	1,399,850,000
SDB504493409	EDA800968	TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.	1,399,850,000
SDB504678606	896008AC3	TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.	100,000,000
SDB504678635	896008AB5	TRIAXX PRIME CDO 2006-2, LTD.	100,000,000
SDB503565139	952186AA2	WEST COAST FUNDING I, LTD.	1,187,950,000
SDB503565516	952186ABO	WEST COAST FUNDING I, LTD.	1,187,850,000

### **TAB 25**

From: Dooley, William

**Sent:** 11/27/2007 07:40:55 AM

To: Habayeb, Elias CC: Pryor, Alan

Subject: FW: Collateral calls
Attachments: Collateral Call Status.doc

fyi

From: Cassano@aigfpc.com [mailto:Cassano@aigfpc.com]

Sent: Tuesday, November 27, 2007 7:13 AM

**To:** William.Dooley@aig.com **Subject:** Fw: Collateral calls

Bill disregard the previous note I failed to include the attachment.

-----

Sent from Joe Cassano Banque AIG London Branch

----Original Message-----From: Cassano, Joseph To: Forster, Andrew

Sent: Tue Nov 27 12:00:47 2007

Subject: Collateral calls

Bill,

Attached is a note from Andy Forster laying out all the collateral call information to date . Andy makes the point in his note that while the collateral calls are being "disputed" all the counterparts' are understanding and working with us in a positive framework toward seeking resolution no one seems to know how to discern a market valuation price from the current opaque market enviornment; and no one is particularly excited about the issue being left open . All the market participants are keenly aware of the dramatic lack of liquidity and inability to pursue price discovery in this segment of the market.

Andy has put a table at the end of the note that illustrates some of the differing process we have received in circumstances that the same transaction is valued by two different dealers. This information is limited due to the lack of participants willingness to even give indications on these obligations. These are not freely traded instruments and even in the best of times are priced through analogue.

I happy to walk through this with you and Steve today , please let me know when you are available <<Collateral Call Status.doc>> .

<<Collateral Call Status.doc>>

Page: 1 of 2

### Collateral Call Status

Due to the extreme illiquidity of the reference bonds and the current environment, all of the CSA calls we have had for the CDO negative basis trades we have currently are friendly discussions rather than disputed calls. All of the dealers have been willing to enter into a dialogue to try and best sort out the CSA calls as they appreciate that there is no clear market level to use. We are having such discussions with all of the counterparties listed below and there is no urgency on their part to resolve these issues as they all fully understand how difficult it is to get true prices. All of the dealers feel that as the market is under extreme stress that prices should perhaps be lower but none have any real idea as to how best to calculate that price or if indeed that statement is true. The market is so illiquid that there are no willing takers of risk currently so valuations are simply best guesses and there is no two way market in any sense of the term.

Below I have listed the current status with each dealer and shown the prices they have used. At the end I have summarised all of the prices to show the range we have when we do have instances of deals having more than one price. There is no one dealer with more knowledge than the others or with a better deal flow of trades and all admit to "guesstimating" pricing

### Merrill Lynch:

We have \$9.92bn of CDO negative basis trades on with Merrill Lynch currently. This is made up from 22 different bonds from 20 different transactions. In all of the trades there is an 8% price threshold before any posting is required and as with all of our CDO negative basis trades the posting is based on the cash bond price not the value of our CDS contract. As of Monday 26th November they had made calls under 18 of these trades asking for a total collateral amount of \$610mm. The prices they quoted and for which bonds are shown below:

Bernoulli	A-1A	74.96%
Bernoulli	A-1B	74.17%
Cascade	Al	91.16%
Duke Funding VIII	AlS	85.00%
Fort Sheridan	A1	86.89%
Fort Sheridan	A1	86.23%
Glacier III	A-1	84.74%
Independence V	A1	90.00%
Independence VI	A-1	79.54%
Jupiter II	A1	85.67%
Khaleej II	A1	66.80%
Kleros	A-1	86.00%
Montauk Point	A-1	55.00%
Neptune 2004-1	A1LA	90.00%
Neptune II	A-1	80.00%
Straits Global ABS CDO	A1	89.67%

Streeterville ABS CDO		
Ltd	A1	89.97%
Toro	А	89.98%

There are 4 remaining positions that they have not made collateral calls on, implying they see the prices in excess of 92%. These trades are:

Lakeside II	A1
Mercury ABS CDO 2004-	
1	AlVB
South Coast IV	A1
South Coast V	A1

We have disputed the call with them and they agree that prices are too illiquid to be reliable. They are investigating internally an alternative solution to the pricing mechanism and we expect them to revert soon.

### Bank of Montreal:

We have \$1.6bn of CDO negative basis trades on with Bank of Montreal. This is made up of 9 different bonds from 4 transactions. There is no threshold to the CSA so we are required to post as soon as prices deviate are below 100.00%. They have made collateral calls totalling 41mm. The prices they quoted and for which bonds are shown below:

Bluegrass		
2004-II	A1TB	99.35%
Bluegrass		
2004-II	A1TA	98.89%
Davis Square I	A1B	99.55%
Davis Square I	A1C	99.55%
Davis Square I	A1D	99.55%
Duke VI	Series 3 Notes	99.20%
Putnam 2002-1	A-1MT-A	93.35%
Putnam 2002-1	A-1MT-B	93.35%
Putnam 2002-1	A-1MT-C	93.35%

### Calyon

We have \$4.5bn of CDO negative basis trades on with Calyon. This is made up of 9 different bonds from 4 transactions. There is an 8% threshold to the CSA. They have made collateral calls totalling \$343mm. The prices they quoted and for which bonds are shown below:

Davis Sq III	AILT	95.00%
	commercial	
Davis Sq III	paper	95.00%
	commercial	
Davis Square V	paper	75.00%

Duke 2004-7	1A1	80.00%
Monroe Harbor	A-1A	90.00%
Monroe Harbor	A-1B	90.00%

As with Socgen, Calyon do not calculate prices them selves and rely on the bank that sold the bonds to them to provide levels. Half of the levels came from Goldman. We have disputed the call with Calyon and have just started discussions as to a solution.

### Deutsche Bank

We have \$600mm of CDO negative basis trades on with DB. This is made up of 1 bonds. There is a 10% threshold to the CSA. They have made no collateral calls.

Delicedes	AlA	
Palisades	AlA	

### Goldman Sachs

We have \$23bn of CDO negative basis trades on with Goldman Sachs. This is made up of 51 different positions from 33 transactions.

7 transactions are only eligible for inclusion under the CSA if the lower rated tranches are downgraded and as that has not happened they are not included in any CSA calculation: These total \$5.2bn and are shown below:

Abacus 2004-1
Abacus 2004-2
Abacus 2005-2
Abacus 2005-3
Abacus 2005-CB1
Abacus 2006-NS1
Abacus 2007-18

There are different thresholds to the CSA for the different trades with some with no threshold and the majority with 4%. They have made collateral calls totalling \$3bn on 38 positions covering 23 different transactions. The prices they quoted and for which bonds are shown below:

Altius II	A-1	87.50%
Broderick	A-1V	67.50%
	A-	
Broderick	1NVA	67.50%
	A-	
Broderick	1NVB	67.50%
Duke 2004-7	1A2	70.00%
Duke 2004-7	1A2v	70.00%

Dunhill	AINV	75.00%
Dunhill	A1VA	75.00%
Huntington	A-1A	80.00%
Huntington	A-1B	80.00%
Independence V	A1	67.50%
Ischus II	A-1A	55.00%
Ischus II	A-1A A-1B	55.00%
ischus ii	A-	33.0070
Jupiter III	1NV	75.00%
	A-	
Jupiter III	1VA	75.00%
Kleros II	A- 1NV	82.50%
Kleros II		82.50% 82.50%
Kleros II	A-1V A-	82.50%
Lexington	1ANV	60.00%
Lexington	A-1B	60.00%
Mercury ABS CDO 2004-1	A1VA	90.00%
Mercury ABS CDO 2004-1	AINV	90.00%
MKP Cdo III	A1	93.75%
Orchid II	A-1	65.00%
	A-	03.0070
Orient Point	1NVB	60.00%
Orient Point	A-1V	60.00%
	A-	
Orient Point	1NVA	60.00%
Reservoir Funding CDO Ltd	A1NV	80.00%
Reservoir Funding CDO Ltd	A1V	80.00%
River North 2005-1	A1	70.00%
Saturn Ventures 2005-1	A-1	80.00%
Sherwood II	A-1	60.00%
South Coast VII	A- 1ANV	65.00%
South Coast VII	A-1B	65.00%
South Coast VII	A-1B A-	03.00%
South Coast VIII	1NV	55.00%
South Coast VIII	A-1V	55.00%
	A-	
Triaxx Prime 2006-2	1B1	92.50%
T : D : 2006.2	A-	00.5007
Triaxx Prime 2006-2	1B2	92.50%
West Coast	A-1A	62.50%
West Coast	A-1B	67.50%

There are 4 bonds where they have made no calls and as these trades have thresholds of 4% it implies a price of greater than 96 for these positions currently.

Coolidge	A-1
Fortius	A-1
Glacier 2004-2A	A1NV
Glacier 2004-2A	A1V
Hout Bay	A-1

### Royal Bank of Scotland

We have 4 negative basis trades with RBS totalling \$1.35bn. There is no threshold to the CSA and they have made no collateral calls.

Bernoulli	A-1A
Jupiter III	A-1VB
Kleros	A-1
MKP Cdo IV	A1

### Socgen

We have 38 negative basis trades on with Socgen totalling 18.64bn across 25 different transactions. They all have an 8% threshold for the CSA. They have made margin calls on 25 positions out of the 38 shown below:

Adirondack	A-1LT	79.84%
Adirondack		72.06%
	commercial paper	
Adirondack II	A-1LT	82.21%
Adirondack II	commercial paper	76.84%
Alexander Park	A1	77.52%
Altius I	A-1LT	82.41%
Altius I	commercial paper	78.59%
BFC Genesee	A-1LA	64.85%
Camber 3	A-1	86.50%
Davis Square IV	A-1LT	82.50%
Davis Square IV	commercial paper	82.50%
Davis Square VI	A-1LT-a	67.50%
Davis Square VI	commercial paper	67.50%
Duke Funding High Grade I	A1LT	88.00%
Duke Funding High Grade I	commercial paper	88.00%
G Street	A-1LT	79.90%
G Street	commercial paper	72.49%
MKP Cdo IV	Al	68.88%
MKP CDO V	Λ1	59.37%
Neptune 2004-1	$\Lambda 1 L \Lambda$	75.00%
Sierra Madre	AlA	63.65%
Sierra Madre	commercial paper	86.92%
TABS 2005-4	A	59.36%
Witherspoon 2004-1A	A1	84.54%
Witherspoon 2004-1A	A1	86.00%

There are 13 other positions that they have not made margin calls on hence implying prices in excess of 92%.

Belle Haven 2004-1A	A1ST
	commercial
Belle Haven 2004-1A	paper
Davis Sq. II	A1D MT

Laguna ABS CDO	A1ST commercial
Laguna ABS CDO	paper
Lakeside II	A1
Margate	A1S
Putnam 2002-1	A-1LT-E
Putnam 2002-1	A-1LT-J
Putnam 2002-1	A-1LT-D
Sherwood Funding ABS	
CDO	A1
South Coast IV	A1
Streeterville ABS CDO Ltd	Λ1

It should be noted that as with Calyon, Socgen do not calculate prices themselves and simply ask the dealer they bought the bond from for a current estimate of current levels and they then pass this level on to us in the form of the CSA call. Half of the trades they have made calls under are using levels provided by Goldman.

Socgen also appreciate the illiquid nature of the market and the fact that they have no real ability to "gut check" the prices they have received. As with others they have happily entered into a dialogue to try and come to an acceptable solution in the face of no way to get true dealer levels.

### <u>UBS</u>

We have 8 negative basis trades on with UBS totalling 6.3bn. There is no threshold for the CSA. They have made calls of 40mm on 3 trades as shown below:

Summit RMBS CDO I, Ltd.	A-1S	99.20%
Vertical	A-1	98.91%
Triaxx Prime 2006-1	A1	99.08%

There are 5 other trades where they have made no calls implying prices of 100.00%. These 5 are:

Ischus HG	A1S
Long Hill	A-S1VF
Long Hill	A-S2T
Margate	A1S
Whately	A1A

### Wachovia

We have 6 trades covering 1 transaction with Wachovia for a total of 818mm. There is an 8% threshold on this trade and they have made no collateral call.

Davis S	аΠ	A1A MT	

Davis Sq. II	AlB MT
Davis Sq. II	A1C MT
Davis Sq. II	AlA MM
Davis Sq. II	A1B MM
Davis Sq. II	A1C MM

### Summary of prices we have received:

I think the table below perhaps best summarises what we have received – basically the prices we have received are all over the place and everyone we talk to has openly admitted that the bonds we are referencing, have not, and do not trade. For illustration I have copied below the overall summary of the deals that have been referenced in our recent CSA calls. As you can see where we do have more than one level they are never that close. As a few examples, Goldman priced Dunhill at 75 and Merrill priced it at 95: Independence V is subject to collateral calls from both ML and GS but the former calculates a price of 90 and the latter is using 67.5.

Finally it is important to realise that many of the levels we have received are all coming from the same dealers as so few dealers are prepared to venture a guess as to what the levels should be. Many of our prices from the likes of Socgen and Calyon are simply a pass through from the likes of Goldman.

<u>Deal Name</u>	<u>Level used</u> <u>in CSA</u>	Who From?	<u>Level used</u> in CSA	Who From?	Other Prices received? (for 10/31)	Who From?
Adirondack 2005-1	79.84	Socgen				
Adirondack 2005-2	82.21	Socgen				
Alexander Park CDO I	77.52	Socgen				
Altius I Funding	82.5	Socgen				
Altius II Funding	87.5	GS				
Belle Haven ABS CDO	Assumed >92	Socgen				
Bernoulli High Grade CDO I	74.96	ML	Assumed =100	RBS		
BFC Genesee CDO	64.85	Socgen				
BLUEGRASS ABS CDO II	99.35	BMO				
Broderick CDO I LTD	67.5	GS			95	ML
Camber 3	60	GS	86.5	Socgen		
Cascade Funding CDO I	91.16	ML				
Coolidge Funding	Assumed >96	GS				
Davis Square 2003-1	99.55	BMO				
Davis Square Funding II, Ltd	Assumed >92	Socgen	Assumed >92	Wachovia		
DAVIS SQUARE FUNDING III	95	Calyon				
Davis Square Funding IV	82.5	Socgen				
Davis Square Funding V	75	Calyon				
Davis Square Funding VI	67.5	Socgen				
Duke Funding HG 1	88	Socgen				
Duke Funding VI	99.2	BMO				
Duke Funding VII	80	Calyon	70	GS		
Duke Funding VIII CDO	85	ML				
Dunhill ABS CDO	75	GS			95	ML
Fort Sheridan CDO	86.89	ML				

For	tius I Funding	Assumed >96	GS				
G S	Street Finance	79.9	Socgen				
Gla	cier Funding CDO II	Assumed >96	GS			95	ML
Gla	cier Funding CDO III	84.74	ML				
Ηοι	ut Bay 2006-1	Assumed >96	GS				
Hur	ntington CDO	80	GS			95	ML
Inde	ependence V CDO	90	ML	67.5	GS		
Inde	ependence VI CDO	79.54	ML				
Isch	nus CDO II	55	GS	Assumed=100	UBS		
Jup	iter High-Grade CDO II	85.67	ML				
Jup	iter High-Grade CDO III	75	GS	Assumed =100	RBS	95	ML
Kha	aleej II CDO	66.8	ML	100			
Klei	ros Preferred Funding	86	ML	Assumed =100	RBS		
Klei	ros Preferred Funding II	82.5	GS			95	ML
Lag	juna ABS CDO	Assumed >92	Socgen				
Lak	reside CDO II	Assumed >92	ML	Assumed >92	Socgen		
Lex	ington Capital Funding	60	GS			90	ML
Lon	ng Hill 2006-1	Assumed=100	UBS				
Mar	rgate Funding I	Assumed >92	Socgen	Assumed=100	UBS		
Mer	rcury CDO 2004-1	Assumed >92	ML	90	GS	92	ML
MK	P CBO III	93.75	GS				
MK	P CBO IV	68.88	Socgen	Assumed =100	RBS		
MK	P CBO V	59.37	Socgen	, 55			
Мог	nroe Harbor CDO 2005-1	90	Calyon				
Мог	ntauk Point CDO	55	ML				
Nep	otune CDO 2004-1	90	ML	75	socgen		
Nep	otune CDO II	80	ML				
Orc II	hid Structured Finance CDO	65	GS				
Orie	ent Point CDO	60	GS			95	ML
PAI	LISADES CDO	Assumed >90	DB				
PU	TNAM 2002-1 A-1LT	93.35	вмо	Assumed >92	Socgen		
Res	servoir Funding	80	GS			95	ML
Riv	er North CDO	70	GS				
Sat	urn Ventures 2005-1	80	GS				
She	erwood Funding CDO	Assumed >92	Socgen				
She	erwood Funding CDO II LTD	60	GS				
SIE	RRA MADRE FUNDING	86.92	Socgen				
Sou	uth Coast Funding IV	Assumed >92	ML	Assumed >92	Socgen		
Sou	uth Coast Funding V	Assumed >92	ML				
Sou	uth Coast Funding VII	65	GS			90	ML
Sou	ıth Coast Funding VIII	55	GS			80	ML
Stra	aits Global ABS CDO I	89.67	ML				
Stre	eeterville ABS CDO	89.97	ML	Assumed >92	Socgen		
Sur	mmit RMBS CDO I	99.2	UBS				
TAE	BS 2005-4	59.36	Socgen				
Tor	o ABS CDO I	89.98	ML				
Ver	tical ABS CDO 2005-1	98.91	UBS				
WH	IATELY CDO I	Assumed=100	UBS				
Wit	herspoon CDO Funding	86	Socgen				
WE	STCOAST 2006-1X A1V	65	GS				
Tria	ax 2006-2	92.5	GS				
Tria	axx Prime CDO 2006-1	99.08	UBS				

### **TAB 26**

Notes of a meeting to discuss Super Senior valuations and collateral disputes 11/29/07 at 8.30 am.

Attendees: M Sullivan; S Bensinger, M Roemer: Bob Lewis; Staisha Kelly; E Habayeb; Bill Dooley; D Herzog; K Shannon. By Phone J Casssano; A Foster; P Miccotls all of AlG. Auditor 1(Al); Auditor 2(A2); Auditor 3(A3)

 $\underline{\rm A1}$  explained that the purpose of the meeting was to discuss the impact of the collateral and understand their interactions with the AIGFP SS valuation.

A spreadsheet was handed out summarizing the latest position with Goldman Sachs (GS)

JC - The current market segment is in chaos and there is a major dislocation. This are not exchange traded hence no values that way. Also he said that they was no formal dispute with anybody but GS they were still in discussions with other counterparties over their valuations.

MS confirmed there were disagreements and not disputes with other counterparties.

JC noted the GS issues are around the data - where can you get representative marks. As the market is so dislocated and in a state of panic it was very difficult to get marks for the underlying collateral. FP had 22,000 separate bonds that needed valuing. GS had priced internally (generically priced and rolled back via a model to arrive at a price.) FP did not have the data to dispute GS value and hence reached a standstill agreement - it was agreed to disagree however FP placed \$1.95bn in cash with GS and FP will come back to GS with their view of value.

Currently getting market prices for ever collateral item from the CDO managers. Eg for Dunhill managed by Vanderbilt - prices are obtained from the trustees of the underlying bond. (Latter get market price).

PM they went to the legal confirms to get the data - hence the prices are for cash items not CDS (ie MV of reference obligations). Need to reflect that there is some difference between bond and CDS prices due to cost of cash. When markets are stressed the differences generally increases. Do not have ABS evidence, but look at the auto sector could get a 150-200bp differences.

JC need to model underlying obligors and assess the impact. One of the key inputs is to look for prices and hence assumptions for spreads. Need to quantify CDS spread to the cash and could be as much as 10% but this is subject to review/change. Theoretically you could lock in a gain by hedging the position by purchasing the cash security at the lower price than the CDS.

<u>A2</u> noted that we are seeing convergence in the market to undertake a detailed and granular analysis of what is happening and using this for the valuation of the positions.

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JC FP are "going to ground" rebuilding everything to come up with a value for the SS but an issue is around the integrity of the inputs - for example the head of CDO trading at JPMC said they did not do a single trade in this month (November).

 $\underline{\rm A1}$  pointed out this was a major management judgment and will be based upon all the securities and the ability to get and calibrate market data. Clearly the collateral calls were a major data point in this process and their impact on the FP valuation will need to be fully understood.

JC Collateral calls are part of business. There are standard terms of ISDA CSA. Valuing SS is much harder than a 2yr IRS hence the dialogue about where the valuation is - working with counterparts to resolve - JC does not see this as a material issue with GS or any of the other counterparts.

JC noted if we agreed to GS values could be an impact of \$5bn for the quarter.

MS noted this would eliminate the quarter's profits, SB agreed. JC noted this was not what he was proposing but illustrative of a worse case scenario.

SB what are we going to say about additional write down? JC could be another \$2.5bn - ie value of \$3.5bn and \$1bn already disclosed but this is before any structural or basis benefits have been factored in and the number is still subject to review so too early to say. (10/7 \$500m: 11/5 \$1bn: 12/7 \$1bn) pure high level estimate.

 $\underline{\mathbf{A1}}$  re-iterated the need to ensure the impact of the collateral dispute and disagreements be factored into FP's valuation and that management should ensure they did all in the powers to gain as much market information as possible about how there counterparts were undertaking their valuations.

The meeting ended.

After the meeting there was a separate meeting between SB MS and MR of AlG and  $\underline{A1}$ ,  $\underline{A2}$ , and  $\underline{A3}$  of PwC.

<u>A1</u> explained that as a result of a number of issues that PwC had identified over the last 6 months he wanted to raise a concern that he had around the roles and responsibilities over risk management. He wanted management to be aware of his concerns as soon as they had arisen as he wanted to ensure there were no surprises late in the processes.

Specifically the following issues have arisen:

The late adjustment by FP to their SS valuation in Q3 as well as the posting of the \$2bn of collateral without an active involvement of ERM and senior management. Also the way in which AIGFP have been "managing" the SS valuation process - saying PwC will not get any more information until after the investor day presentation.

2

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Secondly the issues in AIG Investment around the securities lending and the fact that if the exposure had been known prior to the q2 10Q being issued it is highly likely that the disclosures would have been changed.

Thirdly the independence of the UGC risk and finance functions and the \$1bn error identified in their exposure disclosures in the analyst presentations.

Fourthly the fact that a trader in Nan Shan entered into a \$1bn trade in a single company on one day.

Finally the fact the FP and AGF in late 2005 were reducing their exposure to sub prime while AlG Investment and UGC were increasing theirs - seemed to show a lack of cross AlG evaluation of risk exposure to a sector.

While clearly no conclusions had been reached and  $\frac{\Delta 1}{2}$  wanted MS and SB to be aware that we believe that these items together raised control concerns around risk management which could be a material weaknesses.

SB did not agree that these were necessarily 404 issues and also disputed a material weakness.

A1 reiterated PwC were in the early stages of their analysis and was raising the issue in the spirit of transparency and no surprises. Clearly we would need to discuss the issue in more detail but wanted management to be aware of our concerns.

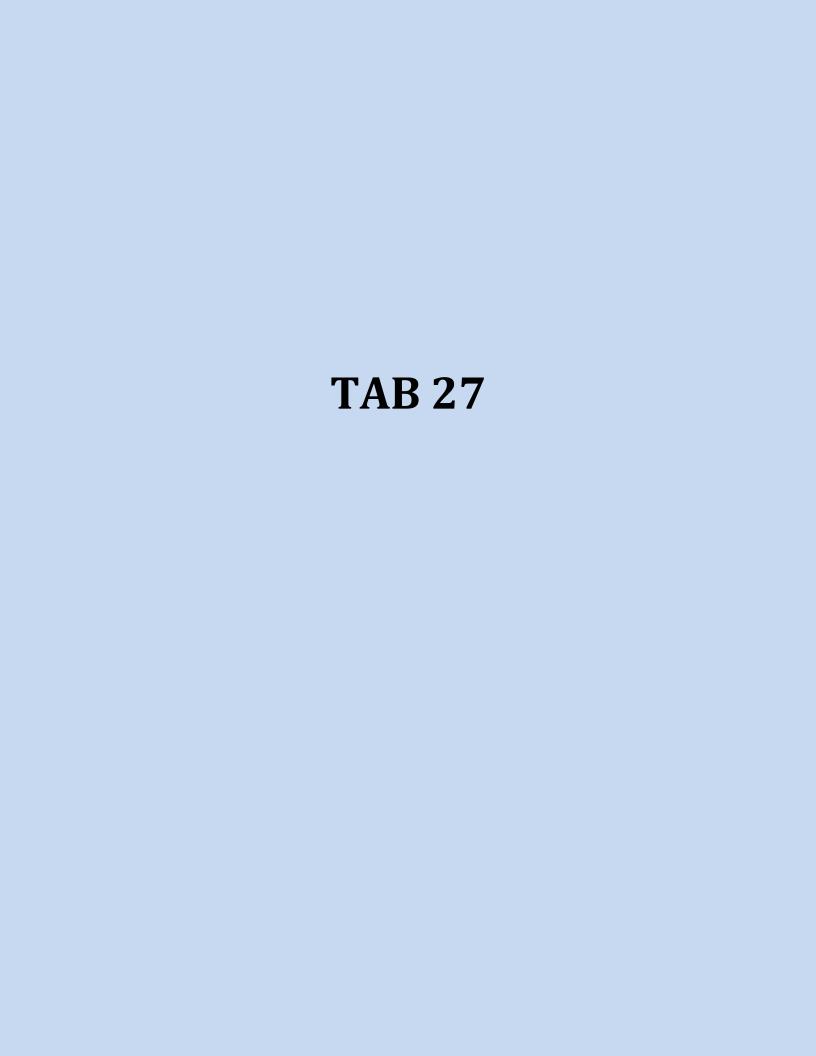
MS was surprised but appreciate the early raising of the issue - he felt there had been much progress and felt FP and AGF had done a good job. However he was keen to avoid an MW and committed to do whatever had to be done to do that. He wanted  $\underline{\mathbf{A}}\underline{\mathbf{1}}$  to work with his team to fully understand the issue and implement whatever compensating controls were needed to avoid an MW

<u>A1</u> committed to doing that and acknowledge these were initially thoughts but felt he had a responsibility to management to share them so there were no surprise:

As a final point he also highlighted what a significant judgment the SS valuation is going to be and FP and AIG need to get as much corroborating information as possible including from the collateral counterparties:

<u>A3</u>

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				September 23, 2008
	Status of Co	lateral Calls (as of Sep	teral Calls in Respect of Su (as of September 23, 2008)	of Collateral Calls in Respect of Super Senior CDS (as of September 23, 2008)
I. Multi-Sector CDOs	CDOs			
Counterparty	Counterparty Calculated Collateral Exposure ² (USD mm) (values as of September 22, 2008)	AIGFP Calculated Collateral Exposure (USD mm) (values as of June 30, 2008)	Agreed Collateral Exposure's (USD mm) (values as of September 22, 2008)	Comments
Bank of America	233.7	386.5	207.2	May 14, 2008: AIG-FP posted collateral due to the downgrade of the specified class of securities below AAA/Aaa.
Bank of Montreal	554.7	431.4	455.8	December 19, 2007: Dispute letter sent by AIGFP; exposures agreed in respect of Duke VI and Bluegrass 2004-II CDS; discussions on exposures in respect of Davis Square I and Putnam 2002-1 CDS recommenced week of January 7.

¹ Excludes undisputed exposures in respect of pay-as-you-go CDS transactions with Fort Dearborn and RFC III CDO special purpose entities totaling \$407.1

² Takes into account any thresholds or other adjustments required on a transaction-by-transaction basis by the respective transaction confirmations.

³ Agreed by the parties for purposes of collateral calculations, if any, except where indicated. Actual amount of collateral posted varies according to other factors (e.g., applicable CSA Thresholds and any additional or offsetting exposures under non-CDS transactions).

PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT	January 18, 2008: Letter sent by BMO confirming that valuations are very close (though parties have differing methodologies), and that remaining difference is currently irrelevant given collateral Threshold (i.e., no collateral required irrespective of which valuation is used).	February 7, 2008: BMO increased call amounts based on changing valuations from \$114.5mm to \$250.3mm. AIGFP disputed by email. February 15, 2008: AIGFP offered to accept BMO valuations in exchange for collateral stay until earlier of September 1, 2008 or AIG 2 notch downgrade by either S&P or Moody's. This was subsequently rejected	February 19, 2008: Letter sent by BMO acknowledging certain prior AIGFP dispute letters, reiterating a proposal to request indicative quotations from Reference Marketmakers and suggesting a list of Reference Marketmakers for such quotations. AIGFP agreed amount to be posted.	February 20, 2008: Letter sent by BMO acknowledging settlement of collateral dispute mentioned in its letter of February 19 and proposing 4 Reference Marketmakers for future collateral disputes.	February 21, 2008: Letter sent by BMO stating that they were unable in the preceding three months to obtain an independent third party quotation in respect of the Duke VI Reference Obligation. This triggers a further three-month period during which AIGFP will assist BMO in obtaining such a quotation (failing which, at the end of such further period, BMO would be able to declare an early termination of the relevant total return swap).
	ji i				
			40		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				

February 25, 2008: AIGFP sent a letter in response to BMO's February 20 and 21 letters reserving rights in respect of the selection of Reference Marketmakers for future disputes and requested additional information regarding BMO's efforts to obtain third party quotations for Duke VI.	February 27, 2008: BMO sent a letter providing details of their correspondence with UBS, the former underwriter of the Duke VI transaction, in respect of valuations for the related security.  March 10, 2008: AIGFP proposed to agree to collateral exposure calculations based on indicative quotations from dealers provided by BMO on March 6, 2008 (which would increase their calculated collateral exposure to \$331 million), subject to BMO retracting continuing request that Reference Marketmakers be agreed for	March 11, 2008: BMO agreed to the above proposal.  May 2, 2008: Letter sent by BMO purporting to terminate transaction early as a result of failure to obtain an independent third party quotation in respect of the Duke VI Reference Obligation. AIG-FP responded by letter,	contesting termination notice, as transaction confirmation states that failure to obtain quotation must continue for three months following initial notice of failure, which was not given by BMO to AIGFP until February 21, 2008 (as noted above).	May 6, 2008: Letter sent by BMO reiterating their view that an Additional Termination Event had occurred, but withdrawing their designation of May 9, 2008 as the termination date for the Duke VI CDS transaction and reserving rights if they are unable to obtain third party quotations as of May 21, 2008, the date determined by AIGFP to be the relevant date for any termination.

respect of the reference securities for the Duke VI CDS	transaction; letter sent by BMO waiving previously	claimed Additional Termination Event arising from the	inability to obtain such quotation; letter sent by AIGFP	had occurred for the good and lermination Event	liad occurred for the reasons specified in the May 6	September 8, 2008: Letter from BMO proposing a new	calculation methodology for determining market values	of the reference obligation or alternatively reiterating	their choice of Goldman Sachs as the fourth Reference	Marketmaker (in addition to the three other dealers	already agreed). Discussions ongoing.	Single CDS transaction in respect of Duke VI. AIGFP	agreed with BGI the collateral amount to be posted on	November 30. Collateral was posted on December 4.	with minor agreed adjustments since that time. No	dispute currently.	September 15, 2008: Letter from BGI demanding	of receiving no cultations from Defendation as a result	makers I effection AIGED in concern discussion	existence of an obligation to nost such amount of the	dispute resolution period had reset upon a subsequent	call by BGI.	September 19, 2008: AIGFP and BGI agreed to an	exposure of \$24.8 million to resolve the dispute.	December 21, 2007: AIGFP sent a letter agreeing to	post the amount requested by Barclays on that date		amount,
	<del>.</del>	·																					0.70	64.0			1396 1	
																							χ α	2			850.2	
									_														30.2				1396.14	
										1001			BGI	(Cash Equivalent	Fund II)											Barclays plc	(House of Europe	and other CDO CDS

Includes certain CLO transactions.

	Notwithstanding agreement on amount posted. AIGFP
ransactions)	has received occasional calls from Barclays'
	collateral operations group; however, Barclays front
	office personnel have assured AIGFP that this is an
	internal issue and there is no disagreement.
	February 15, 2008: AIGFP agreed to post collateral
	using a valuation of \$241mm.
	March 7, 2008: Barclays indicated that it intended to
	increase its call based on a calculated collateral
	exposure of \$615.1 million; AIGFP indicated that it
	would dispute such an increase, as third party prices
G.	suggest that the calculated collateral exposures should
	be approximately \$294 million.
	March 20, 2008: AIGFP agreed to post collateral using
	Barclays' collateral exposure amount of \$509.1 million.
	May 2, 2008: Discussions ongoing regarding
	subsequent increase in call.
	May 7, 2008: Barclays discussed the pricing
	methodology that AIGFP used and will revert. They are
	seeking to understand the reason why their valuations
	differ from AIGFP and from other institutions obtained by
	them.
	May 15, 2008: Barclays increased their call in the
	amount of \$202.7 million due to AIG's rating downgrade.
-	The parties are in discussions in respect or an agreed
	exposure amount. Letter sent by Barclays reserving
	ngnis in respect of the collateral dispute.
	May 22, 2008: Barciays Increased their call with a call
	for an independent amount of approximately \$200
	Millott Augustical the control of the collection
	May 23, 2008: bardays reschaed the calls made on May 15 and May 20 and agreed to not include an
	Independent Amount in its exposure calculations, which
	they are entitled to do due to AIG's current credit ratings
Ti di	and such ratings being on negative outlook. Barclays
	also agreed to use third party values for purposes of
	their collateral calls.
	May 27, 2008: Barclays sent a letter reserving rights in
	respect of the original collateral disputes.

				June 4, ZOUS: AIGHP agreed an increase of \$60.5
				in the market value of the reference obligations: the
				increase was not reguested by Barclays in respect of an
				independent amount.
				July 3, 2008: AIGFP agreed to accept an increase of
				\$300 million in the collateral exposure resulting from
				changes in the market value of the reference
				obligations.
	-			July 31, 2008: AIGFP agreed to accept an exposure
				amount of \$997.3 million which includes an independent
				amount of \$205 million.
				November 28, 2007: Based on AIGFP valuation of \$64
	1			million, collateral in the amount of \$64 million then held
Calyon	2465.6	1,651.7	1231.3	by AIGFP against non-CDS exposures to Calyon was
				returned.
			***	December 26, 2007: Letter sent by AIGFP listing
				chronology of recent correspondence between the
			·	parties since December 18, 2007.
				December 28, 2007: Reservation of Rights letter sent by
				Calyon in respect of posting of anticipated \$364 million
				by AIGFP.
				January 14, 2008: Letter agreement signed providing
				that AIGFP will transfer collateral based on a MTM of
				\$364 million in respect of the CDO CDS transactions
				assumed solely for purposes of such posting. The
				parties also agreed to confer regularly in order to
				resolve the dispute by January 18 (subsequently
				extended to January 25), which date may be extended
	_			by further agreement.
				January 30, 2008: AIGFP and Calyon agreed a
				calculation methodology that would be used for
				collateral purposes for the next three months (valuations
				to occur near the end of each month), reducing the CDS
				valuation requested by Calyon to USD 425 million
				through approximately the end of February.
				March 11, 2008: Negotiation continuing in respect of a
				letter agreement to document the January 30 agreement
				concerning valuation methodology.

				March 12, 2008: Letter agreement executed in respect of the agreed calculation methodology to be used for the determination of exposure through April 27, 2008 (which date the parties have agreed in principal will be extended three months).
				May 7, 2008: Letter agreement executed to extend use of the agreed calculation methodology through July 28, 2008.
				June 27, 2008: Negotiations commencing to revise calculation methodology after expiration of current letter agreement on July 28.
				July 10, 2008: Letter agreement executed providing for a posting by AIGFP of \$350 million in additional collateral. The parties reserved all rights under the
				existing calculation methodology agreement. July 21, 2008: AlGFP and Calyon agreed to post
				additional collateral in an amount of \$456 million and extend the calculation methodology for a further three
				months. Transfer of this amount will occur upon execution of a letter agreement to this effect.
	-,-			July 29, 2008: AIGFP and Calyon revised the July 21
				agreement to reference an agreed exposure amount of \$1,231,322,833 (in lieu of a specified collateral posting
				amount) which will be used for collateral calculations for
				the next three months. Letter agreement to this effect executed on August 7, 2008.
				September 16, 2008: Notice from Calyon that the
				methodology letter agreement is terminated due to the downgrade of AlG below Aa3/AA
			0	December 19, 2007: Dispute letter sent by AIGFP.
Canadian Imperial	392.0	330.1	392.0	January 15, 2008: Market Quotation letter sent by CIBC to AIGFP.
Bank of Commerce				January 16, 2008: Letter in response to Market Outstain letter sent by AIGED to CIBC followed by e-
				mail exchange confirming agreement that the parties will
				transfer collateral based on an Exposure of \$100.5
		2		assumed solely for purposes of such posting

				June 16, 2008: Letter from AIGFP in response to the June 11 and June 13 CIBC letters stating that AIGFP was not obligated to transfer the requested collateral due to CIBC failing to take particular steps in respect of the collateral call as required by the CSA.  June 19, 2008: AIGFP and CIBC agreed the increased
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)				collateral exposure amount.  May 21, 2008: DZ Bank made a collateral call in respect of two transactions represented (Pine Mountain and Independence VI). AIGFP is in discussions in respect of the exposure amount and the effect of a change of collateral agent by DZ Bank.
	1025.8	406.1	745.5 (as of Sept 23)	May 28, 2008: AIGFP agreed the May 21 collateral call.  June 5, 2008: AIGFP agreed an increase of \$146.7 million in collateral exposure due to the Diogenes transaction. September 23, 2008: AIGFP agreed to an increase of
				\$218 million in collateral exposure, with the parties further agreeing to continue discussions on resolving remaining differences.
Deutsche	2125.3 (as of Sept 23)	33.2 ⁵	2047.4 (as of Sept 23)	differences, Deutsche and AIGFP have agreed collateral calls because of offsetting differences from non-CDS transactions.
	1			July 11, 2008: AIGFP and Deutsche agreed a calculation methodology for collateral postings in respect of the Max MM transaction following any put of 2a-7 notes to AIGFP and utilization of financing arrangements with Deutsche. The initial collateral
				posting of \$250 million was made of July 10. July 22, 2008: AIGFP posted an additional collateral amount of \$88 million pursuant to the July 11 calculation methodology agreement.

⁵ Excludes the Max MM 2a-7 notes.

ncrease of \$50  the November due to market al posting  tice of breach on exposure. In which it s the amount was 's favor), between AIGFP's levertheless the previously an additional exposure related le to market al posting ure adjustments.	sure associated VII; Romulus). SSCM to AIGFP	in respect of an on, but reserving ted to increase reserving all iFP to call for i64,140,000.	lov 30. P acknowledging
August 5, 2008: AIGFP agreed to an increase of \$50 million in the exposure associated with the November 2007 takedown of Max MM 2a-7 notes due to market movements beyond an agreed collateral posting schedule.  August 19, 2008: AIGFP received a notice of breach related to the posting of such \$50 million exposure.  August 21, 2008: Letter sent by AIGFP in which it disputed the declaration of a breach (as the amount was prevlously offset by exposure in AIGFP's favor), provided email evidence of agreement between AIGFP's and Deutsche's collateral groups, but nevertheless agreed to post \$50 million in respect of the previously requested exposure.  August 22, 2008: AIGFP agreed to post an additional \$231 million pursuant to an increase in exposure related to the Max MM 2a-7 notes, that was due to market movements beyond an agreed collateral posting schedule and in addition to prior exposure adjustments.	July 18, 2008: AIGFP agreed the exposure associated with three transactions (MKP III; Duke VII; Romulus). This amount reduces the exposure of GSCM to AIGFP in respect of non-CDS transactions.	August 10, 2007: Side Letter executed in respect of an agreement by AIGFP to post \$450 million, but reserving all rights to dispute such collateral calls.  November 23, 2007: Side Letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$2 billion, but reserving all rights to dispute such collateral calls.  November 30, 2007: Letter sent by AIGFP to call for return of collateral in an amount of \$1,564,140,000.  December 4, 2007: Letter sent by GSI disputing	AIGFP's call for return of collateral of Nov 30.  December 6, 2007: Letter sent by AIGFP acknowledging
	7.77	8,547.6 ⁶	
	90.5	5,113.7	
8)	93.6	9,910.4	
	Goldman Sachs Capital Markets		

⁶ Excludes non-CDS transactions included in the \$8,801.5 million amount stated in the September 18, 2008 letter agreement described below under "Comments".

11	December 7 2007: Letter sent by AIGED to Call for
	return of collateral in an amount of \$1,562,720,000.
•	return of collateral in an amount of \$1,110,430,000. In
	addition, e-mail sent to GSI senior management to
	follow up on correspondence in late December
	regarding valuations.
	January 28, 2008. Further conference call between GSI
	and AIGFP teams to discuss respective valuation
	methodologies.
	March 11, 2008: Discussions have continued regarding
	subsequent collateral calls, including AIGFP proposal to
	increase the amount posted from \$2 billion to \$3.25
	billion.
	March 17, 2008: AIGFP agreed to provide additional
	collateral based on additional collateral exposure in the
	amount of \$1,000.1 million (total \$3,000.1mm).
	April 24, 2008: Side Letter executed to increase credit
	support posting to \$4.737 billion, but reserving all rights
	to dispute such collateral calls.
	May 16, 2008: Side letter signed by AIGFP to increase
Goldman Sachs	credit support posting to \$4.785 billion, but reserving all
International	rights to dispute such collateral calls.
	May 22, 2008: AIGFP and GSI were in discussions
	regarding the appropriate collateral calculation
	methodology in respect of the Hout Bay CDS
	transaction. AIGFP agreed to post an additional \$127
	million in relation to this transaction as discussions
	continue. Amount will be transferred once the side letter
	for this posting is agreed.
	May 28, 2008: Side letter executed to increase credit
	support posting to \$4.912 billion, with the increase of
	\$127 million from the May 16, 2008 posting associated
	with the Hout Bay CDS transaction. All rights were
	reserved to dispute the related collateral calls.

		June 18, 2008: Side	June 18, 2008: Side letter executed to increase credit
		support posting to \$	support posting to \$5,427.9 million, with the increase of
		approximately \$516	approximately \$516 million associated with five
		ABACUS CDS trans	ABACUS CDS transactions. All rights were reserved to
		dispute the related collateral calls.	collateral calls.
		June 26, 2008: AIG	June 26, 2008: AIGFP and GSI agreed to a calculation
		methodology that re	methodology that references third party prices to
		partially bridge the	partially bridge the difference between the parties'
		calculated exposure	calculated exposures. This will result in an increase in
		the amount to be po	the amount to be posted by AIGFP by approximately
		\$484.6 million. Side	\$484.6 million. Side letter sent to GSI for execution;
		comments expected	comments expected on Monday, June 30.
		July 2, 2008: Side I	July 2, 2008: Side letter executed to increase credit
		support posting to	support posting to \$5,912.5 million, with an increase of
		approximately \$484	approximately \$484.6 million described above. All rights
-		were reserved to di	were reserved to dispute the related collateral calls.
		July 18, 2008: Side	July 18, 2008: Side letter executed to increase credit
		support posting to	support posting to \$6,207.4 million, with an increase of
		approximately \$294	approximately \$294.9 million agreed in respect of the
		Orkney transaction.	Orkney transaction. All rights were reserved to dispute
		the related collateral calls.	al calls.
		August 15, 2008: A	August 15, 2008: AIGFP and GSI agreed to increase
		credit support posti	credit support posting to approximately \$6,447.1 million,
		with an increase of	with an increase of approximately \$239.7 million agreed
		in respect of five Af	in respect of five ABACUS transactions.
		August 20, 2008: S	August 20, 2008: Side letter executed to increase credit
		support posting to \$	support posting to \$6,445.0 million, with an increase of
		approximately \$237	approximately \$237.6 million (slightly revised from the
		original agreement).	
		August 28, 2008: S	August 28, 2008: Side letter executed to increase credit
		support posting to	support posting to \$6,807.1 million, with an increase of
		approximately \$362.1 million.	2.1 million.
		September 15, 200	September 15, 2008: Side letter executed to increase
		credit support posti	credit support posting to \$7,424.7 million, with an
		increase of approx	increase of approximately \$617.6 million.

				September 18, 2008: Side letter executed to increase credit support posting to \$8,801.5 million, with an increase of approximately \$1,205.7 million. The agreed amount includes exposures in respect of non-CDS transactions.
HSBC Bank plc	, ,	7	+ 	July 16, 2008: HSBC called for collateral in respect of \$54.5 million of exposure for the HOE IV transaction. AIGFP is In discussions with HSBC. August 21, 2008: AIGFP and HSBC agreed a price for purposes of collateral exposure in respect of the HOE IV transaction. Final agreement on actual collateral exposure after application of thresholds reached on
HSBC Bank USA	2			January 18, 2008: Each party called for delivery of collateral from the other based in part on its valuation of a single transaction. Discussions ongoing.
	-			use \$62.5mm to value this one position. AIGFP was offering \$56.1 valuation. HSBC's offer came with a collateral stay until the earlier of August 22, 2008 or AIG 2 notch downgrade by either S&P or Moody's or Fitch.
				February 22, 2008: AIGFP and HSBC executed a letter agreement providing for a compromise market value for collateral posting purposes of \$62.5 million for use through August 22, 2008.
				June 18, 2008: HSBC notified AIGFP in writing that it received an independent price for the reference obligation less than 20%, and pursuant to the February 22 letter agreement, a price of 40% is now applicable for
	156.0	98.9	149.7	purposes of calculating collateral exposure.  June 20, 2008: AIGFP agreed HSBC's collateral call.
Merrill I vnch	3.170.2	2.328.7	3 170.9	December 14, 2007: Side Letter executed in respect of an agreement by AIGFP to post \$500 million and a standstill on further calls in respect of listed CDS trades
International	,	-,,	C, C.E	until January 10, 2008.

				January 18, 2008: After MLI made a collateral call that reflected its valuations of the CDO CDS transactions, AIGFP sent a letter disputing MLI's call and making a collateral call of its own based on its own valuations.
Ťi.				February 6, 2008: December 14 side letter amended; AIGFP agreed to post an additional \$375 million (total \$875 million), and parties agreed there would be no
				further collateral calls for 30 days pending discussions regarding possible transaction restructuring alternatives that would amend collateral requirements.
				March 11, 2008: Merrill called for additional collateral and AIGFP disputed call as negotiations on possible
				restructuring continue.  March 20, 2008: February 6 side letter amended; AIGFP
				agreed to post an additional amount of \$225 million (total \$1,100 million), and parties agreed there would be
				no further collateral calls until April 20, 2008 pending
				discussions regarding possible transaction restructuring atternatives that would amend collateral requirements.
				May 15, 2008: Merrill made a collateral call using a
				revised exposure amount of \$1,649.9 million, writer AIGFP is reviewing.
				May 19, 2008: AIGFP agreed Merrill's collateral call of May 15.
				July 18, 2008: AIGFP and Merrill agreed an increase in
				the collateral exposure of approximately \$329.5 million,
				which the parties expect to put into effect on July 21, 2008.
C				May 8, 2008: Discussions ongoing between Tom
нарорапк	757.7	98.4	585.6	rewings and nabobatis concerning conact a call in respect of one transaction (House of Europe III).
				June 20, 2008: AIGFP and Rabobank agreed a price for purposes of the collateral exposure calculation
				purposes of the collateral exposure calculation.

### AIG-FCIC00384245

		July 25, 2008: Discussions with Rabobank were not productive. The parties will be referring to the ISDA
		 CSA dispute methodology in which one side will make a
		collateral call; no reference market-maker quotes are
		likely to be received, leaving the exposure calculated by
		the entity acting as valuation agent being dispositive,
		followed by a collateral call by the other party with the
		 likely same result.
		July 29, 2008: Each party made a collateral call on July
		29, but agreed to meet on August 5 to attempt to resolve
		differences so that such back-and-forth calls would not
		have to be made.
		September 19, 2008: AIGFP agreed an increase of
		\$300 million in collateral exposure, with discussions
		continuing in respect of the exposure in respect of
		House of Europe III.
		December 19, 2007: Dispute letter sent by AIGFP.
	II	December 21, 2007: Both parties agreed to continue
		discussions after January 1, 2008.
Royal Bank of		 December 24, 2007: AIGFP sent a letter agreeing to
Scotland		post \$130,556,205 and reserving all rights to dispute
		related collateral calls.
		January 30, 2007: AIGFP proposed using a valuation of
		\$230 million for purposes of determining collateral
		posting; RBS to revert (having previously indicated a
		willingness to go to \$280). Both counterparties continue
		to engage in discussions regarding valuations, and
		continue to make daily collateral calls; AIGFP disputed
		the call made on it by email attaching letter referencing
		December 19 letter.
		February 15, 2008: AIGFP offered to accept \$279.4mm
		valuation in exchange for collateral stay until earlier of
		September 1, 2008 or 2 notch downgrade of AlG by
		either S&P or Moody's.

			February 20, 2008: RBS agreed to a value of \$279.4 million and a standstill on collateral calls until the earlier of (i) May 15, 2008, (ii) a downgrade of AlG below AA-/Aa3 or (iii) any of four agreed credit indices falling below a specified trigger price. The parties were in the process of documenting in a formal letter agreement the terms agreed by email.
			February 26, 2008: RBS notified AIGFP that three of the agreed credit indices had fallen through the specified trigger price. The parties expected to negotiate the terms of a new compromise.  March 20, 2008: Tom Fewings attempted to contact RBS UK to discuss exposure amount.
538.6	445.8	238.6	April 10, 2008: AIGFP and RBS agreed an exposure amount of \$370 million on April 2, which the parties put into effect on April 14, 2008.  June 27, 2008: AIGFP and RBS agreed an exposure amount of \$435 million on June 11, which the parties put into effect on June 24.
9,818.3	4,354.6	8,128.0	September 6, 2007: SocGen London called for collateral in respect of the CDS transaction for Camber 3, the only transaction entered into by the SocGen London office, based on an exposure amount of \$40 million; AIGFP disputed by email.
			In mid November, Tom Athan had a preliminary discussion with SocGen NY; SocGen NY has not formally called for collateral in respect of their CDO CDS transactions, although they initially indicated that they were considering a call on the order of \$1.7 billion in respect of transactions having an aggregate notional
			November 13, 2007: AIGFP posted \$23.2 million in respect of Camber 3.

	December 5, 2007: Soccien London called for collateral	lled for collateral
	III respect of Camber 3 based on an exposure of \$198	posure of \$198
	million, less the \$23.2 million already posted by AIGFP.	osted by AIGFP.
	AIGFP disputed by email. SocGen London decided to	idon decided to
	defer further discussions in favor of SocGen NY with	Gen NY with
	which we have many more CDS transactions.	ctions.
	Both counterparties continue to make daily collateral	laily collateral
	calls; AIGFP disputed by email. The disputed amount	sputed amount
	appeared to be related only to the Camber 3 transaction	ber 3 transaction
-	during this time.	
	February 5, 2008: SocGen called using a valuation of	a valuation of
	\$442.6mm for 37of 38 transactions (not including	including
	Camber 3). AIGFP agreed to this collateral call on the	eral call on the
	next business day.	
	February 15, 2008: SocGen changed valuation to	aluation to
	include Camber 3 transaction (and are now calling in	now calling in
	respect of all 38 deals). AIGFP agreed to the amount of	to the amount of
	this collateral call.	
	March 10, 2008: SocGen called for additional collateral.	litional collateral.
	which AIGFP agreed.	
	March 20, 2008: AIGFP agreed to post collateral based	collateral based
	on a valuation of \$1,524 million.	
	May 13, 2008: AIGFP agreed to an additional \$365	itional \$365
Societe Generale	million due to the change in thresholds arising from	arising from
	Alg s downgrade.	
	June 4, 2008: AIGFP agreed to an additional \$47.4	ional \$47.4
	million due to a change in thresholds arising from the	sing from the
	downgrade of two reference obligations.	
	July 11, 2008: AIGFP agreed to accept an increase of	an increase of
	\$310.5 million in the collateral exposure.	•
	August 15, 2008: AIGFP agreed to an additional \$2	dditional \$2
	billion in exposure and obtained an agreement that there	ement that there
	will be no changes in collateral exposure for three	e for three
	months, provided that AIG is not downgraded by	raded by
	Moody's or S&P, and subject to a formulaic adjustment	laic adjustment
	if the relevant reference obligation is downgraded. Letter	<b>wngraded</b> . Letter
	agreement to this effect executed on August 26, 2008	CHIST 26 2008

				September 16, 2008: Notice from SocGen that the August letter agreement is terminated due to the downcrade of AlG below Aa3/AA
			-	September 23, 2008: AIGFP agreed to an exposure of \$8,128 million, with discussions ongoing in respect of the remaining differences.
				January 2008: AIGFP had posted based on UBS calls.
				January 23, 2008: Dispute letter sent by AIGFP in respect of further call. AIGFP chased UBS front office
				during weeks of January 21 and 28 and awaits reply.
				March 11, 2008: Ubs called for additional collateral, which AIGFP disputed.
				May 6, 2008: AIG-FP expects in coming days to post
				additional collateral based on collateral exposure of
				\$760 million while the parties continue to discuss higher
				collateral amounts claimed by UBS; draft letter related to
				same sent to Upo.
				May 12, 2008: Letter executed in which Alg-FP and
				ODS agreed to use a valuation of \$700 initials for
				collateral carculation purposes, but will both parties
				reserving rights to make of dispute futurer contaction calls. The continued to call for additional amounts.
				which AIGFP disputed.
0				June 26, 2008: AIG-FP and UBS agreed collateral
OBS				exposure in respect of the TRIAXX 2006-1 transaction in
				an amount of \$171 million. Letter agreement
				countersigned by UBS on July 1, 2008.
	1,457.0		1, 457.0	September 23, 2008: AIG-FP agreed to UBS' collateral
	(as of Sept 23)	1,297.5	(as of Sept 23)	call that included a market value for the TRIAXX
				Italisacilott Oblantied Holin a Hologista Machovia's valuation of \$11.2
	182.7	307.8	182.7	million was lower than AIGFP's valuation, AIGFP agreed
				וופ מווטחוו וס מם הסופת.

### AIG-FCIC00384249

Wachovia Wall 1, 2008: Wickling and an ount represent April 1, 2008: Wickling and an ount represent April 3, 2008: All exposure amount arrangements in that was put to April 23, 2008: All only one subsequent which (S37.1 million). Way 14, 2008: All May 14, 2008: All million due to the	following the agreement on January 10 were in an amount less than the previously agreed figure and we agreed the lower amounts. On March 6, 2008, the agreed amount decreased to \$9.3 million. The amount was further decreased on March 31, 2008 to \$8.1 million; as of that date AIGFP had yet to call for a return amount representing the difference.  April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
	amount less than the previously agreed figure and we agreed the lower amounts. On March 6, 2008, the agreed amount decreased to \$9.3 million. The amount was further decreased on March 31, 2008 to \$8.1 million; as of that date AIGFP had yet to call for a return amount representing the difference.  April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of inquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
	agreed the lower amounts. On March 6, 2008, the agreed amount decreased to \$9.3 million. The amount was further decreased to \$9.3 million. The amount was further decreased on March 31, 2008 to \$8.1 million; as of that date AIGFP had yet to call for a return amount representing the difference.  April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
	agreed amount decreased to \$9.3 million. The amount was further decreased on March 31, 2008 to \$8.1 million; as of that date AIGFP had yet to call for a return amount representing the difference.  April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
	was further decreased on March 31, 2008 to \$8.1 million; as of that date AIGFP had yet to call for a return amount representing the difference.  April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
	million; as of that date AIGFP had yet to call for a return amount representing the difference.  April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
	April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
	April 1, 2008: Wachovia increased their exposure valuation to \$216.7 million. April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million. April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
April 3, 2008: All exposure amoun arrangements in that was put to April 23, 2008: A discussions between the difference in only one subsequent.  May 5, 2008: Alc earl.  May 14, 2008: Alc earl.  May 14, 2008: Alc earl.	valuation to \$216.7 million.  April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
April 3, 2008: Ale exposure amoun arrangements in that was put to A that was put to A discussions between the difference in only one subsequent.  May 5, 2008: Ale was put to A discussions between the difference in only one subsequent.  May 5, 2008: Ale waluation, which \$37.1 million.  May 14, 2008: Ale million due to the million due to the	April 3, 2008: AIGFP and Wachovia agreed a collateral exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
exposure amoun arrangements in that was put to A that was put to A discussions between the difference in only one subsequent.  May 5, 2008: AlC valuation, which \$37.1 million.  May 14, 2008: AlC million due to the million due to the	exposure amount in respect of liquidity back-to-back arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
arrangements in that was put to A that was put to A discussions between the difference in only one subsequent.  May 5, 2008: AlC waluation, which \$37.1 million.  May 14, 2008: Al million due to the million due to the	arrangements in respect of an additional 2a-7 obligation that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
that was put to A  April 23, 2008: A  discussions betw the difference in only one subseq call.  May 5, 2008: AIC valuation, which \$37.1 million.  May 14, 2008: AI million due to the	that was put to AIGFP in an amount of \$14.5 million.  April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
April 23, 2008: A discussions betw the difference in only one subseque all.  May 5, 2008: Alc valuation, which \$37.1 million.  May 14, 2008: Alc million due to the million due to the	April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
April 23, 2008: A discussions betw the difference in only one subsequent.  May 5, 2008: Alc valuation, which \$37.1 million.  May 14, 2008: Alc million due to the million due to the	April 23, 2008: As of this date there were no front office discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
discussions betw the difference in only one subseq call. May 5, 2008: AlC valuation, which   \$37.1 million. May 14, 2008: Al	discussions between Wachovia and AIGFP regarding the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
the difference in only one subsequeal.  Call.  May 5, 2008: AlC valuation, which \$37.1 million.  May 14, 2008: Alc million due to the	the difference in exposure amounts. Wachovia made
only one subsequently one subsequently only one subsequently only one subsequently one subsequen	
Call. May 5, 2008: AIC valuation, which \$37.1 million. May 14, 2008: AI million due to the	only one subsequent call on April 22 since the April 1
May 5, 2008: AIG valuation, which \$37.1 million. May 14, 2008: AI million due to the	call.
\$37.1 million. May 14, 2008: Al	May 5, 2008: AIGFP agreed to Wachovia's revised
\$37.1 million. May 14, 2008: Al	valuation, which had decreased from \$231.3 million to
May 14, 2008: Al million due to the	\$37.1 million.
million due to the	May 14, 2008: AIGFP agreed to post an additional \$40.3
	million due to the change in independent amount
calculation perce	calculation percentages arising from AIG's downgrade.
101AL 34,425.4	29,454.7

### ATTORNEY WORK PRODUCT PRIVILEGED AND CONFIDENTIAL

II. Regulatory Capital Transactions	Capital Trans	actions		
Counterparty	Counterparty Calculated Colleteral Exposure (USD mm)	AIGFP Calculated Collateral Exposure (USD mm)	Agreed Collateral Exposure (USD mm)	Comments
				January 29, 2008: BNPP called in respect of the Global Liberte 5 transaction. AIGFP agreed the call.
BNP Paribas			•	February 12, 2008: BNPP called in respect of the Global Liberte 4 (initial call) and made an additional call in
				respect of the Global Liberte 5 transaction. AIGFP agreed both calls on February 14, 2008 and BNPP's call
				on February 26, 2008. March 11, 2008: BNPP increased call, which AIGFP
				agreed. April 22, 2008: AIGFP disputed BNPP's calculations
				provided on that date; the parties determined that BNPP referenced the wrong index in their calculation. BNPP
		( )	( L	did not send a revised collateral exposure number in respect of the April 22 call.
	195.6 (as of September 16, 2008)	195.6 (as of September 16, 2008)	195.0 (as of September 16, 2008)	May 7, 2008: AIGFP agreed BNPP's calculations.

III. Corporate Debt/CLOs	Debt/CLOs	9			
	Counterparty Collateral E (USD n	y Calculated Exposure mm) ⁷	AIGFP	Agreed Collateral Exposure	
Counterparty	As of December 31, 2007	As of September 22, 2008	(USD mm) (as of August 19, 2008)	(USD mm) (as of September 22, 2008)	Comments
					One transaction represented
Barclays					July 1, 2008: AIGFP agreed a collateral exposure amount of \$23.3 million.
					July 16 2008: AlGFP revised the collateral
	39.6	190.1	73.4	131.2	with Barclays the difference with their number.
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	N/A	7.2		7.2	
Credit Suisse	N/A	11.2	0	C	September 16, 2008: initial call in respect of one transaction. No posting required as AIGFP is not below collateral tringer.
Deutsche Bank	112.0	497.3	248.3	403.5	
JP Morgan	œ 1.	147.5	142.4	147.5	Exposure is determined pursuant to a formula set forth in the respective confirm.
Merrill Lynch	11.5	0	25.6	· o	No collateral posting required unless the specified Reference Transaction has a Moody's Rating less than Aaa.

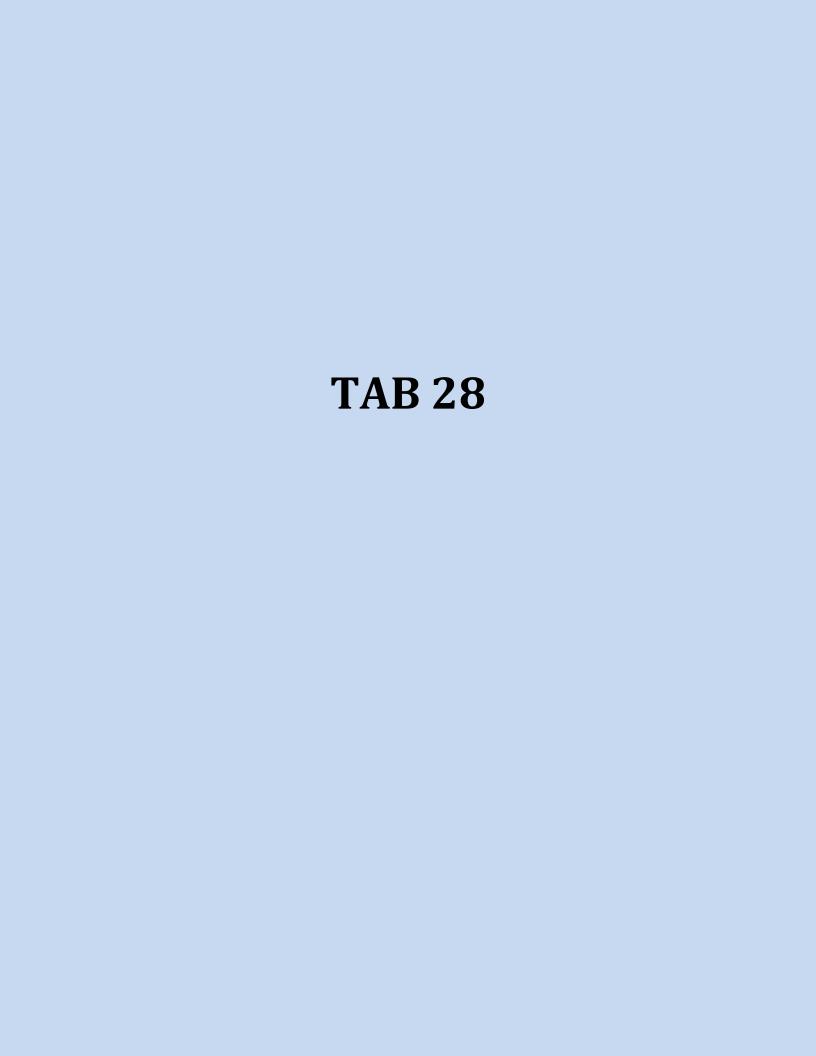
⁷ The collateral calculations in respect of certain Barclays and JP Morgan transactions are determined pursuant to a formula set forth in the relevant confirmation.

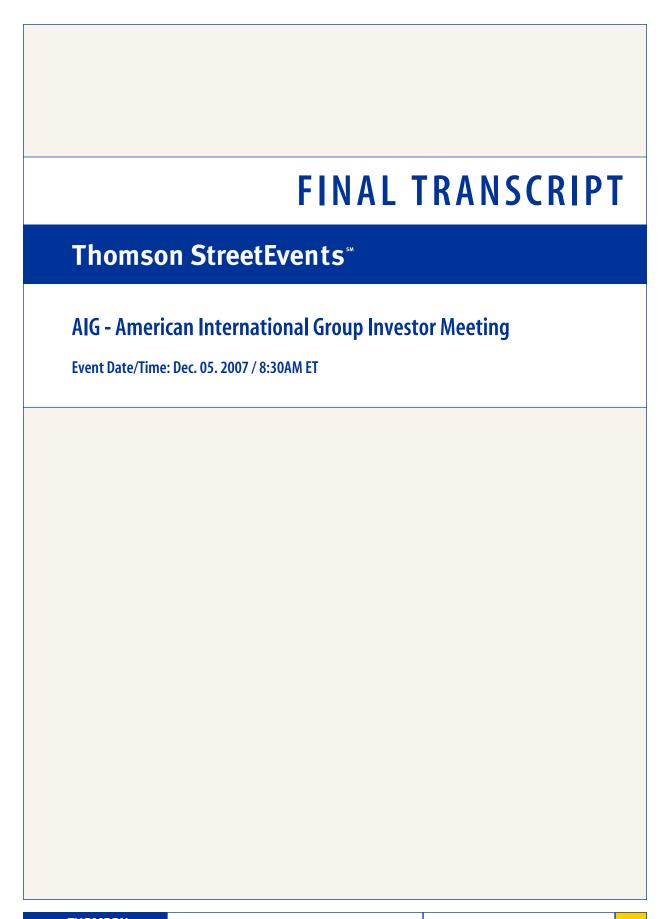
⁸ Mark-to-market valuation; if the collateral exposure is determined pursuant to a formula (see the immediately preceding footnote), the AIGFP mark-to-market valuation is not directly comparable to such exposure.

Morgan Stanley					June 4, 2008: AIGFP agreed a collateral exposure amount of \$83.0 million.
Capital Sel Mods					June 6, 2008: AIGFP and Morgan are discussing differences in agreed collateral exposure.
	68.9	160.4	113.6	187.2	July 1, 2008: AIGFP agreed a collateral exposure amount of \$100.9 million.
Rahobank	N/A	16.9	16.9	16.9	
UBS	8.0	46.1	19.6	35.1	
	٠				
TOTAL		1,076.7		928.6	

# $^{ m mws062}$ (Sept 23) (3),doc CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED BY AMERICAN INTERNATIONAL GROUP, INC.

	IV. Mortgage-Backed Secur	curities Arbitrage	90	
Counterparty	Counterparty Calculated Collateral Exposure (USD mm)	AIGFP Calculated Collateral Exposure (USD mm)	Agreed Collateral Exposure (USD mm)	Comments
				May 29, 2008: Banco Santander called for \$90.1 million in respect of one transaction.
Banco Santander				June 23, 2008: AIG-FP agreed Banco Santander's collateral exposure amount of \$90.1 million. No
				collateral was posted due to the overall exposure position between the parties.
	258.8	203.6	203.6	June 24, 2008: AIG-FP disputed a revised exposure







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### **PRESENTATION**

Charlene Hamrah - American International Group - VP, Director - IR

Good morning. For those of you that don't know me, I'm Charlene Hamrah. And I'm pleased to welcome you today, and I hope you find today's presentations very helpful. Before we begin, I would like to remind you that this presentation and the remarks made by AIG representatives contain projections concerning financial information and statements concerning future economic performance and events, plans and objectives relating to management, operations, products and services, and assumptions underlying these projections and statements.

Please refer to AIG's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the period ended September 30, 2007, AIG's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2006, and AIG's past and future filings with the SEC for a description of the business environment in which AIG operates and the factors that may affect its business. AIG is not under any obligation and expressly disclaims any such obligation to update or alter any projection or other statement, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

The effect on AIG's financial results for the fourth quarter from changes in the fair value of its credit default swap portfolio and its investment portfolio, as well as the results from its Consumer Finance and Mortgage Guaranty operations will depend on

future market developments that are difficult to predict in this volatile market environment and could differ significantly from the amounts previously disclosed.

There are a number of factors that could cause results to change over time including but not limited to further deterioration in the subprime mortgage market, further declines in home values, and interest rate increases. AIG is providing this additional information about its results prior to its fourth quarter earnings announcement date in light of the extreme market conditions in the last two months.

AIG expects that market conditions will continue to evolve and that the fair value of AIG's positions and its expectations with respect to its Consumer Finance and Mortgage Guaranty operations will frequently change. Given these anticipated fluctuations, AIG does not intend to update any financial information until it announces its fourth quarter 2007 earnings. Investors also should not expect AIG to provide information about the results of future quarters in advance of scheduled quarterly earnings announcement dates.

In addition, this presentation may also contain certain non-GAAP financial measures. The reconciliation of such measures to the comparable GAAP figures are included in the financial supplements available in the invest -- Investor Information section of AIG's corporate website or at the conclusion of the presentation materials. And now, I am pleased to introduce Martin Sullivan, AIG's President and Chief Executive Officer, who would like to make some opening comments.

### Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Thank you very much Charlene, and a very good morning to each and every one of you. And welcome to our Investor Conference. First of all, why are we here today? Well, as many of you are aware, AIG's last two earnings calls were taken up almost exclusively by questions relating to mortgage exposures in our non-insurance businesses.

Since our last call, we have received may requests to focus this meeting, which if you will recall originally was going to be focusing on our life and retirement services business. And in fact, Edmund's here. I don't think he got the memo that we weren't changing the subject. But, oh well. He's here to answer any questions. He said he'd rehearsed for this meeting, so he was coming.

So, we've received many requests to focus this meeting on the current market issues and how they're affecting AIG. We hope that our calls will return to discussions about our principle businesses and performance. We are not planning, as Charlene mentioned, to update any information provided today or have any more update calls prior to the release of our year-end numbers.

We will cover a great deal of material today, as you can see from the books that you were presented with as you entered the room today. I hope that it will give you a clear sense as to what we know and why we are comfortable with our current position. You will have numerous opportunities to ask questions during the various presentations, and I would obviously encourage you to do so. And we hope that you will leave this meeting with a better understanding of AIG, our exposures, and what makes us different and better. Today, you will be hearing directly from those executives who are running the four principal businesses with exposure to the U S. residential housing market along with some of their colleagues. You will also hear from Bob Lewis, AIG's Chief Risk Officer.

During 2005, AIG began to see mounting evidence that lending standards and pricing in the U.S. residential housing market were deteriorating at a significant pace. Each of our businesses with exposure to that sector saw the same environment and took corrective action at that time, consistent with their individual business models. Due to the varying nature of these businesses, each responded in different ways. In some cases, we pulled out of the market. For those franchise businesses that must participate throughout the cycle and could not simply withdraw from the market, we modified the form of our exposures by moving to higher quality and shorter durations. You will hear much more about this during the presentations throughout the day.

Of course, AIG takes risk every day. We take it in our P&C businesses, which are exposed to losses from natural and man-made catastrophes. We take risk in our Life Insurance businesses, which are exposed to pandemics and other catastrophic events. Today, we are going to talk about risk we have taken in the U.S. residential housing sector, risk supported by sound analysis and a risk management structure that allows AIG to put our capital to work in an efficient manner. It is management's responsibility to ensure that AIG's capital is put to productive use and that our businesses are delivering optimal performance. We believe we have a remarkable business platform with great prospects that represents tremendous value.

Why do I believe this? Well first, as you have all heard before, our portfolio of businesses are well positioned to take advantage of important global trends such as firstly, shifting centers of economic activity to major developing markets, secondly, growing middle class in those markets, thirdly, aging populations and the exhausting of financial resources in state-sponsored benefit programs and lastly, greater risk and uncertainty in the world.

There are few companies as well positioned as AIG in those businesses and markets that will benefit the most from these trends. We are also undertaking several initiatives that will drive greater scale and efficiency and help improve margins. These initiatives will more than offset the increases in headcount and expenses AIG has occurred as a result of its remediation efforts. Some examples include lowering AIG's effective tax rate by changing how we fund our operations, improving our IT infrastructure, better vendor management, and more aggressive use of outsourcing.

Now, responding to many requests from members of the investment community, I am pleased to share with you that our five-year goal is to grow our adjusted earnings per share from 10% to 12% per year. A significant portion of your management's team compensation is directly tied to achieving this goal, and we believe we will be able to hit the target primarily through organic means. We will remain opportunistic and disciplined about mergers and acquisitions, and please keep in mind that we expect to have some quarter-to-quarter volatility and that we are managing for the long-term as always.

As you have heard before, we are very focused on capital management and believe we will generate adjusted returns on equity of approximately 15% to 16% over the same five-year time period. We are studying these targets, based on adjusted EPS and ROE as it is impossible for us to predict the effects of FAS 133 or realize gains and losses. It is important to note that we are generating these kinds of returns with significant excess capital. Over time, as that capital is redeployed, those returns could be higher, which is obviously what we would like to see.

That said, in today's uncertain environment, we are fortunate to have a capital base as well as a diverse portfolio of leading businesses with tremendous earnings power that will allow us to absorb volatility and maintain the resources to grow and take advantage of opportunities that emerge from this uncertainty. I don't wake up in the morning worried I'm going to have to dilute the shareholders by issuing additional common equity or cutting our dividend. You can also take comfort that your Board of Directors is actively engaged in our deliberations about capital and its deployment, and I'm delighted to see Morris Offit here, one of our Board of Directors, this morning.

Now, I'd like to review a few facts about our business, discuss our exposures and provide a backdrop for the presentations you will hear today. As you can see from this slide, we have a high quality and diversified revenue base both in terms of geographic spread where half of our revenues come from outside the United States and across various businesses and risks. Our businesses have tremendous earnings power, which has been demonstrated in a variety of market conditions. Very few companies have this kind of earnings potential.

I don't have to remind you about our performance over the past two and a half years, but we have generated strong results. AIG has faced several challenges in the past 30 months but in each quarter, we continued to generate strong profitability, in many cases when others did not. While the third quarter's growth was below our long-term targets, it is a reminder that our business will be subject to cycles and unusual events from time to time. However, we remain committed to delivering targeted results over a longer period of time and are confident in our strategy and management's ability to do so.

AIG's overall portfolio is highly diversified and contains high-quality assets. For the first nine months of 2007, we generated approximately \$30 billion in cash flow for investment from our insurance operations. AIG has significant financial resources and a very healthy balance sheet that will allow us to capitalize on attractive opportunity. AIG is one of the five largest companies in the world, as measured by tangible equity. We operate with only modest financial leverage, and we have approximately \$40 billion of cash and in short-term investments on the balance sheet as at September 30, 2007.

AIG does not rely on asset-backed commercial paper or the securitization markets responding and importantly, we have the ability to hold devalued investments to recovery. That's very important. It is still difficult to distil exposures to the U.S. residential housing market to one number given the varying nature of exposures across our various businesses in this sector. As you can see from this slide, AIGFP has very large notional amounts of exposure related to its Super Senior credit derivative portfolio. But because this business is carefully underwritten and structured with very high attachment points to the multiples of expected losses, we believe the probability that it will sustain an economic loss is close to zero.

In addition, AIGFP stopped writing new business on CDOs with subprime RMBS collateral at the end of the 2005. As a result of GAAP accounting requirements, the business will likely continue to show some volatility and reported earnings even though it will be unlikely to sustain an economic loss.

AIG has approximately \$93 billion of mostly AAA and agency RMBS investments, about 10% of its total investment portfolio, which makes up the vast bulk of the exposure to the U S. residential housing market. We have very little exposures to subordinated tranches of RMBS or CDO resecuritizations of RMBS. Our exposures to move to more recent vintages are high grade and of short duration. Due to our financial strength, we have the ability and intent to hold these securities to recovery, thereby minimizing liquidity-driven economic losses, even though further GAAP changes in valuation that affect net income in AOCI are possible.

UGC has approximately \$28 billion of domestic mortgage guaranty net in-force exposure. Like several of our other insurance businesses, UGC is subject to cyclicality and will have periods when loss ratios increase significantly. That said, UGC has very conservative underwriting standards, and our best estimate is that future premiums on the existing in-force book of both first and second lien risks individually and in aggregate will exceed future loss expenses. However, it is likely that negative results will persist into 2008 due to timing issues and the continued weakness of the U.S. housing market.

AGF has just under \$20 billion of real estate related receivables, about one-third of which is in '06 and '07 vintages. AGF's proven track record and disciplined underwriting and credit risk management is evident in loan-to-value ratios for those vintages of less than 80%. We view AIG's exposure as very manageable and expect the business to remain profitable. Each of these businesses will present in detail their exposures and how they are managed. And I again urge you to take advantage of this opportunity to ask as many questions as you can.

There are some important distinctions to make when looking at AIG. The basic one is that we operate as a principal and keep the vast preponderance of assets and liabilities we originate on our balance sheet. We have a rigorous due diligence process. We are very focused on structure and stress -- on how stress-testing key variables affect those structures. We rely on our own credit analysis, not the monolines, and we evaluate all underlying collateral. We have the financial wherewithal to hold to recovery.

As a result, we have very little exposure to SIVs, and we do not own any CDO squares. However, a small SIV called Nightingale, sponsored by AIGFP with \$2.5 billion of total assets, was recently downgraded. We do not expect to incur any loss from Nightingale, and we are working actively with capital note holders to restructure the SIV and term out its financing. Joe will address this further in his presentation.

Now as you have heard before, we are very proud of our risk management culture and practices. The many years AIG has been a — has had a centralized risk management function that oversees the market, credit and operational risk management units in each of our businesses as well as at the parent company. We have our arms around what is happening through AIG and

believe we have demonstrated this through timely and comprehensive disclosure and accuracy in our reporting. Most importantly, the effectiveness of AIG's risk management efforts will come through in our results.

The following slides detail some important statistics that highlight the effectiveness of our risk management practices. From a risk selection and asset quality standpoint, AIG was able to better select its RMBS investments. While over 40% of all non-AAA issues were downgraded by Moody's, less than 8% of AIG's non-AAA RMBS investments were downgraded by Moody's, S&P, or Fitch. Including AAAs, we had 1.64% of our RMBS investments downgraded versus 7.8% for the Moody's rated universe overall. AGF's conservative and disciplined approach to credit shows in its delinquency and net charge-off statistics. Not only did AGF cut production back in a softening market, but they managed to keep their credit stats well within target ranges, as you can see here.

UGC's domestic first-lien booked represented 87% of its domestic mortgage risk-in-force continues to outperform the industry. While the performance gap will vary over time, UGC expects to maintain a positive delinquency variance to the industry, given that that industry's exposure to the higher-risk [bog] channel is far greater than that of UGC. As we have discussed in the past, the lot expenses UGC has incurred have come primarily from it's second-lien book where loss expenses come in faster than the first-lien book. Billy Nutt will discuss what is happening in each of UGC's portfolios during his presentation.

AIGFP's models through the 2005 vintages have proven to be very reliable and when coupled with their conservatively structured transactions provide AIG with a very high level of comfort. AIGFP's attachment points are higher than worst-case modeled scenarios. In addition, by being at the top of the structure in most instances, AIGFP controls the CDOs and ultimately, the collateral.

At the end of 2005, AIGFP saw a significant deterioration in market underwriting standards and pricing and concluded its models would no longer be reliably -- a reliable prospectively as they have been in the past. As a result, AIGFP stopped writing Super Senior credit protection for CDOs with subprime RMBS collateral.

Now at the end of the day, what is the bottom line? And, what should you take away from today's discussions? First of all that AIG has accurately identified all areas of exposure to the U.S. residential housing market, second, we are confident in our marks and the reasonableness of our valuation methods. We cannot predict the future, but we have in what we -- what we have, a high degree of certainty in what we have booked to date. Thirdly, AIG's exposure levels are manageable, given our size, financial strength and global diversification. Fourth, AIG is fortunate to have a diverse portfolio of leading businesses with tremendous earnings power.

AIG's goal over the next five years is to grow adjusted earnings per share in the 10% to 12% range and to generate adjusted return on equity of approximately 15% to 16% over this period of time. And lastly, AIG is well positioned to capitalize on current and future opportunities, and management has not been and will not be distracted from its focus on building shareholder value.

And now, I'd like to turn over the presentation to Joe and his colleagues, who will discuss AIGFP's business. And again ladies and gentlemen, I would encourage you to ask as many questions as you wish and to leave today's Investor Presentation fully educated on our exposure to the U.S. residential housing market. Thank you very much indeed. Joe, the floor is yours.

### Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Thank you very much, Martin. I also want to pass on my thanks for everybody being here today to listen to the presentations. So, I'm joined on the panel today with a number of my colleagues to the right. And to the left, Bill Dooley, who I think most of you now is the -- is my direct boss and the Head of the AIG Financial Services segment of the business.

To my right is Andy Forster. And many of you have met Andy in the May investor presentation we did for Financial Services, or you've heard him on our investor calls over the last few periods, as we've been talking through the issues surrounding the Capital Markets' subprime book. Andy has been with us for about 10 years now. He heads our global credit trading operation. He works with me in London, and I think he and his team have actually done an amazing job of navigating our portfolio through and building the portfolio such that they can survive the trying times that we're working through right now.

To Andy's right is Professor Gary Gorton from the Wharton School of Business at the University of Pennsylvania. Gary holds the Robert Morris chair at Wharton, and he -- Gary and I met 12 years ago. And when we met, it was at the very beginning stages of what I was interested in and what Gary was interested in. And that was this bifurcation of credit from the host contract.

Now, this is 12 years ago. This is at the very, very beginning stages of this whole world. But, Gary has helped us tremendously in helping us organize our procedures, organize our modeling effort, developing the intuition that Andy and I have relied on in a great deal of the modeling that we've done and the business that we've created. And, it's been a very rewarding relationship for me over the last 12 years. And I keep talking to Gary about trying to make the Wharton thing part-time, but it's not working out yet. But, he's -- it's nearly such the case.

And to Gary's right is James Bridgwater, and James is -- again, has been with us for about 10 years. James works with Andy and I in London. And he heads up our quantitative strategies and modeling group, and -- across the globe for us. And James has been instrumental in helping us develop some of the methodology and the modeling that we've used to create the accounting valuation that we will discuss later in the day and that we've -- that you've heard us discuss on the calls.

Next slide please -- one more, thanks. So today, what I'm -- what I'd like to cover today on this book of business is, we're going to go through once again the definition of Super Senior. And you've heard us talk about this before, but we derived our definition of Super Senior through our stringent fundamental credit review, supported by our conservative modeling assumptions and through the structuring of these transactions and our continuous surveillance such that we are highly confident that we will have no realized losses on these portfolios during the life of these portfolios. And I'll come back to that a bit more and also spend a bit of time just building up a bit of an understanding of how a Super Senior segment emerges from the structures that we do.

Andy and Gary will discuss the portfolio underwriting standards and the modeling support that we use and then, they will also discuss the experience to date that we've seen through the -- and how our portfolios have stacked up versus our modeling assumptions and also how they've stacked up through the transitions of the rating agency downgrades.

Each of our trades combines the strengths of this thorough due diligence we keep talking about, this very selective process, the word we use is we positively select many of our portfolios, and this rigorous modeling assumption. And we always model to a worst-case scenario that Gary will talk through, and we always model to a 99.85% confidence level. But just for good measure, we always add buffers, because everybody knows models aren't perfect. Their -- also, our fundamental underwriting may not be perfect. But, we always trade to our standards.

We also always make sure one other aspect of our trades are in place, that we have a full understanding of the motivation of our clients for the -- our transactions. And primarily, that is for regulatory capital management and not for risk transfer. And that is how we go into the modeling. That's how we go into the fundamental review, and that's how we go into the execution of these transactions.

When Andy and Gary talk about experience, what they're going to tell you is that we have an extremely low loss rate in these portfolios and that the underlying reference obligations have a relatively low downgrade migration from the rating agencies and that our attachment points are significantly high enough that it is very difficult to see how there can be any losses in these portfolios.

As Martin has said and as we will emphasize throughout the presentation, vintages within the subprime sector are key, and we do not have a lot of exposure in our portfolio to the '06 and '07 subprime issuances. And that comes about from this continuous surveillance that Martin referred to. We're very conscientious that this is not a business you put on your books and then just let them sit and just see what the outcomes are. We are very vigilant. We are always looking. We are always looking for other methods in which we could find solutions if things should turn pear-shaped in this market.

This continuous -- but, one of these -- through this continuous surveillance, one conclusion we came to and -- late in 2005 was that there was a fundamental shift in underwriting standards for the subprime business in the United States and that the new vintages of '06 and '07 were being written to a standard that was not going to be able to support our fundamental review or our modeling review. And so, the only thing we could do at the point in time was pull back from the business. And that's why, I think, we're lucky enough not to have much of the '06 and '07 vintages.

As I said, James and I will talk about the accounting valuation methodology we use. The GAAP rules demand that we post the fair value for these transactions. But — and you've heard this before, and you read it in the press and I know it's common language now, but there is a major disconnect going on in the market between what the market is telling and what the market is doing versus the economic realities of our portfolio. And one of our goals today is to set out for you the economic reality of our portfolios so you can cut through some of the popular press, some of the hysteria, some of the misinformation, I think, that is floating around in the market.

And then finally what we've added to the presentation is portfolio statistics. And what we've tried to do here is cull through the portfolios in sufficient enough detail that you also can look through these portfolios and understand why it is that we have the confidence that we do in the underlying transactions.

Much of the information that you have in front of you has come to us as was the side of the pond through many interviews that I've been doing. Charlene has been having me from time to time talk with investors that have been interested in this segment of the business. And the investors have been asking for greater information. I think what we've supplied you should give you the wherewithal to have a full understanding of the breadth of our portfolios and should allow you to evaluate for yourselves that these are money-good assets at the end of the day.

This shouldn't be an unfamiliar slide. This slide actually sits on our website today to you. The thing I just want to highlight again is the definition of Super Senior. And the problem here and the reason why we focus on this so much is that there is no uniform definition for Super Senior risk.

The market talks about it in different ways. Everybody has a different process for evaluating it. We define Super Senior risk as the risk associated with that portion of our highly negotiated, highly structured credit derivative portfolio where under worst-case stresses and worst-case stress assumption including portfolio managers' abilities to replenish assets and the performance of those underlying assets that there will not be any loss on a transaction. And so, we hold ourselves to a pretty high standard, but we think we've been able to construct a business that meets those standards.

So what I'd like to do here, and there's a lot of information on this slide, but I just want to spend a minute and review a typical CDO structure. And what this will do is allow the conversation to flow and especially the question-and-answer period where we can all use some of the same reference terms.

In this presentation, we'll be introducing a new term to you, and that term is the transaction gross notional amount. And that is reflected on the slide, the dark blue slide on the left. Before today, the numbers that we presented were notional amounts that were derived from the Super Senior segment that we were exposed to in the transaction. So, the numbers we were giving you were our net notional exposure.

Transaction gross notional, as represented by that tower on the left side of the slide, is the total aggregate portfolio that will be transhed in any CDO that might be being done. Within that, the capital -- within that, the level of the Capital Markets lower

tranches will emerge, and there will be a distribution to investors under that segment that will allow them to take risk that they feel comfortable with. The transaction gross notional is comprised generally of a diversified pool of issued securities and in and of themselves comprised of -- and backed by pools of homogenous assets, i.e. the mortgages, loans or asset-backed receivables.

It's important when -- to understand that when we do our underwriting and we do our reviews of the portfolio, it is at this inception point, at the beginning of the transaction, at the transaction gross notional, that we're doing our review. And we do our reviews with our potential counterparts to the Super Senior transaction. So, we're forming these trades at that point in time when the trades are in their early stages and they're being developed.

The tower at the right represents how the risk of the underlying reference obligation in the tower on the left is going to be segmented for the risk appetite and return profile to fit the demands of a variety of Capital Markets investors.

As you see, the pool is segmented such to allow investors of various risk return targets to receive risk that fits their investment tolerances. These segments, the bit in dark blue on the right-hand tower -- sorry, I wasn't -- these segments in the -- in dark blue in the right-hand tower represent risk.

And you can look at that risk as analogist to the ratings that we put into the buckets there, and they get segmented into these tranches of equity, BB, BBB, A and AAA and then distributed to those folks who have that kind of an investment tolerance.

The reason I want to spend a bit of time on this, this is where the real business of risk transfer takes place in these transactions. The real risk transfer is being distributed into the capital markets, obviously in the equity and the lower-rated tranches and then in degrading fashion as you move up the capital chain. Where we come into play is where the yellow arrow, the last dollar of AAA, meets the first dollar of Super Senior, and that's the light blue segment.

So, when you want to think about the remoteness of this risk, I think one thing to think about, and I know the rating agencies, everybody says, "Well, can you really trust them anymore?" Or, "What's the issues?" Look, they do a good job. They are reassessing some of the things they've done. They do do a good job of ordering risk and giving risk levels the proper ordering. They may not be perfect about determining default, but in order for us to lose any money in these transactions, the first and the last dollar of the AAA needs to be absorbed.

So, our Super Senior risk reflects large notionals but poses remote risk. The Super Senior risk is the last tranche to suffer losses, which are allocated sequentially within the capital structure. And the structure would have to take losses that erode all of the tranches below the Super Senior segment before we will be at risk for \$1.00 of loss.

So, think about it. Losses are allocated sequentially. Realized losses are -- would be allocated to equity first. Equity needs to be completely absorbed, and then they would move into the BBB. And then so -- so forth up the capital ladder until they would potentially get something that was as high-grade as AAA. Our wrapped segment would only come into play if the very last dollar of the AAA tower proceeds are absorbed, and that absorption needs to be loss net of recovery. So, there's an awful lot of protection built into these transactions prior to any chance of our transactions being hit.

So when you look at this, you've got to -- in terms of any segmentation of risk, we are the most remiss -- remote segment within the tranche structure, and the losses are deemed by this structuring to be more remote than the first and last dollar of AAA rated -- of a AAA graded bond.

Now, this isn't -- this is just some summary statistics that we've put together on our portfolio. As I said earlier, we believe we have given you an enormous amount of data in our book here that will allow you to drill down into our portfolios and be -- have you able to see inside and see what all the reference obligations are. And we can walk through that a bit later on during the presentation.

But, here is also where the new term shows up, gross notional. The gross notional is important because it will help you yourself do certain calculations that we know that interested investors have been trying to do. Interested investors have been looking at our net notionals. They've been looking at some of the numbers that we've put up, and they've been trying to do calculations that will tell you what different classifications or what different assets we have. In order to really complete that, you need to use the gross notional.

The other point I want to make on this slide, or the other few points, is that our net notional exposure is that number that we have been reporting. It is slightly different than what we reported to you at the end -- for the third quarter. And that's due to the normal evolution of maturities of the portfolio. So in the aggregate, it's about \$7.5 billion smaller than the number that we showed you at the end of September.

Another number that's interesting is the weighted average subordination. So, if you reflect back on the slide where I showed you the dark blue boxes and the tranching that went on in the dark blue boxes and the subordination, that is what we are representing to you here. So in our corporate portfolio, the weighted average subordination is 20% of the gross notional. In the European mortgage book, it's 13%. In the multi-sector CD book -- CDO book, it's 32% and then in the multi-sector CDO book without subprime exposure, it's 14%.

Another point I want to raise the average number of obligors within our transactions. So as you can see in the corporate book, there's 1,158 obligors on average per transaction. In the European mortgage book, it's made up of mortgages and individual mortgages. So, there's 83,000 obligors within that portfolio.

Within the multi-sector portfolios, as you'll see from the subprime, it's 192. And within those 192, there are many underlying reference obligations. And so, there's great diversity within these portfolios, and diversity is very, very important to the long life of these portfolios.

Also important is the average lives, or the expected maturities. As you can see, the corporate and the European mortgages portfolios are extremely short, 2.2 to 2.4 years. This is driven from something we've talked about before where almost entirely this whole group of trades were done for regulatory capital reasons.

And as the new [Ball Accord] moves in to effect beginning in January of '08 and works its way through through the next three years, these portfolios will be culled away from us by their banks that we have done them with. But also, the multi-sector CDO book has a relatively short average life, as represented by the 4.2 and the 4.4 years.

So now, I'm going to turn the presentation over to Gary and to Andy. And Gary and Andy are going to walk you through two bits of the portfolios that I really would like everybody to come to grips with, because this is -- if you ask me how I manage the business, what do I think about, it's the fundamental underwriting that is the first line of defense, the first line of protection, the first thing that gets you comfortable in this business.

And Andy and Gary will speak to that. They will then speak to our modeling and how our modeling has worked and then, they will go through their -- our expectations and how our expectations have matched up to the realities of what's going on today. And then what we've done is, we've put into the slides and we've spent some time on something that we think of as frequently asked questions. And this really derives from many questions that we've gotten from investors over the period. Andy?

### **Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

Thank you, Joe. So as you can see from the slide, while all of our transactions are very highly negotiated and bespoke, the general approach that Joe's outlined is the same across all of the different trades that we've done. And within that, we are combining fundamental and rigorous credit selection. And then, we add in the conservative modeling to go with it.

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And I just want to give you a quick overview in this slide just exactly what that means in reality. As Joe had mentioned before, no matter what sector we're transacting in, the first thing that we do is always to look at the motivations of the parties that we're talking to. That may sound odd, but if you think again going back to what Martin and Joe said, the majority of our trades are regulatory capsule motivated rather than for economic risk transfer purposes.

So, the European banks that we're transacting with who make up about 90% of the counter-parties across the corporate and residential mortgage space are looking to reduce the amount of capital they hold against their corporate loan and residential mortgage books. And buying the Super Senior protection from us, they're able to reduce their capital charges down from 8% to just 1.6%. This motivation is clearly important in helping to partly explain the quality of the transactions and the minimal loss rates that we're going to outline in terms of what we've experienced.

It is also important to understand that the originating banks created these portfolios and created the underlying obligors with a view that they were always going to hold them, so this is not a -- creating something so they can package it up and then on-sell it. Even when they do the Super Senior transaction, in almost every case, they are holding a very, very significant first-loss piece in all of the trades.

Even with that in place, we spend a huge amount of time investigating our counter-parties to ensure that our objectives are aligned with them, they have all the required experiences and abilities required and so, we're making sure that any originator or manager is very carefully vested to ensure that we're only aligning ourselves with what we think are suitable and the best partners.

On each transaction we do, we then review all of the underlying assets whatever they are, and we set tight and very specific guidelines over any changes or management that's being proposed. All of this is with the basic aim of trying to ensure that we have very diversified portfolios across asset classes and that we exclude, as much as possible, all of the weaker sectors or assets that we can identify.

And then finally before we get anywhere close to any modeling, we want to ensure that the structure we're creating is optimal for us. So, we positively selected the assets. Now, we want to positively select the transaction structure so that we further mitigate the risk to our own position.

It is only after all of this fundamental credit work that we've done in every single case that we then move on and start looking at the modeling, which Gary is going to talk about. We do not take pools of data, loans, residential mortgages and put them through our model. We only do that after we've positively selected them and given it a fundamental and rigorous credit analysis to start with.

Now, of course in everything that we do, we do want to make sure whilst we have a generic approach making sure that we combine the analysis with the modeling, we do carry out very specific due diligence in modeling, depending on the sector and the transaction that we're looking at. In the corporate space, we work hard across all of the many groups of AIG Financial Products to review all of the credits in the portfolios as much as possible.

We look to assign our own ratings wherever possible and in every case, these ratings are going to be either equal to or, in most cases, actually lower than what the rating agencies have given us. We also look to things like current market spreads to the extent that they're available for each of the names that are in the portfolios to make sure that we're always incorporating as much information that the market's been able to give us.

For the small and medium-term enterprise loans that we do to the hugely granular corporate loans that are done in Europe, we spend a lot of time reviewing and examining all of the originating banks' lending processes. We go in great detail through all of their internal scorings, the ratings that they come up with, the rankings that they come up with of all of their clients and then review the final results that they have.

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Obviously to do this, we're spending significant amounts of time with all of the banks, with all of the relevant people in the groups associated with appraising, lending, foreclosure, everything you can think of within those banks to make sure that we're very happy with the way that they conduct their business, the way they rate their clients, they manage their relationships and also most importantly, how they rectify any problems they have so that they delinquencies and losses.

We spend a lot of time going over the delinquency data that they give us. We want to see all their loss and delinquency data as far back as they can go and if they can't provide, going back any meaningful length of time. And there are transactions that we do not go ahead with.

The internal ratings, if we're using those from the different banks, are also reviewed in every case and stressed by the rating agencies. So before any transaction, we spend a lot of time with the rating agency going through what processes they went through to rank and review and the rating processes. Even after we've done that and we've positively selected our clients, we've positively selected the assets and we've looked at their rating processes, we still heavily stress everything that we get out of it.

So, we heavily stress the internal ratings they give us, and we also look at any of the concentrations that the bank as a whole has in any of their lending practices, whether it's concentrations in terms of geography in their mortgage business or sectors in their corporate loan business. We want to understand why they have those. Can they justify those? And then, we work to reduce the amount of our portfolios to make sure that we have very positively selected, diversified pools that we can then model.

In the residential mortgage space, in the -- you've seen this. We're really only doing European trades, and all of these are very heavily motivated by the desire to reduce the amount of regulatory capsule held. And that is something that we confirm up-front with all of the counter-parties that we're dealing with.

Here too of course, we're going — we spend a lot of time with the originators in the different banks. We want to know and understand all of the motivations that they have in their lending process. We want to know all the detail they're going through. We want to know their philosophy. We want to know who their target audience are. And finally, we want to know what their experiences have been, again going back as far as possible. So, we want all of the data that they have in terms of delinquencies and losses.

Again, we spend time physically with them, meeting all of their senior management, from the senior management to the foreclosure people to the loan people to the — everyone else that we can think of that we think is going to add some meaningful information to help us create and correct portfolios. It is only then that we work hard to try and select from that overall pool a more positively selected pool, pushing out anything that we think is overly concentrated or is weaker so that we can create a stronger pool from their normal book of business.

Finally with regards to the multi-sector CDO transactions, it's exactly the same process but again, making sure that we're specific to the exact transaction. So, we're still selecting and investigating the manager. We're questioning their abilities and resources to manage both the assets and also the CDO, which is very important.

We then analyze, or we as them to -- they've analyzed all of the collateral that they have. We ask them how they went about that. We ask them how they stressed it, how they reviewed it, how they're going to do ongoing surveillance of it. But then what we also do is do our own analysis in exactly the same processes. And then, we compare and contrast the two to see if we're coming up with similar results and similar likes and dislikes of the underlying collateral.

Again, all of this is with the aim of trying to create positively selected portfolios with very high levels of diversity, as Joe was outlining. We set limits on all of the assets that we have. We exclude any asset that we don't think the manager has any strong capabilities in, and we set limits on the sectors that they're allowed to be in, both by average lives, by ratings, by overall sector.

And then finally once we've reviewed all of the assets, we work on the actual structure of the CDO itself to make sure that if there is any reinvestment that we have very tight limits on anything that they want to do and that we have triggers in all of our deals to make sure that, if the deal starts to underperform that the portfolio very quickly becomes states, and we get paid out even quicker.

We always sit at the top of the capital structure, as Joe was outlining through the diagrams. And in addition to sitting there, we always want to make sure that all of the CDO transactions we have features in them such as cash flow diversions, early amortization triggers, to further enhance our position and reduce our weighted average life still further if it's needed.

That goes through, very briefly, the fundamental credit analysis that we go through. And again to stress, we only look at a model once we've gone through all of those processes. But having done that, I'm going to hand over to Gary, who can explain a little bit about the modeling process that goes on.

### Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

Good morning. If a candidate transaction survives the due diligence and the fundamental analysis that Andrew's been describing, it comes to the modeling. As an overview, the purpose of a model is going to be to find that big yellow arrow that was in the diagram that Joe was showing you earlier of a CDO. We have to draw a line between where we think the Super Senior attachment point should be without relying upon the rating agencies.

So if you remember that picture, there was a AAA tranche, which was just junior to us. We don't care where the rating agencies say AAA ends, we're going to find an attachment point consistent with our view of where the risk should start.

To do that, we've deliver -- we've developed a broad -- wide number of models for this purpose over the last decade. These models are for different asset classes in different parts of the world. So for example, we have specific models for Dutch residential mortgages. We have specific models for small and medium-term enterprises in Germany. And these models are highly data intensive and over the past decade, we've collected a large amount of data, largely from counter-party banks but also from publicly available sources, central banks, the OECD and so on.

These models are guided by a few very basic principals, which are designed to make them very robust and to introduce as little model risk as possible. First of all, we always build our own models. Nothing in our business is based on buying a model or using a publicly available model. No transaction is approved by Joe if it's not based on a model that we built. We only use third-party models for robustness checks and to -- for comparison purposes.

The models are all extremely simple. They're highly data intensive, and they're actuarial. They're not pricing models. They're prices -- they're models, which are intended to find losses, to be able to simulate losses.

When we do that, we simulate each individual obligation in the portfolio. Remember the slide earlier, in a mortgage portfolio in Europe, the average number of mortgages is 80,000. We're going to simulate each one of those mortgages, and we're going to take into account the individual characteristics of that mortgage. Is the person self-employed? Is the home in the former East Germany? What is the LTV? And so on.

These models are then going to produce a loss distribution. When we build a model, we're going to calibrate the model so that the mean of the loss distribution is worse than the worst post-war recession in that country, the mean of the distribution. What we're going to be interested in is the tail of that distribution, the far-right tail, so we're going to be looking at events, which we think are very, very extreme, as we'll show you in a little while.

For residential mortgages, as I mentioned, these are mostly European bank portfolios. They require data from the counter-party to supplement the data we have for mortgage experience in that country. That requires a due diligence trip to the bank to

understand their data. The due diligence trip, with respect to data, is part of the overall due diligence trip to understand the bank's underwriting standards and credit procedures.

A transaction can fail, even though it's gotten to the modeling point, if the data provided by the counter-party bank is insufficient, it's too many -- too few observations, or we can't understand really how they measured these observations.

We use macroeconomic data to calibrate to the worst case for many European countries. As I mentioned, the mortgage models simulate on a loan-by-loan basis. It's also notable that prepayment is something that's beneficial to our transactions. In other words, if somebody pays off their mortgage early, that amortizes the gross notional that Joe spoke about. And it's sequential amortization, so our piece declines first. In --.

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

(inaudible)

**Gary Gorton** - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

Okay.

### Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Ladies and gentlemen, sorry to interrupt for a second. As you can appreciate, we've had a little technical hitch on the webcast. So, you see people around with little handheld devices. We're trying to pick up the webcast. So, just bear with us. Sorry -- Gary, sorry about that.

### Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

Let me speak now about the models that are relevant for corporate portfolios and multi-sector CDOs. These models are based on simulating rating transitions. The rating -- the ratings that are relevant are those assigned by AIGFP credit officers, if possible, but they may be based on a mapping of a bank's internal rating system.

Again, that requires a due diligence trip to the bank and some intensive work to understand whether we find the bank's internal rating system credible. Again, as I'll explain, these transactions are going to be based on our worst-case scenario for that model. And then, as with all our transactions, the transaction is assumed to live its entire life during this worst case.

The portfolios that are actually modeled for multi-sector CDOs, since these are in large part managed portfolios, are the portfolios that the manager could select that would be the worst following the criteria. So, we construct the worst-case portfolio and take that as our base, even though they may have some of the portfolio ramped up, in which case we, as an additional scenario, look at that.

Now a word about using agency ratings, agencies have long histories of ratings. So from that point of view, it's a bit like mortality tables. And our view of the agencies is that, on average, they can tell you whether a AAA -- what a AAA is relative to a BBB. That is, they can tell you that a 50-year old white male who smokes is more likely to die than a 50-year old white male who doesn't smoke.

What we don't accept from the rating agencies is the likelihood that the people are going to die. So, we're going to calibrate those likelihoods, even though we're going to take their relative ranking, based on their large amounts of historical data.

So, our models that are based on ratings only take their relative ranking and then what we do is, we calibrate the models again so that we're just worse than the worst U.S., or whatever country we're in, post World War II recession as the mean. And then, our tranching is going to be based on looking at the tail of that distribution.

So, a quick sense of the outcome of the process Andrew and I have been describing, this slide shows you the current book divided up into corporate loans and European mortgages. It shows you those two large segments. The columns I want to draw your attention to are the column entitled Total Losses in Reference Pool to Date. You see that for corporate loans, it's seven basis points. For European mortgage, it's three basis points.

The weighted average attachment point is the term that Joe introduced earlier, which was the percentage amount of the dark blue portion of that tower that Joe pointed out. So, that's the percent of the notional that is junior to our attachment point. How does that compare to the losses?

Well, you get a sense of what we mean when we say remote risk by looking at that last column. The number 297 means that the losses would have to be 297 times greater to get to where we attach. And for European mortgages, they would have to be 440 times greater before we would be at risk. And we'll come back and more specifically talk about the modeling and subprime in a few minutes.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Okay. Thanks, Gary.

### **Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

Okay. I'd like now if we can to move on a little bit and talk more on and focus more on the -- what is the current topic, the topical sector of CDOs and within those in particular, those that we have that have subprime collateral within them.

And what we're going to hopefully demonstrate to you is that the fundamental approach that we take translates into fundamentally better transactions in reality. And I want -- we want to show how they too are as robust and risk remote as what Gary was talking about in terms of the corporate and the European mortgage sector. So, why are they different? Well again, it comes through two sources, a mixture of our underwriting and also a mixture of the collateral that we've chosen to put into those trades.

As with all of the trades that we've mentioned, there is no change from our overall approach. We're positively selecting both the managers that we have and the assets that are going in there. But it's also, as we've outlined, very important to understand how we're attaching significantly above where regular AAA debt holders would be.

If you split up CDO transactions, as many of you have done into those that mezzanine collateral and those that have high-grade collateral, we're -- on our mezzanine deals, it's over a third of our subordination is AAA rated. And in the high-grade deals, it's 43% of our subordination that is currently AAA rated.

The attachment points that we talked about and that Gary's going to go and talk a bit more about and particularly for the CDOs, the attachment points that we calculate by our model after our fundamental analysis are minimums. They are nothing more than a minimum attachment point that we can start the negotiation with.

We may have, on occasion, compromised our pricing objectives to win a transaction. We have never compromised our underwriting standards to win a transaction. The model that we use is what we live and die by in terms of creating the attachment point that we have. We always and always do attach higher up the capital structure than that.

We also always assume the worst is going to happen to us. So even after we've positively selected our managers, positively selected our structure, positively selected the assets that are going into it, we still assume that everyone's out to get us. So, we -- when we're modeling things, we assume that they will create the worst possible portfolio that they can that the legal documents allow them to. So even though we don't expect them to do that, even though the managers don't expect them to do that. The way we run our business is to assume that they will do that, and they will do that as soon as it's humanly possible.

We also apply through all of this, is the significant haircuts, both to the ratings that we're using through our modeling and also through the recovery rates that we use, which are significantly below those used by the rating agencies.

The other big difference through all of our transactions is the collateral that's going into it. And again we touched on this a little already. The period due diligence process that we've outlined -- hang on one second, we've got some --.

### **Unidentified Company Representative**

Excuse me, could one of the technicians come up? We're getting feedback on the webcast. We're getting feedback on the webcast here?

### **Unidentified Company Representative**

Sounds like you're getting a call?

### **Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

So again just focusing on the collateral for a second, clearly we do have subprime exposure in the transactions we've outlined there, but we did stop committing to new transactions at the end of December of '05 that included this subprime collateral. And this was through the ongoing due diligence that we've talked about. It was through our stressing of the underlying assets that we were seeing but also through the many meetings that we held with everyone related to the market, from the managers, the originators, the servicers, the repackagers, we met all of them. And we came back from our trips thinking things are changing and they are clearly not changing for the better.

So as a result, we stopped accepting the collateral and pulled out of the business. This has meant, as Martin outlined, that we have very little exposure to the troubled vintage of '06 and '07. We do have some because we have transactions that allow for reinvestment. And so currently we have 5 3% of the total collateral in our underlying transactions is from the years 2006 and 2007. But as you will see, if you look at the data appendices and we'll touch on a bit later as well, often a lot of this collateral is very recent when transactions actually are structured much better again, or it's when managers have gone further up the capital structure and have picked higher quality collateral to put in there.

One of the questions we have had is, where you have managed transactions isn't this number going to grow? We don't think it's going to grow materially. We have picked good managers. We didn't due the due diligence for nothing. We have picked guys that know what they're doing, they are not idiots. They have seen what is going on and the problems that are out there are obviously very apparent, they are not about to run blindly into buying and investing in more '06 and '07 vintage collateral.

However, because we assume the worst, we have structured all of our transactions with triggers that, if they do start to buy into these troubled vintages and the portfolio starts to deteriorate, all of the transactions we have triggers that will stop them from doing anything else.

The earlier collateral that we have, why is that important to us? Clearly the collateral from 2005 and earlier has had a significant amount of house price and other price appreciation within that. Again if you look at the data appendix, we've spelled out what

the house price appreciation is for our subprime, which is on average greater than 20% currently. The underwriting you will see I think comes out in Gary's next slide where we talk about how the rating agencies have looked at our collateral and looked at the overall collateral. And you can see again that our collateral has performed much better.

But also, again looking at the appendix, you'll see for the instance that the second lien amounts that we have through all of our collateral is a very small amount, showing the better underwriting standards we think. So the second lien in our subprime collateral makes up just 2%. The loss rates that we have on all of our subprime collateral are only a little more than 1% currently and the average FICO scores that we have are significantly north of 620.

The structures that we've created are also important in differentiating our transactions from other people's. Over 60% of all of our transactions are already starting to amortize. We're already getting paid down every month, we're already reducing our exposures. But as I mentioned, we put in deal triggers in every transaction to ensure that if the deals start to under perform, collateral starts to deteriorate that we further ensure that cash flows in the transaction are diverted to us, reducing our risk position quicker and faster.

We also spend a lot of time with the managers and on our own reviewing all of the underlying collateral. We go through that and, in the same way that we stress tested it before it went in, we continue to do that stress testing on an ongoing basis. We also ensure that the covenants and different triggers that we put into deals are being adhered to.

There is no point creating the great structures and then finding that it's not being adhered to. So we go through and spend a lot of time with the legal guys within our own groups to make sure that all of the covenants are being followed and that, if any cash flow should be diverted to us, then they are being diverted to us. And with that I'm going to hand back to Gary who can perhaps better demonstrate the performance that we've had and the differences again between '05 collateral versus '06 and '07.

### Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

So the next slide is aimed at addressing those questions, how have we performed relative to the overall subprime market, how have the models performed compared to the overall experience. On this slide you'll see six columns of numbers, three for the 2005 vintage and three columns for the 2006 vintage. So a number in this column is the percentage of a bond with a given rating on the left column that have been downgraded.

So just to understand the table, if you look at the percent of Moody's BA rated bonds that were bonds issued during 2005 linked to subprime portfolios, what percentage of those bonds have been down graded, the answer is 18.9% of them have been downgraded. Just to understand the numbers, what would our model have predicted?

So we can go to our models and we can say, imagine we have 100 bonds that were issued during 2005 and they were linked to subprime mortgages in the U S. What would the model have predicted in terms of numbers of those bonds that would have been downgraded? The answer is, well over a two-year period 40% of them we predict would have been downgraded and over a three-year period 47 of the 100. So there's a range there of, depending on when these bonds start, whether it was January 1 or the end of December 2005.

So if you look at the 2005 vintage, you have three columns to compare. There's the percent of all bonds rated by Moody's that were subprime in 2005, there's our model predictions and there's the actual experience of our book. So again, looking at the last column, Moody's has downgraded 18.9% of all bonds that started their life BA, our model would predict 40% to 50% almost would have been downgraded and our experience has been 16.3%.

So a couple things to note here just about 2005. First of all, the positive selection of portfolios that Andrew was talking about in the due diligence trips you can see in the numbers, comparing the first column to the third column. Secondly, notice that

the experience and the behavior of Moody's are both well within the tolerances that we're talking about in terms of our model. Our model predicts much, much worse outcomes. We underwrote to the standard of the middle column.

Now as my colleagues have emphasized, we stopped writing this business in late 2005 based on fundamental analysis and based on concerns that the model was not going to be able to handle declining underwriting standards. And if you look at the 2006 vintage, you can see that that decision basically was correct. If you look at Moody's downgrades, 93.7% of BA bonds started their life as BA bonds, have been downgraded. That's outside the band that our model would have predicted. So it's consistent with experience.

Now on the 2006 vintage the way the model works is, as time goes on, there will be more and more downgrades in the model. So we model to the life of the transaction. What I've shown you here is a snapshot just experienced to date. So the 2006 vintage, the model tolerance is there, depending on the horizon, 32% to 40%. If we go out to ten years, those are going to be very, very big numbers.

So we know that our model's going to get worse, what's not clear to us is whether the agencies are going to get worse. I mean seems that they, as you know, have done something that is very, very atypical for them, they've jumped. They've had a jump in their ratings for lots, they've jumped a lot of categories in many cases for 2006 and 2007 and they've downgraded lots of bonds and time will tell whether there's anything else for them to do. It could be that by the time we get to the end the model has caught up so to speak.

S&P tells broadly a similar story from our point of view. The only point to make here is that, again, the agencies have a somewhat different view with respect to certain categories. S&P shows a clear distinction between 2005 and 2006 vintages but, for example, their BBB downgrade percentage is 27.9% for the 2005 vintage, whereas Moody's on the last slide was only 5.1%. They're also harsher on 2006, their BBB is 82.8% for Moody's versus 50.1%, so S&P is harsher.

Now the distinctions that we have been making between 2005 and 2006 and the distinctions that are apparent in the rating agency behavior between 2005 and 2006 are real distinctions. Here are the fundamentals of what's going on. These are the actual delinquency rates from the bonds and so this is what is being reflected in the ratings and the models.

So this picture lines everybody up and says, along the X axis at the bottom it says, how long have you been in existence. And then the Y axis, the vertical axis, is the percent in delinquency. So for holding age of the transaction constant, you can look up and go across and rank them by how bad they are as measured by delinquencies. Delinquencies are leading indicators of default.

Now the 2005 vintage, we're well within model tolerances, that's the red line. What's interesting to note is the green line above it. The green line above the red line is the year 2001, which was the last recession in the U.S. So you can see that that's not close to, that's above the red line and our model tolerances are worse than the worst post-World War II recession. So it's consistent with the model, the red line is not as bad as the last recession and the last recession isn't as bad as the worse World War II recession.

But the other thing to notice is the black line above the green line. That is the 2006 subprime vintage. You can see that that is significantly above the green line, which was the last recession in the United States. So the distinction that we're making and that other people have made is not artificial, it's a real distinction in these bonds. It's in fact the case that the 2006 vintage is worse.

### Andrew Forster - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

Okay, so for this slide I've stolen some more data out of the appendices that you have, just to clarify exactly what exposure we have to '06 and '07. And again we've split it up between the transactions with Mezzanine collateral, predominantly BBB, and transactions with high-grade collateral, predominantly AA. And as you can see from here, the high-grade transactions have

4 3% of their total collateral, the subprime collateral being from '06 and '07, of which 65% of which is still AA or AAA rated. And in the Mezzanine transactions we have 7% of the total subprime collateral being from '06 and '07. But again there are transactions where we have on average 37% subordination. So it's 7% against the 37%.

The final slide for me which I'm going on to before I hand back to Joe is to talk about some of the frequently asked questions that we've received. Now sadly we couldn't incorporate all of the questions that we've had because you have been quite prolific, but we tried to pick the questions that we've had which we think are representative of what you've asked and representative of where you have concerns of the portfolio.

So clearly question number one is, what happens to you then if we write off '06 and '07? And again the approach has always been write it all off regardless of the rating, even though we've shown you that actually the ratings that we have, a lot of its AA and AAA. And this is sort of slightly bizarre in my opinion, but the new market approach where we say well we just write everything off with zero recovery, regardless of the rating.

So if you do that, so you're writing off all of '06 and '07 subprime, AAA downwards, no recovery, what happens to your portfolio? And as you can see from these, the high-grade transactions would show a loss of \$314 million spread across three transactions, and the remaining transactions would have an average subordination of just under 13% still. The Mezzanine transactions would actually show a loss of just \$7 million from one deal and the remaining transactions would have average subordination left of 31.5%.

So the questions go on. So what happens if 2005 wasn't so perfect as well and that the losses get worse than people expect and losses start to creep up the ratings stack. So how about we throw in all BBBs and lower from the second half of 2005 and we write all that off, again with zero recovery. But of course we still want to include all of '06, all of '07 and write that off regardless of rating and regardless of recovery.

If you do that what happens to your book? Well, the high-grade transactions show no further loss, the remaining average subordination does dip a little, but still at 12.4%. The Mezzanine transactions, the cumulative loss increases now to \$59 million, spread across three transactions and the average subordination left is 26.4%.

And then for the truly morbid amongst you, they say well what about you've got CDOs in your transaction, so what about the CDO exposures? So we don't like CDOs from A downwards so let's take all of the CDOs that you have that are A rated and below and we give no cares for vintage and we give no cares for what the underlying collateral, which again, as you'll see in the appendix, is a very harsh assumption given that the CDOs in our deals are of an earlier vintage and the collateral is not always subprime collateral. But let's say we write all of those off, so A and below, regardless of vintage, no recovery. We add that to the second half of 2005 subprime, all BBB and below, and we add that to all of '06 and all of '07 regardless of rating and regardless of recovery. What happens then to your book?

And as you can see, the high-grade transactions now have a cumulative loss of \$412 million spread across six deals now and the average subordination still stands north of 10% on the remaining transactions. The Mezzanine transactions show a cumulative loss of \$169 million, four deals, the remaining deals have an average subordination of north of 20% still. So we could go on if time would permit, but I think these are what we think are representative of the questions you've asked and they're representative and demonstrate the quality book that we have, how well structured transactions that we have and the superior collateral that we have within all of our transactions. And with that I'm going to hand back to Joe to talk about the valuation processes.

### Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Great thank you, Andy. And as you can tell by Andy's presentation of the slide five, this is not anywhere near anything we think is going to happen. This is just, as Andy put it, there are some morbid questions we get about what happens if the world rolls off its axis and the world goes to hell in a hand basket. But with the data that you now have in front of you, you can play this

power game. You can go through and you can figure out what you think our losses might be or what you see from information in the market and you can go through this. But it does come back to us as saying that we believe this is a money good book and money good assets.

Now before James goes through the accounting methodology, I just want to spend a few minutes and talk about a bit of the issues that are involved for us in doing all this. And again, I know this is quite topical. The accounting rules demand that we assess a fair value to the series of transactions. For me, when I look at these transactions, I actually think of these transactions as being more akin to an insurance contract. They have many more attributes than similarities to insurance than they do to market driven derivative contracts.

You know when you look at it there's no liquidity. The transactions that we do are very one sided, we provide protection to a Super Senior segment. There's no two-way market in these transactions, they're too customized, they're constructed as the team has demonstrated from the ground up and it is really difficult, if not impossible to get another side to this transaction. You're only called upon in certain fortuitous events, a default of some kind, a series of defaults, where they could eat into the underlying contract.

And so again like an insurance contract, it's really a fortuitous event that calls your performance into action. We do write them, though, on these is the based contracts and the accounting profession has decided that these are derivative contracts and that they should have an accounting valuation. So we follow the rules. But there are many challenges to obtaining market pricing or comparables, due to the highly customized nature of these transactions.

There's no defined market standards. We started the presentation by saying there's no standards of the Super Senior concept. Many of the questions we have are always about why did the other guy call this trade a Super Senior trade? I don't know and I can't answer that. And so it's difficult then to find trading comparisons because of the variety of attachment points, the underwriting standards and the procedures that we use and implement to create our Super Senior transaction.

So in order to build a fair value assessment we need to look at the underlying components of these obligations and we need to attempt to impute pricing for each reference obligation. But since our contract is a deep out of the money synthetic default option, that's the nature of these, there's no cash involved in these transactions, we must also take into account the difference between the cash price for the underlying reference obligation and the pricing of the synthetic credit derivative.

So seeking price discovery for the reference obligations is, at the current time, due to the complete illiquidity in the market, is nearly impossible. There is at times no a longer, at all, a readily available market and this is further complicated by the fact that many of the underlying reference obligations have non-standard features which must be accounted for when developing either an analogous or a comparative price from some other instrument.

Take for example our multi-sector book. 20,000 separate obligations exists within our multi-sector CDO book. Many of these obligations did not trade even in the best of market conditions. And if they did trade, it was infrequently and it was by appointment and whether you want to call that trading or somebody was buying or selling at different times, but there was not really a discernible market then. And so you can imagine the difficulties now.

So how do we handle it and how do we handle this lack of market information? Well we have a scale of procedures we go through. Where we can we try and use direct market information. We may get it from Andy and his team in trading some of our cash book and we'll be able to see what goes on. It maybe come in from other aspects of the AIG family of companies where Richard and Win and their team are trading and selling certain of the bonds that they have and we can use that as price discovery. It comes from our third-party counterparts where we investigate where they think pricing is.

We then try and draw on analogous information that's out there and try and draw similar attributes to some of the instruments that we have. We then get all this information and generally it's information we're accumulating from a variety of third-party agents, all bonafide people in the market, but it never fills out the entire spectrum for us. And so we then need to use our

management judgment, and there is a good part of management judgment that we use to interpret the data and be able to create an overall matrix for which we can price up all of these underlying obligations. So it's quite, in many ways, a daunting task because of all the underlying instruments that exist here.

Now why do we use a model? And James will speak at greater length and more clearly on this than I will, but the bottom line is we use a model because of all the variables involved in determining how the pricing should work, how the defaults should work, how do you impute a loss given probability of default against the thousands and thousands of reference obligations we have. So we attempt to do this but it ends up with for us is a real disconnect, as I said earlier, between the economics and the reality of these transactions and what the accounting valuation is. And I'm just going to spend one minute and give you a piece of anecdotal information from the market last Friday.

So last Friday was month end for November and it was an interesting week. We all heard that Vice Chairman Kohn came out in the middle part of the week and gave a public speech in which it was interpreted that he was beginning to think that we needed to have a Fed cut. Then on Thursday night Chairman Bernanke gave a speech in Charlotte where he could be interpreted that he was thinking that maybe there's too much roiling in the markets and that maybe there needs to be a Fed cut.

And when we came into work on Friday morning in London, the press reports all had stories about Secretary Paulson and Congress working towards this new plan of theirs in order to freeze some of the rollovers and be able to help people survive the sticker shock of some of the subprime mortgages. So this all had an amazing affect on an instrument that many of you have asked me in your conversations why we don't price against the ABX. But I'm going to use this ABX and what went on in the price periods on Friday as an example of why it is difficult to see into this market and the realities of what the market is telling us right now.

Why don't we use the ABX? I think the short answer is the ABX is not at all in any way representative of our portfolio. And I think many of you now know the story of the ABX, it consists of 20 bonds, its cohort is somewhat limited and it's been selected in a certain fashion. It doesn't have the granularity or the diversity of what our portfolios are but we don't ignore it. It's information in the market, it's information about changes that go on in the market, it's information about changes in value and it informs some of the management information that we need to use when creating our valuations for accounting purposes.

Now let me go back to the Friday story. So now there are these three stories sitting out there and on Friday morning the 2006-1, which would be the mortgage pools looking back at the last half of 2005 and the A rated category. So on Friday morning, from the previous close to that morning it gaps up 13 points. That's a 22% gap in pricing. So you look and say well maybe that's good news. Then a couple of trades go through. The aggregation of these two trades -- of these few trades is not greater than \$100 million and within a couple of hours of this press taking gap up of 22%, the ABX 2006-1A comes back flying down 10% and closes the day only up 1%.

The amazing thing about this is it was the most volatile day, according to different firms we talked to, of the ABX and no trades practically went through. And you look at it and you say well how can you get any transparency from this market information? And this is what people talk to us about as the most liquid instrument. So no trading, huge volatility, tremendous unease. And I think this is very, very illustrative of either a frothy market, I actually guess it's not frothy because it's the bottom part of a market, the marmite section of the market.

And it gives you a window to the challenges that we're facing when trying to give these valuations. And you know I've seen a lot of people write and lot of people talk about things about well why is there a number of this and why is there a number of that. I can tell you, we're doing our best job to give you the proper valuations, but I don't think they're grounded in the reality of our portfolios. But I know that you want a number. And as much as I sit here and tell you that it's not grounded in reality, people are seeking a number for us.

Now we have run our numbers or actually are running our numbers for November. And it's a complicated process in some of the ways we've laid it out, but what I can tell you, and I want you to walk away with this as an estimate, and my best estimate

at this point in time with the information I have is that I think we will have, or my estimate is we will have a further write-down from the October number of somewhere between \$500 million and \$600 million. I love it, everybody wrote that number down, after everything I've been saying today.

And just for clarity's sake, we gave you a posting in October of \$550 million, again we're telling you somewhere between \$500 million and \$600 million and we're saying that's an estimate right now. And as Charlene said at the very beginning of the meeting, this will change and it will be informed as things change during the market. Now I gave you a number as of Friday, we've all seen the rallies that have taken place, I've also given you information that says you can't believe the rallies because of what's going on. So it's still a bit in flux.

The other question people ask is well where do you see this going and where do you and your team see it all going? I have no idea. I am looking at the fundamental basis of our transactions and I'm comfortable with the fundamental parameters of our transactions. I do know that between now and the end of the first quarter market pricing is going to be dynamic, but that's all I can give you about the market.

I know it's going to be volatile, I know it's going to be dynamic and we're going to be in this phase for quite a while and at least through the end of the quarter. But I think the best way for you all to think about this portfolio is based upon the information that Andy and Gary have given you today in the fundamental analysis of the business. So now I'll turn it over to James and he can tell you why he also finds the accounting issues challenging.

#### James Bridgwater - American International Group - EVP - Qualitative Solutions

Thank you, Joe. So I'm going to take a couple of minutes just to go into a little bit more detail about a couple of things Joe was just saying and in particular I'm going to try and answer two questions. First of all why do we use a model and the second one, why do we choose this particular model? So as Joe said, under U.S. GAAP we need to record our transactions at fair value. The real question here is how do we determine that fair value in a dislocated market?

We always try to use market prices to the extent of that they're available but unfortunately, for the sort of remote risk, highly customized transactions that we typically transact, there is no readily available market. We can usually but not always get market prices for most of the collateral, most of the reference obligations that make up the collateral pool. To the extent we have market prices we use them, to the extent we can't get them we use the best available proxy.

The next stage is to recognize the market ascribes a difference in valuation to cash securities versus synthetic. There are a number of different reasons for this but one important reason is the liquidity needed to fund a cash position, particularly in the current market environment. In other words, even if we have prices for all of the reference bonds making up the collateral pool, this is an important factor in determining a valuation for our transactions but it is not enough to determine entirely the valuation.

Furthermore, our transactions have specific structural supports that provide us with additional protection in adverse circumstances and Andy has referred to these, for example cash flow diversion triggers. In order to ascribe a fair value to these transactions we need a model to incorporate all of these different factors.

So let me talk a little bit about the specific model that we actually use. The Binomial Expansion Technique, or BET model, was originally developed by Moody's back in '96 with the goal of providing a tool for generating expected losses for portfolio credit derivative transactions. This model has been extensively studied and documented and continues to be widely used in CDO analysis. The basic methodology is simple and transparent. It relies on a measure of diversification called the Diversity Score to encapsulate the degree of correlation between defaults and securities in the underlying collateral pool.

The main point here is that the higher correlation translates into a lower Diversity Score and I'll talk a little bit more about that on the next slide. The Diversity Score is calculated and reported by most of the trustees in transactions that we have, so we have

access to independently derived Diversity Scores for the majority of our transactions. And this speaks to the great advantage of a BET model.

All of the main model parameters can be derived from independent market sources. We do not need to make assumptions, for example, about the market price of correlation, which is not an observable parameter for the senior tranches of multi-sector CDOs that are we trying to value. And I've listed at the bottom of the slide the main model parameters that we need in order to achieve a valuation.

So let me finally go into a little bit more detail on a couple of these points. We use market credit spreads wherever possible to imply a probability of loss for each underlying reference security. And that means the 20,000 reference securities that Joe was referring to. We do not use agency ratings to imply our lost distributions. The key to the BET model is that we replace a large and diverse pool of securities with a hypothetical, much simpler homogeneous pool of uncorrelated securities. The size of this hypothetical pool is given by the Diversity Score.

We have made a few enhancements to the original BET model to help us capture the specific features of our transactions. For example, we look at the loss distribution through time rather than just the loss distribution at maturity. We also use Monte Carlo simulation to enable us to incorporate and to value the specific structural features that are present in each of our transactions. Thank you. Back to you, Joe.

#### Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Great thanks, James. So just to sum up before the Q&A, we believe this is a money good portfolio. You've heard us talk about all our trades combine the strength and careful asset due diligence, selection and review with the rigors and frameworks provided by our bespoke modeling.

But each and everyone of our transactions, as Andy said earlier, passes through the same careful process, we don't have any shortcuts, including, and we haven't spent a lot of time on this but Bob will talk about this with Kevin I'm sure during his presentation, the approval of the AIG Head Office Enterprise Risk or the Credit Risk Group at AIG. So there's always two eyes, two teams reviewing our business. There is not one dollar of this business that's been done that hasn't gone through that double review check.

As Gary said, the models we use are simple, they're specific and they're highly conservative. And other than the accounting methodology model, they're all in-house models. And we actually went outside to draw down a model that was publicly available for accounting valuations because it was easy for others then to look and understand what we're doing, because that's the whole essence of the fair value is let others see into your business.

It's also important to know that we construct and stress to our worst case assumptions, as Gary has pointed out. And one of the things that's helping us through was the decision we made in 2005 and the limited exposure that we have to the problematic vintages of '06 and '07. And now we'd be more than happy to take your questions. Tom?

# **OUESTIONS AND ANSWERS**

Tom Cholnoky - Goldman Sachs - Analyst

Tom Cholnoky, Goldman. Joe, just to go back to your estimate of the mark-to-market I guess --

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

I warned you about this.

#### Tom Cholnoky - Goldman Sachs - Analyst

I just want to make sure I fully understand, I know this is kind of like second grade for me going through this. But just so I just so I understand, to the extent that you've now quarter to date had roughly a \$1.1 billion or so of potential or mark-to-market

**Joe Cassano** - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Or mark-to-model loss.

## Tom Cholnoky - Goldman Sachs - Analyst

Mark-to-model, just to make sure, you don't actually expect these to actually generate economic loss for you. This is an indication that, if you were to sell your portfolio today or sell these securities, you would have to recognize that loss. But to the extent that you have the ability to ride out the duration of the contract, these would ultimately reverse these charges, just to understand that. Is that correct?

## **Joe Cassano** - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

That's absolutely correct. Now let me just, what Tom is saying is absolutely correct. We see the \$1.1 billion, and we should add to it the \$350 million from the third quarter of last year right, the end of the September numbers, so the approximately \$1.5 billion as a mark that someone might make us pay to take on these liabilities in this aberrant market conditions. But we don't have to sell, they're all synthetic, there's nothing that compels us to sell these trades. Our fundamental analysis says this is a money good asset. We would not be doing the shareholders any benefit by exiting this right now and taking that loss. And over the average lives that you see us post for the maturity of these transactions, these losses will come back and these are money good instruments that we have.

## Tom Cholnoky - Goldman Sachs - Analyst

And then just, sorry, one follow up if I can just on the Paulson proposals in Washington. I you can just go into a little bit more depth of, a little more detail of how potentially that could impact your various positions. For instance there's some thought that BBBs might get pushed ahead of you and whatnot, but if you could give us a little bit more detail.

# Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Right. It's a good question, Tom, because it's so timely, there are a lot of questions about the Paulson plan. I actually am very happy that Secretary Paulson is taking a strong view at that end of the spectrum, how do we solve the mortgage problem in the United States at the pointy end of the mortgage problem where the individuals are. I think that's an important aspect to it. Whether his plan comes to final completion we don't know because you're all listening to the same pundits that I do.

The way to look at it is, if his plan came to fruition, what he would be saying then is, okay you who may have defaulted you no longer will default because you're going to get a better rate than you would have through the market and your mortgage will continue. That's the essence of his plan.

How does that affect us? Well as Andy has talked about, we built certain covenants into our transactions such that if there's a degradation in the portfolio and the BBBs begin to get eaten into, or certain over collateralization tests are hit or other events are hit the way we've constructed it, you leap frog your payments from the lower tranches, the BB, the BBB to sometimes the As to the AAAs and to the Super Seniors and the Super Senior gets all the principal amortization.

So in a bad situation we get first dibs on the money that's coming out of the deal. But in a good situation, which would be what the Paulson plan puts forth, the BBB will stay there and continue to get his interest payments because now Paulson's plan has created a better spectrum of events. And our AAA will though continue to get paid, our maturities will expend because the portfolios will still stay, the people have made their rate sets, they will have gone through their rate sets.

But it doesn't hurt us. I mean I think people have taken the view that, gee this BBB event where you leap frog the other fellows and you begin to pay off the top of the capital notes, is a positive in a bad situation, but you'd rather not have that positive of that bad situation, you'd rather have the portfolio pay normally along the life of the portfolio. So it doesn't put us in any worse position. Do you want to add anything to that?

## **Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

No I think that's right. I mean the BBBs, with all of the structures if you have what Paulson's talking about, it means the deals are not going to have the same sort of losses and the sort of delinquencies that they have now. That has to be a good thing for us. If these deals don't take these losses, if you're not forced to sell houses into a currently very difficult market, that can only be good news for us as we sit at the top of the capital structure.

#### Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

And so it's good for us and it's good for the -- and I'm sure it'll come up in Richard's discussion in the AAA pool that Richard has. Andrew? Sorry, go ahead.

# **Bob Huttinson** - Oleon - Analyst

It's [Bob Huttinson] with [Oleon]. On a go-forward basis how do you use your analytics and your leadership in the market to eventually restore, extract premium pricing and help to build a new paradigm in which the market order becomes one in which you can thrive and benefit?

# Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

I'm going to start and then I'll have Andy talk a bit on this one. It's actually a really good question and in line with one of the questions we get a great deal is what's the pipeline look like? What's the future look like right now in this business? And I would say I think in many of the conversations I've had I've said, look, you saw that we wrote I think it was 48 billion of notional amount at the end of the third quarter. And I'd say, look, we have a pipeline that big right now.

One of the things that we are doing is trying to increase the discipline in the market by holding subordination levels at the high level that we think they need to be, premium or spread at the high levels that we think they need to be and the market is suffering now from sticker shock when we show up, so sticker shock exists everywhere nowadays, and we're trying to influence it. Now what's happening is people are struggling and they're saying, no I'm going to go away and look at someone else. When they go away they look at folks who don't have the same wherewithal that we have. And you can use your imagination and think about who some of the people are they might be going to.

And when it goes up the management chain the management chain says, no that's not a money good trade let's go back to AIG. But it is causing a new dynamic for us in the negotiations and in the discussions on these portfolios. But we are exerting our influence to create even greater discipline than what we were able to accomplish here. And one of the frustrations we had in this market was that we could see the underwriting standards beginning to collapse and we had to step out.

And you know there was a long time between 2005 to where we are today and there are always questions of us well why aren't you doing this, why aren't you doing that? And you say, look, we've got to keep to our knitting, we have to watch underwriting standards. And people look and go well I'm not so sure about that. We're in that same position today and we're trying as best we can. But in some ways sometimes we're a lonely voice in these things because there are other folks that are desperate to do business for whatever their reasons are. Does that answer your --?

**Bob Huttinson** - Oleon - Analyst

(Inaudible question - microphone unavailable)

#### Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

You know I'll let Andy answer this, but the structured credit business and the way the structured credit business was created and what it got to, it's going to roll back, it's a pendulum swing as we have all seen in the market. So we're going to come back to more basics. You do see and you all hear that the credit linked obligations, CLOs, where there's direct tracking of underlying loans into things rather than the CDO mechanism is something that's taking off.

But I do think also that there will be more discipline. You know one of the things that happens as markets develop is people rely on others. It's always been our benchmark not to rely on others, to rely on our recognizance. So I can sit here in front of you and tell you that I've done my homework. But the market did get carried away with relying on others and now they want to point to others and they want to say, oh it's their fault. One example would be everybody wants to blame the rating agencies, I don't think that's fair. I think you have to do your own homework and do your own evaluation. And I think the market is learning that lesson again, but that's a lesson the market learns after every one of these kinds of events. Do you want to --?

# **Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

I think the only thing I would add is that if you focus directly on our Super Senior business, it clearly is a declining business. You know we pulled out of doing stuff where it's the multi-sector CDOs and if you look at the other transactions, the corporate and the residential mortgages, as we've outlined, the vast majority of people that we're transacting with are doing that for regulatory capital purposes. They no longer need to do those trades or some of them won't need to do those trades starting in January 2008 and as they implement the different processes.

So they won't all disappear in January 2008, but the vast majority of our trades are going to disappear well before what we've even shown in the slides where we've shown it to the first call date. As the regulations change people will be able to cancel those trades and still have the same benefits. So that side of the business is clearly declining and over the next two or three years those notionals are going to disappear from our books. And they really can't be replaced.

# **Joe Cassano** - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

But you know it's the challenge of the business we're in, it's always recreating what we do. And you've heard me talk in many instances that that's what we do. We are back to our knitting, we have our commodities business that we're looking at and we're continuing to grow, we have our rates business that's been a hallmark of our activities, our equity derivative business especially in Europe is doing very, very well. You know Andy's business on a whole in credit is not going to disappear, credit's



not going to completely disappear, it's the second oldest profession, somebody needed to borrow money for the oldest profession. Ted?

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

Thank you, Joe. I have two questions which are rather different one to the other and it would help to have, if we could, slide 17 back up on the screen. But the first question, Joe, regards capital and how are your capital requirements determined. And going forward, do you see any near-term constraints, given the way capital is provided to AIGFP? And I'll just wait for slide 17 for the second question.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Guys, could you go back and put up slide 17?

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

If not I can just talk to it.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Right. Here it comes.

# **Unidentified Audience Member**

Subprime RMBS models versus reality. 17 or 18 is fine. Why don't we start with this one. Something struck me that on a three-year basis your models indicate that about 38% of the AAAs will deteriorate and it's a bathtub curve, it drops to 29% for the As and then rises up again, which you'd expect, for the BBs to 47%. And I'm just curious what in the model drives the bathtub.

# Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

Okay so let me answer that. It's not monotonic because we're calibrating to meet the mean default rate and the data is actual data for downgrades. So in the data the downgrades happen at different rates and what we're focused on is the column of losses. So when we underwrite, we're not really focusing on the downgrade experience so we weren't concerned with this non-monotonicity that you pointed out. But in terms of showing you the robustness of the model compared to experience, there are many more downgrades than there are actual defaults. There's a lot talk about defaults but the actual number of defaults hasn't been very large. So it seemed that in terms of the data it was better to show you this comparison.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

Thank you. And then the capital question.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Okay. The capital question is a good question at times like this. One, I think it's also a good question when Bob's up because Bob is doing a lot of the enterprise risk management and new capital modeling work that we're going through. These are unrealized losses.



Our fundamental perspective on these transactions has not changed. So we have to take account that there are the unrealized losses and they go against book but we also have to look at the fundamental nature of this business. And this is a three-month period we're going through here, this started in August and here we are in November, well five-month period, and I think we have to be careful about drawing too many conclusions from an aberrant period and then deciding how we measure the future growth to capital.

And Bob and I work a lot together on these issues and we talk a great deal on how we show go about and think about this. Very frankly, a lot of my attention has been to the knitting and the book right now and not so much to what should we do as a profile of our capital. But it's clearly on my list of things to work through. But I also want everybody to be careful to think that we shouldn't jump to a conclusion based on an aberrant period. And this is clearly an aberrant cycle in what's going on. But it has to inform us as to how we should look at the business over the haul.

Now the other part of your question, Ted, is how does your wherewithal to withstand this business under the way capital is allocated and all those things work out. Clearly this is a time where it's a huge benefit to be part of the AIG family. And I'll be very, very frank with everyone, there was a time in the last few years where I was looking and wondering, gee is there something about the model we created in 1987 where a team of people attached themselves to a fabulous multinational company with huge amounts of capital and said, gee we can build this business out together. Because what happened was the market began to move away into the structured vehicles, not just SIVs, all kinds of structured vehicles, hedge funds and all those things, and it was saying you could be self sustaining with the capital that's inside you.

And I used think gee is there something anachronistic about what we did now? Is it pass in some ways? And I think the proof is in the pudding and I think it's these crises and these points in time that give us the wherewithal right now to stand here with you and say on the back of giants, on the back of everybody at AIG who has built the capital that AIG has, the AIGFP unit is able to withstand this aberrant period. And it's due to that that things would work out. So we don't have any issues of our wherewithal here to sit through this business.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

I was thinking specifically of the 30% slice for you and your team.

# Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Well some of us will be hungrier this Christmas than others. But look I haven't sat down with the Compensation Committee, I've had some early discussions with Bill and with Martin on what I think a proposal should be. Clearly my team, they have done a good job, they need to be rewarded and the shareholder wants them to be in place. The one thing I actually haven't gotten through this market is the other parlor game where they've been decapitating firms and then they take out everybody underneath. And I wonder well who's there managing it now and what's going on there.

Now you know if management decides that I'm a problem in this scenario and they want me to leave, that's fine, I understand that that's how this business is conducted. I think I have the confidence of the management team, is Bill leaving? And we will work this through. I mean I'm here for the long haul, I've been here for 20 years, I have a huge sense of responsibility to what we've done and what we've created and to this moment in time. And we will work it through but clearly my team, we need to keep the team in place and we need to figure out how to do that. And I know that in the next month we'll all be sitting with the compensation committee or the Board discussing the methodology for doing that.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

In the third quarter 10-Q for America International Group, it states that you were cognizant that basically your assessment of certain Super Senior credit default swaps and the related collateral, that your estimate of that differs significantly from your counterparties. What does that sentence mean?

#### Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

It means the market's a little screwed up. How are you Charlie? Seriously, that is what it means. The market is, and I don't mean to make light of this, actually just so everybody is aware, the section that Charlie was reading from was a section that dealt with collateral call disputes that we have had with other counterparts in this transaction. It goes to some of the things that James and I talked about, about the opacity in this market and the inability to see what valuations are.

And we have from time to time gotten collateral calls from people and then we say to them, well we don't agree with your numbers. And they go, oh, and they go away. And you say well what was that? It's like a drive by in a way. And the other times they sat down with us, and none of this is hostile or anything, it's all very cordial, and we sit down and we try and find the middle ground and compare where we are. And that goes to some of this price discovery I've been talking about and how we go through that price discovery process.

But there's also some huge pressures sitting out there on a lot of the people who you can think of as our counterparts in some of this business and the funding costs that they're suffering through because of the aberrant market, and then looking at every available place where they can get collateral. And as Andy said, when times get tough, and we always know this is going to happen, everybody goes to the docs right? Everybody is real friendly when you're closing the deal, it's going to work out fine, don't worry, we're all buddies, all this good stuff. And the next day they say, no this is what the document says.

And we're very careful about that and we make sure that we know where we stand in the pecking order of the documentation and where we are. But we need to be careful. Again, it's not a service to the shareholder or to the company for me to agree terms on these collateral calls unless I can make sure that I believe that they're bonafide. And that's what we do. And that's what that note was about. And you know we're hearing anecdotally in the market that this issue about collateral calls is just circling through the entire market because there is no price transparency right now. And you can go back to my anecdotal story on the ABX which everybody thinks is liquid and it tells you a lot about the market.

### **Unidentified Audience Member**

What is the recession that you're underwriting to, the worst one since World War II?

Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

It was a recession in the '70s I think.

## **Unidentified Audience Member**

The '73/'74?

Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

Yes. And Dun & Bradstreet has a time series of defaults which goes back that far. If you look for data on large corporate defaults, you don't find data sets that go back that far.

THOMSON

### **Unidentified Audience Member**

Right. Are you simply taking the frequency and severity of losses during that period? Or are you adjusting that to reflect the laxer lending standards, the huge run up in home prices we've had and that kind of thing that we're dealing with today?

## Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

No it's the former, it's the frequency of default, the frequency of default. So the core model is something which, once we agreed was a reasonable approach, we've stuck to. We don't fiddle with the model really to take other things into account, except as the team thinks the model doesn't consider certain things and then that is added in the buffer.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

But isn't that unrealistic just to take the model at the time, then you didn't have ARMs, you didn't have teaser rates, you had much lower loan to value ratios.

### **Joe Cassano** - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

It goes to a different point though, is what we did, and you can all disagree with this, is that we looked and we knew our model didn't work for what we saw going on in the market. When Andy went through his presentation and talked about how we went to ground and met with all of the people that we mention with, all of the people in the market that we talked to, you know we talked to Kevin and Bob about what their view was, we talked to our colleagues at AGF about their view of the market.

You know we realized that there was a fundamental shift and we also realized the model was incapable of dealing with that fundamental shift. And some of it went to teasers and all these option ARMs that are out there and these other kind of products that were there, that we didn't have the proper tools to evaluate. And so that was what made us, one our fundamental analysis when something's up, and then we also knew when we looked it said the model wasn't going to be able to deal with it so I think it's time to exit.

## **Unidentified Audience Member**

Did it also adjust for the abnormally high run up in prices in the 2001 or 2002 period through 2005?

## Andrew Forster - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

I think the important thing, and what you're saying is exactly right, but the important thing is that we agree with you in the sense that we both agree that the model will not capture all of these things. But we never expected it to and that is why we have a fundamentally different approach of saying, yes we can use the model but the model will not capture everything. So if you just run a model you will have problems. We think if you combine the model with fundamental analysis and credit analysis deciding whether we think these are good assets before they're going in, that we capture an awful lot more of the risks that are in there. And that's why we think we have a better transaction.

# Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

And let's just put it in order, fundamental review first, fundamental understanding of what we're doing, then use the model to verify what we believe were the fundamentals.

Gary Gorton - Wharton School of Business, University of Pennsylvania - Professor

This is the advantage of building your own model. When you build your own model you know exactly all these issues that you've identified. When you buy a model you have no idea what the issues are. So you're making a very good point. All models are wrong, Black Shoals assumes volatility is constant, but if you know that then you can intelligently use the model. And that's sort of the spirit that we use models.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Andrew, got the mic?

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

Finally the mic guys are controlling it here, so a little different at AIG. Two questions and let me give you the first one. I mean you've clearly demonstrated no economic loss, your models are impressive and you pointed that in this mark, I think your mark is about \$1.5 billion. So not to annoy you, but what if you did use the ABX index and the counterparties? What would that mark be?

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

It's nonsensical.

# **Unidentified Audience Member**

But what would the nonsensical number --?

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

I don't know. It's nonsensical.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

Could it be north of \$5 billion?

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

You know I have no -- do you have any idea? I don't know. We don't know. Look we're in the business of going to the core fundamentals. The ABX is just not representative of the pool of business that we have. And it's not that we don't look at it because we don't like the numbers, today I like it, it's up eight points I think, what is it, it's up eight points in two days. It's just that it's not -- I'm trying to think how to convey this in a way that people will stop asking me.

You know there's so much value being pushed around by this small contract that it just is an indication that there's a real problem out there. And the shorts can push it where they want, they get squeezed out and then the longs can come back and re-establish, but the amount of volume going through, relative -- you know I tell you approximately \$100 million traded on a day where there was a bandwidth of 20% moves in this contract and do you really want me to price up a \$500 billion portfolio with that. And so there's just no analogous situation here to these transactions.

THOMSON ...

**Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

I think the other thing I would add as well, if you look in the appendices when you have time, you can see we've split up what the different collateral is in there, the different vintages and things like that. I think that very clearly demonstrates that this isn't something that's -- you know as we've mentioned, the ABX is a useful data point for certain things, it is not a useful data point for pricing our portfolio.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

But, we do, and James you can talk about this, we use the change in the ABX as part of what our inputs are into the model. Is that right?

James Bridgwater - American International Group - EVP - Qualitative Solutions

Right. The change in the ABX from month to month is one of the proxies that we use where we cannot get any other sort of market data. But to the best of our abilities we try to use actual market pricing first and foremost.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

And just shifting over to those counter-party bids that you that you received, the counter-party bids, Joe, the differences were pretty dramatic. Is that fair to say?

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

What was interesting --.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

(inaudible) counter-parties.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

It was the collateral calls.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

Yes.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

What was interesting was the difference among each other. That was more interesting to me than the differences between us and them. And it tells you that the Street is just having an enormous problem putting value on here. And when you see that then we need to go to ground and figure out how we manage through and figure out what the numbers are. And we're AIG, we deal with the top-tier firms and the valuations are quite different and dramatically different among each other. So you need to go into ground and figure out what are causing the differences and where are they coming from.



## **Unidentified Audience Member**

Okay. And then just real quickly, in those dynamic products that you have where you've got some thresholds where it ends reinvestment or it accelerates cash flow to AIG if there's under performance, could you give a sense or a data point, you know an average data point to get a sense of where that threshold is? When do you get the --.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Don't mention the ABX any more, Andy.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

No, no ABX, Joe.

**Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

I mean it's very difficult to generalize because, as we said, all of the transactions that we put together are a bespoke negotiation that we have with them. So all of the different trades will have different triggers in there based on different things. So you know we have some trades that have triggers based on well, if the underlying tranches of the CDO where we have the senior part get downgraded, that would stop it. But we don't have that in every transaction, we have that in some, so the more prolific that the rating agencies are the less management that they're going to have.

We have triggers based on weighted average rating factors, we have triggers based on losses and we have a multiple combination of them. So unfortunately it isn't really that easy to sort of generalize as to can I point at something that then says they're not going to become managed any more. You know what we're also seeing is there's an awful lot of the transactions we have where they are still managed, they're being managed extremely well and they're sitting there with big cash amounts, which is economically perhaps not rational but it goes to the fact that we pick good sensible guys and they are much happier to sit there on cash that invest in something that they're not 100% comfortable with.

#### Dan Lifshitz - Fir Tree Partners - Analyst

Hi this is Dan Lifshitz with Fir Tree Partners, just a clarification on the structure of these transactions. Are they structured like an index where higher tranches could take losses, even if lower tranches get some recovery? Or is it a strict waterfall where the lower tranches have to get completely wiped out before your Super Senior tranches start to take losses?

**Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

The latter, it's a strict waterfall.

Dan Lifshitz - Fir Tree Partners - Analyst

Great. Thanks a lot.

Josh Smith - CREF Investments - Analyst

Hi, Josh Smith, CREF Investments.



Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Hey, Josh.

#### Josh Smith - CREF Investments - Analyst

I noticed that some of the underlying collateral has been replaced with '06/'07, I think the non-static deals, I think people take a lot of comfort that you stopped riding the '06/'07. Can you quantify the risk that the underlying collateral from the earlier vintages gets replaced with this '06/'07 stuff which isn't as good?

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

So the question is you're looking at the book, you see the '06/'07s we have, you understand that they come from the managed deals, what's the propensity of more '06/'07s coming in. You talk about it, do you want to take it?

#### **Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

Well I guess it goes back to the point that we made about who we've aligned our self. I mean can I tell you categorically now how many of those transactions are going to invest in other '07 collateral now? No. But can I tell you that we've aligned ourselves with the sensible managers that we have frequent and ongoing discussions with them, they are all very, very aware of what the issues are and so we're not investing in that collateral, can I tell you that? Absolutely.

# Josh Smith - CREF Investments - Analyst

Can you bracket for us sort of an upper bound as to how much can be in there? Because I guess it was zero a quarter ago and now it's showing up to be in the 5% range or so.

**Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

No.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

No, it was never zero.

Josh Smith - CREF Investments - Analyst

Well, I thought you had stopped writing. Well, in all the disclosures you've said you haven't written anything since '05.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Well, let's be -- let's just --



Josh Smith - CREF Investments - Analyst

Maybe there's a new disclosure in there.

# Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

No, just for clarification let's talk about what we did. Remember, and I've talked about this before, in October of '05 Andy and his team came to me and said, look, we're seeing some issues that we need to investigate. And they identified what the issues were, we were a little bit uncomfortable about the underwriting standards being performed by the Street in the CDO space and we are not happy by the underwriting standards of the fundamental subprime business itself.

We then, as I told the story before, between October and December of '05 we did all this investigatory work that we needed to do to get to the bottom of what our analysis should be. In December of '05 we went out to almost all of our counterparts and told them that we were going to stop writing this business. Now we had a pipeline in place and so through that pipeline, through that first quarter, we did accumulate some early '06s in that period. So we always had the '06 vintages in the portfolio. And since we've been talking about this portfolio with you on the calls, we've always had '06s and '07s that have accumulated in the portfolios.

I think someone asked us one of the calls, well gee your number has gone up in '06 and '07 from I guess it was the June presentation or the August presentation to the third quarter presentation. And we said, yes we have managed deals in our portfolios and the managers can go out and buy new deals. Now there are a couple of mitigants that you see going on. Many of our deals are hitting their tests where they're going static so the managers can't buy new transactions.

Also, the cash flow from the deals isn't that enormous that the managers go out and buy new '07 vintages, but they do get some cash flow and some managers are entering into the latter '07 vintages. And as Andy said during the presentation, the late '07 vintages now have high underwriting standards beyond anything that was going on in the previous two years, due to everything that we're talking about today. And so people are seeing those as good value.

They are also looking at buying some of the higher capital notes of these vintages. So they're buying AAA notes if it's late '07s or of the '06. And so there is a trend towards accumulation. But my team is out interviewing the managers, they're talking to them all the time and we're having discussions. And Andy and I actually on the flight over were discussing a lot of the information that we're gleaning and one of the things that we're seeing from our active managed portfolios is that they're saying, look we understand the circumstances, we understand what's going on and we're shifting and diversifying into other credits where we can.

We also, though, have very strict buckets in terms of what these portfolios can add and where they can add and a lot of them are just locked out from buying more because they can't enter the buckets. Quantifying it is not something we've done yet. I haven't thought about how much more can this guy -- because you know we'll look at them and we'll decide person by person. We'll take it under advisement and then when we give our report in March or whenever we do, February for the December numbers, we'll look to include something that can give you some comfort in that.

## **Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

I think just one thing to add, I think perhaps where we've created some confusion is just between this sort of gross and net stuff, the net numbers, because we always talked about what our net exposure was after subordination. We've now given you, in the spirit of trying to be more open, we told you the 5.3 is the gross number. But as I said in the presentation, that doesn't take into account the subordination that we have in the deals which then erase most of it. You have to go back to the sort of frequently asked questions section and if you look at what it is there, when you write off the '06 and '07, that will tally with exactly what we presented in the last call.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Just one more question please. And then I just want to spend two minutes to describe what's in the appendix. Or actually I want to have Andy spend two minutes describing what's in the appendix.

Jeff Bronchick - Reed, Conner & Birdwell - Analyst.

I'll make sure this is a question then, Jeff Bronchick, RCB Investment Management, if you look at the subprime you have in your transactions and you look at your weighted average attachment point for, and I'm referring to page 14 of this 13% of European mortgages, is it possible to say what cumulative loss ratio is necessary to actually hit the attachment point on some of the subprime stuff?

**Joe Cassano** - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

You're looking at the wrong number first, because in the European portfolio there's no subprime, that's all a prime portfolio. So let's shift over to the multi-sector --.

Jeff Bronchick - Reed, Conner & Birdwell - Analyst.

Yes same question change that.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

I don't know if we have the -- does the cumulative seem to be the subordination and then you need to run through each of the deals. If you want to do that exercise --.

Jeff Bronchick - Reed, Conner & Birdwell - Analyst.

I don't, that's what I want you --.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

No. Look we're at a little bit of logger heads on this because it's the parlor game I was talking about. What if. Go through the FAQs and the FAQs say write off all '06, write off all '07, write off the second half of '05, a BBB or lower, no one is calling for that kind of disaster with no recoveries. And if you look at the profile we've given you, you will see that many of our '05s have gone through their reset dates so they're stable.

And you can run through that information and determine that that's not going to be the case. But if you do all of that, we've given you the numbers that tell you how bad it is. I don't think anybody is talking about meaningful losses in the '04s and the first half of the '05s. But it's all there for you to begin to analyze and then obviously any further questions, talk to us. Can you just, and I know I'm popping this on you, in two minutes just describe what we put in the annex?

**Andrew Forster** - American International Group - EVP - Asset Trading & Credit Products

Sure. I mean the appendices that we've added we think breaks down the portfolio in as much detail as has been asked for and as much as we think we can be helpful with. So as you look through that we have split it into the high-grade and the Mezzanine

THOMSON

transactions because again that's what you all seem to want to do. So we've split it into those sections. We've given you initial information on the corporate portfolio with all the different how we've split that up, we've given you the information on the European residential mortgage section.

And then when you go into the multi-sector CDOs we've split it up showing you the underlying collateral, which then goes back to one of the earlier questions about it's not all subprime. We've given you the breakdown of that, we've given you the vintages of all of those. We've also then tried to drill down more, and again try and pick up on every question that we've received so far that we've had, so things like the house price appreciation, the amount of second lien that's in the portfolios, and we've drilled down further again splitting it between the high-grade and the Mezz. So you can see and you can answer some of the questions that you have.

There are also additional appendices that are added to it which relate to some of the other points that we made. So there's a slide in there for our SIV exposure because of the Nightingale finance that we've run, and we've also shown our cash book in there as well with exactly the same breakdown.

Joe Cassano - American International Group - President, CEO - AIG Financial Products

Okay. Well I want to thank you all for listening to us and I appreciate you giving us the time to present the book of business. Thank you very much.

#### **Unidentified Company Representative**

There's a coffee break now for 15 minutes, so if we could just come back at that time so we don't fall further behind. Thank you very much.

(BREAK)

# **PRESENTATION**

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

If I could just ask you to take your seats, thank you very much indeed. I wish my children moved that promptly when I speak.

Before I hand the floor over to Win and Richard and the team to talk about our investment portfolio, I just wanted to point out I did have to jump on the stage during Joe's presentation just to point out that there was a technical hitch -- not at the AIG end, I should stress -- I'll protect the name of the telecommunications company.

There was about a 10-minute period when we would not be in webcast, and I'm reliably informed that we can retrieve that period of time and that there will be an uninterrupted copy of the presentation on our website by the end of the day. So thanks for your patience there.

Win, the floor is yours.

Win Neuger - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

Thanks, Martin. Richard, Scott and I are joined here on the dais with several of our colleagues from the Structured Finance and Mortgage Backed Securities Group. I'll let Richard introduce them when he comes up.

THOMSON ...

But before I turn it over to Richard, I'd like to talk a little bit and give a little bit of detail and make a couple of key points about our residential mortgage-backed securities portfolio, reinforcing some of the things that Martin said, but also adding a couple of additional.

First of all, AIG's portfolios are managed on a spread or asset liability basis, not as a transactional business. And as a result, we do not warehouse residential mortgage loans or securitizations, we do not retain residual or other securities from RMBS activities, we are in this as an investor.

Secondly, our RMBS is held as available for sale, not as trading positions. Hence, our underwriting focuses on the ultimate collectability, not short-term market movements.

Third, as with all investments in our portfolio, we purchase RMBS based on our proprietary research. We do not rely on the rating agencies to make our valuation judgments.

And finally, AIG investment has little or no exposure to asset-backed commercial paper, SIVs, RMBS-based collateralized debt obligations, et cetera.

If we look at the overall debt market, the \$29 trillion in the U.S. bond market, we see that mortgage-backed securities make up a significant component of that market, about 24% directly done in the agency MBS and the non-agency MBS and then some portion of the asset-backed securities. That probably gets it up into the 27%, 28% range as a part of the total U.S. bond market. And if we break it down in the non-government, non-treasury, non-government agency, non-money market component, it's about half of the investable market.

So with that backdrop and in that context let's look at our worldwide bond portfolio. It's now almost \$500 billion as of September 30. Over 94% of that portfolio is investment grade. It's very diversified geographically with about 60% invested in the United States and about 40% in the rest of the world. If we drill down to the domestic portfolio, that \$300 billion, we see again the broad diversification of that portfolio, about a third in mortgage-backed securities, about a little over 40% in credit and about 21% in municipals.

We're obviously a large company with a very large balance sheet. Any exposure that we have to any sector of the market is going to be a large number, large notional number. But we believe that proper diversification and prudent diversification is one of the keys to successful portfolio management. The other key is strong fundamental research. And as we talk through the balance of this presentation, I think you'll see the level of research that we put into this segment of the portfolio.

As I said, AIG owns a broadly diversified portfolio, not just across the bond portfolio but of course across all of our asset classes. U.S. RMBS at about 29% of the domestic bond portfolio makes up 11% of our invested assets. The overwhelming majority of our U.S. RMBS exposure is an agency and AAA securities that are direct securitizations of underlying mortgage loans, not CDOs. Exposure to non-AAAs and CDO resecuritizations of RMBS is minimal. That distinction between direct securitization and CDOs is exceptionally important and I hope that you'll see that as we talk through the balance of our presentation.

I'd now like to turn it over to Richard Scott, Senior Vice President for Investment and Head of Fixed Income as well as the Chief Investment Officer for the Insurance Company portfolios. Richard?

## **Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

Thank you, Win. I'd like to introduce a couple of my colleagues who are with me here today. Sonia Hamstra who is sitting directly my right runs our Structured Credit Group and our Capital Markets Operations. I give her credit for the fact that we do not have any SIV exposure, she actually was assigned a couple years ago the task of examining whether or not we might want to sponsor

an SIV. She came back with the good answer that no we did not want to sponsor an SIV and furthermore we didn't really want to invest in them either.

Craig Mitchell who is sitting next to her is the primary Portfolio Manager responsible for the U.S. Insurance Operations. Jason D'Angelo who is sitting next to him, Andy Parower and Joseph Philips are all analysts in our MBS area and are here to help with whatever questions we may have in a greater degree of detail. They are part of a team of 16 professionals we have dedicated to the RMBS space.

Touching briefly on some high-level numbers, 97% of our book is rated AAA, AA, or is agency paper, 89% is agency or AAA, about 28% is subprime of which 85% is AAA. Our ratings performance, which was touched on earlier has been excellent this year, at least excellent relative to the market as a whole with downgrades throughout this book relative to market downgrades as measured by Moody's, or frankly as measured by the other agencies at a significantly reduced level as a percentage of our book than is true for the market as a whole.

The reasons for this are multifaceted. We do independently develop comfort levels on securitizations on a security-by-security basis based upon our own views of reasonable stress scenarios. This results in our generally requiring higher subordination beneath the pieces we buy than rating agency minimums. It also generally limited our participation, over the last couple years in particular, in tranches rated below AA and in RMBS-based CDOs, regardless of rating, since such structures could not generally withstand our adverse scenarios.

To sum up our strategy for residential mortgage-backed securities, relies on internal evaluation by Portfolio Managers and analysts, employee stress testing to determine comfort levels, has focused on higher credit enhancement tranches in recent years and emphasized regular performance monitoring and active management to avoid migration problems, just to give a little detail on that.

We undertake a monthly analysis, and just so people who aren't unfamiliar with this market may be unaware that payments on mortgage-backed securities come in once a month so you get a trustee report, in effect, once a month from each securitization that gives detailed information on everything from payments to delinquencies to other, if you will, analytical indicia of what's going on in the account.

So when we get those reports monthly, we do an analysis of our portfolio holdings to identify bonds that may not be performing to our expectations. Principally we're looking at prepayment rates and what are known as loss vectors and delinquency vectors. Bonds which jump out of that initial screening process as not performing receive a more detailed analysis, which basically stresses the delinquency vectors to make sure that, in our opinion, the remaining credit enhancement of that piece is adequate to avoid ultimate loss.

If we believe the piece is subject to the possibility of a downgrade or an ultimate loss, it will go on to our surveillance list and be referred to the Portfolio Managers for action where possible. Realistically, just to put a number on it, at the present time we have roughly \$2 billion worth of securities on the surveillance list. However, I would point out that based on our reviews to date, the number of those pieces where we anticipate an ultimate loss of principal is less than \$5 million at the present time. So it's a downgrade oriented listing, it is not a loss oriented listing.

Turning to the next slide, this gives you a brief overview by type of our portfolio. A couple of things I wish people would take away from this, one, we have made no below investment grade acquisitions in recent years in the U.S. market and we have virtually no holdings. We bought nothing at the BBB level domestically in '06 and '07 and have de minimis holdings overall. Our purchases of As in the last couple years have totaled only about 160 million, down significantly from what we had bought in prior years and, within the context of our portfolio, a fairly tiny holding.

So net-net I would say we backed away from the more credit sensitive parts of this market fairly dramatically over the last couple years. One other thing that doesn't jump off of this slide but I think will come out of some of the future slides, in addition,

particularly in the Alt-A and Jumbo space, the amount of subordination beneath the AAAs that we bought over the last several years has continuously gone up, reflecting our view of the need to have additional cushion beyond that minimum required by the rating agencies, even at the AAA level.

I touched briefly on our downgrade and watch list experience at the bottom of the page, in particular this our 2006 vintage subprime holdings. If you'll note Moody's has downgraded approximately 41% of the comparable universe for us, 41% is of those that are rated below AAA, our comparable holdings about 7.5% have been downgraded by Moody's, S&P, or Fitch. So we're comparing just us against Moody's, but the reality is we're picking up the downgrades by all three agencies.

So realistically I think the proof is in the pudding that the performance has generally been better than the market as a whole. At the top, as I mentioned, you'll see the watch list as of various dates. Our watch list, as I mentioned, is somewhat bigger than the rating agency watch list. We have about \$2 billion on our internal watch list, they had about \$1 3 billion of our holdings that are on their watch list. There is a great deal of overlap, needless to say, between those two lists.

Everybody is fascinated by the daily mark-to-market, I would note that we do not actively trade these positions, we do trade when we think we need to to protect asset value. These are in AFF accounting, which means that changes in market value go through OCI unless they are viewed as a permanent impairment. At October 31st, the estimated aggregate mark-to-market loss in this portfolio was about \$2.9 billion.

I will note with respect to the pricing we use for our books and records 95% is provided by an independent industry standard commercial pricing vendor called IDC, the remaining 5% is priced by brokers with whom we do business and are familiar with the specific securities that we're trying to price. We don't price any of these securities for our books and records according to our own internal modeling system. We do look at prices, we very rarely challenge prices if we think there is a manifest error. A manifest error would be things like giving us a price for the wrong security. But fundamentally we accept the prices that are given to us by the market.

I want to touch a little bit on the market for RMBS, I think there's been a huge amount of confusion out there. The first and most important point I want to make is that within this portfolio, except for the very modest holdings of about \$235 million in the RMBS CDO space, these are direct securitizations we own of the underlying hard asset, i.e. the loan itself. These are not intermediated through a CDO type structure, these are direct pools, if you will, of ultimate mortgage loans.

Give you an idea what these different pieces look like, prime jumbo is the type of mortgage most of you in this room who have a mortgage would have. It is basically a loan to a high-quality borrower who is buying a house that needs a mortgage in excess of \$417,000. This is the primary mortgage market for the New York area, frankly, and the primary mortgage market for much of the west coast. Alt-A is a very broad spectrum of paper that ranges from deals that are near jumbo prime to deals that are subprime. It is a catchall categorization of sorts. We -- in our portfolio, we have a weighted average FICO of about 700, which is not all that different from a prime jumbo portfolio.

But generally, there are flaws in the documentation of one sort and another. And just to give you a concrete example, and some of this is obviously somewhat artificial. If the average FICO on a pool is 699, then by definition under our standards, it does not qualify as a prime jumbo. If it's 701, it could theoretically qualify as a prime jumbo. We use a 10% investor-owned property limit. If there's more than 10% investor-owned preps, we categorize is as Alt-A. If there's less than 10% and it otherwise does not have this favorable features, it may be categorized as prime.

At the other end of the spectrum, there is subprime. Within our portfolio, subprime is a weighted average FICO around 630 actually. But, the -- you see the range there is 500 to 660 for the underlying, so the average is just that, an average. Generally, these are borrowers with challenged credit. Contrary to popular belief, most of the subprime loans are, in fact, first-lien. Typical second-lien holdings in a typical subprime pool would be on the order of 4% or 5%. Generally, the loan to values is around 70% for prime and Alt-A and around 80% for subprime.

I'm going to touch a little bit on our strategy in each of these areas. We provide in-house -- we execute in-house fundamental credit analysis on all the positions we buy. And just to give you a little bit of a gee-whiz number, our total portfolio has around 6,700 different positions in it across the domestic U S. housing space. Within jumbo prime, we avoid pools with high concentrations of reduced documentation or high combined loan-to-value loans. We avoid fixed-rate pools with high percentages of IO loans, and we favor pool service by well-capitalized loan servicers.

In the AAA market, the large majority of our '06 and '07 vintage purchases were purchased in what we refer to as Super Senior format. It means something a little different from -- in Joe's world. To us, a Super Senior means that there is a AAA within the overall structure that is junior to the AAA tranche that we purchase. Roughly, just to put it in perspective, about 85% of our purchases in '06 and '07 in prime jumbo were in Super Senior format.

And when we look at the not -- when we are looking at the non-AAA pieces, which is actually a fairly small piece of what we do, we simply have a more rigorous review of the individual loan level characteristics on the theory that at the senior level, you're counting on the bulk of the loans will pay off. As you move down the credit spectrum, you get increasingly dependent on evaluating the loans that may not pay off.

Within the Alt-A world, we try to avoid the more subprime, light Alt-A pieces. And frankly, if you look at what we did in '06 and '07, virtually all of our purchases were in Super Senior format with somewhere between 12% and 15% credit support, which is two to three times the average AAA required support level for an Alt-A pool under most rating agency models.

In the non-AAA Alt-A market, we really frankly didn't buy much after 2005. If you look at -- I can give you a quick estimate but fundamentally, we stepped away from that market, starting in 2005, really de minimus purchases after that date. In addition, within Alt-A, we do not have exposure to negative amortization-type products.

Subprime obviously everybody's favorite asset class right now, we generally favor refinance loans over purchase loans, although in all practicality, most pools do have a majority of purchase loans in them. Generally, I would say purchase loans have a higher incidence of more aggressive lending characteristics. So, we try and find pools that have the maximum amount of refinance rather than repurchase.

The other thing is, frankly on a refinance loan, the buyer has been in the house for a longer period of time and has a greater sense that there is a build-up of equity, both personal equity in terms of the neighborhood in which they live, but also financial equity in the house in which they live. We basically have a three-tier system that we use on the trading desk to identify positions and to categorize positions. These are not hard tiering but basically, we look at all of the different -- all the different types of characteristics. And generally, we're looking at things like geographic diversity. The more diversity the better, as far as we're concerned, minimal large loan balances, lower LTVs, a higher percentage of conforming within the pool. That's one of the actual good-news pieces of the subprime world.

The vast majority of these loans -- the loans average about \$200,000 each so that as a practical matter, the average house can be purchased by someone who can qualify for a government agency mortgage, even though the specific borrower, in fact, does not qualify for the -- for a government agency mortgage, or may not qualify for a government agency mortgage. But, it does provide some comfort that on sale or refinancing, there is a agency-related mortgage product that would be appropriate for a substitute owner. The other thing it does is, if the credit cures of the existing owner, it provides the opportunity for refinance. So fundamentally speaking, we try and find subprime pools that have generally smaller loan balances in them.

We also look for pools with minimal second liens or high combined loan-to-value loans and generally look for higher average FICO scores, the higher the score, the more amenable we are to the transaction and with better documentation. These are fairly straightforward and basic type underwriting criteria, but the emphasis that I really want you to get from this is, we don't just buy these because they say AAA on the front. We buy these based on a very detailed review of the collateral pool characteristics.

We then tier things into Tier One, Tier Two, Tier Three. Basically, don't buy anything in Tier Three, which would basically be all the horror stories that you can imagine. Tier One and Tier Two dictate how much subordination we are going to insist on and to some degree, whether or not we're going to consider buying a AA rather than a AAA.

One other just general comment I'd like to make, and I think it's something that has been lost in the rhetoric a little bit, our view of the subprime market and, frankly, our view of the mortgage market generally is that there would be problems from time to time. When you look at the subordination levels we have under what we bought, we bought with a view that the housing market goes through cycles just like a corporate market or any other credit market. And therefore, we needed to have a level of subordination that was multiples of what had been experienced in the last recent downturn, which was really the 2001 downturn.

Within the subprime world in particular, it has always been our expectation that at least 25% to 30% of the loans would become delinquent and go into default. So, you're starting at a -- with a security that -- it's -- and it's like anything else. It becomes a statistical game. If that's your assumption going in, it obviously dictates that you need to have a fairly high degree of subordination in order to have any confidence that you're going to get repaid.

The other thing I'll mention and that has really astonished me, quite frankly is, this is not new to subprime. We have had prior subprime crisis. During the 1990s, these are names that some of you may have forgotten, but I'll remind you of them. You had a -- you had the Green Tree incidents. You had the Money Store. You had 125 LTV lending, which was a very popular product during much of the 1990s. It makes 80% look fairly conservative when you get right down to it. And that all came to tiers at the end of the 1990s. But frankly, the impact on the AAA part of the spectrum has always been fairly modest.

Finally, I'd like -- not finally but next, I'd like to talk about the surveillance process. As I mentioned, we review these things on a monthly basis. We use our own internally developed surveillance system that integrates data from a variety of sources, Bloomberg, [Intex], trustee's reports, various other sources.

We use a filtering system to select bonds for analysis. Those filters include delinquency vectors, delinquency migration, i.e. 30-day to 60-day, 60-day to 90-day, 90-day to foreclosure, et cetera. We look at the build-up of credit enhancement. One of the other things that happens in these structures is, every month as prepayments come in, the amount of credit enhancement underneath your piece, all things being equal, should be increasing. And as I'll show you, that has generally been the case.

We look at loss vectors. What is a loss vector? It is the build-up of losses within the portfolio. And we then do a projection of credit enhancement going out in the future and then look to see whether that projected credit enhancement, based on the trends we see in defaults, delinquencies, prepayments, et cetera, is such that it will fall below the expected credit enhancement level for the level of rating on the security.

So when you get right down to it, this system in addition to identifying securities where we think there's going to be an actual payment problem is fundamentally oriented to detecting securities where we think there is a significant risk of the erosion of the credit support to the point where these risks downgrade. Anything that pops out of what I would call the statistical examination then receives an in-depth review. And to be blunt, our surveillance is completely independent of the rating agency processes. As I mentioned earlier, we have about \$2 billion currently on our surveillance list. This breaks it out by sector.

I mentioned credit enhancement, and I think that this chart should give everyone a lot of comfort. It certainly gives me a lot of comfort. If you -- this is the jumbos, which -- and the Alt-As. The next page I'll get to will show you the subprime. But if you note, the amount of original credit enhancement means the credit enhancement built into the deals that we purchase at purchase has gone up fairly significantly over the last couple of years.

The current credit enhancement refers to the amount of credit enhancement below our piece currently. If you look at the Alt-As, if you -- for instance in jumbos, 2007, the original current -- original current enhancement, i.e. at purchase, was roughly 13% for

the 2007 purchases, 8.6% for 2006, 6.4% for 2005. So over the last several years, we have continually ramped up that credit enhancement.

Within Alt-A, same story, a continual upgrade of the credit enhancement to where the credit enhancement, we purchased within the Alt-A world really looks more like typical credit enhancement for a subprime deal. More to the point, if you look at the current credit enhancement column, you'll see that the amount of credit enhancement in each of these asset classes for each of the rating categories has actually gone up continually over time.

Subprime is a slightly different story simply because the -- unless you go back to 2004, the amount of credit enhancement that we have insisted on has basically been in the low 20s fairly consistently over the last couple of years. But more importantly, if you look at the build-up of credit enhancement, you'll note that the 2004 vintage, for instance at the AAA level, we now have almost 60% credit enhancement.

So, put that -- what does that really mean? It means that if 100% of the loans default in that vintage, with a 60% severity at the loan level, and 60% severity at the loan level means you're getting back about \$0.20 or \$0.30 on the dollar of the house itself, the AAA would not be hurt. Similarly 2005, credit enhancement is up above 40%. Even in the 2006 vintage, which has received so much nasty press play, our current credit enhancement under our AAAs is close to 30%.

And that reflects the fact, also not widely understood, that the 2006 mature portfolio, at least the ones we own and there's obviously a range because it's an average, are basically 30% paid down at this point, roughly 30% paid down. So as those pay-downs come in, unless you eat away the subordination underneath, the remaining subordination available to support the AAA continually goes up. And this has also been true at the below-AAA level. We really have not had any significant erosion, or any erosion frankly, except on a very idiosyncratic basis in any of these holdings.

I'm going to actually skip the next slide, because I think we've gone over it in enough detail before. But, I want to talk a little bit on the next slide about the trigger process. There's been a lot of discussion recently, including yesterday in the press, about the trigger issues and whether or not forbearance on resetting loans would affect things. First, I think people need to understand what the trigger system means. Basically, the way that these structures are designed, generally at the end of either two years or more, typically three years, the whole structures — all the — all prepayments go to the AAAs for the first three years in the typical deal. At the end of three years, you examine the triggers.

If the triggers are passing, then future prepayments pay pro rata across the structure, i.e. right on down to the BBBs, the BBs, the residuals. If the triggers have failed, then all prepayments continue to go just to the AAAs until all the AAAs are paid off. Then, they go to the AAs until all the AAs are paid off, et cetera. The significance of this is that if you assume those triggers are going to fail, and there are basically -- usually people talk about two triggers. There are really three triggers. One is, has the enhancement doubled for the AAA? So, if the initial enhancement was 20%, is the enhancement at least 40%?

Second trigger, have cumulative losses been in excess of some minimal amount? There's a fairly complex calculation of all these things, but rough justice, somewhere around 2.5% or 3% defaults. Or, is the 60 plus day delinquency bucket more than roughly 16% of the deal? And if any of those three things are true, then the deal does not step down. The triggers fail, and all prepays continue to go to the AAA.

You know realistically, this causes what might have otherwise been less -- last cash flow AAAs to become sequential AAAs and pay off early. It's called a turbo feature in some structures. This is an important structural protection to the AAA part of this universe. To put it in perspective, we estimate that with regard to our subprime AAAs, if the triggers fail, it reduces the average life of these pieces by about a year and a quarter, which is significant, so from roughly three some odd years down to about two and a half years.

What are the other -- the other mitigating factors? Mortgage cash flows, we talk here about what -- how much is not last cash flow, which is the bulk of it, and how much is last cash flow. But as I mentioned, if triggers fail, which seems to be the common perception, the reality is, none of these are going to be last cash flows.

This slide, I think if there is nothing else that I could spend a little time with you guys on today, is what I would really like everyone to internalize. It is Mortgage Securitization 101, but it also goes a long way to making people understand a fundamental difference between a securitization of mortgage loans and a CDO that consists of mortgage-backed securities pieces.

If you start on the far left of the chart with the subprime mortgage loans themselves, these are just a raw pool of loans, if you think about is the owner of that pool of loans, any losses hits you dollar for dollar and any income comes to dollar for dollar. So, then you move the first step to the right. And this is a mortgage securitization, and this is a style — this is not a specific deal, this is a stylized deal. But, one way to think about it, if you were to AAA piece a good analogy would be that you're the equivalent of an S&L, a closed-end S&L that has roughly a 20% loan loss reserve, because all losses go to the pieces beneath you before any losses go to you.

So, all of that ex -- all of those pieces beneath you have to absorb losses on the structure before any loss goes to the AAA. In addition, all excess interest within the structure is available to absorb losses before -- and there is. A lot of people don't understand this. There is between 2% and 3% excess interest on these things at origination, and that's before you get to the reset. So, even on the teaser rate or whatever you want to call it, there's significant excess interest in these things.

So realistically, you might think of yourself as an S&L with a 20% starting loan loss reserve that then goes up every year. And why does it go up? Because you're paying off that AAA with every payment that comes in the door, so at the -- within a relatively short period of time, the amount of claim that is represented by the AAAs continually shrinks, and the cushion underneath stays the same except to the extent of actual losses.

So realistically, think of this. You are at that AAA level significantly more protected from performance in that loan portfolio than the direct owner of the loan. On the other hand, if you move down the stack, you'll note you have AAAs, and you have AAs, and then you have AS, then you get down to the BBBs. The BBBs are still above the BBs, the non-rateds, the excess interest. They have some credit support. But the bottom line is, it doesn't take a huge amount of losses to nick the BBBs. In a typical deal that might be 4% or 5%, 6% losses, you're going to start eating into the BBBs. So, that sort of makes it clear.

So, if you're at the lower end of the spectrum on these pieces, you have an enhanced allocation of the losses. If you're at the upper end of the spectrum, you have a reduced allocation of the losses. You then look though and go to the next step over, which are the ABS CDO structures. If you'll note, what do they pick up from this direct securitization? They pick up primarily the BBB piece. And the reality is, they then retranche that at the bottom of the page. So, if you think about what some of these Mezz ABS CDOs are, they're simply a pool of BBB pieces of mortgage-backed securitizations.

Now, if you believe that the risk in those individual pieces is idiosyncratic, i.e. they are going to behave differentially to one another, then you're getting a diversification benefit within that structure that may justify some tranching. On the other hand, if you get into a market where all subprime doesn't perform well, then you have -- you may have 100 bets in that portfolio, but it's 100 times the same bet.

So realistically, the tranche structure and the bottom structure doesn't really help you much if, in fact, it is simply a resecurtization of the same risk. And frankly, that structure, that bottom structure, has been the source of most of the pain that has been incurred out there because realistically, a lot of the people who sponsored these transactions, who were underwriters, could not sell those lower tranches.

So, what do they do? They put it -- they either retain them on their books in which case they're -- they're having the pain. Or, they put them into this kind of securitization, retain the securitization, or at least parts of the securitization on their books. And they are also having the pain. Similarly, those who bought the structure, even at the higher rated ratings may have fair amount

of pain simply because they -- think of it as, they have a securitization of the loan loss reserve that's available for all these other pep.

So people say, gee, aren't all AAAs alike? And the answer is no, all AAAs are not alike. To put it in perspective, the entire structure at the bottom of the page, the Mezz ABS CDO structure, would have to go to zero before even the A up here gets nicked at all. So, there's a fundamental difference between being in a securitization of the underlying asset and being in a Mezz CDO.

I'm going to touch very briefly on the high-grade CDOs. There actually aren't very many high-grade CDOs. There are a few out there. We have actually some very small holdings ourselves. Arguably, they have less risk than the direct securitization, because they just take the AAAs and AAs and resecuritize them.

Realistically, that was not a very big market simply because generally, there wasn't much of an arb to be made there. But it's worth noting that notwithstanding the -- I'll just make the advertisement that not withstanding the fact that arguably, they have less risk than the direct securitization, they trade more like the ones at the bottom. So, there may be some opportunity there. Finally I'll just mention, CDO-squared is on the right. Everything I said about the Mezz ABS CDO, the CDO-squared part sort of -- all I can say is, those are good reasons not to buy CDO-squareds.

Finally, I just -- I would be remiss if I didn't touch on what we do own. We do have \$157 million of Mezzanine ABS CDOs. Virtually all of this -- not virtually, the vast majority of this portfolio predates 2006. It is based on fixed-rate collateral and really reflects a very isolated relationships, I guess is the way I would phrase it, with a specific -- mostly with a specific originator in whom we have a fair degree of confidence.

So -- and for what it's worth, none of our tranches in this area, and this is a tiny part of our portfolio. I hope people do appreciate that \$235 million in the context of a \$1 trillion balance sheet is not a large holding. None of our tranches is deferring interest or paying in kind at the present time. I will note however, the weighted average price of this is only 50.

I'm a little out of time here. I would like to touch briefly on our monoline exposure. So, I'm going to advance through a few pages here. There's some fun reading on perception versus reality with regard to what the realities of the subprime world. Monolines have gotten a lot of press. I think that they are relatively poorly understood by people who are not in the fixed income market. If you look at our monoline exposure, just on its face, it looks huge at \$41 billion — or nearly \$42 billion. But, I would note that 75% of that is wrapped municipal bonds, and I can tell you that we do not view the municipal bonds wrapper as providing any value whatsoever to those securities.

In our opinion, the reason why municipal bonds get wrapped is that they are primarily sold to retail buyers. And retail buyers do not have the staff or the -- frankly the wherewithal to conduct independent research. We do independent research on every single municipal bond owning -- holding we have in our portfolio. We have virtually none that do not have an underlying municipal rating of at least A. And frankly, if you look at studies, an A underlying for a municipal is equivalent to AAA corporate. A AA muni is basically equivalent to AAA corporate in terms of risk. So fundamentally speaking, while a lot of these are wrapped, we buy municipal bonds wrapped or unwrapped as generic, for want of a better way of phrasing it.

To the extent that there are muni wrappers on some -- most of the rest, or the vast majority of the rest, is wrapping various -- mostly mortgage-backed securities pieces. And there are several reasons why we look at wrappers in that arena. One is so-called tail risk on last cash flow pieces.

So, if you think about the way a mortgage-backed security pays down and you start out with a pool of 50,000 -- or, 5,000 -- typically 5,000 or so loans, at the end of say three or four years, that may be paid down to 100 loans left outstanding. When it's a pool of 5,000, you can basically rely on the law of large numbers to give you a fairly straightforward performance. However, as it shrinks down, that tail develops more and more idiosyncratic risk.

So the bottom line is, the wrapper is there to protect you against idiosyncratic risk in the tail. On the other hand, the tail is typically a tiny piece. So, if you started with a \$100 million piece, you're really looking to the wrapper to protect you against idiosyncratic risk on, in effect, the last \$1 million or so of collections in the piece.

Secondly, we use wrappers on untranched deals meaning, if you go back and you think about that tranche structure of securitization, typical deal, you've got AAAs, AAs, As, BBBs, BBs, et cetera. In certain asset classes, home equity loans being the most notable, they're issued as single tranche deals meaning in effect, you're buying a tranche that is a combination of BBB, A, AA, AAA, so you buy the — you don't buy the wrapper. They're usually sold with the wrapper, for want of a better term. It is really intended to say, okay, we wouldn't normally buy that BBB piece, but that little bit we'll view as acceptable within the overall context of the piece because of the wrapper.

And finally within the subprime world, some pieces are wrapped that are natural AAAs, and they were wrapped by the underwriters simply to provide additional marketing comfort, for want of a better way of phrasing it. And with respect to those pieces, we would not view the wrapper as a meaningful part of our credit analysis.

I think I'll end there. Let me just hit my 'in conclusion.' We do believe our RMBS portfolio is reasonably well positioned to withstand even a severe downturn in the U.S. housing market. This is basically a function of the subordination level we've bought. We have minimal holdings in RMBS-based CBOs and minimal holdings in lower-rated tranches of direct RMBS securitizations. We believe our RMBS portfolio is a prudent and appropriate component of our overall diversified exposure. As Win went over, there's roughly -- if you think about our buyable universe, mortgage-backeds make up about 50% of our U.S. buyable universe.

Realistically, the option of corporate credit or RMBS, in my personal view, is we would be remiss if we put everything in one asset class. It simply is not a practical way for us to run our business and not the way that we can run our business. I'd also point out that the consumer housing cycle and the corporate credit cycle are not entirely correlated with one another and so, they do provide a diversification benefit.

Finally, our exposure to monoline insurers is modest from an economic perspective. I would say it rounds down to a trivial number, frankly. And wrappers are viewed, at best, as a secondary source of payment. Thank you.

## **Unidentified Company Representative**

Now, we'll take some questions.

# QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

**Gary Ransom** - Fox-Pitt Kelton - Analyst

Gary Ransom, Fox-Pitt Kelton, I just had a question on your overall bond portfolio strategy and how the ownership of RMBS fits into that strategy. What are the characteristics of RMBS that you like compared to other options out there.

**Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

Well --.

Gary Ransom - Fox-Pitt Kelton - Analyst

And -- could you just address that?



#### **Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

I'd be happy to. If you look at the -- let's look at the U.S. markets, since that's principally where there is an RMBS market. The U.S. bond market basically consists of about four big categories. You have residential mortgage-backed securities, which are roughly a \$9 trillion or \$10 trillion market. You have corporate debt, which ranges from high-grade to high-yield to distressed, which makes up a very significant part of the market.

You have treasury securities, which are about 15% of the market. But frankly, we don't -- as much as I would like to, we don't really fund at the treasure rate. Believe it or not, people seem to think the treasury is a better credit than us. I always have trouble with that.

But realistically, I've always told people that if I'd buy something at the risk-free rate, I basically am buying something at the profit-free rate. So realistically, one could argue that a treasury security is a risky position for me because realistically, I'm funding it. But, there are only two ways I can fund a treasury and make money.

One is to take a duration bet, i.e. funds shortened by long, and hope I guess right on interest rates but have massive repricing risk, because I'm not going to make a spread owning a treasury. The other is to hope I time it just right and get in when treasuries are rallying and get out when they're falling, because my cost of funds exceeds the treasury cost of funds. So much as I, particularly in troubled times, one might say, gee, why don't you own a bunch of treasuries? The reality is, if I own a bunch of treasuries, over time, I don't make any money.

And finally, you have agencies. And we do own agencies. I'm not sure that's such a good thing in this day and age either. But, I personally have no trouble with the agency credit. But, it is -- they -- they are -- there are two or three specific issuers. And as a practical matter, we're not going to put that -- notwithstanding the implied guarantee of the U S. government, we're not going to put that much in. And frankly, they have historically traded very tight to the curve and, frankly, have not been a source of a lot of value.

So, when you sort through it all, you really come down to two basic asset classes that are of significant size. One is the mortgage market. The other is the corporate credit market. Realistically, we feel that it is prudent and appropriate to have an allocation to both of those major parts of the market. That provides us some protection against a meltdown or a market dislocation on either one.

As a practical matter because of the relative shortness of mortgage-backed securities, we tend to use them in the shorter liabilities of -- like annuities and similar type programs and tend to use the corporates more heavily in the more traditional life arena.

The other major asset class that we do own, obviously, that I alluded to earlier is municipal bonds. But, municipal bonds from a tax viewpoint do not work for life companies. So, we own them in our P&C accounts, but life companies under the U.S. tax law do not benefit from tax-exempt interest. So, we do not own them in our life accounts.

# Win Neuger - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

All right. The only thing I would add to that is that, again, what Richard just talked about is roughly 50% of our portfolio with the balance being invested all around the world and in various other asset classes. So, the diversification in the aggregate portfolio is even greater than that that he just described.

**Jay Gelb** - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

Thanks. Jay Gelb from Lehman Brothers, within the \$2.9 billion of negative marks in the RMBS portfolio, would you be able to update us on that through November?

**Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

We have not finalized our pricing process for November. We have been through it. I think that a -- I'm willing to give a rough estimate of perhaps another 2% decrease on the overall book.

Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

What does that translate into?

**Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

Call it another \$1.7 billion, \$1.8 billion.

Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

Okay. And then -- so that's unrealized. What -- in the way you treat this from an accounting perspective, what would cause that to be reflected in other than temporary impairments through the realized gain and losses on --?

Win Neuger - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

Well, let me over that, because it's fairly complicated. A lot of people say, why don't you just market to market. And the answer is, we don't have it in the trading portfolio, and U.S. GAAP doesn't allow you to mark things just because you feel like it. Realistically, the things that trigger recognition are obviously if we sell a piece. That triggers recognition. If we have to write down a piece under EITF 99-20, it's probably the likely source of write-downs. EITF 99-20 is a fairly complicated accounting rule.

But fundamentally it says, if there is an adverse change in the anticipated cash flows from the piece, we then mark it to market. The effect of that mark to market -- and we also reset the amortization rate at that point to reamortize it back to what we view as the recoverable value of the security.

So, if the adverse change in payment is simply a change in the timing of payment, you would reamortize it back to PAR. If the change, adverse change, in payment is a perceived ultimate loss of principal, you would estimate a reamortization rate back to what you estimate the ultimate principal recovery would be.

Now, the practical effect though, even though you -- the rule essentially says you discount at "market rates," what we do, we assume that the market reflects market rates. And so, we will mark those pieces to market if the triggering calculation is there. And during the third quarter, we did have a number of items. I think the total amount was in the \$140 million range that marked to market under EITF 99-20. The third is that independently of sales and independently of EITF 99-20, if we determine that there is a principal impairment, we then mark it to market at that time.

Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

Then the final question is, I believe the last panel was also asked about the Paulson plan. As significant owners of RMBS, what's your view in terms of how this all comes together?

THOMSON

## Win Neuger - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

Well, I'm going to actually to defer to Jason D'Angelo, who's with me. We actually spent a great deal of time yesterday talking about this, but I'm going to let him give you the summary of our views on that.

## Jason D'Angelo - American International Group - VP, Portfolio Manager - AIG Global Investment Group

I think in general, we agree with the majority of people who believe that modification is a good thing for borrowers and for investors in mortgage-backed securities. Given our position at -- more heavily weighted to the top of the capital structure, it's pretty hard to argue that it is not a good thing for our holdings.

The key to the -- the details have yet to be worked out. And it's inevitable that there will be some formidable hazard, and there'll be some flaws and difficulties in the determination process to decide who gets modification. But there really -- there are other people who have taken some questioning about what it might do to some of the capital structure.

There is the potential that they -- if a -- an inordinate amount of loans got modified that some of the triggers that benefit the securities we own would not get tripped. We do not think that is the case for the majority of deals in which we're invested, because there already is a significant amount of delinquency and default built into those transactions that they're extremely likely to fail triggers anyway. So the short answer is, it will be a net positive for us.

#### Win Neuger - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

Yes. And I think we would view the ameliorative effect on avoiding the additional housing stock going into the resale market as more than offsetting whatever incidental disadvantage there might be on the occasional deal due to trigger fail -- trigger fail, trigger pass type calculation.

# **Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

And Jay, I just want to add one other comment on the valuation. This -- we're talking about one subset of our total portfolio. With our portfolio, if you track it quarter to quarter, the reality is it moves by billions of dollars almost every quarter.

In fact, if we look at the total portfolio, there is -- there are many things that so far this quarter, and we've still got another month to go I think, there are a lot of things that are up in the portfolio, so -- that are offsetting that decline. So again, it's one of the beauties of diversification. But for us every quarter, it's an unusual quarter, as I say, that doesn't move by \$1 billion or \$2 billion one way or the other.

#### **Win Neuger** - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

Yes. Let me add to that. We actually got a question on our last earnings call, which was, gee, how much is the mark to market? And I pointed out that it is not uncommon. As a matter of fact, it is an unusual day when the market value of our portfolios does not change by well in excess of \$1 billion up or down. And to put that in perspective, we have roughly a \$500 billion bond portfolio.

A 20 basis point change in carrying value is \$1 billion either way. Given the duration that we have on so much of our portfolio, that translates into roughly a three basis point move in pricing. So, when we have days like we had in the last several weeks where the ten-year bond moves by over a percent in price in a day, you can sort of do the math and say that our portfolio probably moved in the order of \$5 billion or \$6 billion in value on those days.

#### **Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

And just so -- remember, this is bonds. When rates go down, bond values go up. When rates go up, bond values go down.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

Hi. I just have a question on your portfolio -- overall portfolio. Based on the current environment, where is it that you're buying more or increasing your relative bidding? In terms of asset classes, where are you backing off? And specifically on subprime RMBS, do you see an opportunity to increase the allocation to that asset class? Or, are you trying to get rid of what you own?

#### **Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

Let me start and then, I'll turn it over to the mortgage experts on our RMBS. Clearly this market environment, because of the uncertainty and the volatility, is theoretically creating a lot of opportunities. I think the reality is that there's less trading than is being talked about. But nevertheless, we are seeing opportunities that we're taking advantage of through our hedge fund to funds portfolio. We're seeing great opportunities in private equity where deals that had been put in place are being restructured.

And interestingly in our growth private equity business, which is a significant part of our direct private equity business, so deals that we're doing that are not dependent on leverage, we're seeing a significant increase in opportunities as some of those leveraged buyers are backing away from the market. So, we're seeing a big pick-up in -- and particularly in emerging markets and in the U S. in what I'll call the smaller and middle market segments of that portfolio. So, we think there are great opportunities.

I think in terms of RMBS assets, as I said, I'll let my colleagues talk about. One of the clear opportunities here is that if you believe, as we do, that the AAA sector of the RMBS market is money good and if you could truly buy those securities at significant discounts, there's a huge opportunity.

And there's a bit of resistance to catching the falling knife. But on the other hand, we've got a long-term view. And if we can buy that paper at meaningful discounts to par and have high confidence that we're going to get paid back over the next three or four years, we should be buying a lot of that. But as I say, not very much of it is trading. So --.

## **Win Neuger** - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

Yes. I think there's some short-term technicals to the market that would probably have me be a little cautious in the short run, including the fact that there's some seasonals to delinquency patterns that typically peak in the first quarter of the quarter of the year, which I think are going to lead to some more fun headlines before we get out of the woods. So realistically from a tactical viewpoint, I'm probably in a neutral position right now.

#### **Unidentified Company Representative**

We have time for one more question, if there is one.

# **Jeff Shanker** - Citigroup - Analyst

Jeff Shanker from Citigroup, in terms of looking at your comments on Page 24, the tranche in various Mezz CDOs and subprime bonds and what not, you point out that a CDO or Mezz CDO, it's all BBBs and then all BBB, and there's some dispersions about that quality. How does that relate to your opinion on home equity line of credit investments and second-lien investments?

What's the underlying quality of those transactions to begin? And should we be viewing those as having natural AAA attributes? Or, are they closer to BBB?

#### **Richard Scott** - American International Group - SVP - Investments

I would say, they are -- they are, as I mentioned in connection with a discussion on monolines, they are in effect untranched transactions. As a practical matter, the borrowers are generally pretty high quality in those deals. As I recall, the average FICOs are north of 700 in those pools.

But, one of the reasons why there is a wrapper on this is if you think about it, an untranched deal is sort of a blend of AAA, AA, A and BB where you might say 60% of it is AAA, and 20% of it is AA, and the other 20% is A and BBB. So one of the reasons we primarily buy those, or almost exclusively buy those, with a wrapper is to protect against the tail risk on those bottom -- the bottom part of the untranched structure. However, realistically at worst, we would view the underlying -- part of the underlying as being BBB at inception.

#### **Win Neuger** - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

I might use that as the opportunity to point out that in the appendix, there is additional detail above and beyond what we talked about here and particularly around second-lien and home equity loans, so that it's there for your review. And with that, I think we'll turn it over to the next group. So, thank you very much.

#### Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Ladies and gentlemen, just while we segue to the next presentation, I would also like to point out that in addition to Edmund not getting the memo, [Chris Moore], and Kevin Kelley didn't get the memo either. So, they're actually in the audience today. And if you have any questions on the domestic brokerage group, please take the opportunity during the lunch hour to make them earn their lunch. So, as Billy -- you're nearly in position?

Billy Nutt - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Yes.

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Okay. I'll hand over the podium to Billy Nutt, who will talk about our Mortgage Guaranty business.

## **PRESENTATION**

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Thank you, Martin. Good afternoon everyone, and yes, it has passed 12 o'clock. I'm Billy Nutt, CEO of United Guaranty Corporation, and I'm pleased to provide you with an overview of our U.S. mortgage insurance operations. I have with me today Tripp Waddell, our Chief Financial Officer, and Len Sweeney, our Chief Risk Officer.

For my agenda, I will provide an industry and company overview, describe the product characteristics and financial model of our business, show some details about our first and second-lien portfolio, discuss our analysis of expected future performance of our existing portfolio. And then, we'll be pleased to answer any questions you may have.

As I go through this presentation, there are four principal points that I'd like to make. Number one, UGC as a broad market participant, operates in an inherently cyclical business that is highly correlated to the fortunes of the housing market. Number two, we price for long-term profitability to absorb market disruptions, and we have generated \$3.4 billion in net operating income over the 10 years prior to 2007.

Number three, even considering the current market downturn, expected future losses on our existing portfolio are significantly less than our net risk in force. And finally, UGC is well positioned to take advantage of the opportunities presented when the market emerges from this housing correction and continue its long-term profitable growth.

I won't review each of the bullet points on this page, but the principal point I want to emphasize here is that as an industry, we began in 1957 as an alternative to government programs. And we have helped over 25 million families purchase a home with a low down payment. Looking more specifically at our company, UGC is a broad market participant in a cyclical industry. Historically, UGC's loss ratio was 27% over the 10 years prior to 2007, demonstrating our strong profitability over many years.

UGC provides coverage for major lenders, originating primarily A-quality paper, and as a part of these relationships, we are expected to insure a wide variety of mortgage products and participate through all housing cycles. And given the cycles in the housing market, UGC prices its product for long-term profitability.

Now, let's take a look at some of the basic product characteristics of mortgage insurance. And with that in mind, I thought it would be helpful to define what mortgage insurance is and what it is not. Mortgage insurance is clearly defined credit protection that not only — that only pays in the event of borrower default on residential mortgages. It is life of loan insurance coverage governed by a policy. It is insurance coverage with exclusions for fraud, property damage and environmental impairment. It is credit protection for high LTV first and second-lien residential mortgages, and it is credit protection subject to coverage limits on the individual loans or pools of loans.

Mortgage insurance is not an unconditional and irrevocable financial guaranty. It is not an RMBS or CDO wrap. It is not commercial or multi-family real estate coverage. And importantly, mortgage insurance is not directly impacted by changes in the value of secondary market structures. UGC's performance is highly correlated to macroeconomic events. In addition to our credit policies and underwriting standards, there's three principal drivers of performance in our business -- home price appreciation, better known as HPA, unemployment and interest rates.

HPA obviously negatively impacts high LTV loans in declining markets like we're currently experiencing. Unemployment, of course, affects the borrower's capacity to repay the mortgage, and adjustable rate loans are sensitive to changes in interest rates. In a poor housing or economic environment, these factors outweigh individual borrower characteristics in determining the portfolio performance.

UGC uses various risk mitigants to reduce performance volatility, including risk sharing such as captive agreements with our lenders. We also utilize reinsurance, including quota share reinsurance, on segments of the first and second-lien products. We use policy limits, particularly in the second-lien business, which generally has limits of 10% of the original balances in each policy, and there are various terms and conditions including fraud exclusion, among others.

This next slide is pretty important in that it provides a high-level overview of the financial model for mortgage insurance. As I mentioned earlier, mortgage insurance is an inherently cyclical business that is highly correlated to the fortunes of the housing market. Standard & Poor's published this slide last week and gave us permission to reproduce it in a teleconference, which depicts this cyclicality. The bars, which correlate to the left axis, show the projected ultimate claim rate of each policy year. The line correlating to the scale on the right axis shows the actual industry loss ratio by calendar year.

And the last time the industry went through this severe of a stress cycle was in the mid 1980s when loss ratios exceeded 100%. Some of you all that are old enough will recall, that was the collapse of the petroleum economy in the oil patch states and created a severe housing recession. It also led to the collapse of the savings and loan industry. This was then followed by an extended period of exceptional performance. And now, the industry has once again returned to high loss ratios as a result of the depth of this housing correction.

Cash flows in the mortgage insurance business consist of premiums, loss expenses and underwriting expenses. For any given policy year business, there is a mismatch in the timing of premiums and loss expenses as premiums are paid while the mortgages are in force and decline as they pay off, and loss expenses generally peak in years three and four of the policy life. And it's important to note that this structural mismatch in the timing of premiums and loss expenses is exacerbated during periods of stress in the housing and credit markets. And on the next slide, I have provided a graphical representation of this mismatch.

This graph shows the timing of premiums and loss expenses of a single policy year of business. The black dashed line shows the premium cash flow, which is paid while the mortgages are in force and decline as they pay off. The green solid line shows the distribution of loss expenses in a normal environment, while the yellow dashed line shows the loss expense distribution under a stress environment when they develop not only with increased frequency, but also earlier. And as you can see, the mismatch is magnified in times of market stress like we're currently experiencing.

As regards UGC's analysis of loss reserves, UGC conducts a rigorous quarterly loss reserve analysis with several levels of review and approval by senior executives at UGC and AIG. And it's important to note that mortgage guaranty accounting requires that reserves be established, based upon current delinquencies, but does not permit any provision for future delinquencies.

Financial performance in this business is best evaluated over a full housing cycle, usually 10 years, on average. Our product is priced to absorb market disruptions and for long-term profitability. Over the last 10 years prior to 2007 in a strong housing market, UGC has generated \$3.4 billion in operating income, returned \$685 million to AIG in dividends, and experienced a 27% loss ratio.

Now, I'd like to provide more detail about each of our portfolios, beginning with our first-lien business. The first-lien portfolio has \$24.5 billion of net risk-in-force. It is critical to note that this is not expected future losses, but rather represents the maximum contractual liability that we would pay in the event that every single loan in the portfolio defaulted at the maximum claim amount, which of course is a highly improbable event. It is calculated as the notional amount of the mortgages currently insured multiplied by the insurance coverage. The average FICO score in this portfolio is strong at 696, and the delinquency ratio as of September 30th is 4.49.

Next, I'll show the distribution of some key credit characteristics in our portfolio beginning with FICO score. As indicated here, UGC insures primarily high credit quality loans with 67% of the loans greater than 660 and only 10% below 620. This next exhibit shows the first-lien distribution by product type. As you can see, 77% of the first-lien portfolio is in fixed-rate mortgages. Of the remaining 23% in adjustable rate loans, most are standard amortizing adjustable rate loans. Only 4% of the portfolio consists of potential negatively amortizing ARMs, commonly referred to as option ARMs.

You'll also note that 7% of the portfolio is interest-only loans, but most of these have fixed initial periods of five years or more and perform on par with our fixed-rate product.

This next slide breaks out the 23% of the portfolio that consists of ARMs by reset date. Note that 6% of the first-lien portfolio, which is 25% of the ARM portfolio, has already reset. And only 4% of the first-lien portfolio, or 17% of the ARM portfolio, will reset in this quarter and in all of 2008, and an additional 3% of the portfolio will reset in 2009.

This next distribution by channel demonstrates our strategy to remain an insurance provider of high-quality first-lien mortgages. To define these terms, flow business is insured on an individual, loan-by-loan basis as each loan closes. The bulk channel insures

loans submitted in large groups and generally consists of high-risk products such as option ARMs, subprime and other non-traditional loans.

As a part of UGC's strategy to maintain a high-quality portfolio, we chose to be a minor participant in 2004 in the high-risk bulk channel with only 5% of our first-lien portfolio originated through these bulk submissions. This additional slide, which demonstrates the result of our high-quality strategy, shows the relative performance trend of UGC's first-lien portfolio versus that of the industry. And as you can see, UGC has traditionally enjoyed a favorable delinquency ratio as compared to our industry.

UGC has implemented several key risk initiatives beginning in 2006, which are improving the quality of our new business production. We tightened underwriting standards and guidelines. We increased rates in some of our business segments, and we further tightened portfolio concentration caps as the market moved in our direction. We're also beginning to experience a flight to quality with improved mortgage insurance penetration for the entire industry, meaning that there are fewer piggyback loans that are being originated. We've seen increased conforming, or Fannie and Freddie eligible, loan production. And we've seen improved -- we've experienced improved quality of our new business production.

Now, let's look at some details about our second-lien portfolio. The second-lien portfolio has \$3.7 billion of net risk-in-force. Once again, it's important to note that this is not our expected future losses, but rather represents the maximum contractual liability that we would pay in the event that all of our maximum policy limits were exhausted, which again is a highly improbable event.

It is calculated as the notional amount of the original mortgages insured multiplied by the policy limits less claims that have already been paid. The average FICO score of 716 in this portfolio represents the very high credit quality that exists there, and the delinquency ratio is 0.96%. The portfolio distribution by FICO score shows that 89% of the second-lien loans have FICO scores above 660 and essentially none below 620.

Give you a little bit of background on our experience in this business. We have had 35 years of solid historical performance in our second-lien business. Our customers include major retail banks, mortgage bankers and credit unions. The strategy for second-liens has been complementary to our overall strategy.

As I mentioned earlier, UGC is a broad market participant expected to insure a wide array of mortgage products. As a result, in lieu of insuring the high-risk, first-lien bulk segment, UGC embarked on a strategy to expand its second-lien business to maintain its major customer relationships. As I said, we made the strategic decision to grow our second-lien business in a more meaningful way to maintain those relationships. However, in this unprecedented correction in the housing market, it has exacerbated the volatility of second liens even more than we expected. Although second liens constitute only 13% of UGC's domestic mortgage insurance risk, they account for a disproportionate share of our 2007 losses incurred.

It is important to note that second liens experienced default earlier than first liens due to the lack of a foreclosure requirement for claims to be paid. And as a result of this accelerated claims cycle, losses in this portfolio for our business are expected to work through much faster.

Significant tightening of product and program eligibility in our second-lien business beginning in the fourth quarter of 2006 is resulting in improved quality of our new business production. Beginning in late 2006 to address the volatility in this business, we've undertaken a number of significant initiatives to re-engineer this product. We've tightened the underwriting guidelines and credit policies. We've reduced the risk-retention levels. We've improved pricing in that business, and we've enhanced the portfolio risk management. As a result of this re-engineering, the remaining mainstream product, which has proven to be far less volatile, even in this current environment, will return to its historical profitability.

Now, having examined the characteristics in the portfolio, we can look at the expected future performance of our existing risk-in-force. This chart shows that the expected cash flows of future premiums and losses over the remaining life of the existing portfolio as of September 30th, based upon our current economic outlook. And in the left box is the analysis of our first liens.

For the current net risk-in-force of \$24.5 billion, the expected future performance is as follows. We expect future losses of \$1.4 billion. We have already established reserves in the amount of \$500 million. Therefore, the remaining future losses are \$900 million. However, these remaining future losses are expected to be offset by future premiums of \$1.1 billion, and this is over the remaining life of the existing portfolio.

In the right box is the analysis of our second liens. For the current net risk-in-force of \$3.7 billion, the expected future performance is as follows. We expect future losses of \$1 billion. We have already established reserves of \$500 million, therefore, the remaining future losses equal \$500 million. And once again, we expect future premiums of \$700 million to offset that over the remaining life of the portfolio.

The major point here we want to reiterate is that the expected future losses are significantly below net risk-in-force, and future premiums are expected to exceed the future loss expenses on the existing portfolio.

So to summarize, I would like to re-emphasize that UGC is a broad market participant in a cyclical business that generates high returns in eight out of 10 years and underwriting losses in two out of 10 years, on average. UGC is expected to insure a wide range of products and serve our major customers in all housing environments. UGC has re-engineered its second-lien product, further tightened its first-lien eligibility guidelines and increased rates in select high-risk business segments.

While we have taken the appropriate steps in this market environment, UGC expects further deterioration in loss expenses for the remainder of 2007. We also expect that the downward market cycle in the housing market will continue to adversely affect our operating results until the domestic housing markets stabilize and as -- and this is likely to result in an operating loss in 2008 for us as well.

The quality of new business production is improving, driven by UGC's underwriting and eligibility adjustments, along with more rigorous underwriting standards that are taking place in the market by our customer base. And finally, UGC is well positioned to take advantage of the opportunities presented as the market emerges from this housing correction. The company has a strong capital base and is poised to continue its long-term profitable growth.

Thank you for your attention. And now, we'd be pleased to respond to your questions.

#### QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Eric Berg - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

Hello? Hello, thanks. Eric Berg from Lehman.

You've indicated that you expect fairly large losses on your second-lien portfolio, \$1 billion or nearly a quarter of the \$3.7 billion in principal risk-in-force. Yet, the delinquency ratio is very low. It's significantly lower than your first-lien delinquency ratio. How do you reconcile the fact that your -- that fewer than 1% of the loans by number are delinquent, and yet, you expect ultimate losses equal to a quarter of the principal outstanding?

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Well, first of all, our second-lien business was running a delinquency ratio probably one-fifth of that until this housing market correction began. And we also have an accelerated claims cycle in that business. And if you were to equate the delinquency ratio in the second-lien business, you need to multiply it at about five times to equal that of the first-lien business.

Len, what would you add to that?



#### **Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

Well, said another way, the loans are reported delinquent in an area of 90 days. The claim is paid at about 150 or 180 days. So in fact, the loans move through delinquency to claim payment exceptionally fast.

Billy's comment about the multiplication of the second mortgage delinquency is to account for the length of time that a first mortgage would be in a delinquent status while it goes through foreclosure, so somewhere in the neighborhood of three times to four times the first mortgage -- or the second mortgage delinquency would need to be done.

#### Al Copersino - Madoff Investment Securities - Analyst

Okay. Al Copersino with Madoff, I have two quick questions. The first on Slide 26. I'm assuming the investment income positive offset would counteract the expense ratio negative offset is what I'm assuming. If you sum up the expected future premiums and the expected future losses here, it looks like a loss ratio of about 78%. That, of course, excludes any new business. My question is, that expected 78% loss ratio going forward on the current book as it is, over what period of time do you expect that to occur? That's cumulative, that loss ratio?

#### **Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

That portfolio we would expect would probably stay on the books another three to five years. That would be the normal runoff of mortgages as they prepay and the premiums and the losses will run through that life.

#### Al Copersino - Madoff Investment Securities - Analyst

Thanks. I have one quick follow-up then. If you look at slide nine, as you all are well aware, in the mid-80s and the early-90s, there was obviously a lag from claims incidence to, then, the industry's loss ratio. My question is, this time around, I assume that lag will also be there this time too, that we'll see loss ratios occurring in the years following the increase in incidence. Is there any chance though that that might be a little bit lessened this time? Are defaults coming through faster this time so that that increase in the loss ratio in the years after the incidence rise might not be quite as bad this time?

# **Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

We think that's correct. Certainly in the second mortgage side, we would expect the losses and are seeing the losses going through the portfolio much quicker. In addition, we have several of the individual policies within the second mortgage business that have been driving a significant amount of the losses will be hitting their maximum policy limits, which will affect -- which will have a positive effect on that loss ratio.

And we would expect to see some recovery in the housing, and, at least, our forecast shows for some recovery to start beginning in the housing market in early 2009, which should have a positive effect. And then lastly, again, there's -- there is a significant improvement in the quality of the business that's being originated today, which will have a positive effect on loss ratios on a go-forward basis.

#### **Unidentified Company Representative**

Just one more comment too to add to the earnings stream to remind you about Billy's comment and the charting here on the cash flows, what will happen out of that future look on these premiums and losses is the losses will occur earlier in the timeframe than the premiums. So, you'll see losses occurring probably in the next one to two to three years, with the premiums coming

following that. This business has a long tail on the back end on the premiums that are received while the losses occur early in the cycle, and they're being exacerbated by the housing market.

# **Dan Johnson** - Citadel Investment Group - Analyst

Thanks. Dan Johnson with the Citadel Investment Group. Can you talk a little bit about your house price appreciation assumptions you're using within this slide 26 and what sort of sensitivity we have to -- changes in those assumptions? Then, I've got a follow up as well.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Len, why don't you give him all of our economic assumptions there?

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

Sure. I'd be happy to do that. The economic assumptions for the -- those forecasts on the losses, we consider an '08 environment very similar to that we've seen in '07, further home price declines in the neighborhood of 5% to 7%, unemployment creeping up although staying in the 5% range, some stabilization in the home inventories, which as you know now are at about a 17-year high. So, we would expect again a rough ride in '08 with some recovery beginning in '09 from a housing market perspective.

#### **Dan Johnson** - Citadel Investment Group - Analyst

And then, the follow-up was, just giving the delayed nature of the accounting here, do you have a sense on 2009, whether there's a prospect for profitability? Or is that not likely?

# **Unidentified Company Representative**

Well, yes, it's difficult to forecast that. I think we would say, '08's going to be from an operating income standpoint similar to '07 on a total-year basis. We're seeing some improvement in '09, so we would anticipate that we'd move to a smaller profit in the '09 timeframe coming out of the market with this current scenario.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Yes. Our economic assumptions are that the housing market is going to show some signs of improvement in the latter part of '08, which should allow us to return to some level of profitability of '09. Should that -- should the housing market deteriorate beyond '08, then that could change certainly our outlook for '09.

**Dan Johnson** - Citadel Investment Group - Analyst

Thank you.

Josh Smith - CREF Investments - Analyst

Hi, Josh Smith, CREF Investments. Two questions. First, how do you ensure that you are writing good business at this point in the cycle? Would you be willing to write less business if you -- if your housing forecast got significantly worse? I think you're

okay for the stuff that's on the books, but my concern is that you write a lot more business, put a lot more risk in force, and then housing prices go down 10% to 20%. And then, I have a follow-up.

#### **Unidentified Company Representative**

I think that was a good -- very good question. We would certainly -- two things. We would certainly be willing to write less business if, in fact, we saw the market continue to deteriorate in the housing movement to go beyond what we expect. I think it's important to note we saw that coming in the past. That explains our reason for a very small percentage of our book in the high-risk bulk segment of the business.

We had somewhere in the neighborhood of an \$8 billion goal for bulk business in 2006. We wrote in the neighborhood of \$2 billion and could have written \$20 billion. We stayed away from the option ARM business in a meaningful way. So, the fact of the matter is, we would be willing to write less business on a go-forward basis.

Again, there are some good dynamics going on in the market. There's significantly more business being written that is eligible for sale to Fannie Mae and Freddie Mac GSC conforming product, which is generally a higher credit quality product. The persistency on the book, the staying power of the book has increased. So, we see some positive movement that makes us feel good about the return to profitability in the future.

#### Billy Nutt - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Yes. I would add that the significant re-engineering in our second-lien product came about as a result of the inherent volatility in that product. And given our assumption that the market is going to continue to deteriorate -- the housing market -- into 2008, we'll probably write one-third of the business in our second-lien product and are willing to give that product -- to give that product up if the market continues to deteriorate.

#### Josh Smith - CREF Investments - Analyst

Just quickly on the loan modifications. One of your competitors says -- has said that they're actively engaged in loan modification on GSC product. Is that true for us as well? And what is your view? I would -- presumably the Paulson proposal would be a huge benefit for the mortgage insurers, given that you only pay on foreclosure.

#### **Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

I think generally speaking, that's correct. Again, most of the focus with respect to the Paulson is on the 228, 327 subprime reset ARMs. Slightly over 1% of our risk-in-force falls into that category. So on a direct basis, it would have a limited impact on our book. I think the more meaningful impact on the market would, again, be the fewer homes going back into the inventory as a result of this effort, which would have a positive impact overall.

# Billy Nutt - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Yes. Net/net, it would be a positive for us. And we applaud any efforts that are being made to keep these families in their homes and to avoid foreclosure. And we do a lot of work with our lender customers to try to keep -- make every effort to keep these borrowers in their homes.

Craig Giventer - First Principles Capital Management - Analyst

Craig Giventer, FPCM.

For the first-lien book, could you decompose the future losses by product just to give us a sense as to what your expectations are by product as you build up the future losses?

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

If I'm being asked to answer it, I'm afraid I didn't hear the question.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Well, it would be the cash flows that we provided on the first-lien business, broken down by product.

# **Unidentified Company Representative**

Major product.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Okay. We don't--

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

Yes. I've got more information, quite frankly, on the future cash flows on a book year than on a product basis. Clearly, on a loss ratio basis, the -- what little business we have in the subprime, lower credit quality, would have a significantly higher loss ratio with our prime business, performing about on par. And the limited amount we have on the alternative A product would also be throwing off a higher percentage of those losses. But I don't have more detail for you on the profitability by product.

Billy Nutt - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

We have those cash flows, and we can provide them as a follow-up.

# **Dan Lifshitz** - Fir Tree Partners - Analyst

Dan Lifshitz with Fir Tree Partners. With a lot of your competitors being one-line companies doing this and AlG's mortgage guaranty business part of a bigger, much more well capitalized company, are you seeing right now or do you expect to see any kind of flight to quality, where you're going to capturing a lot more of this business going forward and taking it from the, quote/unquote, "weaker players" in the markets?

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

We are beginning to experience a flight to quality as our lender customers, the big financial institutions, are carefully considering their counter-party risk. We think that that will continue, and we think that that's going to benefit United Guaranty Corporation and AIG. It also allows us, as these lenders move in our direction, it gives us a little more negotiating power in terms of the terms of trade under which we insure that business.

THOMSON

Dan Lifshitz - Fir Tree Partners - Analyst

Great, thank you.

#### **Donna Halverstadt** - Goldman Sachs - Analyst

Donna Halverstadt from Goldman Sachs. Two questions. One is on slide 26, where you're showing expected future losses and premiums. Do you expect any benefit from captive arrangements? And if so, how much? And then, the second question is back on slide 13 where you show operating income from 1997 through 2006. If we had that data from 1984 through 1989, what would we see that your experience was in those years?

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Do you want to take the captive question?

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

Yes. We do anticipate benefit of the -- from the captives in the 2008 and 2009 timeframe. These losses are starting to hit the attachment points in our captive trust balances. We anticipate that in '08, it'll probably provide I'd say around \$100 million in benefit in the '08 timeframe. And I would say maybe double that in the '09 timeframe as the claims start to hit those attachment points.

So, those are -- those captive agreements, as you may be aware, are basically excess of loss reinsurance agreements. And as these claims rights start to increase, we expect benefit out of those captives for both '08 and '09. As far as performance from '84, I don't have those in front of me today, but we can get back to you on those.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

You would, no doubt, see similar curves. Obviously, we experienced a major housing correction in the oil patch states in 1985, 1986 and 1987. Loss ratios for the industry went far above 100% and then began to settle back down as that housing correction came to a close. We saw, once again, another small correction in California in 1990 and 1991 with the contraction in the aerospace industry there, which created some unemployment. But that housing correction was bailed out by a reduction in interest rates.

Andrew Kligerman - UBS - Analyst

Andrew Kligerman, UBS. Just a real quick one on these captives, what percent of the portfolio has the captive reinsurance?

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

I'm sorry. You probably know the numbers.

# **Unidentified Company Representative**

It's about 72%.



**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

It's about 70% of our portfolio, captive reinsurance.

#### **Andrew Kligerman** - UBS - Analyst

Okay. And then, just a more general question, you had some discipline on the ARMs on not buying bulk. Could you give a sort of window into what you were thinking about the second-lien loans at the time and why we could be confident --

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Sure.

# Andrew Kligerman - UBS - Analyst

-- that that wouldn't happen again, and maybe actually the same question for Win Neuger. You added a fair amount of '07 and '06 business. What was your thinking at that point in time? Because you look at financial products, and they clearly were running in the other direction.

Billy Nutt - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Len, why don't you take the -- our strategy on the second lien?

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

Sure.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

And Win can --.

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

Well, I think we probably stressed it as much as we possibly could in the presentation that we are a broad market participant, expected to insure a broad range of products through all market cycles. We have relationships with major lenders throughout the country. The expectation is that you will -- that you will accept a wide variety of their product.

We opted against going deeper into the credit spectrum in the subprime, and in fact, made the decision to support some of those major customers with high credit quality, second-lien product. Again unfortunately, that product did stress significantly worse than we would have imagined during this current housing cycle.

But again, the re-engineering that we have done has really gotten us back to our knitting. We're focused on lower LTV, HELOC product. We've eliminated a lot of the third-party originated stated income, purchase money, high LTV product. And quite frankly, even during this current environment, that product is performing fairly well. It is stressed, but it's performing fairly well and profitably during this time. So, we think we've cut out the right product, and we're back to our knitting on a go-forward basis.

# **Unidentified Company Representative**

Let me add to just what Len said too is that kind of the decision there was, do you want to insure option ARM products, subprime product that had FICO scores in the average of 620 range versus did you want to insure second liens that were high quality with FICO scores above 700?

Now, even though we sat there and went into that decision with our eyes wide open, we priced that second-lien business about four times higher than what we typically would price it at. It has stressed far worse than what we expected in this environment.

But, I'd also remind you that a lot of the business that we chose not to insure, the option ARM bulk business, has really yet to fully develop. So, it's a long ball game. We're not sure yet whether the idea or the strategy to insure second liens was the best. But we feel good that insuring high credit quality, second-lien business was a better decision than doing some low-quality option ARM that we still have yet to see how it'll perform in this.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

And we think that we're confident that the -- as the losses develop in that bulk channel, that our decision will have been the better decision in the long run. But, time will tell.

Win Neuger - American International Group - EVP, Chief Investment Officer

And Andrew, in terms of the investment portfolio, we clearly did change our process. As Martin said and as Richard documented, at that time -- we do talk to each other. And we have a very different portfolio than AIG Financial Products. So, what we were doing is within the direct RMBS portfolio, making sure that the degree of subordination in our portfolio went up significantly.

If you remember on the one chart that Richard showed, in 2004, we had our -- off the top of my head, if I remember, 16% subordination. And now in the last couple of years, that's been running up in the low 20s. So, it's significantly more subordination. And remembering that it's a very different portfolio than the CDO structures that we have in Financial Products where we basically said, there was no degree of subordination that we wanted to continue to write.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

I think we have time for just one more question before we break for lunch.

Charlie Gates - Credit Suisse - Analyst

Charlie Gates, Credit Suisse. On Table Number 26, the remaining future losses of the \$900 million, I'm assuming that one, that number is pretax to the second. Is an incorrect way to look at this, the net of expected future premiums versus those losses? Or, what's the correct way to look at it?

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

They are pre-tax, and I think that is the correct way to look at it, because over the life of the business, it's the net of the premiums less the loss expenses paid.

Charlie Gates - Credit Suisse - Analyst

So, the timing would be roughly similar?

**Len Sweeney** - American International Group - Chief Risk Officer - United Guaranty Corp.

No. No really, the loss is going to come early.

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

That's the point we want to make.

Charlie Gates - Credit Suisse - Analyst

What is the point? I missed the point.

Billy Nutt - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

The point is, is the losses -- the losses, particularly in an environment -- the severe environment that we're in now come in much faster than the premiums. Most of the premiums in the first-lien business are paid on a monthly basis by the borrower over the life of the loan. And so, those premiums are going to come in after -- most of the premiums will come in after we receive most of the losses.

Charlie Gates - Credit Suisse - Analyst

But once again, my \$1.4 billion is here, remaining future losses, adding together the first and second lien, that's a pre-tax number. So post-tax, I'm looking at \$1 billion roughly?

**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Right.

Charlie Gates - Credit Suisse - Analyst

Thank you.

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

(inaudible - microphone inaccessible). Yes, the curve is on Page 11.

Charlie Gates - Credit Suisse - Analyst

Yes.



**Billy Nutt** - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Right.

Charlie Gates - Credit Suisse - Analyst

Yes. If you take that --.

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

(inaudible) of the losses and how the premium flows in over a longer period of time.

Billy Nutt - American International Group - President, CEO - United Guaranty Corp.

Right now, under our current economic assumptions over the remaining life, we're going to receive losses of \$1.4 billion and collect premiums of \$1.8 billion.

#### **Unidentified Company Representative**

If you look at that curve, Charlie, we're kind of in the middle of that hump there. So as we go forward, you'll have the losses coming first, and then the premiums out of the life of the mortgages.

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Thank you very much, Billy. Ladies and gentlemen, so we can get back on time, lunch is being served in the second floor. My colleagues will show you the way to the room. And if I could ask you to be back in 35 minutes in the hope that you'll really be back by 45 minutes, that will be great so that we can stay on time and not get too far behind schedule. Thank you very much, indeed.

(BREAK)

#### **PRESENTATION**

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Ladies and gentlemen, can I ask you to take your seats please? Thank you, very much. If I could just ask you to quickly take your seats, the one thing I will promise you is that, you will be out of this room at 3 p.m., because they will throw us out of this room at 3 PM. So, there is a definitive stop time. Thank you very much, indeed. Without any further ado, I'm going to hand over to Rick Geissinger, who will walk us through our Consumer Finance operations. Rick, the podium's yours.

Rick Geissinger - American International Group - CEO - American General Finance

Thank you. Well, I'd like to say at the outset that I was remarried on Saturday, and I'd like to thank you all for coming to my honeymoon. It's my pleasure to present the -- our Consumer Finance business. This is our traditional opening slide. We were founded in 1920 in Evansville, Indiana, acquired by AIG in August of '01, acquired a mortgage company in '03 a mortgage broker company in the UK in January of '07.

As always, our product mix is very broad. We offer just about every kind of personal loan product that you can think of. We've got a 1,500+ branch network that we're continuing to grow, two million customers and a national wholesale real estate operation, and I'll talk a little bit about.

Our strategic fit within AIG is that we're not correlated from an earnings point of view to the insurance businesses, for example. And then, there are product distribution synergies where we try to cross-sell AIG products and vice versa.

For example right now, we have an active program trying to sell AIG auto insurance. The insurance guys in turn have access to our retail dealer base, which is 28,000 merchants around the country to sell them insurance. And we also have one of the strongest returns on equity in the corporation. Our objectives each year, and they have been the same for many, many years, are to grow earnings of 15% or more a year and have an ROE of 15% or more and to manage credit quality within established target ranges that have been agreed to by various senior officers of AIG.

The target ranges you see in the bottom of this slide, we established in December of 1997 and made them public at a meeting similar to this. And we can operate this business at an RO -- at meeting our ROE targets of 15% or more and our growth goals, if we operate in these ranges, or if we do even better if we're operating below these ranges. We have not changed these ranges since December of 1997. So, they've been in effect for ten years.

Our portfolio mix changed to more real estate in the '04 and '05 period. But then, we felt that the real estate market was softening in the summer of '05. We made appropriate adjustments to our underwriting and to our growth strategies and emphasized more on our non-real estate products and our retail products since that time.

We did not chase the market down. We did not compromise our underwriting standards, and we didn't offer some of the exotic products that have already been talked about today. And that result is, our real estate portfolio is declining a bit as a percent of the total. That's fine with us. Our non-real estate product is our most profitable, and that's -- has year-over-year growth of about 11% this year, and we're continuing to market that hard.

In terms of credit quality, these are our major product lines. And the total, you can see, delinquency is up slightly. I'm going to show it to you by product against the target ranges in a minute. You can see, it's up just a little bit through the third quarter of '07. The total portfolio still is in the -- a little bit over 2% range. Real estate is also just a little bit over 2%. So, our credit quality remained strong during the period that we're going through with a difficult real estate market.

In terms of our reserve loan losses, it's up a little bit, reflecting the growth in our portfolio. Our charge-offs are just a little over 1%, and I think in the third quarter, 1.15%. And our coverage ratio of that reserve to charge-offs is a very strong 2.1%, and that's very strong by industry as well.

Many of you have seen this slide of our branch network. We're geographically very dispersed. The concentration in California is approximately the same share of G&P that California is to the United States. So, we don't -- we're not critically concerned about the concentration. And you can see in most of the other states that we're very well diversified around the country.

In terms of our real estate businesses, we continue to be a major subprime portfolio lender through our branch network. We also originate purchase and either seller-retained loans in two other platforms, Wilmington Finance, which is our mortgage company and MorEquity, which services centrally in Evansville and maintains a portfolio of real estate loans as well. We track 350 markets, real estate markets, on a monthly or quarterly basis, depending on when we get data. Our Credit Policy Committee meets at least once a month, and we review the data, the current data. We make appropriate changes to our underwriting standards when we see trends in the market that we don't like.

For example we saw, a couple of years ago, a lot more non-owner occupied investor kind of -- in properties in places like Phoenix and suburbs, Las Vegas, the coast of Florida and so forth. And so, we made the appropriate adjustments in those markets at

that time. And we don't have credit quality problems in those markets today as a result. We do that every month to quarter in 350 markets and adjust our underwriting standards, and we do that continuously.

What makes us different than what you read in the newspapers a lot is really all summarized in the first bullet. We're a first mortgage, principally, fixed-rate lender, full income documentation, 30-year am, owner occupant almost entirely, single family residence and less than the market maximum LTV for loans. We control all this centrally through our risk management system. And if we do a bulk purchase, which we do occasionally, we re-underwrite to our standards every single loan that we're buying. And so, that keeps us exactly where we want to be in terms of our purchased portfolio.

Lots of experience in this business, we've been in it for 87 years, and we -- given the trends that we've seen in the last now, almost two and a half years, we did not chase the market down in terms of credit quality when that started to happen in the second half of '05. We never offered some of the exotic products like negative-am loans and option ARMs and so forth, and we're not dependent on securitization and gain on sale accounting for either our profitability or our funding.

Branch operations model, the average branch has five or six people in it, and we have what we call a high-touch philosophy. We want to try to touch our customers as often as we can and to build that relationship, and I think that gives us a better ability to grow. But, I think it gives us a very thorough understanding of the credit quality of our individual borrowers.

Very well trained personnel, we've invested tens of millions of dollars in our training system, and we have a centralized risk management system that we've built, beginning in 1996. We think it's the best in the industry. We think that a core competency in this business is to have your own credit model so you know what's in them. You know how they work and so, for all of our products, we've built credit-scoring models over the years that are proprietary.

And very importantly, the last bullet there, our branch management and all the way up through the divisional management, part of their compensation -- they can earn up to 100% of salary in bonuses, but they can't -- they must meet certain credit quality standards, or they don't even get in the game. And that has served us well over the years.

Just a quick look at the continuity in our company, this is the average length of time with the company at different levels all the way up to the senior directors of operations, each of whom run about 25% of the company. A lot of continuity, we're very much a promote from within. And so, we have a very strong culture and a very strong discipline, and that's part of why I think our credit quality performance is as good as it is.

I won't talk much about this, because there's been a lot of conversation about it already. We agree with many of the comments that were made. The only thing I'd add is that the regulatory environment has gotten more difficult in the last 9 to 12 months, and that's been a factor too that I think is going to -- and I think already has reduced credit availability and some liquidity in the marketplace.

The result of these actions that we took back in the summer of '05 and since then is that it reduced our loan growth significantly. You can see that we were running \$1.4 billion, \$1.2 billion in the first couple of quarters of '05. The actions we began to take resulted in very nominal growth during that period, even negative growth in the third and fourth quarter of '06. We were writing some business, but the standards that we maintained and kept in place reduced our growth, and we consciously made that trade-off with the approval of senior management.

Some of the mitigating factors in our portfolio, 97% is full income documentation, 87% are fixed rates, only about 10% of our portfolio, and not even that, will reset between now and the end of '08. But, one of the underwriting standards that we maintained discipline on was to underwrite ARM loans to a fully-indexed, fully-amortizing rate in order for people to qualify for those loans. We didn't underwrite the teaser rates or anything else. It was fully-amortizing, fully indexed rates, and I think that served us well in maintaining credit quality as well.

We don't delegate underwriting if we buy a portfolio, and as I have mentioned, we didn't get into the exotic products. We never do negative-am loans, for example. We stayed a way from non-owner occupied properties. We have a little bit of that, but not that much. And if you compare that performance to the overall marketplace, the difference is obvious. And our delinquency is running a little over 2%, and the overall marketplace is now in the area of 17%. So, we're proud of that track record and expect to continue to perform with excellent credit quality.

The next couple of slides, I'm not going to belabor. We thought you'd be interested in having these. The outstandings by product are in the upper left. The target ranges for each product, and I'm going to show you three or four of these, are on the upper right. And you can see that in the case of real estate that we're below the target ranges in both delinquency and charge-off. The lower left is a static pool analysis. And yes, we did write some business in '06 and some '07, although it was a greatly reduced rate. It's performing a little worse as is the rest of the marketplace.

But, if you look at the top light blue line, even though it's up a little bit, it's following a similar pattern now. And -- but it's still at only 2% in terms of delinquency, and that -- it's -- that's better than the target we have for this product. Accumulate charge-offs, which is the bottom right box, we're tracking, just like we have for the business we've done for the last five or -- five years or so.

This is the branch real estate. It's at the bottom of the target range. It's a little below. Charge-offs continue to be performing very well. If you look at the two bottom charts, you can see that a little bit similar experience on the branch side as in the centralized portfolio. But still, we're better than targeted, and the lines are tracking nicely. This is our centralized portfolio. Same story, credit quality is below the target ranges, a little bit worse performance in what we did in the '06 vintage, but still it's peaking at about 2% delinquency, which is a terrific rate and is better than our targets

Real estate owned is up a little bit. At the end of -- a year ago it was a little over \$50 million or I should say at year-end '06. It's now a little bit less than \$100 million. And that's up from about 35 basis points against the portfolio to approximately 49 or so basis points at the end of the third quarter. We've had a minor increase in losses as a result of that and the time to sale of a property hasn't changed much. It's averaging right around 7 1/2 months. It fluctuates a little bit from month to month and there's some seasonality. But it hasn't changed that much. It hasn't expanded to any great degree

So in summary, at the end of the third quarter, our real estate portfolio was about \$19 billion, 19.5 billion compared to \$19 2 in the second quarter. We've maintained our disciplined underwriting and throughout the real estate boom. That's — that resulted in lower volume, as I showed you, but we're better than our targeted delinquency and charge-off rates and better than the industry experience delinquency and charge-off rates.

We think, like some of my colleagues mentioned, that the real estate market will continue to be difficult, probably at least until next summer. Maybe there'll begin to be some improvement after that, but it could go longer and maybe through a lot of '08. But, we will maintain our discipline and get through what's a difficult period.

But, what I think that means is that for a company like us, who's has performed well in a disciplined, risk-management system that there's a lot of opportunities here. We're well capitalized. We've got a strong parent. We have access to the medium-term funding markets, and we're well positioned in the industry. And I think there's just going to be a lot of really interesting and attractive opportunities.

I will say that we -- we've been offered billions of dollars worth of portfolios -- and maybe beginning late first quarter or second quarter. And we used the disciplined approach that we have. In some of the portfolios, we would bid on 11% of it, or we'd bid on 17% of it. And most of the response we got to that was, and the horse you rode on. So, we did none of those deals. People were trying to unload their trash.

But now what's starting to happen with over 150 competitors having withdrawn or closed their businesses is that good deals, very attractive deals that I think are going to be very attractively prices, are starting to bubble up. Our pipeline right now of

deals, whether it's portfolios or people that want to have a strategic alliance flow arrangement with us or even whole companies or asset purchases of a whole company without buying the company and the attendant liabilities.

It is as full as it's been at any time in the last ten years, and there's some really attractive deals that we're working on right now. So, we think there's opportunity in the marketplace now, and we're actively working on the good opportunities that we see.

So with that, there's a lot of supplemental information in your packet. I encourage you to look at it if you like, and myself and my colleagues -- let me introduce them. The first guy is Ray Brown, who is our Chief Credit Officer. Next is Don Breivogel, who is our Chief Financial Officer, and next to him is our Treasurer -- Vice President and Treasurer, Bryan Binyon. So, we'll be happy to answer any questions.

# QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

Thanks. It's Jay Gelb at Lehman Brothers. I believe initially in the opening presentation, there was an outlook of a modest profit for consumer finance in 2008. If you could walk us through some of your underlying assumptions there, and then also if you could give us any more insight in terms of what expectations your current loan loss reserve is baking in, that would be helpful as well. Thank you.

Rick Geissinger - American International Group - CEO - American General Finance

The second part, I didn't get the question.

**Jay Gelb** - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

The loan loss reserve, if you could give us some insight in terms of your underlying assumptions there in terms of what would happen with the residential real estate market and still make that reserve adequate?

**Rick Geissinger** - American International Group - CEO - American General Finance

Okay.

Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

Thank you.

**Rick Geissinger** - American International Group - CEO - American General Finance

On the first part of the question, this has been a very unusual year for us. Our fundamentals are sound, but there's been a lot of unusual items. I think somewhere 12 to 15 of them of some significance. And you all know about those. They're all in our Qs, so you can look them up if you want. I won't go through any laundry list. At -- so, that's really impacted our profitability.

If you normalize our P&L for all of those unusual items, some significantly positive, more negative than the positive, year-over-year, our normalized change in earnings is about 16%, 16% down. And that's due to a number of factors. Real estate volume is off.



Our mortgage company business is off significantly, just like the rest of the market. Margins in that business have been squeezed. The margins in our branch business have been squeezed.

But, I'm expecting once we get out of '08 and all the unusual things that happened to us that we're going to return to the kind of performance that you all have seen over the last ten years. Don, could I ask you to -- Don or Ray, comment on the loan loss reserve?

# **Unidentified Company Representative**

I'll start. When you look at our loan loss reserve, it's actually got three components to it. It's -- we have a migration and a Monte Carlos quantitative aspect to it. We did have a separate reserve for Hurricane Katrina. And then finally, we overlaid a qualitative reserve from -- around that.

So when you look at it, literally the models bake in the vast majority of what you need from a reserving standpoint. But then, you also have to have -- add that qualitative nature. So, we sit down with our sales and some of the senior management of AIG on a quarterly basis and say, okay, when you look at the models, what might be missing? And how much additional reserve would we need around that? So, it's a very interactive and very robust process. And if you look at the slide that we showed earlier, you'll see we've maintained a very strong reserve throughout this cycle, and you can expect that to continue.

#### Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

I guess on the -- looking at this from a average cumulative downturn in the U.S. housing prices, what is your loss reserve assuming?

# **Unidentified Company Representative**

When we model that out, we assume a 13% peak-to-trough drop in housing prices and ignore any appreciation that has been realized in the portfolio prior to making that 13% drop. In other words, if we booked a loan in 2004, we have not implied that there's been any appreciation in the value of that house. And then, we'll haircut at 13%. That's what goes into the model to then determine what we think our exposure is down the road. That in turn feeds the discussions for the loan loss reserve.

#### Rick Geissinger - American International Group - CEO - American General Finance

And I'll add to that. The comment I made about we track 350 markets on a regular basis and then we manage our underwriting market by market when appropriate, all of that shows up in the migration analysis that these guys are talking about. And so, that's — that gets right into how we determine the appropriate allowance for loan losses.

#### **Dave Sochol** - Levin Capital Strategies - Analyst

Good afternoon, Dave Sochol, Levin Capital, I was just curious, going into '05 as part of the budgeting process as you began to forecast, at least to your boss, that you were going to go from a \$1 billion quarterly run rate of growth to basically flat to down just how that discussion took place.

And then, maybe either you or maybe it's more the CEO discussion, it does strike me that as you were pulling back from a lot of risky markets, for example in the -- or in contrast, your mortgage insurance operation was going into second lien and other businesses that you clearly saw as not the place to do it. So, I'm trying to understand at the top of the house just sort of, how do you share best practices, insights and just, I guess, more powerfully use all the information that you have as a franchise?

**Rick Geissinger** - American International Group - CEO - American General Finance

You mean within the company?

**Dave Sochol** - Levin Capital Strategies - Analyst

Within AIG broadly, Financial Products, Mortgage Insurance, -- within AGF, but then also more broadly within AIG.

# Dave Sochol - Levin Capital Strategies - Analyst

Look, two questions, one, just how it works when you decide not to grow your business and what kind of feedback incentives and push backs you get when you say you're not going to grow? Second question being that you clearly took a more conservative stance, which at least, to my naive eye, it looks like it was not shared broadly in other parts of the organization. And, how do you prevent that from happening in the future since there -- I just would have thought that you would look at things more collectively.

#### Rick Geissinger - American International Group - CEO - American General Finance

Well the process, it starts at the bottom in American General Finance. Ray's got a department that probably has, give or take, 15 to 20 people that are analyzing the marketplace, analyzing trends in our portfolio. We do it by product. We do it by geographic market. And that's just a massive amount of analysis that goes on every month.

So, it starts with that. Then, we have input from the people that are running the divisions around the country. And then, our Credit Policy Committee meets at least once a month and sometimes more often than that, depending on the issues that we're looking at. And I chair that Committee. Most of our senior officers are on it. Ray is responsible for the agenda for that committee. And we review probably 120 pages worth of data and graphs at every single one of those meetings. And they're thoroughly discussed and to the extent that changes need to be made, then we either make them on the spot, or we ask Ray and his people to do more analysis.

Now to the extent that there are trends there that are out of the ordinary, then I'll pick up the phone. Or, I come to New York pretty regularly and talk to Bill Dooley, who's my boss. And we'll discuss whatever the issue seems to be, the positive or negative.

Let me you an exemption -- an example of that. Our -- the guys in our mortgage company, this is probably now a year and a half plus ago, really barely wanted to do negative-am option ARMs, because in California, that was depending on who you talked to, 40% or 50% of the market. And the guys in that business in California felt that they weren't being competitive. I don't like that product. I don't think it's good lending. It was negative-am lending up to 115 LTV. I don't think that's good lending. But, there was a very significant opportunity we were passing up as a result of that.

So, I went to see Bill in New York and I said, I just want to tell you, the trade-off that we're making here and why. And we discussed it at some length on a couple of occasions actually, and he agreed with me that that's not something that we should do, that it wasn't good lending. And we will sacrifice market share in California as a result of that.

We sit down periodically with the enterprise risk management people, Bob Lewis and Kevin. We do that on a pretty regular basis and review portfolio trends. Ray and I'll come to New York and spend whatever time is appropriate to review trends in our portfolio by product, a lot of static pool analysis by product, a lot of geographic analysis and again, broken by product. And so, it's a very thorough, many eyes look at what we're doing, but it starts at -- in -- at the lower -- in the lower part of AGF.

#### **Bob Lewis** - American International Group - SVP, Chief Risk Officer

Hi. I'm Bob Lewis. I was going to mention this when I got up after Rick has finished, but the questions on the table. So, I'd be happy to address that as well. At the corporate level, AIG does have a very active enterprise risk management process.

And one of the things that we do on a — as an ongoing matter is that we do share information across the corporation, of course appropriately share information across the corporation. And we have, at the top level, a number of auspices that are involved in that, one of the most important being the Credit Risk Committee of AIG, which is comprised of the highest level of financial executives in the firm.

Many of these executives run businesses like the ones that you're talking about, Bill Dooley, Win Neuger, Richard Scott, et cetera. And that's where we talk about trends. Now, AIG is a decentralized organization, and our business executives make decisions on businesses to achieve risk-adjusted returns over their -- in their business models, over their cycles and in their businesses. What we do at the holding level is to ensure that that's done with integrity, done with quality and that the aggregation of those risks do not rise to anything that would be a concentration of risk at the AIG level.

So, we might have volatility or cyclicality in some of our businesses, but over the long term, we are -- we feel confident that we vet the issues. We do vet the risks and the return elements. And we preserve our core entrepreneurial, decentralized process of making business decisions with risk as a certain key element into that. So, we can talk about that a little bit later, but we do have quite an active holding company, enterprise risk management, which is holistic and does share information across the corporation.

#### Alex Block - York Capital - Analyst

[Alex Block] York Capital. Just kind of curious, in your non-res and your retail businesses, if you've seen any kind of follow-on consumer pressure, whether you kind of plan on higher charge offs than normal in those businesses? If you could just talk a little bit about that.

# **Unidentified Company Representative**

The answer is not really. They're up a little bit as — if you go back through those product charts that I showed you, you can see that it's up a little bit, but it's at the bottom of the target range, so we could tolerate increases in both delinquency and charge-offs in those products.

What started to happen earlier this year, and we planned for it in the fourth quarter of last year, was that we thought that the real estate market was going to slow down, that the re-fi boom was going to slow down. And people that had re-fied their home mortgages, but still needed some new money were going -- were not going to want to re-fi a mortgage because rates at that point were higher and they want to keep that low-rate mortgage and so that's when we began pushing very hard, our non-real estate business and products. And they're our most -- that's our most profitable product. So that was a good thing for us. As I said, it's up 11% year-over-year, so we're very pleased with that. I guess we're to our final question, I'm getting the hook here.

# Ray Joseph - Capital Research - Analyst

Ray Joseph, Capital Research. If you look at all the different segments that you have here, it looks like you've been outperforming your targets for delinquency and charge offs for non-real estate, real estate as well as retail. And I think if you were to look at the Q, it would show that your earnings and ROE are something north of 20%. So when we consider the next couple of years of normalization back to these target ratios and getting closer to 15% ROE? Or is there a reason that you can continue to earn your ROE north of 20% in this business?

#### **Unidentified Company Representative**

Well, I think it's going to improve and we have a semi-final draft of our '08 plan and it's going to be a long ways closer to these targets, maybe the bottom end of some of them, but it depends a bit on how the real estate — as the real estate market evolves and how long the trends that we see now are going to continue. And as I've said, I think it's going to last at least until the Summer of '08 and maybe through the end of '08.

So -- and we had a lot of unusual things happen this year, so we're looking to rebuild the profitability of this company, beginning in '08 and even more powerfully in '09. And as I had said, I want to emphasize, again, there's lots of opportunities that are starting to show up at our doorstep that look very, very attractive. Some of them were farther along than others, but they're the kind of customers we want, the kind of credit quality we want, the pricing that seems to be available is very attractive and so that's going to help our growth and those portfolios -- some of those portfolios, if we win the bid, we're going to put them right into our branch network and then they'll start building a relationship of cross marketing our other products, which is what we've been successful at in the past. Thank you very much. And again, thanks for sharing my honeymoon.

#### **PRESENTATION**

Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Thanks. All right. With -- ladies and gentlemen, just down to our last presentation now. Over the last two conference calls, you've certainly heard the name Bob Lewis and you've certainly heard the voice of Bob Lewis. So now you get to see Bob Lewis. So Bob, you're the last session, I will leave it to you and Kevin to bring us home. Thank you.

# **Bob Lewis** - American International Group - SVP, Chief Risk Officer

Thanks Martin and just wanted to make sure everybody understood that I have very good organization skills, I have been working very, very closely with the businesses to put today together and achieved the objective that there's very little time left for me when I got up here. So -- but seriously, I'm glad that we had a chance today to get the businesses out in front of you to present their businesses because AIG is a very large and varied organization and it has been a good opportunity to do that.

What I would like to spend just a few minutes on, and we have that hard stop here coming up shortly, but just to give you a little bit of an overview of what we do at the enterprise level on risk management.

I think it's good to put risk management in context and risk management at AIG starts with the culture. And I think if you look at AIG over its history, and certainly just had a very small part of AIG's history up in front of you, but if you look at AIG's history, I think you can realize that AIG in its culture does not have an appetite for undue concentrations of risk. So if you look at our performance over the last number of years and I just put a few years up here, and overlay on that some of the disasters or catastrophes that have occurred in various parts of AIG's businesses, whether it's natural catastrophes, financial market meltdowns or whatever it is, you can see that AIG's earnings now have approached or exceeded our cost of capital in all of those years. You could not achieve that if there were an appetite in the corporation to take undue concentrations of risk that one would affect our earnings and worse than that, our capital.

So that's the underpinning to show that the culture at AIG, in my view, is a very healthy one, starting from the businesses up to the corporation of a risk appetite, which is, I think, controlled and appropriate for a strong financial firm as AIG is.

So what differentiates us? And I think many of the businesses have said this and been a consistent story throughout the day. One is that AIG underwrites as a principal. We emphasize our own risk analysis and our own assessments. We do not primarily rely on any other source to make our underwriting decisions. We base it on our own work. We invest to match our liabilities

and avoid, therefore avoiding having to sell into illiquid markets. We are principals and we invest to match the business models of our businesses. We avoid inappropriate risk concentrations across businesses and portfolios. And we — and the company supports the culture of integrated risk management at all levels of the corporation.

Now what is -- we have a multi-layered approach at AIG. Obviously there are many risk categories that we look at, credit risk, market risk, insurance risk, both in general and in the life insurance side, operational risk management, liquidity risk management and we have a centralized as well as a decentralized approach. And all of these risk management activities and rigors start in the businesses. That's where risk -- the accountability and responsibility for risk is assumed. And it rises up to the corporate level.

Now we have enterprise risk management functions here in New York that cover all of the segments of our risks and we also have enterprise risk management functions regionally around the world. This complements the work that's being done in the businesses. We have — we manage these concentrations of risk across all the segments and risk categories and by the interrelationship of risks. And what I mean by the interrelationship of risks is that the enterprise risk management function in AIG is not siloed. So we do not have a credit risk function, which is completely distinct from the market risk function or the insurance risk function. Our process is integrated. We have a lot of back-up support, both quantitatively, as far as quants and modelers as well as qualitatively as far as analysts, that can run the gamut across these risks.

So where -- we're in deep and liquid markets and therefore market risk issues stop and where qualitative analysis and analysis of the spoke transactions and stuff take over is not a black and white demarcation line, it is a continuum. So we have an enterprise risk management function that sees that continuum and has colleagues that work together in that continuum of risk. So that integrated process, I think, helps AIG very much to understand its risks.

We have, up at the holding company level, a number of processes, then committees, ultimately ending up in our reporting to the Board of Directors. And this just shows you on the left-hand side, where we have within enterprise risk management, we have function in these risk areas, credit market insurance risk, operational risk, spending a lot of time on economic capital and then down in financial reporting, Sarbanes-Oxley, which is a sub-set of operational risk, remediation of any deficiencies that have been -- that arise and also AIG's view of any complex structured finance transaction that could subject AIG to heightened risks, legal risk, regulatory risk, reputational risk, accounting risk, that sort of thing.

And then this -- these processes at the holding company, working with the businesses, then roll up through various committees, which by and large are review bodies, made up of executives across segments, across functions in AIG that look at these risks, look at the reports and then maintain a dialogue about risk and then ultimately our major risk exposures and concentrations then are reported up through our various committees of our Board of Directors. So it is an integrated process of the business of senior management at the corporate level through then a dialogue that is cross-disciplinary, finally to the Board of Directors. And this allows us then a process by which we can communicate across risk silos.

Kevin McGinn, our Chief — our Credit Officer, Kevin and I both have banking backgrounds, a couple of decades each, on average, over a couple of decades, of experience in the banking industry before joining AIG. Kevin's been with us about eight years. I've been with AIG about 14 years. We and our professional staff have been through a number of cycles.

Kevin's going to spend a couple of minutes just telling you what we do on the credit side in all of these businesses very briefly to maintain oversight. But most importantly we have portfolio reviews where all businesses in AIG, including all of these today, that have exposure to any sort of credit exposure but specifically to mortgages, at least once a year and, depending on risk, more frequently than that, come and have portfolio reviews of their business in front of the Credit Risk Committee which, as I said, is made up of this interdisciplinary group of executives in the corporation.

That is a very, very strong and key part of our risk management process which allows us to ask about businesses, risks, products, transactions so that something is starting to cut across lines or get complex we have an ability to see that. That gives me a lot of comfort at AIG that we know where we have the risk, we know where it's being managed and how it's being managed and

we can put competencies to the places we need to put competencies to, to make sure that we're watching and monitoring risk appropriately. So I'll turn it over to Kevin for a few remarks briefly on what we do in the various risk areas.

#### Kevin McGinn - American International Group - VP, Chief Credit Officer

Good afternoon. I'm just going to take a couple of seconds because I only have a couple of seconds. But if you had to ask who at AIG has the shortest Christmas list in terms of getting Christmas cards every year, you're looking at him. The credit guys are always not the most popular people in the company. I'm Kevin McGinn, I'm the Chairman of the Credit Risk Committee and I also run the AIG Inc. Credit Risk Management team. We're about 20 Credit Officers and analysts around the globe, we have offices in London, Tokyo, we're building an office now in Hong Kong and the bulk of my team is in New York.

Essentially the Credit Risk Committee of AIG really sets the credit risk tolerances. Essentially we approve all the major credit policies for the company, we approve and recommend to Martin Sullivan the house limits that we set across all the different alba gores of the company. Those house limits are set for corporates, financial institutions, sovereigns, by asset class and the CRC which meets every month is comprised, as Bob was mentioning, of all the senior credit executives of AIG. It's a very actively attended committee where we go through a whole number of issues. We talk about emerging trends and concerns. It's a lot of fun too because come of the company Presidents pick on each other, which is always sort of fun. And it's a very, very robust process.

In addition, we approve an alert list which essentially freezes some of our exposures that require the companies, the business units to come up to our team to get approval for any of the exposures on any areas where either there is a concentration that's building that we may not be especially comfortable or we want to manage, or credits that are simply slipping in credit quality.

Bob mentioned the portfolio review process and I have actually four slides that I'll leave for you to read. But one for each of the units to show exactly the process that we go through with each of the business units and also it describes in depth exactly what the CRC portfolio review for each of those units is. Most of the mortgage businesses that you've heard about today actually have to go through that process quarterly. They sit down with myself and my team and go through all emerging trends and we discuss problems and issues and recommend to the CRC adjustments in credit risk tolerances as we go along.

I just want to mention on the way, by the way, Joe Cassano mentioned this morning and I just want to confirm this about the relationship that we have with AIG Financial Products. The Super Senior business of AIGFP is a business that we have been really involved with from the very inception of the business over ten years ago, initially through Bob when he was Chief Credit Officer of the corporation and since I took over in the middle of 1994.

But essentially every single Super Senior transaction does come down to our Committee. AIG Financial Products doesn't have credit authority really to approve that on its own. We challenge Joe and his team on, we basically challenge his assumptions, we stress the book, we run some independent tests to make sure that all the assumptions that he's made are valid and we indeed approve those transactions. Some of them are of a size that require the further sign off by either Bob or Steve and in some cases, if they go into very high amounts, by Martin Sullivan himself. So that's a very, very active process.

Let me just sum up by saying that part of what a good credit risk management team does is try to minimize credit losses across the company. We think we succeed in doing that, we have a highly seasoned staff, most of the people that work for me and with me have over 20 years experience in either the banking or insurance industries. We're very involved with all of the businesses, not just the financial service ones and the mortgage ones but the insurance companies as well, and we actively communicate across the company our concerns, the trends that we're spotting and the concerns that we have. We're the gloomy Guses of the company, we have to be. That's our job and we think we run a pretty effective process for the benefit of AIG. Thank you.

**Bob Lewis** - American International Group - SVP, Chief Risk Officer

Thanks, Kevin. We I think have a couple of minutes for a question or two so we'll be happy to take your questions.

#### **OUESTIONS AND ANSWERS**

#### **Alain Karaoglan** - Banc of America Securities - Analyst

Alain Karaoglan, Banc of America Securities. I guess I just want to follow up on a question that was asked this morning to Joe about capital on AIG Financial Products and he referred us to this session to talk about it. If I recall from the spring, AIG Financial Products had 2.1 billion of capital and most of that was debt as opposed to equity. With the charge off how should we think about the capital of AIG Financial Products? And what does it mean from an overall AIG point of view, and maybe Steve wants to address that. Does it mean you need to put the additional capital in it or the rating agencies ask you to put more?

# **Steve Bensinger** - American International Group - CFO, EVP

Okay I'll try to try to address that as Chief Risk Officer as opposed to the Chief Accountant of the corporation. One, AIG is not taking any charge off on AIG financial products business. What we have recorded is an unrealized change in valuation of those underlying derivative contracts.

But getting to the capital, as far as the risk is concerned, AIG Financial Products has sufficient capital to run its business. When we look at the Super Senior business that Joe described, and he went through in great detail the rigorous and very conservative modeling that goes through to look at the expected and unexpected losses in that business, what I think we all should come away from is saying that, to an extremely high degree of confidence, there is no expected loss in that portfolio. In fact it is underwritten so that there would be no loss at an extreme confidence level.

Now if we bring that over into AIG's capital assessments and capital modeling from an economic perspective, that's exactly what we're trying to do at the corporation as a whole is determine how much risk capital we need and how much we have against making sure, at an extremely high confidence level, that AIG has sufficient capital to meet its obligations. And we have to stress the FP business far beyond that threshold before we see a first dollar of loss. So economically there is not a lot of capital exposed in that business compared to how AIG looks at things.

So the other capital constraints that we have are of course the rating agencies, as we look and we work with them. And that is really an ongoing and very constructive dialog between the two to determine how they see things and how they model things compared to how we see things and how we model things. And we will have sufficient capital up at FP to meet their requirements. Understand also that FP's transactions are guaranteed by AIG Inc. So their capital really is our capital and more importantly our capital is their capital.

# **Gary Ransom** - Fox-Pitt Kelton - Analyst

Gary Ransom from Fox-Pitt Kelton, I had a question on if things go wrong, after checking everything to make sure it's diversified and if things don't turn out the way you want, what your options are available to take action on that. And I have a general question and a specific one. The general one is just if things are more correlated than you think and things start to go wrong in more areas, what options do you have? And then the specific part of the question is, within what we've just witnessed over the past few months with the mortgage environment getting worse, what changes in thought process, or what actions have you actually taken to address that?

#### **Unidentified Company Representative**

Okay, that's a good question and I assume your question about what we can do is a question at the corporate level. Well one, as we said, AIG is a highly diversified organization. So we will have times when not all pistons are firing and not all businesses are performing at the best scenarios that we would envision for these businesses. As we see trends we actively manage our business, we actively manage risks, we can use all the available instruments that there are in the marketplace to deal with those sorts of things.

First we have an available for sale portfolio of very, very large size and diversity in our investment portfolios and they are monitored on a daily basis as to what are emerging trends and what we need to do about things. We actively manage those portfolios and we have a large team of people that it is their job to, if you will in your words, not be caught with trends where there's nothing to do.

If you take AIG Financial Products, part of our rigorous portfolio review has to do with how they see things developing. And they have in the past been effective in hedging or laying off further layers of risk as they've seen things move a little bit in the opposite direction. So they've been able to execute that. What we do at the top of the house really is to look at risks on an aggregate basis to add those up and to look at them across segments and to make sure that we do not see that there is an untoward risk concentration in any one area.

Now, in our capital management we're looking more through the development of our economical model which we have been public about describing. In that economic capital model we're having -- we're developing a more rigorous and ongoing review of the inter-relationships of risks. The real benefit to diversification. And through that model we will see the benefit and the risks of concentrations and the diversification of our businesses.

Add to that though, stress testing, and one of the committees that we brought up here, the Financial Risk Committee, is engaged in actually defining stress scenarios and the reason I think that's very important, that the key executives in the corporation are defining risk scenarios is that they understand which risk scenarios really could damage AIG if they were to occur. And we are running the corporation by those stress tests. And that's an ongoing process, to, if you will, inform us and validate our modeling activity. To make sure that the capital risks that we see through a model is tested against real stress scenarios.

So we run our business of course actively on an ongoing basis and so we manage our capital on an ongoing basis. It's not a static amount of capital that will hold the book forever, it's something that we manage actively.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

We're there any specific changes in thinking or in how you are operating from the corporate level, out during this mortgage crisis that's unfolded?

#### **Unidentified Corporate Representative**

Well, during the mortgage crisis, I think Kevin mentioned, there was a growing concern about the, if you will, the heat that was growing in the mortgage business over the last several years. And that discussion was taken and the corporation was discussed. Of course, how that affects each part of the corporation is different, depending on what their business model is, how they approach their distribution and how they approach their risks. And I think that borne out in the conversations today.

And where in one business like UGC, you have the way your business model is and your distribution is allows you to affect things at the margin, but not -- I guess a difference of managing a ship on the seas as opposed to having something that you can slam on the breaks like you could in the financial markets. So we run our businesses and their different business models and there are different distribution models.

But we did have dialogue on that and what was done in the investment side as far as going up tier in quality and redoubling their efforts on the underlying assets, what FP did, I think is -- and what AIGGF did, I think is symptomatic, or telling, or evidence of an effective risk management of the overall trends. We didn't respond to them in the same ways but we responded to them I think effectively.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

I have a question for Steve or Martin, whoever wants to answer. If you can talk about your capital strategy for the three operating businesses that you have discussed today? Where you intend to be cautious, maybe pull capital, where you see an opportunity to inject even more capital given the improving pricing conditions? And then also, if you see an opportunity in terms of M&A in any of these areas given depressed evaluations for a lot of the competitors?

# Steve Bensinger - American International Group - CFO, EVP

Okay, that's a dynamic question and I can't give you a specific answer as I usually can't on this topic. But what we're doing is, in each of the businesses that is affected by these dynamic market conditions, is we have surveillance going on on, what are the opportunities? What's happening in the different markets? How are they being affected by consistent market conditions throughout the U S. housing market and perhaps the global housing market, depending on the area of the world that we're looking at? And evaluating those opportunities on what I'll call a fungible risk adjusted-return basis. So, where we will add capital is where we believe the opportunities are the greatest from a risk-adjusted return standpoint. At this point in time we are trying to keep our powder dry.

We've talked about how we assess our overall capital position, we just talked about it in early November. We have said we have somewhere in the 15% to 20% range or so of excess capital on a conservative basis according to our own internal economic capital modeling. How we use that excess capital and deploy that excess capital will be dependent upon the opportunities we see in all of these businesses and not just these businesses but the entire spectrum of the portfolio of businesses.

So, Martin made a point, he used the analogy of fisherman at the dock with the rod ready to cast. We're not going to cast and reel it in until we believe that we have the right catch out there and that it meets all of our criteria. So that's how we look at it. It's very dynamic. I can't tell you right now which one. You heard Rick talk about all of the opportunities that they are seeing in Consumer Finance. You heard Joe Cassano talk about the pipeline of financial products. You heard our investment professionals talk about the fact that right now there is a disconnect in our view between value and economics. All of those areas make it right for opportunities and how we actually deploy our capital will be dependent on how we assess those specific opportunities relative to one another. I think that's the best I can tell you at this point in time, it's very active, it's constant. Martin, did you want to add anything?

# Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

I think what I would add Steve, is that where there are opportunities we are going to deploy the capital, there is no question about that. As Joe articulated in the first session this morning, we are seeing a very full pipeline in AIGFP with better attachment points, with better pricing and obviously he came to see me some time ago and I gave him a green light to continue to pursue those opportunities. Again, Rick just mentioned in the Consumer Finance presentation, the opportunities that are coming our way and the pricing that we are finding relatively attractive and we're looking obviously to close some of those transactions. So where opportunities arise there is no issue in us deploying capital where we think it's intelligent. Perhaps I should just clarify what Steve said, he actually made reference to 21%, he meant 21 billion, by the way, just in case, you didn't get that number right. So it was 21 billion. So I think we've got time for one more question I think.

#### Steve Bensinger - American International Group - CFO, EVP

And I guess I would add to that that one of the ways to look at concentration is that we have capacity to look at these opportunities. We're not at a point where, as a Chief Risk Officer that I would turn down these opportunities because we're full up, we are not.

#### Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Steve just corrected me again, he said he was talking percent of the overall. So we got it right eventually.

I think Jerry's got one question at the back there.

#### Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

Jay Gelb from Lehman. If I could just ask on the guidance, for over the five years. Can you give us a sense of whether in 2008 and 2009 where you will be relative to that five-year guidance in terms of EPS growth and return on equity? And I figured the last question is the one I have to ask, thank you.

#### Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Well, I'm glad you did Jay, because I'd have been disappointed. We offered something in response to everything, we listened to your requests for that. Obviously we feel we can grow the organization organically at 10% to 12% over the next four or five years. Obviously, as I've mentioned there will be volatility in those numbers. We're in a risk taking business. I can't determine if the wind is going to blow or not going to blow and I've said many times earthquakes are not seasonal. So there is going to be volatility in those numbers. As Win articulates very clearly every conference call, target partnership incomes in the 10% to 15% range. As you know, in the first quarter and second quarter of this year we exceeded those quite substantially. SO there are going to be some variations and volatilities in that number. But we think over a period of four or five years that's a reasonable growth rate that we think we can achieve organically and obviously we will be targeting higher returns on capital as we redeploy the surplus capital that we have. So I think they're realistic targets. You've been asking for targets and you have them, I knew it wouldn't be enough but it's okay.

# Jay Gelb - Lehman Brothers - Analyst

If I could just follow on, how much are share buy backs taken in account in the EPS growth outlook?

# Steve Bensinger - American International Group - CFO, EVP

What we have assumed is that we are continuing to generate excess capital over that five-year period. We are assuming deployment of that excess capital to a reasonable extent and also a certain amount of excess capital maintained. So we're not necessarily assuming any specific number of buy backs.

What we're assuming is that a certain amount of the excess capital will be utilized either through capital management, share repurchases, dividend changes, also through organic growth risk taking, leveraged differences and potentially acquisitions. SO you can't model specifically how we're going to be utilizing the excess capital we're generating, but it's sort of a dynamic model that takes into account the fact that there is a certain percentage that we will keep powder dry, and there is a certain percentage that we will utilize in a more leveraged way.



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#### Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

All right Charlie, it's the second-last question from Jerry then. I know Charlene is getting very nervous because I know we're going to be asked to leave, but Charlie, we don't want to be thrown out of this investor conference.

#### **Unidentified Audience Member**

I just had one question sir. First, a statement, you did a real good job today. But here's my question, to what extent is this 10% to 12% possible growth in earnings, the next several years, tempered by the direction of commercial lines, property, casualty insurance underwriting?

#### Martin Sullivan - American International Group - President, CEO

Well you know there is a little bit of a headwind as we've described in previous calls, in the P&C business but it comes down to risk selection and opportunity. And if we get the risk selection right we extend the distribution channels that we are working on building out. As we've spoken about many times, Chris and Kevin have worked very hard to expand distribution in North America through regional and national brokers to obviously offset to some degree the dependence on the major brokers, that strategy is working. Obviously AIU is a multi-distribution company, so I believe that if we stick to our knitting and we expand our distribution, we get our risk selection right that can play a meaningful role in that growth rate over the next four or five years.

Ladies and gentlemen if I can just take two minutes to conclude. First of all, I would like to thank each and every one of you for attending. Today we've given you an awful lot of information, there is still even more to read in the appendices in the handouts that you've been given and I would encourage you to work your way through it. Hopefully this afternoon we have demonstrated once again the amount of talent that we have in AIG.

As someone sitting in the audience and looking at my colleagues presenting throughout the day, I couldn't be more proud of what they've done. They really are the A-team and they clearly are a credit to the organization. Hopefully we have demonstrated that we have the controls in place and that we have tremendous opportunities out there that each segment you've heard from today are looking at very carefully. And again, where it is intelligent to do so we will execute those opportunities.

But more importantly, hopefully today we've demonstrated why we're different and why we're better and why we believe we should be treated as such. So, again, if you have any questions please call Charlene. We'll try and answer them as best we can. Thanks very much indeed.

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# **TAB 29**

From:

Forster, Andrew

Sent:

Friday, December 14, 2007 11:45 AM

To:

'Wright, Neil'

Cc:

Shirley, William; 'michael.sherwood@gs.com' Collateral Dispute

Subject:



UKSCANNER200712 14164020.pdf

Neil,

Please find attached a letter relating to the collateral dispute.

Regards

Andrew



London Branch 5th Floor, One Curzon Street, London W1J 5RT Tel: 020 7659 7000 Fax: 020 7659 7200

Authorised and regulated by the FSA

December 14, 2007

Mr. Neil Wright

Goldman Sachs International Facsimile: 207-774-0343 E-mail: neil.wright@gs.com

ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of 19 August 2003 (the "Master Agreement"),

between AIG Financial Products Corp. and Goldman Sachs International, including the Credit Support Annex thereto, dated as of 19 August 2003

Dear Neil,

I appreciate your calling me today concerning our ongoing dispute regarding the amount of collateral that is required to be posted under the Master Agreement.

Given the significant amount of collateral in dispute that is held by Goldman, we expect either that you now return to us the amount of collateral that we have called for, or that you continue next week to engage actively and constructively with us in discussions toward resolving the dispute. It would not be appropriate to delay the discussions at this stage. My colleague, Tom Fewings, will be available to work with you and your colleagues on this important matter Monday morning and will look forward to hearing from you.

Kind regards,

Andrew Forster

**Executive Vice President** 

Mr. Michael Sherwood cc:

> Goldman Sachs International Facsimile: 207-774-0343

michael.sherwood@gs.com E-mail:

# **TAB 30**

 From:
 michael.sherwood@gs.com

 Sent:
 12/23/2007 06:19:00 PM

**To:** Cassano, Joseph; david.viniar@gs.com

CC: dan.sparks@gs.com
Subject: RE: CDO Spreadsheet

we will talk in new year, we will take a close look again at all our prices

Mike

Fundame Communication and Consider Communication and

From: Cassano@aigfpc.com [mailto:Cassano@aigfpc.com]

**Sent:** Friday, December 21, 2007 3:10 PM **To:** Sherwood, Michael S; Viniar, David

**Subject:** CDO Spreadsheet

Dear Michael and David,

Thank you for providing the super senior CDO pricing information, which I received late last night. The team and I have begun our review, but the timing of your e-mail is a little unfortunate given that the Christmas and New Year's holiday week is now in front of us. As a result, it will be difficult for us to provide a full response before the early part of January.

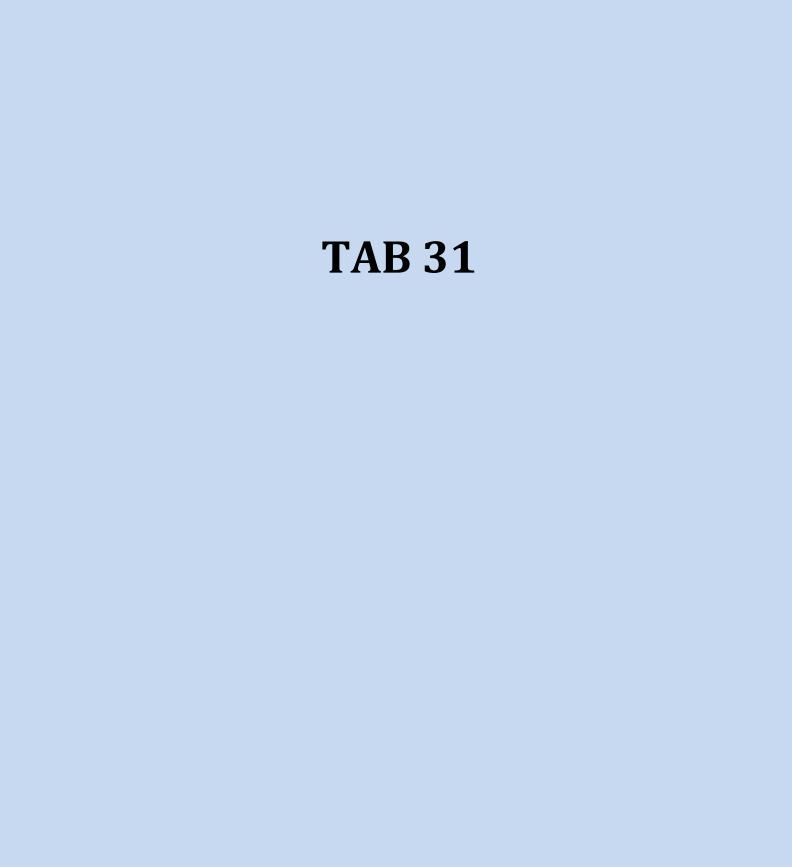
That said, I will pass on our initial observations, which indicate that your current exposure calculations are too high. We note that the third party super senior CDO prices that you provided appear to be, on average, 7% higher (as a percentage of current face value) than Goldman Sachs' own prices for the CDOs. Your collateral exposure calculation of \$3.23 billion would drop to approximately \$2.64 billion if it were based on third party prices where provided and Goldman's where not. The exposure would drop further if three adjustments were made: if the third party prices were adjusted to take into account the fact that 3 of them are bid prices and 1 of them is an offered price (based on information that you've provided in the past regarding a uniform bid-offer spread of 10% for almost all super senior CDO prices, which is the adjustment you make to the super senior CDO values you imply from your collateral NAV and leakage calculations); if, in light of our observation above, your prices are increased uniformly by 7% (as a percentage of the current face value) where no third party prices are provided; and if all prices were increased by a further 5%, reflecting our belief that the 10% bid-offer spread noted above is itself questionable (which we highlighted during a conference call earlier last week). These three adjustments would bring the \$2.64 billion down to approximately \$1.64 billion. You currently hold \$2 billion of collateral for these positions, which is thus demonstrably in excess of what is contractually required.

Please note that these initial observations are very much a starting point for us, but it's already evident that your exposure calculations are significantly higher than is warranted by the third party indications that you yourself have provided to us. We will need to pick this up as soon as we can in January in order to resolve the matter.

Sincerely,

The information contained herein is being furnished for discussion purposes only and may be subject to completion or amendment through the delivery of additional documentation. This communication does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to purchase any security, future or other financial instrument or product. The information contained herein (including historical prices or values) has been obtained from sources that we consider to be reliable; however, we make no representation as to, and accept no responsibility or liability for, the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Such information is presented as of the date and, if applicable, time indicated. We do not accept any responsibility for updating any such information. Any projections, valuations and statistical analyses contained herein have been provided to assist the recipient in the evaluation of the matters described herein; such projections, valuations and analyses may be based on subjective assessments and assumptions and may utilize one among alternative methodologies that produce differing results; accordingly, such projections, valuations and statistical analyses are not to be viewed as facts and should not be relied upon as an accurate representation of future events.

Any market views or opinions expressed herein are those of the individual sender, except where such views or opinions are expressly attributed to our company or a named individual. Market views and opinions are current opinions only; we and the individual sender accept no responsibility to update such views and opinions or to notify the recipient when they have changed. We and our affiliates, officers, directors and employees may from time to time have long or short positions in, buy or sell (on a principal basis or otherwise), or act as market maker in, the securities, futures or other financial instruments or products mentioned herein. Subject to applicable law and notwithstanding anything that may be construed to the contrary, the recipient hereof and its employees, representatives, and other agents may disclose the U.S. federal income tax treatment and structure of any transactions described herein. We are not an advisor as to legal, taxation, accounting, regulatory or financial matters in any jurisdiction, and are not providing any advice as to any such matter to the recipient. The recipient should discuss such matters with the recipient's advisors or counsel and make an independent evaluation and judgment with respect to them.



# **COLLATERAL EXPOSURES**

# Collateral Exposures (in USD Millions) (a)

	12/31/2007		6/30/	2008	12/31/2008		
Counterparty	Called (b)	Posted	Called	Posted	Called	Posted	
Bank of America		-	165	161	=	-	
Bank of Montreal		32	295	298	=	-	
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)		4	7	6	-	-	
Barclays		58	608	450	442	442	
Calyon		-	425	425	-	-	
CIBC		81	273	273	443	415	
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)		-	287	287	-	-	
Deutsche		2	51	2	-	-	
Fort Dearborn		-	-	-	165	165	
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets		-	64	38	-	-	
Goldman Sachs International		2,429	7,493	5,913	2,194	2,135	
HSBC Bank Plc, London		-	95	95	335	246	
Merrill Lynch International		-	1,875	1,875	450	393	
Rabobank		-	71	46	457	177	
RFC		-	-	-	242	211	
Royal Bank of Scotland		=	499	435	-	-	
Societe Generale		19	1,937	1,937	-	-	
Static Residential (START)		=	=		794	794	
UBS		95	1,565	931	150	150	
Wachovia			71	69			
Totals		2,718	15,780	13,241	5,671	5,129	

- (a) Exposures used for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements in respect of CDS on multi-sector CDOs. Collateral actually posted may have varied according to other factors (e.g., additional or offsetting exposures in respect of non-CDS transactions, and applicable master agreement collateral thresholds). Collateral exposures reflect thresholds and other adjustments under respective transaction-specific confirmations.
- (b) Called Amounts were not tracked separately at 12/31/07. "Called Amounts" refer to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements in respect of CDS on multi-sector CDOs. "Posted Amounts" refer to the exposures actually used for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements in respect of CDS on multi-sector CDOs.

#### Collateral Postings For Counterparties with Multi-Sector CDOs (in US dollars)*

	31-Jul-08	29-Aug-08	1-Sep-08	2-Sep-08	3-Sep-08	4-Sep-08	5-Sep-08	8-Sep-08	9-Sep-08	10-Sep-08	11-Sep-08	14-Sep-08	15-Sep-08	16-Sep-08
Banco Santander	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bank of America	263,363,921	289,144,469	281,188,774.62	295,921,660.94	297,274,123.72	297,084,490.50	302,986,610.24	300,312,871.12	299,334,795.32	280,300,946.29	286,294,973.50	288,138,305.35	287,135,941.39	341,966,173.27
Bank of Montreal	244,179,509	236,443,500	235,388,696.31	235,973,431.15	236,855,327.35	231,520,468.64	232,888,783.42	230,405,899.12	229,828,780.56	222,479,251.62	230,601,334.93	279,960,751.26	291,012,112.05	319,649,119.08
BGI - Cash Equivalent Fund II	6,430,000	6,430,000	6,430,000.00	6,430,000.00	6,430,000.00	6,430,000.00	6,430,000.00	8,730,000.00	8,730,000.00	8,730,000.00	8,730,000.00	8,730,000.00	8,730,000.00	8,730,000.00
Barclays	817,131,473	1,012,631,473	1,016,831,473.00	1,088,831,473.00	1,106,031,473.00	1,128,831,473.00	1,128,831,473.00	1,173,431,473.00	1,293,889,019.00	1,314,189,019.00	1,343,789,019.00	1,343,789,019.00	1,633,135,796.00	1,659,735,796.00
Calyon	733,642,691	1,144,042,691	1,126,082,691.00	1,126,082,691.00	1,126,082,691.00	1,126,082,691.00	1,121,792,691.00	1,121,792,691.00	1,121,792,691.00	1,121,792,691.00	1,121,792,691.00	1,138,812,691.00	1,138,812,691.00	1,138,812,691.00
CIBC	224,260,000	273,120,000	271,870,000.00	270,330,000.00	269,800,000.00	266,500,000.00	265,950,000.00	265,950,000.00	263,590,000.00	263,590,000.00	263,590,000.00	267,230,000.00	267,230,000.00	300,210,000.00
Coral	305,900,000	299,500,000	299,500,000.00	299,500,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00	289,800,000.00
Deutsche	450,261,631	69,691,631	83,141,631.00	(10,398,369.00)	(11,798,369.00)	(11,798,369.00)	(14,928,369.00)	(86,908,369.00)	(86,908,369.00)	(127,048,369.00)	(112,698,369.00)	(12,488,369.00)	(12,488,369.00)	1,340,709,620.00
Fort Dearborn	-	-		-	-		-	•	•		-	-	-	-
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	(6,900,000)	-		-	-		-	•	•		-	-	-	-
Goldman Sachs International	6,217,350,652	6,818,053,314	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	6,978,763,314.00	7,596,333,217.00	7,596,333,217.00	7,596,333,217.00
HSBC Bank Plc (HOE IV)	-	39,000,000	39,000,000.00	39,000,000.00	39,000,000.00	39,000,000.00	39,000,000.00	39,000,000.00	37,550,000.00	37,550,000.00	37,120,000.00	37,120,000.00	37,850,000.00	37,850,000.00
HSBC Bank USA	20,500,000	61,500,000	61,500,000.00	61,500,000.00	59,900,000.00	58,600,000.00	59,900,000.00	59,900,000.00	54,700,000.00	58,500,000.00	58,500,000.00	60,600,000.00	60,600,000.00	60,600,000.00
Merrill Lynch Intl	2,127,090,000	2,132,790,000	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,132,790,000.00	2,134,140,000.00
Rabobank (HOE III)	184,320,000	184,320,000	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00	184,320,000.00
RFC CDO III	-		-		-	-	-			-		-	-	-
Royal Bank of Scotland	241,566,205	399,266,205	419,466,205.00	419,466,205.00	459,366,205.00	471,666,205.00	475,666,205.00	483,766,205.00	492,866,205.00	511,966,205.00	511,966,205.00	484,966,205.00	526,466,205.00	543,166,205.00
Societe Generale	1,976,550,000	3,981,200,000	3,981,200,000.00	3,981,200,000.00	3,981,200,000.00	3,987,640,000.00	3,993,080,000.00	3,993,080,000.00	3,991,920,000.00	4,000,310,000.00	4,005,820,000.00	4,008,280,000.00	4,319,920,000.00	5,582,070,000.00
Static Residential CDO	-	•	-	-	-	-	-	i	•	-	-	-	-	-
UBS	509,775,431	508,091,776	508,600,851.40	509,464,303.87	510,475,727.50	510,362,139.27	514,682,141.82	522,232,347.54	516,177,854.89	517,001,671.29	753,367,370.66	756,479,188.73	754,667,441.16	830,857,526.49
Wachovia	60,956,661	69,936,170	62,357,983.21	62,421,303.91	62,459,788.84	62,430,578.01	62,583,179.21	63,449,516.66	56,735,355.25	56,778,117.18	56,748,580.67	56,985,454.30	57,002,373.49	76,309,587.43

^{*}These balances represent the value of collateral posted to or received from the counterparties against the aggregate exposure of their entire portfolio of trades that are eligible to be margined under the operative document.

# As of COB 7/31/2008

# **Multi-Sector CDOs***

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	183.4	183.4	-
Bank of Montreal	404.6	408.4	3.8
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	6.4	6.4	-
Barclays	997.3	997.3	-
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,261.1	1,231.3	(29.8)
CIBC	303.5	303.5	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	305.9	305.9	-
Deutsche	387.8	339.6	(48.2)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.5	69.9	(23.6)
Goldman Sachs International	8,254.7	6,207.4	(2,047.3)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	88.7	-	(88.7)
HSBC Bank USA	94.5	94.5	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,234.0	2,204.4	(29.6)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	318.5	52.3	(266.2)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	2,271.0	2,271.0	-
UBS	1,485.7	931.0	(554.7)
Wachovia	71.3	69.4	(1.9)
	19,321.8	16,200.8	(3,121.0)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

²Refers to the exposures proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

# As of COB 9/1/2008

# **Multi-Sector CDOs***

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	217.8	207.2	(10.6)
Bank of Montreal	400.4	400.4	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	6.4	6.4	-
Barclays	997.3	997.3	-
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	299.5	289.8	(9.7)
Deutsche	668.1	620.8	(47.3)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	69.9	(23.7)
Goldman Sachs International	8,675.3	6,817.2	(1,858.1)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.3	2,204.4	(1.9)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,271.0	4,271.0	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	76.9	75.3	(1.6)
	22,241.1	19,228.9	(3,012.2)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

²Refers to the exposures proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral

# As of COB 9/2/2008

# **Multi-Sector CDOs***

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	217.8	207.2	(10.6)
Bank of Montreal	400.4	400.4	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	6.4	6.4	-
Barclays	997.3	997.3	-
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	299.5	289.8	(9.7)
Deutsche	668.1	620.8	(47.3)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	69.9	(23.7)
Goldman Sachs International	8,668.6	6,817.2	(1,851.4)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.3	2,204.4	(1.9)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,271.0	4,271.0	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	76.9	75.3	(1.6)
	22,234.4	19,228.9	(3,005.5)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

²Refers to the exposures proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/3/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	217.8	207.2	(10.6)
Bank of Montreal	400.4	400.4	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	6.4	6.4	-
Barclays	997.3	997.3	-
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	289.8	-
Deutsche	671.7	620.8	(50.9)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	72.2	(21.4)
Goldman Sachs International	8,677.0	6,817.2	(1,859.8)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.3	2,204.4	(1.9)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,271.0	4,271.0	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	76.9	75.3	(1.6)
	22,236.7	19,231.2	(3,005.5)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

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³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/4/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	217.8	207.2	(10.6)
Bank of Montreal	400.4	400.4	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	6.4	6.4	-
Barclays	1,158.0	997.3	(160.7)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	289.8	-
Deutsche	671.7	620.8	(50.9)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	72.2	(21.4)
Goldman Sachs International	8,713.9	6,817.2	(1,896.7)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.3	2,204.4	(1.9)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,271.0	4,271.0	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	76.9	76.7	(0.2)
	22,434.3	19,232.6	(3,201.7)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

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³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/5/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	217.8	207.2	(10.6)
Bank of Montreal	400.4	400.4	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	9.1	8.7	(0.4)
Barclays	1,158.0	997.3	(160.7)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	289.8	-
Deutsche	671.7	620.8	(50.9)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	72.2	(21.4)
Goldman Sachs International	8,678.6	6,817.2	(1,861.4)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.3	2,204.4	(1.9)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,271.0	4,271.0	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	76.9	76.7	(0.2)
	22,401.7	19,234.9	(3,166.8)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

²Refers to the exposures proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/8/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	217.8	207.2	(10.6)
Bank of Montreal	400.4	400.4	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	9.1	8.7	(0.4)
Barclays	1,158.0	997.3	(160.7)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	289.8	-
Deutsche	671.7	620.8	(50.9)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	72.2	(21.4)
Goldman Sachs International	8,628.4	6,817.2	(1,811.2)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.8	2,204.4	(2.4)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,271.0	4,271.0	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	77.6	76.7	(0.9)
	22,352.7	19,234.9	(3,117.8)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

²Refers to the exposures proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/9/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	222.4	207.2	(15.2)
Bank of Montreal	400.4	400.4	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	9.1	8.7	(0.4)
Barclays	1,158.0	1,120.3	(37.7)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	289.8	-
Deutsche	671.7	620.8	(50.9)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	72.2	(21.4)
Goldman Sachs International	8,674.8	6,817.2	(1,857.6)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.8	2,204.4	(2.4)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,271.0	4,271.0	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	77.6	76.7	(0.9)
	22,403.7	19,357.9	(3,045.8)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

²Refers to the exposures proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/10/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	124.9	90.1	(34.8)
Bank of America	222.4	207.2	(15.2)
Bank of Montreal	455.8	400.4	(55.4)
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	9.1	8.7	(0.4)
Barclays	1,158.0	1,120.3	(37.7)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	289.8	-
Deutsche	1,219.3	620.8	(598.5)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	72.2	(21.4)
Goldman Sachs International	8,682.6	6,817.2	(1,865.4)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,206.8	2,204.4	(2.4)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,280.4	4,280.4	-
UBS	1,706.5	931.0	(775.5)
Wachovia	83.2	82.8	(0.4)
	23,029.5	19,373.4	(3,656.1)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

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³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/11/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	137.3	90.1	(47.2)
Bank of America	222.4	207.2	(15.2)
Bank of Montreal	455.8	455.8	-
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	17.6	8.7	(8.9)
Barclays	1,158.0	1,120.3	(37.7)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	357.4	357.4	-
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	289.8	-
Deutsche	671.7	620.8	(50.9)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	72.3	(21.3)
Goldman Sachs International	8,679.3	6,817.2	(1,862.1)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,277.5	2,204.4	(73.1)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,280.4	4,280.4	-
UBS	1,831.6	1,300.0	(531.6)
Wachovia	84.3	84.3	-
	22,696.4	19,799.4	(2,897.0)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

¹Refers to the exposures proposed by the counterparties for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

²Refers to the exposures proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/12/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	137.3	90.1	(47.2)
Bank of America	222.4	207.2	(15.2)
Bank of Montreal	455.1	455.8	0.7
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	30.2	8.7	(21.5)
Barclays	1,307.7	1,120.3	(187.4)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	360.5	357.4	(3.1)
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	289.8	281.9	(7.9)
Deutsche	935.8	620.8	(315.0)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	73.4	(20.2)
Goldman Sachs International	8,978.8	7,436.4	(1,542.4)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	39.0	39.0	-
HSBC Bank USA	133.6	133.6	-
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,277.5	2,204.4	(73.1)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	300.8	51.8	(249.0)
Royal Bank of Scotland	435.0	435.0	-
Societe Generale	4,280.4	4,280.4	-
UBS	1,831.6	1,300.0	(531.6)
Wachovia	100.3	84.3	(16.0)
	23,440.7	20,411.8	(3,028.9)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

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³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements

### As of COB 9/15/2008

	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	258.8	90.1	(168.7)
Bank of America	222.4	207.2	(15.2)
Bank of Montreal	455.1	455.8	0.7
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	30.2	8.7	(21.5)
Barclays	1,307.7	1,120.3	(187.4)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	360.5	357.4	(3.1)
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	547.6	281.9	(265.7)
Deutsche	1,684.6	801.7	(882.9)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	73.4	(20.2)
Goldman Sachs International	10,072.3	7,436.4	(2,635.9)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	117.0	39.0	(78.0)
HSBC Bank USA	156.0	133.6	(22.4)
JPMorgan	-	-	-
Merrill Lynch International	2,658.5	2,204.4	(454.1)
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	-
Rabobank	421.0	51.8	(369.2)
Royal Bank of Scotland	538.6	435.0	(103.6)
Societe Generale	9,833.8	4,280.4	(5,553.4)
UBS	1,831.6	1,300.0	(531.6)
Wachovia	192.6	84.3	(108.3)
	32,013.2	20,592.7	(11,420.5)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

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### As of COB 9/16/2008

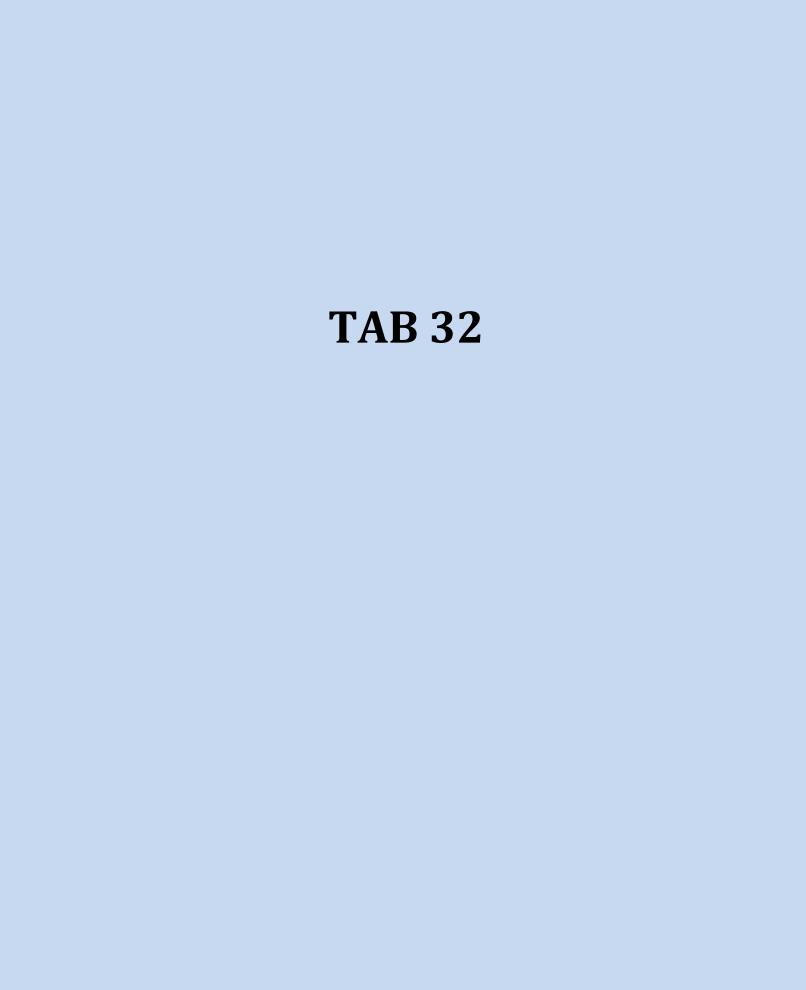
	Client ¹ (mm)	AIG ² (mm)	Diff ³ (mm)
Banco Santander	258.8	203.6	(55.2)
Bank of America	222.4	207.2	(15.2)
Bank of Montreal	455.1	455.8	0.7
BGI (Cash Equivalent Fund II)	30.2	8.7	(21.5)
Barclays	1,417.7	1,409.7	(8.0)
BNP Paribas	-	-	-
Calyon	1,231.3	1,231.3	-
CIBC	381.5	357.4	(24.1)
Coral Purchasing (DZ Bank)	1,033.0	281.9	(751.1)
Credit Suisse	-	-	-
Deutsche	1,684.6	962.0	(722.6)
Fort Dearborn	165.4	-	(165.4)
Goldman Sachs Capital Markets	93.6	73.4	(20.2)
Goldman Sachs International	10,064.9	7,436.4	(2,628.5)
HSBC Bank Plc, London	117.0	39.0	(78.0)
HSBC Bank USA	156.0	149.7	(6.3)
JPMorgan	-	-	_
Merrill Lynch International	3,170.2	3,170.2	-
Morgan Stanley Capital Services	-	-	_
Rabobank	774.5	51.8	(722.7)
RFC	241.7	-	(241.7)
Royal Bank of Scotland	538.6	435.0	(103.6)
Societe Generale	9,818.3	5,495.5	(4,322.8)
UBS	1,831.6	1,300.0	(531.6)
Wachovia	192.6	84.3	(108.3)
	33,879.0	23,352.9	(10,526.1)

^{*}The deal composition of each category of AIG's super senior CDSs changed over time, and therefore the numbers given for the multi-sector CDSs as of the close of the business in this chart may represent an aggregation of different deals than numbers provided for any other day.

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³Refers to the difference in exposure proposed by the counterparty and the exposure proposed by AIG for purposes of determining collateral posting requirements



### **Goldman Sachs International**

Peterborough Court | 133 Fleet St | London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority

## Collateral Invoice



Τo

AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Attn:

Group

Phone No: Email:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

From Phone No: Fax No:

Email:

Marina Dias 212-902-6537 212-428-4775

Marina.Dias@gs.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close 02-JAN-2008 31-DEC-2007

Market Exposure (USD)

 Credit Derivatives
 4,034,055,557.32

 Equity Options
 45,183,375.56

 Equity Structured Product
 7,694,668.74

 FI Swaps - Interest Rate Swaps
 77,784,842.46

 Foreign Exchange - Forwards
 (2,841,391.06)

 Foreign Exchange - Options
 15,936,040.28

Total Exposure

4,177,813,093,29

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required 75,000,000.00 4,102,813,093.29

Collateral Value (USD)
Cash Collateral:

2,000,000,000.00 2,000,000,000.00

Increment Minimum Call Amt 10,000.00 100,000.00

Margin Call

2,102,820,000.00

### Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhallan Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021

Account: 9301011483
Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

The information in this statement reporting current morket values is provided for your information only. If specifically stated, the valuation is the price at which Galdman Sachs is symphoted to unwind or reminister the functional approximately the size appeal and. Otherwise, such understand appointment of the price and the critical approximately the time appeal and to recreat a proposed and appointment of the processor and proposed and the price of the processor and the valuation and processor and produced and the price of the processor and processor and obtained by using pricing models analysis bere-fictioned such as of the processor and obtained to obtain a processor, and so not excess design in contract on the processor and the processo

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Market Exposure 100734.4344 76660522.1 17932285.87 524505.8447 470795.9927 -650056.5619	9041, 559233 2108458,556 17078,50077 (55633,0546 -932,3140638 531179,1867 1351904,978	282240,4779 2852040,4779 2852040,4779 285223428 104258,2589 472996,9661 30478785,28 2093852,643	111232.1255 84227.1588 218422.388 631449.0563 702289.0174 622787.5041 1515996.855 2118999.544 490103.2877	225551,0974 154265,48 161450,7301 1542105,242 235854,586 576555,4247 403840,6861 116792,9115 116792,318 73949384,88 92667,1463 598552,214
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Trade Reference Id		_	Trade Date	Notional Value	Netional Currency	Maturity Date	BuyAsell
NUUQ41230D080000000	-	68490,4696	15-DEC-2004	207170.12	oso	04-JAN-2041	<b>.</b>
SDB2012988050,0.0.0	206441879	531227.188	12-JUL-2008	42500000	OSD CSD	10-101-2045	no •
SDB2012986137.0.0	006441879	2105447,543	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	മ
SDB2012886163,0.0	006441679	402321.823	21-APR-2006	44500000	oso	15-AUG-2038	ch
SDB2012885165,0,0	006441679	1085952,047	21-APR-2006	44500000	oso	15-FEB-2039	m
SD62012988040.0.0.0	008441879	303054.5529	12-JUL-2008	12500000	asn	15-FEB-2038	<b>6</b> 0
NUUQ409HS0080000000	006441679	76790990,77	23-SEP-2004	311502565.4	OSD	07-DEC-2012	0
SDB2012896125.0.0	006441679	2091326.554	21-APR-2006	44500000	osn	15-JUL-204	₩
SOB532354298.0	005441579	.78891,01565	19-JAN-2007	75000000	osn	20-JUN-2010	<b>6</b>
SDB532354359.0	008441679	-24795,84756	19-JAN-2007	25000000	<b>as</b> n	20-JUN-2010	∞
SDB2012987943,0.0,0	006441879	248775.3328	12-JUL-2008	12500000	OSD	11-DEC-2040	
BUUG511160080000000	008441679	133699580.6	24-NOV-2005	489121335,2	OSD	03-JAN-2043	m
SDB2012886111.0.0	006441579	1474239.89	21-APR-2006	44500000	asn	10-NOV-2042	<b>a</b> o
SDB508588874.0	006815922	-124289,5686	08-AUG-2007	1000000	QSD	20-SEP-2012	(A)
SDB2012885121.0.0	005441679	2123853.011	21-APR-2006	44500000	CSD	11-050-2040	60
SOB2012987952.0.0.0	006441679	248666,0856	12-JUL-2005	12500000	OSD	15-301-2044	ω
NUUQ4091P00800000000	006441679	20488,52475	23-SEP-2004	89774.61	USD	07-DEC-2040	<b>6</b> 0
SDB2012886123,0.0	006441679	1955548,278	21-APR-2008	44500000	USD	11.SEP-2042	0
SDB2012987947.0.0.0	005441679	193497,2156	12~JUL-2008	12500000	nsp	11-SEP-2042	<b>•</b>
SDB2012987934,0.0.0	006441679	264392.0136	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-OCT-2048	æ
NUUDS055C00600000000	006441679	75975886,41	13-MAY-2005	181389173.6	USD	06-JUN-2044	œ
SDB2012885113.0.0	008441679	1930415.744	21-APR-2006	44500000	usp	10-JUL-2045	•
SDB2012886159.0.0	005441579	361285.8801	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSD	13-FEB-2046	<b>6</b>
SDB2012886117.0.0	006441679	2069989.742	21-APR-2006	44500000	nso	10-OCT-2045	æ
SDB532092188.0	006441679	1066207.465	23-OCT-2006	72885010.77	aso	20-DEC-2011	60
SDB2012985168,0.0.0	005441679	275798,7928	12~JUL-2006	12500000	asn	15-JAN-2046	8
SDB2012987940.0.0.0	006441679	104205.3618	12-JUL-2008	12500050	CSD	13-FEB-2046	æ
SDB2012885119.0.0	006441679	2028765.282	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSD	10-SEP-2045	ത
SDB2012988054,0.0.0	006441579	258723,781	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	10-NOV-2045	ம்
SDB2012886127.0.0	006441579	2036823,239	21-APR-2008	44500000	OSD	15-JAN-2046	40
SD82012988092.0.0.0	006441879	145461.9519	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-JAN-2045	æ
NUUQ409KR0080000000	006441879	101452089.3	23-SEP-2004	224831328,4	USD	12-NOV-2042	<b>o</b>
NUUQ409IN0080000000	006441679	18741.147	23-SEP-2004	69221.45	OSD	12-NOV-2042	<b></b>
NUU0504GD0080000000	006441879	238052281	21-APR-2005	684088415,1	OSD	06-JAN-2041	a)
NUUGE013A0080000000	005441679	167057868.2	12-JAN-2006	335104984.4	USD	06-0CT-2043	<b>CO</b>
NUUQ512BM0080000000	006441679	50442,09658	19-DEC-2005	250000	aso	0S-DEC-2042	æ
SDB2012988056.0.0.0	006441579	546880,0797	12-JUL-2009	42500000	USD	15-JUL-2042	æ
SDB533920572.0	008815922	-52547,70512	08-NOV-2007	21868503.23	oso	20-DEC-2012	S
SDB2012886141.0.0	006441879	152553.179	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD CSD	10-701-2039	<b>a</b>
SDB2012886211.0.0	005441679	891835.0724	21-4PR-2006	44500000	CSD CSD	14-NOV-2042	œ
SDB2012988071.0.0.0	006441879	258779,6996	12-101-2006	1300000	oso	14-NOV-2042	<b>a</b>
NUUGS035B0080000000	005441879	34067189.45	11-MAR-2005	101577993,8	OSD	15-NOV-2040	Φ.
SDB2012987858,0.0.0	008441679	156113,5305	12JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	10-NOV-2042	80
SDB2012886155.0.0	006441579	2030975.182	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-JAN-2045	<b>6</b> 1

Trade Reference Id NUUQ4125H0080000000	Acct Number 006441679	Market Exposure 45990325.33	Trade Date 22-DEC-2004	Notional Value 149750000	Notional Currency USD	Melurity Dale 06.FEB-2040	Buy/Sell B
SDB533440664,3.0	006815922	17078,50077	05-SEP-2007	17000000	gsn	20-JUN-2010	ш
SDB2012988055,0.0,0	006441679	161528,1417	12-JUL-2006	12500000	aso	10.JUL-2039	<b>6</b> 0
SDB2012987916.0.0.0	005441679	192721.7773	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSO	10-301-2045	<b>a</b>
5082012886145,0.0	008441679	1856487.174	21-APR-2006	4450000D	asa	15-AUG-2042	œ
SDB2012988057.0.0.0	006441679	542045,0763	12-JUL-2006	15000000	asn	15-JUL-2042	•
SDB2012388058.0.0.0	008441679	114224,2854	12-JUL-2008	12500000	nso	15-AUG-2042	DC)
VUUQ5100\00800000000	006441679	102500	07-OCT-2005	250000	uso	03-OCT-2045	ø
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	008441679	322961,3076	12JUL-2006	12500000	asa	10-SEP-2045	æ
VUUG4102N0080000000	005441679	50832310,89	20-OCT-2004	169728583,5	nso	08-DEC-2040	<b>.</b>
VUUQ4102000800000000	006441679	12108.402	20-OCT-2004	63271.48	USD	08-DEC-2040	<b>m</b>
BUUG5111900800000000	006441679	26599,6632	23-NOV-2005	249402,93	usp	03-JAN-2043	œ
SDB2012886147.0.0	006441579	2126891.058	21-APR-2006	44500000	asn	15-DEC-2044	æ
SD82012988074,0.0.0	006441679	100881,2608	12-JUL-2008	12500000	asn	15-AUG-2041	æ
SD82012986059,0.0.0	006441679	270040,6641	12-JUL-2008	12500000	GSA	15-DEC-2044	60
SDB2012886216.0.0	006441679	349734.0037	21-APR-2006	44500000	CSD	15-AUG-2041	Ф
SD82012886133.0.0	006441679	2072085,252	21-APR-2006	44500000	GSA	15-AUG-2038	<b>.</b>
SDB533918128.0	006815922	53751,78982	06-NOV-2007	21868503,23	asn	20-DEC-2012	Φ.
SD82012987973.0.0.0	006441679	246173.6767	12-JUL-2006	12500000	asn	15.AUG-2036	<b>m</b>
SDS2012987959.0.0.0	006441679	544020,2841	12-JUL-2006	42500000	osn	10-MAY-2043	ш
SDB2012986039.0.0,0	006441679	263914,7585	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USO	15-DEC-2040	•
BUUQ5111400800.0.0.0	008441679	132122500	11-MAY-2007	322250000	osn Osn	05-OCT-2045	60
30005111500800.0.0.0	006441679	116583908,3	11-MAY-2007	342893841,9	ดรอ	05-JAN-2043	æ
SUUC\$120L00800,0.0.0	006441679	217208466.8	11-MAY-2007	835417187.8	QSA	05-DEC-2042	æ
NUVQ4123N00800.0.0.0	006441679	89626166.68	15-MAY-2007	248961574,1	asa	15-MAR-2013	ø
VUUG5622A00700.0.0.0	006441679		15-FEB-2005	000000000	nso	12-FEB-2035	Φ
VUUQ5030X00800,0,0,0	008441679	97560000	15-MAY-2007	406500000	OSD CSD	05-NOV-2040	<b></b>
VUUQ504GE00800.0.0.0	005441679	76943,2032	15-MAY-2007	253731.12	กรถ	07~JAN-2041	9
0.0.0.00800800.0.0.0	006441679	559427462.8	15-MAY-2007	1216146658	OSO.	09-JCN-2042	<b>~</b>
47UOS10DN00800.0.0.0	006441679	266397500	15-MAY-2007	649750000	asn	03-OCT-2045	200
VUVQ510DP00800.0.0.0	006441679	265372500	15-MAY-2007	647250000	QSA	03-OCT-2045	ø.
NUU05101300800,0.0.0	006441679	237386853.7	15-MAY-2007	1130316351	OSD	05-DEC-2040	<b>~</b>
SDB503565139,0,0,0	006441679	479193904,4	19-JUE-2006	1168765621	aso	04-NOV-2041	ω,
SDB503565516.0.0.0	006441679		19-JUL-2006	1187850000	osn	04-NOV-2041	œ
SDB504492863.0.0.0	006441679	83991000	08-NOV-2006	1399850000	USD	03-OCT-2039	œ
SDB504493409.0.0.0	006441679	153983500	08-NOV-2006	1399850000	USD	03-OCT-2039	ø
SDB504678606.0.0.0	006441879	11000000	08-DEC-2006	100000001	OSD	03-OCT-2039	an
SDB504678635.0.0.0	006441879	0000009	08-DEC-2006	100000001	OSD	03-OCT-2039	m
SDB981652352.0.0.0	006615922	136048121.6	22-MAR-2007	470000000	nso	28-MAR-2047	æ

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SDB2012886138.0.0 NUUG6014M0080000000 NUUGS07CD0080000000 SDB2012988084.0.0.0		772240-772244 772240-772244
SUBSULSERIOR (1.00)	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP. CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004C2 WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL PUNDING CORP. HELLENIC REPUBLIC (THE) GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004C2 MEDIL I YNCH MORTGAGE TRUST 2004C2	772240-77224
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	Trade Reference Id	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Ref. Number
	SD8201298050,0.0.0	DOMARIL ABS COOL IND. GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
	5092012886137.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
	SDB2012886163.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	772240-772244
	SDB2012886185.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
	SD82012888040,0.0.0	OS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
	NUCQ409HSQQSQQQQQ	RECERCON FUNDING CLD.	NACCET 086015
	5082012886125.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORI GAGES	112440-1124
	SD8532354298.0	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	65803 <b>8</b>
	SDB532354359.0	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	659037
	SDB2012987943,0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
	9UUQS11150080000000	BRODERICK CDO 1 LTD	
	SCB2012885111.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
	SDB506568874.0	BLACK & DECKER CORPORATION (THE)	:
	SDB2012686121.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
	5082012987952.0.0.0	CD 2005-CD1 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
	NULC4091P00800000000	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
	SDB2012886123.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
	SDB2012987947,0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
	SDB2012987934,0,0,0	BANC OF AMERICA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE INC	
	NUUD5055C008C000000	SATURN VENTURES!, LTD.	
	SDB2012885113.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
-	SDB2012885159.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
	SI B20(2886117.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
	SCB532092188.0	DEUTSCHE BANK FINANCE N.V.	856085
	SDB2012988168.0.0.0	DEUTSCHE MORTGAGE AND ASSET RECEIVING CORP-ASB	
	SDB2012987940.0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
	SOB2012886119.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
	SDB2012988054,0.0.0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
	SDB2012886127,0.0	CITIGNOUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244
	SOB2012988092.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
	NUUQ409HR00800000000		
	NUUG409IN009DD000000		
	NUDO504GD0080000000		
	NUUCEOTSACOBCOGGOO		
	NUUG512BM0080000000		727404
	SOB2012988056,0,0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
	SDB533920572.0	ING BANK N.V.	
	SDB2012886141,0,0	COLUMBIA CENTER TRUST	772240-772244
	SDB2012686211.0.0	Morgan Stanley Capital	772240 - 772244
	\$082012989071,0,0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	
	NUUQ5035B00800000000	ORCHID STRUCTURED FINANCE CDO, LTD.	
	SDB2012987858,0,0,0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	**************************************
	SDB2012886155.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	H47717-0H77.11

Trade Reference Id		Counterparty Ref. Number
NUUC4125H008000000	みでおる でんぎし こうしん しょうしゅん しゅうしゅう かんしゅん しゅうしゅう かんり しゅうしゅう かんしゅう	
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SDB2012387916.0.0.0	BARCOT AMENICA STACOTOGRAF JOSCHITT 1905.	772240.772244
SDB2012988057,0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SEGS CORP	
SOB2012988059.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
NUUGSTODLOGBOOGGO	-	
SDB2012987938.0.0.0		
NUUQ4102ND08000000	MERCURY COO 2004-1, LTD.	
NUUQ4102Q008000000	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD.	
BUUQ5111900808080000		
SOB2012886147.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244
SDB2012988074.0.0,0	Wachovía Bank Commercial Mortgage trust	
SDB2012986059.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
SDB2012886216.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012886133.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SOB533918128.0	THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	
SDB2012987973,0,0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	
SDB2012887959.0.0.0	COMM 2005-06 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICATES	ATES
SDB2012988039.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
BUUDS111400800,0,0,0	SHERWOOD FUNDING CDO, LTD.	
BUUDS111500800.0.0.0	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.	
BUUGS120L00800.0.0.0	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING 11, LLC	
NUUQ4123N00800,0.0.0	DUNHILL ARS CDO LTD	
NUUCS022A00700.0,0.0	ORKNEY HOLDINGS, LLC	
NUUG5030K00800.0.0.0	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.	
NUUQ504GE00800.0.0.0	SOUTH COAST FUNDING	
NUUQ5078500800.0.0,0	JUPITER HIGH GRADE CDO LTD	
NUGOS100N00800.0.0.0	ORIENT POINT CDO, LTD.	
NUGO5100P00800,0.0.0	ORIENT POINT COO, LTD.	
NUUGS10L308800.0.0.0	ALTIUS II FUNDING LTD	
SDB503565139.0,0.0	WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2006-1A	5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/529
SCB503565516,0.0,0	WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2006-1A	5296309/5296309/6298309/5296309/5296309/529
SDB504492883.0.0.0		
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Trade Reference Id NULG4125H008000000 SDB533440564.3.0 SDB2017988055.0.0 SDB2012967916.0.0.0	SDB2012868057.0.0.0 SDB2012388058.0.0.0 SDB2012387938.0.0.0 SDB2012387938.0.0.0 NUUG41022N0980000000 NUUG41022N0980000000 SDB201288014.0.0.0 SDB2012388014.0.0.0 SDB2012388014.0.0.0 SDB2012388014.0.0.0 SDB2012388133.0.0	SOBZOTZSBY973.0.0.0 SDBZOTZSBY959.0.0.0 SDBZOTZSBRO39.0.0.0 BLUGST 11400800.0.0.0 BLUGST 11500800.0.0.0 BUUGST 11500800.0.0.0 NUUGSGOZZAOOTOO.0.0 NUUGSGOZZAOOTOO.0.0 NUUGSGOZGOGOO.0.0	NULCISTOPPOBBO

CUSIP Quantity Description Collateral Type Haircut Percent Closing Price (USD) USD Amount Haircut USD Amount CASH 111000000 US DOLLAR Cash-USD 11000000 US DOLLAR Cash-USD 11000000 US DOLLAR Cash-USD 11000000 US DOLLAR Cash-USD 1

# **TAB 33**

From: Tom. Athan@aigfpc.com

Sent: 01/07/2008 01:19:26 PM

To: Cassano, Joseph; Shirley, William

CC: Forster, Andrew; Frost, Alan; Sun, Jake

Subject: RE CDS Collateral Call Status

### Joe-

SG London called on the one deal we listed. Soc Gen NY has not made a collateral call. They gave me a "heads up" on November 13 that they were going to cail for \$1.7B on the \$17.3B of deals we have with them. When I got the heads up I told them our opinion about the prices, most of which they received from GS, and that we were going to dispute if they called. They never made the collateral call. I have had conversations with them on this since and I have told them our position has not changed.

Tom Athan
AIG Financial Products Corp.
203-222-4714 phone
athan@aigfpc.com

> From: Cassano, Joseph	
> Sent: Monday, January 07, 2008 1:00 DM	
~ 10. Shirley, William	
> Cc: Forster, Andrew: Athan, Tom: Front Alam O	
> Subject: RE: CDS Collateral Call Status	
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According to the grantest of a special section of the special sectin	
>	
> From: Shirley, William	
> Sent: Monday, January 07, 2008 12:37 PM	
> To: Cassano, Joseph	
> Cc: Forster, Andrew; Athan, Tom; Frost, Alan; Sun, Jake	
> Subject: CDS Collateral Call Status	
> Joe,	
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> Bill	
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Page: 1 of 1

# **TAB 34**

From: Cassano, Joseph

**Sent:** 01/16/2008 11:58:49 AM

**To:** 'Sherwood, Michael S'; 'Viniar, David'

**Subject:** CDO Valuations

**Attachments:** AIG CollateralDispute Rec(4).xls; GSI Dispute (COB

2007 12 06).doc

Dear Michael and David,

I'm following up on my e-mail to you from just before Christmas, after you provided your super senior CDO pricing information. As I said we would, we have now spent more time reviewing the data you provided and analyzing it along side the data we've collected. Our initial observation, which I shared with you in December, stands: we believe that your current exposure calculations are too high. I attach a spreadsheet that compares exposure calculations on a trade-by-trade basis. For some transactions, our calculations and yours are actually quite close; however, for most we remain apart, as we do when the exposures are considered in the aggregate.

As I indicated in December, we continue to believe that the third party super senior CDO prices that you provided are, on average, about 7% higher (as a percentage of current face value) than Goldman Sachs' own prices for the CDOs and that your collateral exposure calculation would drop significantly if it were based on third party prices where they are provided and Goldman's where they are not.

In addition, third party prices should be adjusted to take into account the fact that 3 of them are bid prices and 1 of them is an offered price. Based on information that you have provided in the past regarding a uniform bid-offer spread of 10% for almost all super senior CDO prices (which is the adjustment you make to the super senior CDO values you imply from your collateral NAV and leakage calculations), we added 5% to the bid prices and subtracted 5% from the offered price. With these adjustments, we calculate that the third party prices across all the transactions in question are, on average (weighted using the current face of each deal), 7.42% higher than Goldman's prices.

We also continue to believe that a further reduction is appropriate based on two additional adjustments:

- where no third party prices are provided, your prices should be increased uniformly by 7.42% (as a percentage of the current face value); and
- all prices should be increased by a further 5%, reflecting our belief that the 10% bid-offer spread
  noted above is itself questionable (which we highlighted during a mid-December conference call
  with your team).

As the attached spreadsheet indicates, our own valuation work also demonstrates that your exposure calculations are too high.

In light of all of this, our collateral group has made a further call today for return of collateral. I attach a copy here for your reference.

Please have your team contact Andrew Forster in our London office as soon as possible so that the two teams can schedule a meeting to review these matters.

Sincerely,

Page: 1 of 2

Joe Cassano

BBG Name	CUSIP	Notional	Factor
ALTS 2005-2A A1	02149WAA5	1,277,900,000	0.8901
ICM 2005-2A A1A	46426RAA7	213,750,000	1.0000
ICM 2005-2A A1B	46426RAB5	50,000,000	1.0000
WESTC 2006-1A A1A	952186AA2	1,187,950,000	1.0000
WESTC 2006-1A A1B	952186AB0	1,187,850,000	1.0000
RIVER 2005-1A A1	768277AA3	149,750,000	1.0000
MRCY 2004-1A A1NV	58936RAB3	299,800,000	0.6329
RESF 2004-1A A1NV	76112CAB4	374,800,000	0.8311
JPTR 2005-3A A1NV	48206AAG3	1,299,500,000	0.9473
BROD 2005-1A A1NA	112021AB6	354,500,000	0.9673
BROD 2005-1A A1B1	112021AC4	485,000,000	0.9673
ORPT 2005-1A A1VF	68619MAL5	647,250,000	1.0000
ORPT 2005-1A A1VB	68619MAQ4	649,750,000	1.0000
KLROS 2006-2A A1NV	498588AC6	869,500,000	0.9738
INDE5 5A A1	45343PAA3	200,000,000	0.5943
DUNHL 2004-1A A1NV	26545QAQ2	327,000,000	0.7614
GLCR 2004-2A A1NV	37638VAA1	324,900,000	0.625
HUNTN 2005-1A A1A	446279AA9	406,500,000	1.0000
SCF 7A A1AN	83743YAS2	773,500,000	0.8549
SCF 8A A1NV	83743LAC5	344,500,000	0.9508
LEXN 2005-1A A1AN	52902TAC0	199,500,000	0.9291
ORCHD 2005-2A A1	68571UAA7	113,750,000	0.8930
SATV 2005-1A A1	80410RAA4	267,750,000	0.6775
TRIAX 2006-2A A1B2	896008AC3	1,499,850,000	1.0000
TRIAX 2006-2A A1B1	896008AB5	1,499,850,000	1.0000
DUKEF 2004-7A 1A2	264403AJ5	129,650,000	1.0000
SHERW 2005-2A A1	82437XAA6	322,250,000	1.0000
MKP 3X A1	G6177YAA0	140,000,000	0.2040

^{*&#}x27;Number(s) in blue indicate that 3rd party values are bid side

GSI and AIG FP reserve all rights and nothing in this communication or otherwise shall constitute a waiver of any under the Transactions' documents or applicable law, including, without limitation, the right to call for the delivery to exercise any contractual or other remedies, including the dispute resolution provisions available to the parties Agents. The failure of either party to make a daily written or oral demand for the delivery or return of Eligible Cre of such right or an agreement that no amount is owed. Moreover, the failure of either party to dispute (whether or return of Eligible Credit Support shall not be construed as an agreement that it agrees with such demand or the E or otherwise be construed as a waiver of any right or remedy.

The 3rd party levels are included for information purposes only.

^{*&#}x27;Number(s) in green indicate that 3rd party values are offer side

	G	is	AIG
Current Face	Nov 30 Mid	3rd Pty Mid	Nov 30 Mid
1,137,454,066	77.500	75.000	100.000
213,750,000	65.000	83.000	87.200
50,000,000	65.000	83.000	87.200
1,187,950,000	62.500	n/a	92.700
1,187,850,000	60.000	n/a	92.700
149,750,000	70.000	83.952	99.700
189,728,583	90.000	92.000	100.000
311,502,565	85.000	80.000	100.000
1,230,981,125	75.000	80.000	88.300
342,893,842	67.500	88.000	86.500
469,121,335	67.500	88.000	86.500
647,250,000	60.000	77.000	74.400
649,750,000	60.000	77.000	74.400
846,747,051	82.500	84.000	89.000
118,856,933	67.500	78.000	92.100
248,961,574	80.000	79.000	98.300
202,966,635	85.000	80.000	100.000
406,500,000	80.000	78.000	100.000
661,284,114	65.000	75.000	76.700
327,564,448	55.000	50.000	63.800
185,363,149	60.000	73.000	82.300
101,577,994	65.000	n/a	97.600
181,389,174	80.000	n/a	100.000
1,499,850,000	90.000	n/a	100.000
1,499,850,000	90.000	n/a	100.000
129,650,000	70.000	75.000	91.600
322,250,000	60.000	70.000	90.400
28,557,088	93.750	n/a	100.000

of any rights or remedies available to either party ivery or return of Eligible Credit Support or the right rties upon a failure to agree as joint Calculation e Credit Support shall not be construed as a waiver er orally or in writing) a demand for the delivery or the Exposure calculation supporting such demand

DATE: January 16, 2008

TO: Goldman Sachs International

Cross-Product Collateral Management

Facsimile: 44-207-774-2816 Email: cpcm@gs.com

FROM: AIG Financial Products Corp.

SUBJECT: ISDA Master Agreement, dated as of 19 August 2003 (the "Master

Agreement"), between AIG Financial Products Corp. ("AIG-FP") and Goldman Sachs International ("GSI"), including the Credit Support Annex

thereto, dated as of 19 August 2003

Reference is made to the Master Agreement and the Transactions entered thereunder. Undefined capitalized terms shall have their respective meanings set forth in the Master Agreement.

As joint Calculation Agent for the Transactions specified in Annex 1, AIG-FP has determined the market values, as of November 30, 2007, of the Reference Obligations in respect of such Transactions for purposes of calculating the Exposure of GSI to AIG-FP, as of such date, with respect to those Transactions (the "Specified CDS Exposure"). Annex 1 sets out AIG-FP's calculation of the Specified CDS Exposure as of November 30, 2007, which equals USD 889,507,020.

On December 3, 2007, GSI notified AIG-FP that its calculation of the Exposure in respect of "Credit Derivatives" and "FI Swaps – Interest Rate Swaps" (the latter of which relates to a credit derivative transaction despite this categorization), as of November 30, 2007, was USD 3,444,712,156, almost all of which was represented by its calculation of the Specified CDS Exposure as of such date. Based on the determinations and calculations described above, AIG-FP disputes GSI's calculation of the Specified CDS Exposure.

Based on AIG-FP's calculation of the Specified CDS Exposure as of November 30, 2007, and taking into account Exposures in respect of other Transactions under the Master Agreement as of January 15, 2008, as set out below, AIG-FP hereby demands transfer by GSI to AIGFP of cash in the amount of the Return Amount set out below (adjusted by an amount to be agreed in respect of Exposure in respect of credit derivative transactions not taken into account in AIG-FP's calculation of the Specified CDS Exposure).

Exposure	USD
Specified CDS Exposure	889,507,020
Equity	65,257,074
Interest Rate/Foreign Exchange	9,802,585
Total Exposure	964,566,679
Threshold	75,000,000
Credit Support Amount	889,566,679
Credit Support Balance (cash)	2,000,000,000
Return Amount (rounded downward to 10,000)	1,110,430,000

AIG-FP reserves all rights to dispute GSI's calculation of Exposure under the Master Agreement, and this notice shall not constitute a waiver by of the rights or remedies available to AIG-FP under the Master Agreement, any Transaction Confirmation or the Credit Support Annex or applicable law, including, without limitation, the right to call for the delivery or return of Eligible Credit Support or the right to otherwise exercise the dispute resolution provisions available to the parties upon a failure to agree as joint Calculation Agents.

AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP.

Deal	Calculated Reference Obligation Price (if applicable)	Actual Notional	AIG-FP Calculated Exposure
Mercury CDO 2004-1, Ltd. (A-1NV)	NR	200,994,743	
Reservoir Funding Ltd. (A-1NV)	NR	315,681,873	04 705 547
Jupiter High-Grade CDO III, Ltd. (A-1NV)	92.06%	1,253,495,357	94,785,547
Altius II Funding, Ltd. (A-1)	NR	1,153,336,443	
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVA)	NR	345,420,648	32,574,915
Broderick CDO 1 Ltd. (A-1NVB)	NR	472,578,320	44,566,527
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVA) Delayed	76.65%	647,250,000	139,806,000
Orient Point CDO, Ltd. (A-1NVB)	76.65%	649,750,000	140,346,000
Kleros Preferred Funding II, Ltd. (A-1NV)	NR	859,602,990	59,272,294
West Coast Funding I, Ltd. (A-1a)	91.68%	1,187,950,000	39,202,350
West Coast Funding I, Ltd. (A-1b)	91.68%	1,187,850,000	39,199,050
Triaxx Prime CDO, Ltd. 2006-2A (A-1B1)	NR	1,499,850,000	
Triaxx Prime CDO, Ltd. 2006-2A (A-1B2)	NR	1,499,850,000	
Dunhill ABS CDO, Ltd. (A-1NV)	NR	271,101,327	
Huntington CDO, Ltd. (A-1A NV)	NR	406,500,000	
River North CDO Ltd. (A-1)	NR	149,750,000	
Orchid Structured Finance CDO II, Ltd. (A-1)	NR	104,094,972	
Saturn Ventures 2005-1, Ltd. (A-1)	NR	196,736,964	
South Coast Funding VII Ltd. (A-1ANV)	NR	684,086,415	127,627,834
Ischus CDO II Ltd. (A-1A)	NR	213,750,000	18,810,000
Ischus CDO II Ltd. (A-1B Delayed)	NR	50,000,000	4,400,000
Sherwood Funding CDO II, Ltd. (A-1)	NR	322,250,000	18,046,000
South Coast Funding VIII Ltd. (A-1NV)	NR	335,104,984	105,475,752
Glacier Funding CDO II Ltd. (A-1-NV)	NR	224,900,549	
Lexington Capital Funding, Ltd. (A-1ANV)	82.47%	189,951,776	25,394,751
Coolidge Funding Ltd. (A-1)	NR	222,352,342	
ABACUS 2006-NS1 ¹			
ABACUS 2007-18 ¹			

889,507,020

 ${FILENAME \p}$ 

There is no Exposure for ABACUS 2006-NS1 and ABACUS 2007-18, as Exposure for each of these transactions is conditioned on the Reference Obligation having been downgraded by either S&P or Moody's.

# **TAB 35**

From:

Cassano, Joseph

Sent:

Wednesday, February 06, 2008 7:09 PM

To:

Habayeb, Élias

Cc:

Shirley, William; Forster, Andrew; Micottis, Pierre; Bridgwater, James; Dooley, William

Subject:

Soc Gen collateral call

As I was saying yesterday we received a margin call from Soc Gen yesterday. As you know Soc Gen is a significant counterpart for us in the super senior multi sector cds's an approx notional of \$16.5 billion. Their call was in the aggregate for approximately \$ 442 million vs. what we would calculate the call amount using the BET method of approx \$589 million. I am attaching a spreadsheet that compares our prices to the socgen prices along with a transcript of a phone call we had with the socgen people to determine their pricing methodology. Due to the collateral call calculation thresholds their is a difference in total value of portfolios which makes our portfolio value numbers slightly higher than socgen's. The interesting aspect is that socgen has made a call on a substantial amount of our portfolio that is very close to our values.

Please find attached to spreadsheets one that displays the collateral call and a second that shows the values of each portfolio. I am also attaching a transcript of the follow call with SocGEn in which we queried their methods.





Soc Gen Collateral Call Analys... Soc Gen Call 2-6-08.doc From:

Stubbs, Paul

Sent:

Wednesday, February 06, 2008 6:25 PM

To: Cc:

Cassano, Joseph

Micottis, Pierre

Subject:

Soc Gen Collateral Call Analysis

Hi Joe,

Based on the bond prices produced by the BET model, I calculated that we should be posting \$588.5m versus Soc Gen's call of \$442.6m. The detail is attached below:



SocGen_AIGCollate raiCalc2.xls

Based on the collateral calls that we received from Soc Gen and taking into account the margin threshold I calculated that Soc Gen's valuation of the positions would be \$286m lower than ours (i.e. if we marked to Note:

1. This is on a total notional of \$16.44B (or based on our prices a value of \$14.97B).

2. There were 2 CDO tranches where we did not receive a collateral call so they were excluded as there

3. I have attached in the tab 'SocGenMarginCalls' the actual calls that we received from Soc Gen. In the tab 'MarginSummary' I have summarised these by deal name and then used this to apply the collateral on a pro rata basis to each of the seperate positions relating to that deal name.



SocGenCalc_AIGVal ueDiff2.xls

#### Societe Generale Call February 6, 2008

### AIG-FP

Tom Athan Andrew Forster

#### Societe Generale Edouard Klehe David Wolf

Ed: *****

Tom: Hey Ed.

Ed: Hey Tom, how are you?

Tom: Hey, good. Hey, I'm going to put you on speaker. I have Andrew Forster here again. You spoke to him once before.

Ed: Sure. Hey, Andrew. How are you?

Tom: Hold on, one sec.

Ed: Okay.

Tom: Hey, are you there?

Ed: Yes.

Tom: Me and Andrew Forster.

Ed: Hi Andrew, how are you doing?

Andrew: Alright. How are you?

Ed: I'm doing okay. Let me see if I am going to have David Wolf also pick up. Can you hold just one second?

Tom: Yeah.

Ed: Thanks.

David: Hello.

Tom: Hey.

Ed: Hey David, we have Tom and Andrew Forster at AIG.

Tom: Hey, thanks guys. It's me and Andrew Forster. We just wanted to have a quick call to try to get an idea of how you came up with the prices that you have. We're going to make your collateral call. We're going to send you... Tell the guys to use your valuation and whatever that leads to for a call amount; we'll get that out to you... I hope today. I have to go talk to someone after this call.

Ed: Okay.

Tom: Every time we get a call, just as a formality, we ask people how they came up with the prices and we have to do that with you guys.

These prices are based on generic index spread for performing high grade ABS Ed: CDO and mezzanine ABS CDO. We're running cash flows on intex on the underlying CDO bonds and we use this index spread to come up with prices and valuation for it. Given that there is no active two way market on these bonds everyday to say the least and that's what we use and given the current minimum spread that you would see for the best possible quality high grade ABS CDO and mezzanine ABS CDO, that's where at best the price could possibly be. So these, we think, are very high dollar price for CDOs. We can't really be any higher than that for these and that's what we're using for the margin call. We are getting, at the same time, prices different from those from various dealers. Many of them from one large US broker-dealer that has done very well last year where the values are often many many points below the value we show here. They are also putting some pressure on use much lower value for similar transactions. These prices could be a developing story and could be, depending on results of this conversation, an issue could be given where some of the dealer prices are coming out and at much lower, we could be under pressure too, to reduce them shortly.

Andrew: That's very good. Thanks for that. I guess there's really two questions. The spreads that you put in that you talk about, where do you get them from?

Ed: JP Morgan.

Tom: They are on an index report they put out?

Ed: They publish a weekly asset backed CDO research report and ***** grid spreads over LIBOR on various types of CDO collateral. And, they publish more specifically a grid for a high grade asset backed CDO and mezzanine asset backed CDO which are the two types of transactions that we have done with you.

Andrew: Thank you. I guess the other question would be — The reason we call is that Tom was trying to outline — to try to educate ourselves as much as possible with all different people. Everyone has different methodologies and everything, so, what made you go with this approach? As you say, you have prices from other people and things like that and you've seen all different approaches that people take. What made you decide to take this approach? Is there anything that made it stand out as the most appropriate for you or anything like that?

Ed: I guess mechanically, from a pure mechanic, it's probably the easiest. Now we need to drill down and in CDO bonds, we're going have to reconcile this approach with dealer quotes we're getting and go over, in discussions we're having with other dealers, go over what we think is the right price at the end. Whether it's the dealer quotes or this approach and we'll probably have to do the same thing with you on hopefully just some of the bonds, maybe more than that if these bonds have issues and should have values that are different from this more generic value. And also liquidity component and we'll obviously have to look at the generic index and make sure that it's properly updated and the levels are reasonable over time. I don't think it's necessary reflective of actual trading in the market and dealer quotes are more often under ISDA what people are suppose to revert to assuming that they can be relied upon.

Andrew: Do you see much trading going on in this sort of stuff still, or not?

Ed: We're not a market making desk, so I can't answer that question. We don't make market in CDOs. We do have CDO positions. We have not traded in recent weeks, any asset backed CDO. We hear about trades being done and we from other dealer desk that make market in CDOs that there is some amount of trading going on, but that's we can't opine on that.

Andrew: Okay. Fine.

Ed: One question to you, would you be willing -- the prices you're using internally, how do they compare to that as in which bonds are higher/lower? Are they in the ballpark?

Tom: The way we look at collateral calls is we look at them on a portfolio basis, not on a line by line basis. We don't give out our marks. Same as you, we're not a market maker either and the method that we use for valuation can be different than other people's methods for valuation. We don't make a practice of giving marks. We occasionally give valuations on specific dollar amounts on specific securities. You can come back to a mark if you want to. We look at it as a portfolio and if it is a number that you're requesting versus a number—we look at that as the amount that we can pay or not pay. I have to get a sign off on your numbers here but I think its one that we can get to.

Ed: And just because it's in addition to the trade we have in London... there's one small trade you have done with the London desk which the number would be in addition to that number.

Tom: Yeah. If you wanted to use this type of methodology for London, we could probably post to him as well. I think we've already posted some money but we could probably post more under this methodology.

Ed: Okay.

Tom: So if you wanted to include that one.

Ed: I'm mentioning it to them today and see if that's something that's acceptable to them as well.

Tom: Okay.

Ed: Hopefully it will be. One other question, just to reiterate, these are just the marks we have now and we're trying to use with a method mechanically easy to implement. It does not mean that over the next or very shortly given other marks we see from dealers and other deal quotes. And, when we look at all the individual bonds and we decide which of the marks are more appropriate we might have to come back with something different in terms of prices.

Tom: Okay, you've made that clear.

Ed: I wanted to make that very clear. One question also, would you be willing on some of these bonds, if you believe that some of the marks that are shown out there are way too low, would you be willing to show some bids from time to time? That would be firm bid on size of bond that could be anywhere from 5, 10, 20, 30 50 million dollars in order to help validate what we think that all the dealer quotes might be incorrect? Is that something you would be willing to contemplate?

Tom: We would have to take it case by case but yes, that's something we could do.

Ed: Okay, what would be the process for that? If we wanted to do that, what would we do?

Tom: Contact me and let me know which bonds you want a price on and we can talk about each situation.

Ed: Okay, so that might be something that we might want to do shortly.

Tom: Yeah.

Ed: Okay. So you think today or maybe tomorrow you can make that margin call.

Tom: Yes, I will go inform our guys call and if we have not invested the cash I will try to get it to you today. If not, I'll get it to you tomorrow morning.

Ed: Okay, thank you.

Tom: Alright guys, thank you.

## **TAB 36**

#### **Goldman Sachs International**

Peterborough Court | 133 Fleet St | London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority

#### Collateral Invoice



To Attn:

AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Max

Phone No: Email:

mox.ag@osin.xem

From Phone No: Fax No: Email:

Max Riso 212-902-7573 212-428-4775 Max.Riso@gs.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close

03-MAR-2008 29-FEB-2008

Market Exposure (USD)
Credit Derivatives
Equity NSP
Equity Options Foreign Exchange - Forwards Foreign Exchange - Options

6,183,661,153.36 8,138,222.13 59,795,909.39 (1,575,159.38) 11,380,511.82

**Total Exposure** 

6,261,400,637.32

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required

75,000,000.00 6,186,400,637.32

Collateral Value (USD)

2,000,000,000.00 2,000,000,000.00

Cash Collateral: Increment Minimum Call Amt

10,000.00 100,000.00

Margin Call

4,186,410,000.00

#### Instructions

GSCO - USO Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhetian Beak, New York, ABA # 021000021 Account: 9301011483

Account Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

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124685102A 56455702A 56462312A 59277514A 54556943A	59708750A 6119457A 6119451A 61191581A 61191573A 6270681A 61679075A	91451553A 945770207A 627068764 6296246A 64549267A 64549267A 64549267A 64549267A 64649267A	64282974A 64285360A 903355038A 902831272A 54635010A 5463501A 59277522A 59709738A

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6645570ZA	31000000	0.601206109	1778268.57	29870085.41	Foreign Exchange	
56482382A	30000000	0.584997005		28857252.79	Foreign Exchange	
69277514A	15000000	0.459462434		10908041.55	Foreign Exchange	
54556043A	50000000	0.002039447	1959,101247	60119278.64		
54556953A	50000000	-0.11350849	-343728,2144	43285879.18	Foreign Exchange	
59708750A	10000000	0.791092518	1525778.381	8354174.883	Foreign Exchange	
81149457A	15000000	-0.175763802		10439111.2	Foreign Exchange	
81148411A	15000000	0.590848821	2592929.519	10439111.2	Foreign Exchange	
81181581A	20000000	-0.177760272		15879492.11	Foreign Exchange	
81191573A	20000000	0.774673706	3025934.083	16879492.11	Foreign Eachenge	
6270G681A	25000000	-0.188207348		21919488.28	Fareign Exchange	
61679075A	15000000	-0.165661847		926317B.145	Foreign Exchange	0.017699248
81879084A	15000000	0.412090188	2341040.652	9263176.145	Foreign Exchange	0.071968563
914518633A	231 579 4.536		-315379.7258	3750000	Foreign Exchange	
845770207A			32077.7033	2300000	Foreign Exchange	76.14175922
02706878A	2500000D	0,772476852	2099337.744	21919488.20	Foreign Exchange	74.18885082
62862454A	30000000	-0.159120617	211945,9985	27616390.02	Foreign Exchange	0.11997351
62962446A	30060000	D.833215114	2426075,566	27616390.92	Foreign Bechange	0.007064667
84549267A	10000000	-0.244728828	-2410H1.B183		Foreign Exchange	0.080935853
64549259A	10000000	0.718908757	-1081728,058	8921700,554	Foreign Exchange	0.024109182
66875733A	25000000	-0.349112167	1150134,233	8921700.654	Foreign Exchange	0.108172508
50825741A	25000000	0.573888041	2010942.47	22809253.56		0.046005369
907599710A	12525779.15	0.373088041		22509253.58		0.080797699
64282974A	10000000	-0.215426316	-448933.8238	13200000	Poralgo Exchange	102.2153898
64289360A	10000000	0.347924737	1014326,217	6954697.022		0.101432822
909355038A	1963447.48		1157707.638	8954597,922		0.115770754
902821272A	12120773.37	•	-168237,2935			82.09503505
54635010A	25000000	A + A T T T A + T A	-875585,2411			102.2184744
54635021A	25000000	-0.187988452	-470869,0302			0,018834781
						0.135530543
59277572A	15000000	-0.230012898	-853257,6351		Foreign Exchange	0.063550509
59708758A	10000000	-0.167996997	176970,0018	8354174,683	Foreign Exchange	0.017497

	tradeRefid	transaction Type	accountNumber	FXraid Exposure	InmAvumine e	ndman/Co.	notionalValu	vadeDale	affective Colo			
	9EF650JQ0	Equity Darivative	033858843	10004025	42375000	USD	4237500D		SISCEMBERS	makatiyDate	expireDate	DNIBeayud
	Gef650JT4	Equity Darlystive	033986843	-8608200	46875000	USD	48625000	18-11017-200	9 15-404-200	U1-MAY-201	01-MAY-2013	8
	9EF656699	<b>Equity Darivative</b>	033968843	7287503.671	40399307.1	USD	49999907.1	18 1101 1500	0 10-MCV-2001	UI-MAY-201;	01-MAY-2013	9
	GEF6588B4	Equity Contrative	033068843	7004164411	30000272.78		30000272.76	10-110-1-200	9 10-NDV-2001	18-OCT-2018	19-DCT-2015	8
	9EF6586C2	Equity Certralive		6524209.03	30000272.76		30000272.76		18-NOV-2001	31-DEC-5019	21-DEC-2015	8
	9274568E0	Equity Derivative		3921684,652	25000040.0	USD			14-MOA-5006	7 21-0EC-2015	21-DEC-2018	8
	9EF6586D0	Equity Derivative		7865920.849	50000244	USD	25000060,6	10-1/10/1-5001	18-NOV-2006	10-MAR-2016	8105-RAM-01	8
	SEF6568A6	Equity Derivative		-4835730,468	49090907.1	USO	50000244	16-MDV-2000	1E-NOV-2006	19-JAN-2018	19-JAN-2016	8
	50B1523863271Z.0.0.0	EDOTG-OTGEF	03305484	-1286483,128	5264588.49	USD	49999907.1	18-NOV-2001	15-NOV-2006	18-007-2010	18-OCT-2010	8
	5DB16229632882,0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCFF	01396554	-319040.8125	2835227,49	USD	5264888.49	10-00T-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2015	13-NOV-2015	S
	SDB1622983312Z.0.0,0	EGGTC-OTOFF	03388884	-3620609.012	158(8350.45		2835227,49	10-001-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2018	13-NOV-2015	5
	8DB1622863364Z.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCEF		1040826.845	8409506,16	USD	15816350.45		10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2018	15-NOV-2018	5
	8081503441134.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCNE	02340543	73 4458.303	11958445.58		8409588,15	10-DOT-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2019	13-NOV-2018	8
	ED8594243831U.0.1.0	FOOTC-OTCNES	03705484	37455,37846		UBD	11938445.68		09-NOV-2007	12-DEC-2008	12-DEC-2008	Ð
	8DB1622963386Z.0.0.0	BOOTC-OTCH	03104884	3638894,188	7500000	UBD	7500000	16-JAN-2008	15-JAN-2008	18-JUN-2009	19-JUN-2009	6
	SDBSB4223071U.Q.1.0	EGOTG-OTCHFI	ASSESSES 4	1226671.180	16119064.39	USD	15119064.39		10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2020	13-NOV-2020	8
		EQOTC-OTGNE			15000000	UAD	15000000	15-JAN-2008	15-JAN-2008	15-JAN-2010	18-JAN-2010	В
	8D815229634007.0.0.0	EGGTE OTERT		4707869,403	25000713,7	USC	25000713.7	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2017	27-JUN-2017	9
	SDB1622063409Z.0.0.0	EGGTO-OILFF			8580859.33	UED	CC,9250949	10-OCT-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2020	15-NOV-2020	•
		#OOTG-OTCHFF			11049720,46	USO	11049729,45	10-007-2007	10-007-2007	14-NOV-2022	14-NOV-2022	R
	SOB594243884U.0.1.0	EGOTO OTOTO			7500000	UBO	7500000	8005-NAC-81	16-JAN-2008	17-8EP-2010	17-BEP-2010	Ř
					11250000	บรอ	11250000	15-JAN-2008	15-JAN-2008	17-SEP-2010	17-8EP-2010	A
		EGOTC-DTCNFI			5908800		EDUNGOO	16-NOV-2005	15-NOV-2008	11-AUG-2015	11-AUG-2015	ă
		EGOTG-OTCFF			3940000		3940000	18-NOV-2008	18-NOV-2008	11-AUG-2015	11-AUG-2015	ī
	GT.01.0536403010.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCNFI				VSD	63521350	16-NOV-2008	18-NOV-2006	06-May-2010	08-MAY-2013	•
	6D816229634272.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCFF (			5949673,28		5949873.28	10-OCT-2007	18-OCT-2007	14-100/-2022	14-NOV-2022	
	SD8594243852U.O.1.0					USD	15625D00	10-JAN-2008	18-JAN-2008	17-RFP-2010	17-SEP-2010	:
		EQOTC-OTOFF (				GSU	21875000	16-JAN-2008	16-JAN-2008	17.200.2010	17-6EP-2010	
	SDB1625089093.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCFF (				USD	113895000	16-NOV-2008	18-NOV-2006	74.8E0.2013	24-8EP-2013	
	SOB1623049426Z.0.0.0			(085765.648	107068000	USD	107068000	17-OCT-2007	17-DCT-2007	IEMAY 2013	15-MAY-2013	
	50B1624656254.0.1.0	egotc-otcn#1 (	23386884 1	61540.2386	16230200		18230200	15-NOV-2008	15.801-2007	IDDEC 3010	10-DEC-2010	5
	8D81624655255,0.1,0 (	EQOTC-OTCFF (	33396884 .	81053,54477	20230200		20230200	16-NOV-2006	18/10/2006	INDEC-SOID	10-DEC-2010	
	80816230494312.0.0.0	COOTS-OTCFF (	33325854 -	3578514.987	123539000		123539900	17-007-2007	17-00T-2000	22.41 10 0010	23-AUG-2013 1	•
	SDB18230404542.0.0,0 (	GOTC-OTCNF1 O	<b>13306884</b> 6	2222763.04	30000000			17-007-2007	17-001-2007	45.1101 man	25-NUG-2013 ( 15-JUN-2012 (	
	\$DB16730494967.0.0.D (	COTC-OTCFF O		58385070.2	7500000			17-OCT-2007	17.00T-2007	(E. IIII. 2012	15-JUN-2012 S	•
	SDB1623042507Z.0.0,0 E	COTC-OTCNFI C	3396884 E				00000000	17.007.2007	170071207	12-404-2012	21-JUN-2013 E	
	SD81623043827.0.1.0 8	QOTC-OTCFF D	3306284					SEASON TODAY	1740014000 A	51-7014-5012	21-70N-2013 E 01-NOV-2010 E	
	SDB16255498362.0.0.0 E	COTC-OTCFF D	3386884 .				400000	17.007.000	124404-2000	DI-MOV-2010	DI-MOV-2010 8	
	SDB16235496372.0.0.0 E	COTC-OTCNFI O	3396884 3					17-001-2007	17-001-207	29-MAR-2010	29-MAR-2010 S	3
	5081603413787.0.0.0 E	COTC-OTCNFI O	2340543 1					73-007-7007	11-061-2007	CIOS-HARM	29-MAR-2010 B	1
	8D816248553442.0.0,0 E	GOTC-OTCMPIO	3390884 1					47.007 M	23-001-2007	2-UEC-2008	2-DEC-2008 B	
	\$0816248553462.0.0,0 E	GOTC-OTCFF O	2306884 .5					17-DCT-2007	11-061-2007	a-141-5008	15-JAN-2009 B	)
4	SDB1676849405.0.0.0 E	COTC-OTCFF O	3396884 <					17-OCT-2007	17-001-2007	P-1414-3008	E-14N-5008 8	
	608307004078V.0.0,0 E	DOTC-OTONFI O	3396884 4					10-1441 2008 1	10-JAN 2000 3	11-8EP-2012	1-8EP-2012 8	
- 1	6DB1623043841.0.1,0 E	COTC-OTCHFI C	3396864 5				2500000 ·	10 712/1 DOOR 1	0-JAN-2008 2	U-2513	11-SEP-2012 B	77
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8EF650JT4	C	CIEN	7500000	6.51
9EF656689	P	SPX	42146	1105.35
0EF0565B4	C	8PX	18821	1813.58
9EF0585C2	P	8PX	18821	1513,56
8EF0368E8	P	6PX	19542	1279.3
827656600	ρ	8PX	38941	1284
	P	SPX	42148	1188.35
	ρ	.BPX	2817	1000.17
4D816229832887.0.0.0	C	.sex	1517	1666,97
	P	.BPX	7277	2145.65
5DB1622963354Z,0.0,0	C	.SPX	3919	2145.65
	P	.N223	100000	12432
	P	NAVZ.PI	K 500000	15
	P	.SPX	7277	2215.07
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	•	-BPX	18738	1402.68
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8D816230494542.0.0.D C		PCLN.O	750000	40
SDB1623049496Z.0.0.0 G		PCLN.O	750000	50
SD816230495672.0.0,0 G		PCLN.O	750000	40
SDB1623043827.0,1,0 C		MAIN	375000	80
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\$081603413767,0.0.0 P		N226	200000	13168.4
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SDB1624655346Z.0.0.0 C		O.SATM	420000	42
SDB1675849485.0.0.0 C		ABGN	250000	45
5D8307094078U,0.0.0 C		ABON	250000	34
6D81823043841.0.1.0 C		MAN	375000	80
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SDB1623049574Z.0.0.0		PCLNO	750000	50
\$D818268283\$7,D.Q.Q	Ċ	NCC.N	1800000	27,792
SDB1626928358.0.0.0	Ċ	NCC.N	1000000	27,792
\$DB1626428359.0.0.0	ć	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
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SDB1526828361.0.0.0	C	NDC.N	1800000	27.792
5DB1626878367.0.0.0	č	NCG N	1800000	18.914
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SD#1625826376.0.0.0	č	NCC.N	1800000	18,914
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Stothard. D. b.		15. IAN. 20.45	IS DEC. 304	In In Shak	12-NOV-2042	10-SFP-2045	10-101-2039	20-11 IN. 2016	20-11/15-2010	DE 18 - 20 40	15.4/4.3.2042	15-DEC.2040	SAUG-2028	11-05-20-0	13-FEB-2045	15-Alfc_2038	15-DEC-2040	10-AUG-2042	20-SEP-2015	14-NOV-2042	20-SEP-2015	20-JUN-2010	20-JUN-2010	20~UN-2010	10-X64Y-2043	15:DEC-2044	20-JUN-2010	16-AUG-2042	15-JAN-2045	06-JAN-2041	15-AUG-2029	05-02-TCC-20	OS-NOV-2040	15-JAN-2043	15-AUG-2029	08-DCT-2043	07-DEC-2012	09-JUN-2042	05-OCT-2045	15-FEB-2030	20-DEC.2011	05-DEC-2047	S. FFB. 2040	72-JAN-2041
Appliance Commence	D C											ń		ı				•	_	•	_		_	_	_	_	_	_	_								_	_			-			
		CSI	62	9	S	CSD	S	OSI	S	USO	CSS	CSI	SS	CSS	SS	282	22	SS	S	USD	25	밂	SS	230	S	엺	S	8	2	8	ន្ទ	S	왕	ΩSΩ	율	S	2	8	S	SS	asn	SS	8	35
Notional Value	•	1200000		•	69221,45	1250000	44500000	76000000	2500000	12500000	44500000	12500000	44500000	1250000	44500000	13000000	445000DD	42500000	2000000	13000000	2000000	17000000	17300000	1700000	48500000	12500000	3000000	12500000	1250000	861ZB4113.D	12500000	327584447.5	406500000	<b>44500000</b>	44500000	237710.05	311802565.4	121614685B	321498358.6	42500000	75354943.E3	35417187.8	5000000	59653.48
Trade Date	21-APR-2006	12-101-2006	21-APR-2006	21-4PR-2008	23-SEP-2804	12-JUL-206	21-APR-2008	19-JAN-2007	18-JAN-2007	12-JUL-2006	21-APR-2008	12-101-2006	21.APR-2506	12-JUL-2008	21-APR-2006	12-JUL-2005	21-APR-2006	12-101-2006	17~JAN-2008	12-101-2008	17-JAN-2008	05-SEP-2007	05-SEP-2007	05-SEP-2007	12-JUL-2005	12-701-2008	05-SEP-2007	3-701-2008	2-JUL-2006	24-APR-2005	2-JUL-2006	3-JAN-2006	5-MAY-2007	21-APR-2006	21-APR-2006	2-JAN-2006	22-SEP-2004	15-MAY-2007	11-MAY-2007	2-101-2006	3-OCT-2008	1-MAY-2007	2-JUL-2005	S-IAAY-2007
Market Exposure	6716240.557	241332,7684	874C1027.589	8306501.333	1937,17685	1298659,234	7328323.219	30233, 10005	31611,51624	619287.8689	6530886,858	B43768.8805	1787311,9	757623,2848	1585735,111	SZ4044.5678	0653940.91	2506785.26	1084413.236	802749.8098		_	_		Z5B74Z0,718											_		_	<b>.</b>	_	•••	426082765.8	2209058.869 1	-
Acct Number	005441679	006441679	006441679	008441679	008441679	006441679	0C844167B	006441679	008441679	<b>508441679</b>	008441579	006441679	006441679	006441679	006441579	006441579	DOG-41679	D06441679	006441679	006441679	005441679	005815922	006815922	005816822	000441679	008441679	22631B000	000461678	005441579	005441679	CODE STORY S	005441678	6/914-000	005441679	<b>2004</b> 41679	006441678	006441579	006441678	006441679	008441679	006441679	006441679	006441679	00841679
Trade Reference id	SDE2012886121.0.0	SOB2012888092,0,0,0	SD82012886147.0.0	SDB2012666113.0.0	NUUG 409INDOBOOGOODO	SD82012967938.0.0.0	5092012886141.0,0	SDB532354298,0	SDE512354359.0	SD 82012988055.0.0.0	SDB2012886161,0.0	SD5201298633.0.0.0	SDB2012686163.0.0	SD82012387943.0.0.0	SDB2012886158.0.0	SDB2012987971.0.0.0	S082012886135.0.0	SDB2042988042.0.0.0	SDB534321008.1.4	SDB2012388071.0.0.0	SDB534321008.4	SUB533440864.3.D	SDB53340904.Z.0	SOBNICATION 1.0	SCHOOL SHOWS DOOR	SCHOOL 2888038,0,0,0		3U05U15300U30U3	SUB2772389166,0,0,0	AUTOCOURAGE CONTRACTOR	SUBSUISSENDON, U.S.	AUCCEOLISAURBORODON	U.O.G. Gallon Society Co.	SDB2012566127.0.0			_	NUUCS07BSC0800.0.0.0	60005111400600.0.0	000	_	BUTUGS120(108800,0,0,0	SDB2012088082.0.0.0	NUUGSO4GETOOBGD,0.0,0

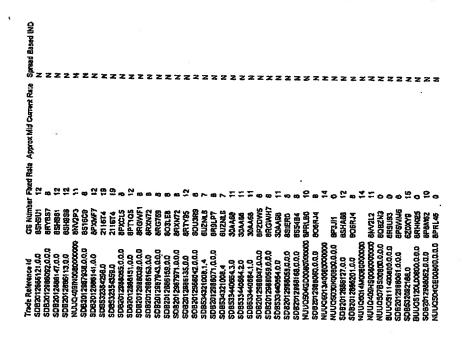
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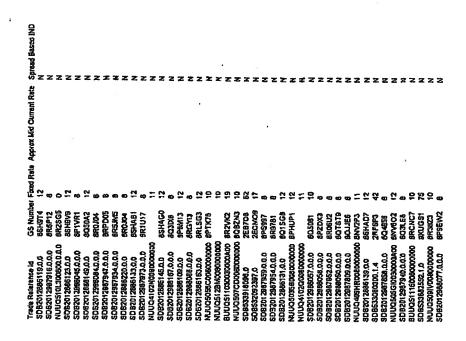
Trade Reference Id	Acct Numb	er Markel Exposu	e Stade Date	National Value	Notional Currency	Maturity Date	Buy\Sell
SD82012888119.00	006441679	10030217.81	21-APR-200	6 44500000	USD	10-SEP-2045	B
SDB2012987816.0.0.0	006441678	856168,5523	12-JUL-200		UBD	10-367-2045	R
NUU05101300800,0,0.0	008441679	\$16578907.5	15-MAY-200		USD	05-DEC-2040	
8DB2012888123,0.0	006441679	8406913.616	21-APR-200		USD		
SDB2012960045.0.0,0	006441678	2539765,145	12-JUL-2006		USD	11-8EP-2042	
SDB2012888149.0.0	005441679	7425972.21	21-APR-200		USD	10-JUN-2048	8
5002012988084.0.0.0	006441879	578632,1408	12-JUL-2006		V30	12-JUN-2043	8
SD82012887847.0.0.0	008441870	556000.0117	12-JUL-2008		USD	15-OCT-2044	В
SDB2012987834,0,0,0	005441679	864915.2807	12-101-2008		USD	11-SEP-2042	
6DB2012880220.0.0	008441670	1664037.05	21-APR-2006			10-00T-2045	
6D62012886133.0.D	008441879	8518143,418	21-AFR-2006			15-OCT-2044	
6002012887973.0.0.0	008441679	769824.597A	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	15-AUG-2018	
NUU04102H008000000		36301793.49	20-DCT-200		USD	15-AUG-2008	
SD82012866145.0.0	006441579	7663333,166	21-APR-2008		USD	08-DEC-2040	
SDB2012988167.0.0.0	008441679	811821.8828	12JUL-2008		USD	15-AUG-2042	8
SDB2012885109.00	008441679	3728111.810	21-APR-2006	12500000	USD		8
SDB2012986068,0,0,0	008441679	797977.7024			USD	10-DEC-2042	
80B2012885153.0.D	006441879	8895054,351	12-JUL-2008		USD	18-DEC-2044	8
NUUQ5055C0080000000	00004141070	B1201140.84	21-APR-2008		USD		8
NUU0512BM008000000	000441030	62452.11958	13-MAY-2005		USD		8
BUU0511030030000A00	000001070	31768773.25	19-DEC-2005	240200.46	USD		9
NUU0507C 00080000000	000441078		10-NOV-2005		USD	28-DEC-2045	8
SDB833918098.0	006815922	107823,5818	20-JUL-2005			08-JUN-2042	ë
50B532092387.0	008815922	565633.5081 -3977183,745	06-NOV-2007		USD	20-DEC-2012	Ď
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	008441679		53-OC1-5008		U50	20-DEC-2011	S
SDB2012987954.0.D.0	008441579	2741828.645	12-JUL-2008		USD	10-MAY-2043 1	В
8DB2012886131.0.0		803893.3149	12-JUL-2006		USD	16-MAY-2043 B	B
	008441678	7336586.14			U80	15-MAY-2043 6	
NUUG4103Q0060000000	008441870	38237334,41	11-MAR-2005	96631081,62 (		15-NOV-2040 E	
		18162.603	20-OCT-2004			08-DEC-2040 8	
		2516909.278			usd ·	5-JUL-2047 F	
		2587690,763	13-101-2006	42500000 I	USO ·	5-JUL-2042 E	
		774589.4078		12500000 L		5-JUL-2044 B	
		3270685.33		42500000 L		0-JUL-2045 B	
		453785,8471				0-DEC-2042 R	
						2-NOV-2042 B	
		8685943,112	21-APR-2006	44500000 U		0-NOV-2045 B	
	008815922		18-JUL-2007	200000000		0-SEP-2012 S	
				12500000 H		0-NOV-2042 B	
		C798QS95,68	28-MAY-2005	730000000 1		B-CCT-2044 B	
		450930,0320				3-FEB-2045 B	
			24-NOV-2005 .			3-JAN-2041 B	
		3111982.126				0-AUN-2012 B	
						9-MAY-2012 B	
SD82012988077.Q.0.0	06441679	13788.9685				B-MAR-2042 B	
					1	LIMITANIA B	

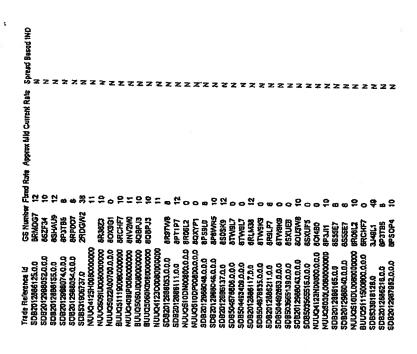
Trade Referença Id	Reference Obligation	Constant & But to
ED82017885121.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	Counterparty Ref. No 772240-772244
5082012984092.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	712240-713244
BD82012686147.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SEGS CORP	772240-772244
0,0.0118445105808	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
NUU 040 (11N0000000000	O GLACIER FUNDING COO II, LTD.	112240-112244
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL BECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012680141.0,0	COLUMBIA CENTER TRUST	772240-772244
80857235426B.D	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	859038
\$DB532354359,0	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	039037
E092012988055,0.0.0	(GS) GS MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORPORATION II	emen.
3082012888151.00	WACHOWA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
8002012988039.0.0.0	CG FIRST BOSTON MORYGAGE TRUST	7122-0-7122-44
8D92012886163.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	772240-772244
SDB2012987843.0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE RECURITIES INC.	1165-0-112244
5082012466159,0,0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SDB2012987971,0.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	772440-772244
5DB2012888135,0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
S002012#88042,0.00	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	1165-0-1125-44
508534321008.1.4	KINGDOM OF SPAIN	
\$082012856071,0.0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	
BD8534321008,4	KINGDOM OF SPAIN	
6 DB 5334406 B (, 3, 0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC	
SDB533440664.2.0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC	
SD8533440664.1.0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC	
EDB2012988047.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
5082012986059.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
SDB\$33440884.0.0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC	
8002012988058,0.0.0	JF MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
BDB2012988168.0 Q.O	DEUTSCHE MORYGAGE AND ASSET RECEIVING CORP. ASS	
NUUQ504GD0080000000	SOUTH COAST FUNDING	
BD82012988080.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
NUUG6013A006000000	SOUTH COAST FUNDING WE LTD	
NUUQ5030900000.0.0.0	HUNTINGTON COO. LTD.	
5DB2012886127.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244
8002012696201.0.0	LO-USS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
NUUCIGO: «MODEDOODEDO	SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIELTD	112240-112244
NUUC409H80080000000	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
NUUC\$078200000.0.0	JUPITER HIGH GRADE COOLTD	
BUTO2111400000.0.0.0	SHERWOOD FUNDING CDO. LTD.	
SDB2012000061.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SO8532002[88.0	DEUTSCHE BANK FINANCE N.V.	856085
BUVQ5120L00800.0.0.0	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING IL LLC	600083
8D82012968062.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUET	
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	Trade Relatence Id	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Raf. Number
	SDB2012886125 0.0	CITIGROUPIDEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772344
	SDB2012988032.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	Transferen
	3DB2012886155.D.O	WACHDVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
	5DB2012988074.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	112540-115244
	8DB2012988054.0.0.0	GMAC MORYGAGE CORPORATION	
	SDB531906737.0	VALEO	
		RIVER NORTH CDO LTD.	
	ALI II CARRILLIAGEAGAGAGA	MIVER NORTH COOLID.	
	ARI ( DE013 ( ARTO C A	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	
	RUUGSV12A007QU.U.U.	ORKNEY HOLDINGS, LLC	
	81/10511190060000000	BRODERICK I COD LTD.	
		RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
	BUUGSOFOJOGSBOOODO		
	BUUQ5050K0050000000		
	NUUQ412300080000000		
	SDB2012988053,0,0,0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
	SD82012886111.0.0	BAND OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
		ORIENT POINT COO, LTD.	
	NUUG510DP00800.0.0.0	ORIENT POINT COO. LTD.	
	SDB2012988048.0.0,0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
		GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
	SDB2012686137.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
	SD0504678606.0.D.D		114210-116244
	808504493409.0.0.0		3
		BANG OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-172244
	908504878635,0.0.0	and a state of the state of a country to the state of the	112290-112299
		MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	770ban   1770baa
	SDB504492863.0.0.0	MOUDAN SINNES CAPITAL	T72240 - 772244
		WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2006-1A	
			5796158/5283168/5295168/6295168/5285168/5286166/629\$168/5295189/
		GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	
		WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2008-1A	6296309/6796300/5206309/5296309/5296309/5296309/6296309/5296309/
۲.	NUU04123N00800.0.0.0		
	NUUQ\$03010080000000		Ri Si
		CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	773240-772244
		CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
		ORIENT POINT COO, LYD.	
		BRODERICK I COO LTD.	
		THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	
	SDB2012488216.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
		COMM 2005-CB COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CENTIFICAT	PS.
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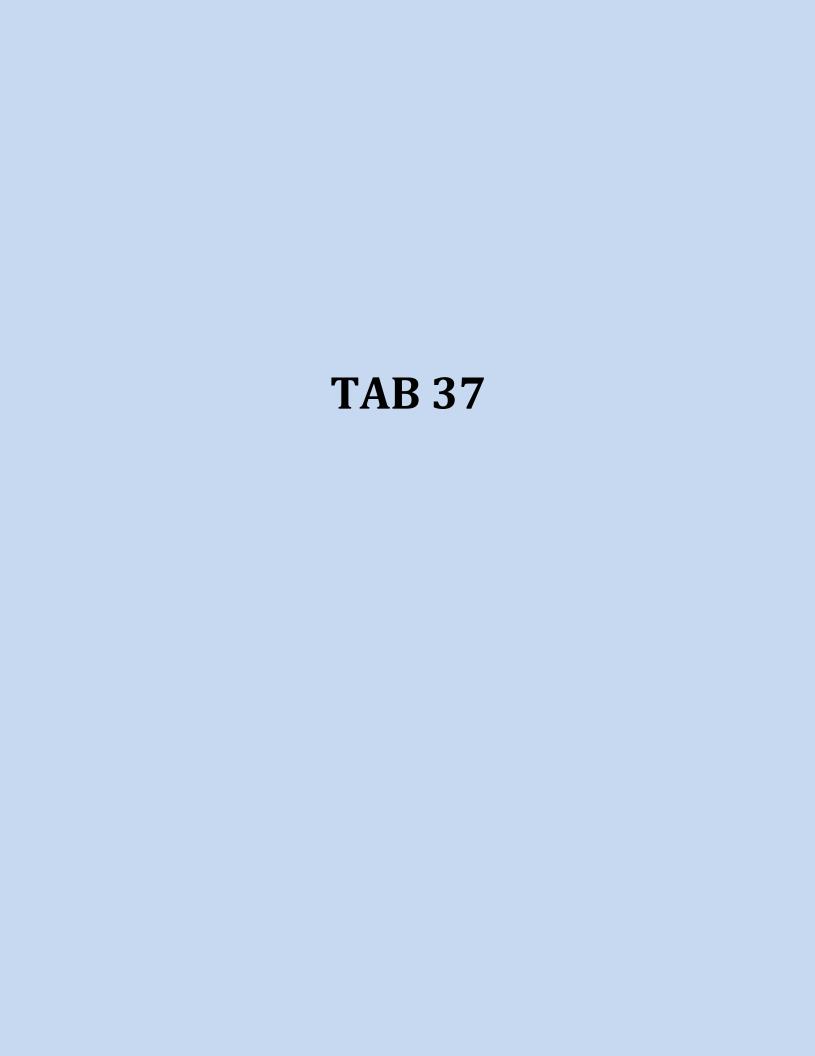




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CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED BY GOLDMAN, SACHS & CO.

GS 09629



# Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court [ 133 Fleet St [ London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority





AIG FINANÇIAL PRODUCTS CORP To Attn: Group

Phone No:

Email: aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

From Max Riso 212-902-7573 Phone No: 212-428-4775 Fax No: Email: Max.Riso@gs.com

Today's date 17-MAR-2008 14-MAR-2008 Valuation as of Close

Market Exposure (USD)

6,844,422,869.57 **Credit Derivatives Equity NSP** 8,823,696.85 **Equity Options** 58,430,884.83 (426,268.02) Foreign Exchange - Forwards Foreign Exchange - Options 9,157,717.03 6,920,408,900.27 **Total Exposure** 

Trigger/Threshold 75,000,000.00 Margin Required 6,845,408,900.27

Collateral Value (USD) 2,000,000,000.00 Cash Collateral: 2,000,000,000.00

Increment 10,000.00 Minimum Call Amt 100,000.00

Margin Call 4,845,410,000.00

# Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhallan Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021 Account: 9301011483

Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

The information in this statement regarding content mortal values is provided tox your information only, it specifically stated, the valuation is the price of which Goldman States in proporal to unwant or terminate the (proposition all opporation) by the ione specified. Otherwise, such valuation is board upon a good light estands of the mid-model value to unwanted an approximately by the ione specified and state in an empressoration in that they have about on each two two tends of the third state and in the states of the model of the states of the model of the states of the model of the states of

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Madadada	56455702A	66452382A	58277514A	54635010A	54635021A	59277522A	597087584	64282974A	54285360A	61679075A	61679084A	914515533A	54556943A	54556953A	S9708750A	611494574	61149411A	61191581A	B1181573A	62706861A	S2705876A	62962454A	87982448A	64549267A	64549259A	66828733A	66826741A	902899710A	908355035A	9028212724	945770207A

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56455702A	O JYUD CE 995000 5Marce 9FH O	05-MAR-2004	TKO	Ċ			JPY/USD	05-MAR-2009	
55482382A	O JYUD CE 100000 6Mar09 8Y3 0	08-MAR-2004	TKO	C	E	100	JPY/USD	06-MAR-2009	TKO
59277514A	O JYUD CE 756000 20Oct18 9TP 0	20-OCT-2004	TKO	C	E	75.6	JPY/USD	20-OCT-2016	
54635010A	Q JYUD PE 890500 22Sep09 A9V 0	22-SEP-2003	TKO	P	Ε	89.05	JPY/USD	22-SEP-2009	TKO
54635021A	O JYUD CE 890500 228ep09 5HZ 0	22-SEP-2003	TKO	C	E	89.05	JPY/USD	22-SEP-2009	TKO
59277522A	O JYUD PE 756000 200 ct16 687 0	20-OCT-2004	TKO	P	E	75.8	JPY/USD	20-OCT-2016	
59708758A	O JYUD PE 868500 17Nov09 P97 0	17-NOV-2004	TKO	P	6 6 6 8	66,85	JPY/USD	17-NOV-2009	
64282974A	O JYUO PE 723000 27Aug20 3PR 0	29-AUG-2005	NYC	P	E			27-AUG-2020	
64285380A	O JYUD CE 723000 27Aug20 27H 0	29-AUG-2005	NYC	C	E E		JPY/USD	27-AUG-2020	
61679075A	O JYUD PE 642000 18Mar20 9TZ 0	18-MAR-2005	TKO	P	Ę	64.2	JPY/USD	18-MAR-2020	
61879084A	O JYUD CE 642000 18Mar20 MLM D	18-MAR-2005	TKO	Ç	E	64.2	JPY/USD	18-MAR-2020	TKO
	Fwd USD 23Mar20	18-MAR-2005						23-MAR-2020	
54556943A	O JYUD CE 125000 11Sep08 G96 0			C	Ė.	125		11-SEP-2008	
	O JYUD PE 900000 115ep08 VVH 0		TKO	P	E E	90		11-SEP-2008	
59708750A	O JYUD CE 866500 17Nev09 YEG 0	17-NOV-2004	TKO	C	E			17-NOV-2009	
61149457A	O JYUD PE 723500 16Feb15 HRW 0	16-FEB-2005	TKO	P	Ε.		JPY/USD	16-FEB-2015	
61149411A	O JYUD CE 723500 16Feb15 5T2 0	16-FEB-2005	TKO	C	Ε.	72.35	JPY/USD	18-FEB-2015	
61191581A	O JYUD PE 857000 16Feb10 8AR 0	16-FEB-2005	TKO	P	E	86.7	JPY/USD	16-FEB-2010	
61 191573A	O JYUD CE 867000 16Feb10 ST4 0	16-FEB-2005	TKO	C	E			16-FEB-2010	
62706861A	O JYUD PE 911500 22May09 YJ3 0	20-MAY-2005	TKO	9	E	91,15		22-MAY-2009	
62706876A	O JYUD CE 911500 22May09 93W 0	20-MAY-2005	TKO	C				22-MAY-2009	
62962454A	O JYUO PE 957000 5Jun08 23L 0	03-JUN-2005	TKO	P	E			05-JUN-2008	
62962446A	O JYUD CE 957000 5Jun06-KFV 0	03-JUN-2005	TKO	C	Ε				TKO
	O JYUD PE 927500 10Sep09 C4A 0		TKO	P	E		JPY/USD		TKO
64549259A	O JYUD CE 927500 10Sep09 2JE 0	12-SEP-2005	TKO	C	Ε		JPY/USD	10-SEP-2009	
66826733A	Q JYUD PE 948500 28Jan11 62R 0	30-JAN-2008	TKO	P	E				TKO
65826741A	O JYUD CE 948500 28Jan11 XA3 0	30-JAN-2006	ΥKO	C	E	84.85	JPY/USD	28-JAN-2011	TKO
902899710A	Fwd USD 10Mar09	08-MAR-2004						10-MAR-2009	
909355036A	Fwd USD 24Qcl16	20-OCT-2004						24-OCT-2016	
902821272A	Fwd USD 9Mar09	05-MAR-2004						09-MAR-2009	
945770207A	Fwd USD 31Aug20	29-AUG-2005						31-AUG-2020	

tradeRelld	cashPhysind	settlemen (Dale	valueDate	usdEquivalent	primaryAmnt	primaryCcy	primeryType	secondaryAmni	se condary Ccy	FXexchangeRete	exchangeRateTerms
56455702A	P	09-MAR-2009	05-MAR-2009		31000000	USD	R	3084500000	JPY		
58482382A	Ρ	10-MAR-2009	06-MAR-2009		30000000	USD	R	3000000000	JPY		
59277514A	P	24-OCT-2016	20-OCT-2016		15000000	USD	P	1134000000	JPY		
54635010A	P	25-SEP-2009	22-SEP-2009		25000000	USD .	R	2226250000	JPY		
54635021A	P	25-SEP-2009	22-SEP-2009		25000000	USD	P	2228250000	JPY		
59277522A	р .	24-OCT-2016	20-OCT-2018		15000000	USD	R	1134000000	JPY		
59706758A	P	19-NOV-2009	17-NOV-2009		10000000	USD	P	868500000	JPY		
64282974A	ρ	31-AUG-2020	27-AUG-2020		10000000	USD	P	723000000	JPY		
6428536DA	P	31-AUG-2020	27-AUG-2020		10000000	USD	R	723000000	JPY		
61679075A	ρ	23-MAR-2020	18-MAR-2020		15000000	USD	R	883000000	JPY		
61679084A	P	23-MAR-2020	18-MAR-2020		15000000	USD	P	963000000	JPY		
914515533A		28-JUN-2008	23-MAR-2020	3750000	240750000	JPY	R	-3750000	USD	64.2	JPY/USD
54556943A	P	16-SEP-2008	11-SEP-2008	•	50000000	USD	R	6250000000	JPY		
54556953A	P	16-SEP-2008	11-SEP-2008		50000000	USD	R	4500000000	JPY		
59708750A	P	19-NOV-2009	17-NOV-2009		10000000	USD	R	868500000	JPY		
61149457A	Þ	18-FEB-2015	16-FEB-2015		15000000	USD	р.	1085250000	JPY		
61149411A	P	18-FEB-2015	16-FEB-2015		15000000	USD	R	1085250000	JPY		
61191581A	p	18-FEB-2010	16-FEB-2010		20000000	USD	P	1734000000	JPY		
61191573A	P	18-FEB-2010	16-FEB-2010		20000000	USD	R	1734000000	JPY		
62705861A	P	26-MAY-2009	22-MAY-2009		25000000	USD	P	2278750000	JPY		
62708876A	P	26-MAY-2009	22-MAY-2009		25000000	USD	R	2278750000	JPY		
52962454A	P	09-JUN-2008	D5-JUN-2008		30000000	USD	Þ	2871000000	JPY		
62962446A	P	09-JUN-2008	05-JUN-2008		30000000	USD	R	2871000000	JPY		
64549267A	P	14-SEP-2009	10-SEP-2009		10000000	USD	R	927500000	JPY .		
64549259A	P	14-SEP-2009	10-SEP-2009		10000000	USD	P	927500000	JPY		
66826733A	P	01-FEB-2011	28-JAN-2011		25000000	USD	Ρ	2371250000	JPY		
66826741A	P	01-FE8-2011	28-JAN-2011		25000000	USD	R	2371250000	JPY		•
902899710A		28-JUN-2005	10-MAR-2009	13200000	1302160000	JPY	R	-13200000	USD	. 98,65	JPY/USD
909355036A		28-JUN-2006	24-OCT-2016	2700000	204120000	JPY	R	-2700000	USD	75.6	JPY/USO
902821272A			09-MAR-2008		1260075600		₽	-13020000	USD	95.78	JPY/USD
945770207A		28-DEC-2006	31-AUG-2020	2300000	-168290000	JPY	P	2300000	USD	72.3	JPY/USD

IradeRelld	nollonelVatue	FXdeRe	FXmk/Exposure	valuedNiniValue	margnGroupName closingPrice	closing Price
55455702A	31000000	0.450252316	1213359.221	31096884,77	Foreign Exchange	0.03914062
56482382A	30000000	0.442510729	1094321,39	30244984,37	Foreign Exchange	0.03847738
59277514A	15000000	0.44649561	-1822219,299	11432604,06	Foreign Exchange	0,12/48/287
54635010A	25000000	-0.270256226	-814030,2957	22444298.82	Foreign Exchange	0.032551212
54635021A	25000000	0.696919759	-2847089.788	22444298,82	Foreign Exchange	0.113883592
59277522A	1500000	-0,260694153	1248315,095	11432804.09	Foreign Exchange	0.083221008
59708758A	10000000	-0.241647538	304906,7444	8755922.976	Foreign Exchange	0.030490674
64282974A	10000000	-0.228491705	1207229,303	7289041,234	Foreign Exchange	0.12072283
64285360A	1000000	0.344301892	1183228,184	7289041.234	Foreign Exchange	0.118322818
81679075A	15000000	-0.180175997	•1306248.286	9708539,884	Foreign Exchange	0.087083219
616790B4A	15000000	0,405853154	-2351617.311	9708639,984	Forsign Exchange	0.156774487
914515533A	2427159,996		.261342.2564	3750000	Foreign Exchange	72.85173799
54556943A	50000000	0,001336687	1454,503801	63010384.11	Foreign Exchange	2,90901E-05
54556953A	2000000	0.214442143	-813382,1382	45367476.56	Foreign Exchange	0.016267243
59708750A	1000000	0.721951157	1310717.347	8755922.976	Foreign Exchange	0.131071735
61149457A	15000000	-0.212064107	834538,7758	10941123.1	Foreign Exahenge	0.065635918
61149411A	15000000	0,559943268	2433512.684	10941123.1	Foreign Exchange	0.162234172
61191581A	20000000	-0.250623908	671501.7695	17481500.97	Foreign Exchange	0.033595089
G1191573A	20000000	0.70666153	2816663.631	17401600.97	Foreign Exchange	0,130934184
62706861A	25000000	-0.293952463	797967,6533	22973588.05	Foreign Exchange	0.031919506
627068764	25000000	0.680445141	2426263.592	22973586.05	Foreign Exchange	0.097050544
62962454A	30000000	-0.334326666	583573,2182	28944450.05	Foreign Exchange	0.019452441
62962448A	30000000	0.859567266	1519711,118	28944450.05	Foreign Exchange	0.050657037
64549267A	10000000	-0.342130618	408846.1273	9350741,002	Foreign Exchange	0.040884613
645492594	1000000	0.625745249	-858879.9925	9350741,002	Foreign Exchange	0.085897999
668267334	25000000	-0.432043827	1725739,108	23906139.73	Foreign Exchange	0.069029564
66828741A	25000000	0.496377662	1701297.167	23906139.73	Foreign Exchange	0.068051888
902899710A	13128137.92		94401,26681	13200000	Foreign Exchange	67,93410592
909355036A	2057868,737		-103302,7557	2700000	Fotelgn Exchange	79,92556284
902821272A	12703655.61		-150504.0188	13020000	Foreign Exchange	87.53710091
945770207A	1876479,484		-5520.257396	2300000	Foreign Exchange	71.89621351

tradeRelld	(cansactionType	accountNumber	<b>FXinklExposure</b>	primaryArmnt	primaryCcy	notionalValue	tradeDate	effectiveDate	majurityDate	explreDate	DUNBekud
9EF655699	Equity Derivative		8747003.177	49999907.1	USD	49999907.1		18-NOV-2006	19-OCT-2015	19-OCT-2015	В
9EF6566B4	Equity Derivative		5895084,915	30000272.76	USD	30000272.76	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2008	21-DEC-2015	21-DEC-2015	8
9EF6566C2	Equity Derivative		6533092.38		USD	30000272.76	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2005	21-DEC-2015	21-DEC-2015	В
9EF6566E8	Equity Derivative		4686910.288	25000080.6	USD	25000050.6	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2005	10-MAR-2016	10-MAR-2016	B
9EF6566D0	Equity Derivative		9402002.657	50000244	USD	50000244	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	19-JAN-2016	19-JAN-2016	В
9EF6566A6	Equity Derivative		-6518208.482		USD	49999907.1	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006	18-OCT-2010	18-OCT-2010	s
9EF650JQ0	Equity Derivative		10689450	42375000	USD	42375000	16-NOV-2008	15-NOV-2008	01-MAY-2013	01-MAY-2013	В
9EF6S0JT4	Equity Derivative		-9207150		USD	48825000			01-MAY-2013		
	EGOTC-OTCFF				USD	3940000	18-NOV-2008	18-NOV-2006	11-AUG-2015	11-AUG-2015	Š
	EQOTC-OTCNFI		140512,6376		USD	15230200	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	10-DEC-2010	10-DEC-2010	В
SDB1624655256,0.1.0					USD	20230200			10-DEC-2010		
SDB1622963271Z.0.0.0			1388066.268		USD				13-NOV-2015		
SDB1622963288Z.0,0.0					USD	2835227.49			13-NOV-2015		
\$D81622963312Z.0,0.0			-3902298.765		USD				13-NOV-2019		
SDB1622963364Z.0.0.0					USD				13-NOV-2019		
SDB1622963386Z.0.0.0					USD				13-NOV-2020		
SDB1625549836Z.0.0.0					USD	5400000			29-MAR-2010		
SOB1625549837Z.0.0.0				9900000	USD	9900000			29-MAR-2010		
SDB1622963400Z.0.0.0					USD	8880859.33			13-NOV-2020		
SD81622963409Z.0.0.0					USD				14NOV-2022		
SDB1624655344Z.0.0.0					USD	6400000			16-JAN-2009		
				8400000	USD						
SDB1624655346Z.0,0,0						17640000			16-JAN-2009		
SDB1622963427Z.0.0.0				5949673.28	USD				14-NOV-2022		
	EQOTC-OTONFF				USD	7500000			19-JUN-2009		
SD81626828357,0.0.0						50025600			21-SEP-2011		
	ECOTC-OTCFF					50025600			14-SEP-2011		
	EQOTC-OTCFF				USD	50025600			31-AUG-2011		
	EQOTC-OTCFF				USD	50025600			17-AUG-2011		
	EQOTC-OTCFF			50025600	USD	50025600			03-AUG-2011		
	EDOTC-OTCNFF				USD	34045200			26-JAN-2011		
	EQOTC-OTCNFF					34045200			19-JAN-2011		
	EQOTO-OTONF!				USD	34045200			29-DEC-2010		
	EQOTC-OTCNFF				USD		25-JAN-2008		15-DEC-2010		
	EQOTC-OTCNF!				USÐ				27-JUN-2017		
SDB1626828380.0.0,0	EQOTC-OTCNFF								01-DEC-2010		
SD8594223071U.0.1,0	EQUTC-OTCNFF								15-JAN-2010		
SDB1625989016.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCNFI	03396884	10968494,58			83521350	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2008	06-MAY-2013	06-MAY-2013	В
SDB1625989093.0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396684	3508241,799		USD				24-SEP-2013		
SDB1623049426Z.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTGNFF	03396884	4525293,406	107068000	USD	107068000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	15-MAY-2013	15-MAY-2013	В
SDB1623049431Z.0,0,0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-4073673.463	123539000	USD	123539000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	23-AUG-2013	23-AUG-2013	S
SDB1623049454Z.0,0.0			64815708.22	30000000	USD	30000000	17-OCY-2007	17-OCT-2007	15JUN-2012	15-JUN-2012	В
SDB1623049496Z.0.0.0	EQUTC-OTOFF	03396884	-60681583.99	37500000	USD	37500000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	15-JUN-2012	15-JUN-2012	S
SDB1623049567Z.0.0.0			66801679,46	30000000	USD	30000000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	21-JUN-2013	21-JUN-2013	В
SDB1623049574Z.0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-63120759.64	37500000	USD	37500000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	21-JUN-2013	21-JUN-2013	S

IradeReffd	transactionType accountivamber PXmidExposure primaryAmnt primaryCey notionalYalue (radeDate effectiveCate maturityCate expreDate buySelf	FXmkExposure	primaryAmrit	primaryCey	notionalValue	(radeDale	effectiveCate	maturityDale	expireDate	SuySellind
007037	CA CATO DATO MES DOSADSAN	1380027 BB3	12511521.52	OSO OSO	12533521.52	8-207-2007	09-NOV-2007	12-050-2000	2.0EC-200	
200000000000000000000000000000000000000		000000000000000000000000000000000000000	200000	5	45505000	46. 34 N. 2004	18, 16 N. 2008	17.SEP-2010	17-SEP-2010	100
SDB594243852U.0.1.0	EGOTC-OTCNF) USSB5864	2000/67/0000	2000	9	200000			2000	(1 OED 2010	u
0.10.1125024262000	SOUTO-OTOFF 03395984	-420B097.538	21875000	22	21875000	16-JAN-2005	10-JAN-2000	2021201	20212012	•
0. 0 min 4000 min		C7381195.07	3000000	OSI	30000000	18-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	91.NOV-2010	91-NOV-2010	_o
5051623043627.0.1.0	COLORDO LLOCOLOGIA	15000   15000	COCCOCC	3 1		2000 / 1014 07	2000 1014 04	ON MON WAS	OF NOV. 2040	2
CDB1623043941 D 1 D	FOOTC-OTCNF: 03395884	58120697.98	2250000	GSD	2250000	200.00	200	01-NON-10	212242210	٠.
000010000000000000000000000000000000000	A DANCE OF THE PASSAGE	CARDY GORDS	11250000	8	11250000	16-JAN-2008	16~AN-2009	21-SEP-2012	21-SEP-2012	co.
SUB1826649465.U.U.U		30000	2000	3			6000 1111 07	Olfor day 69	17,050,000	•
SDB50424388211.0 1.0	FOOTC-OTCNFf 03398884	434,1589	750000	25	320000	10-JAN-2000	007447000	0.02542000		
0.000	TOOK OTTAKE GROOMER	151822 5068	RSONNO	6	850000	16-JAN-2008	16-JAN-2008	21-SEP-2012	21-SEP-2012	00
DD820/0340/90000					4400000	SPECIAL SAME	CO. LAM. 200B	47.500.2050	17,5EP,5010	v
SDB594243884U,0,1,0	ECOTO-OTOFF 03396884	.246685.4562	11250000	2	70000	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY OF THE			, ,
000,00000000000000000000000000000000000	PRESCRIPTION OF CHANGE	CPC 707400A	SQUBBOD .	QSD	5908600	18-NOV-2008	18-NOV-2008	11-906-2013	PI-2004-II	124
0.0.0.12262202010.0.0	0.00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1				TO STORES	COURT TOO 44	70000-Track	40.000.000	42-DEC-2008	•
	C7147 C16 1614 C16	207770		-	0000	2	3			3

tradeRefid	PUICEUNE	underlier	underlierQuantity	eirkePrk
9EF656699	P	\$PX	42146	1185.35
9EF6566B4	c	SPX	19821	1513.58
9EF6568C2	P	SPX	19821	1513,56
9EF6566E8	P	SPX	19542	1279.3
9EF8566D0	P	SPX	38941	1284
9EF6566A6	₽	SPX	42146	1186.35
9EF650JQ0	¢	CIEN	7500000	5.65
SEF650JT4	C	CIEN	7500000	6.51
SDB1626239424.0.0.0	C	NRG.N	200000	19.7
SD81624855254.0.1.0	C	VRXN	500000	32,4604
SDB1624655255.0.1.0	C	VRX.N	50000D	40,4604
SDB1622963271Z.0.0.0	P	.SPX	2817	1868.97
SDB1622963288Z.0.0.0	С	.SPX	1517	1868.97
SDB1622963312Z.0.0.0		.SPX	7277	2145.85
SDB1622963364Z.0.0.0	С.	.SPX	3919	2145,85
SD81622963366Z.0.0.0	P	.SPX	7277	2215.07
SDB1625549836Z.0.0.0		LSI.N	500000	10.8
SOB1625549837Z.0.0.0		LSI.N	500000	19,8
SDB1622963400Z.0.0.0	C	.SPX	3919	2215.07
SDB1622963409Z.0.0.0	P	.SPX	4695	2353,51
SDB1624655344Z.0.0.0	P	NTAP,O	420000	20
SD81624655346Z.0.0.0	C	NTAP.O	420000	42
SDB1622963427Z.0.0.0	C	.SPX	2528	2353,51
SDB594243831U.0.1.0	P	NAVZ.PK		15
SD81626828357.0,0.0	C	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
SDB1626828358.0.0.0	C	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
SDB1626828359.0,0.0	С	NCC.N	1800000	27,792
SDB1626628360,0.0.0	C	NCC.N	1800000	27,792
SDB1626828361.0.0.0	C	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
SDB1626828367.0.0.0	С	NCC,N	1800000	18,914
SDB1626828369.0.0.0	С	NCC.N	1800000	16,914
\$D81626828370.0.0.0	C	NCC.N	1800000	18.914
SDB1626828376.0.0.0	C	NCC.N	1800000	18.914
SDB1505589308.0.0.0	p	.SPX	16738	1493.65
SDB1626628380.0,0.0	С	NCC.N	1600000	18,914
SDB584223071U.0.1.0	۶	GT.N	1500000	10
SDB1625989016.0.0.0	C	MOT.N	1500000	55,6809
SDB1625989093,0.0.0	С	MDT.N	1500000	75.93
SDB1623049426Z.0.0.0	С	SNOKO	1300000	82.36
\$D\$1623049431Z.0.0.0	Ç,	SNOKO	1300000	95.03
SD81623049454Z.Q.Q.Q	C	PCLN.O	750000	40
SD81623049496Z.0.0.0	C	PCLN.O	750000	<b>5</b> 0 .
SO81623048567Z.0.0.0		PCLN.O	750000	40
SOB1623049574Z,0.0.0	С	PCLN.O	750000	50

tradeRefld	putCellIN	D underlier	underlarQuantity	atrikePrice
SDB1603441134.0.0,0	Þ	,N225	100000	12432
SDB594243852U.0.1,0	С	CALN	625000	25
SD8594243857U.0.1,0	С	CAL.N	825000	35
SDB1623043827.0.1.0	С	MA.N	375000	80
SDB1623043841.0.1.0	c	MA.N	375000	60
SDB1626849485.0.0.0	C	ABG.N	250000	45
SDB594243882U.0.1.0	Ċ	LCC.N	250000	30
SDB507094078U.O.0.0	C	ABG,N	250000	34
SDB594243884U.0.1.0	Ċ	LCC.N	250000	45
SD81626239221.0.0.0	Ċ	NRG.N	200000	29.543
SDB16034(3787 0 0 A	Ď	M225	200000	13158 4

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8		asu	12500000	12-701-2008	SSE.ET16701	678164800	
. 8	20-JUN-2010	asu	2600000		9805,776601		
8	5+05-YAM-21	asu	90000944		60E,445GB16		
8	15-AUG-2038	USD	15000000	12-101-2006	915314,6089		
8	CAOS-YAM-21	asn	15200000	12-101-2008	1127143,293		
8	8605-2UA-21	asu	44500000		11420654.28	678144800	SDB2012886133.0.0
9	2405-WAL-21	asu	44500000		12923018.39	673194300	
8	10-OCT-2045	asu	44500000		11419591,54	ETB11+200	
8	14-NOV-2042	asn	13000000	12-701-2008	2700,988629		
е	15-FEB-2040	asu	12000000	12-101-2008	311,9580985		0.0.0.29088621028Q8
Ħ	SPOS-HAM-21	asu	12500000	12-JUL-2006	1006161,24	673154900	G.0.0.17088827.0SBC/2
8	11-DEC-2040	asn	15200000	12-101-2008	7629.690888		SDB2012887843.0.0.0
£	15-FEB-2030	ดรถ	42500000	15-701-2008	3665526.838		0.0.0.13088921028@8
8	6505-5UA-81	nap	4420000	300S-ARA-1S	2074813.529		0.0,10588651058G2
8	15-AUG-2020	asn	15200000	12701-2006	585412.8724		0.0.0,098805102803
8	SADS-RAM-21	O≊D	44200000	800S-R9A-1S	89,8808946	878100800	\$082012888197,0.0
8	13-FEB-2046	asn	44200000	300S-SPA-1S	5/6'695961Z	649144900	0.0,92128851028G8
8	Spos-von-i	asn	44200000	21-APR-2006	441.76468 <u>5</u> 5	673 PAP 800	SDB2012888211,0.0
8	15-DEC-2044	asn	44200000	300S-FI9A-1S	57.58282711	818144800	SDB2012886147,0,0
9	3-FEB-2046	asn	12200000	12-301-2008	602587,8015	6781144800	0,0,0,04678951028G8
8	58-DEC-2042	asn		10-NOV-2005	19.83636161	673144800	
8	05-AUG-2040	asn	S.2021196Þ	28-JUN-2005	89.16861.48	6291++900	8UUQ50601(00800000000
8	09-05-DUA-80	asn		28-1UN-2005	8.727872021	673 144300	8000208000000
E	12701-5044	020	D00003Ab	2005-FIGA-1S	11229874.65	629144900	5082012886125,0.0
8	08-OCT-2043	qsn	20,01770,05		1966.111861		NUUGE014M008000000000
8	06-0CT-2043	Q\$D	<b>3.1444331S</b>	800S-MAL-SI	8.441788322	649199900	000000000000AE103DUUN
8	1402-NAL-80	Øŝ∩		21-APR-2003	4.616773885	849144900	NUUGED4GED00000000
9	12-NOV-2040	nao		11-MAR-2005	15.393565.41		N/10/2032800800000000
8	02:DEC:5045	asn		18-DEC-3002	1151.72480		NUUGE128M00800000000
9	\$\$0Z-NJU-80	asn		2005-YAM-EI	16,503,1583	6291 <del>779</del> 00	NO DE CONTROL DE CONTR
8	2POS-NAL-21	asa	15200000	12-101-2008	248085.5111	673144300	0,0,0,2608682105808
8	15-JUL-2042	asn	12000000	15-101-2008	3132369.242	673154800	0.0.0.7298892102808
S	50-DEC+5011	asu	97.87665353	23-OCT-2006	PSP.862868E+	000842855	SD8535092397.0
8	20-SEP-2015	asu	00000009	800S-NAL-Y!	1352730.824	678144800	4.1.8001SEAEE8GR
8	11-569-2042	asu	4420000	800S-R9A-1S	35,85038511	878155800	SDB2012888123.0.0
8	15-AUG-2042	ash		8005-A9A-1S	96,00831001	6/9174900	0.0.24 138851058GB
8	11-5EP-2042	asn	15200000	15-10C-2008	1146,688688	6/9177900	0.0.0.74978621028(3)
a	33-OCT-2045	asn	520000	2005-TOC-50	131520	6781b+800	MANGELODICO800000000
8	EADS-WAL-ED	asu	469121335.2	24-NOV-2005	202658866.3	678100	BUUCES111600800000000
8	EPOS-YAM-OI	asa	11000000	12-101-2006	2271267,294	678144800	0.0.0.830882102808
8	540S-YAM-01	asu	00000597	12-101-2008	4138355035	673122300	0.0.0.7408892102803
8	12-101-2044	osn	15200000	12-101-2006	921310.1621	673144300	0.0.0,2367895102802
8	20-JUN-2010	neo	8000008	7005-938-2007	54844,42589	526318800	0.0.438044663802
. 8	15-101-2042	asa	42500000	12-701-2008	945,1219	6491000	0.0,0,3508821028038
Buy/Sell	eleQ (hruleM	Notional Currency	Mollons! Value	eleQ sbarT	Market Exposure	19dmuN 100A	Trade Reference Id

Trade Reference Id	Acct Number	Market Exposure	Trade Date	Notional Value	Notional Currency		Guy\Sell
SDB532354359.0	006441679	38198,8593	19-JAN-2007	2500000	250	0102-900-02	٥ د
SDB2012366058,0.0.0	008441679	605333.8325	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSO	15-806-2042	י פו
SDB2012888045,0.0.0	006441679	2835862.405	12-101-2006	15000000	asa	10-UCN-2048	æ
SDB2012988043,0,0.0	005441678	2810155,312	12-101-2006	15000000	OSD	10-AUG-2042	æ
SDB2012988045.0.0.0	008441679	3676134.288	12-JUL-20D6	42500000	nsp	10-JUN-2048	œ
SDB2012886121.0.0	005441679	11659316.62	21-APR-2008	44500000	USO	11-DEC-2040	æ
SDB2012888042,0,0,0	005441679	3652401.642	12-JUL-2006	4250000	qsn	10-AUG-2042	
SDB2012988050,0,0.0	006441679	4107636,079	12-JUL-2008	42500000	asn	10-JUL-2045	ш
SD82012887809.0,0.0	006441879	605349,3124	12-JUL-2006	12500000	050	10-DEC-2042	<b>~</b>
SDB2012886111.0.0	006441679	8450771.779	21-APR-2008	44500000	USD	10-NOV-2042	шň
SDB2012886149.0.0	006441679	9275070,979	21-APR-2008	44500000	OSO	12-JUN-2043	<b>~</b>
SDB2012998167.0.0.0	006441679	1130663,544	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USO	12-JUN-2043	₩.
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	006441679	3824076,918	12-JUL-2006	42500000	OSO	10-MAY-2043	<b>20</b>
SD82012986053.0.0.0	008441679	1099066,649	12-JUL-2006	12500000	osn	10-NOV-2045	m
SDB2012886113.0,D	006441679	11173887.33	21-APR-2006	44500000	ds∩	10.3UL-2045	m
SDB2012886139.0.p	006441679	11628875.6	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSD	10-NOV-2045	æ
NUUCA09IN00B00000000	006441679	20755.46625	23-SEP-2004	69221.45	O\$D	12-NOV-2042	<b>65</b>
NUUGS05G30030000A00	006441679	54875582.15	26-MAY-2005	73000000	asn	28-OCT-2044	曲
SDB2012988054.0.0.0	006441679	970971,8391	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	<u>~</u>
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	005441679	1006316.137	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-JAN-2046	<b>1</b> 10
SDB2012886127,0.0	006441679	12850135.89	21-APR-2005	44500000	USD	15-JAN-2046	•
SDB2012988039,0.0,0	006441679	1008100.079	12-JUL-2006.	12500000	aso	15-DEC-2040	œ
SDB534321008,4	008441679	1352730.824	17-JAN-2008	50000000	กรอ	20-SEP-2015	<b>.</b>
SDB533440664.3.0	005815922	103595.0267	65-SEP-2007	17000000	OSO	20-JUN-2010	<b>a</b>
SDB533440664.2.0	006815922	103595.0287	05-SEP-2007	17000000	nsp	20-JUN-2010	<b></b>
SDB533440664.1.0	005815922	103595.0267	05-SEP-2007	17000000	nsp	20-JUN-2010	œ
NUUC 409HR0080000000	-	67413768.71	23-SEP-2004	202904178.7	USD	12-NOV-2042	₽
NULC SOO! VOOR OO OO OO		113721.2894	27-SEP-2005	232284.64	usp	06-MAY-2042	助
SDB2012886137.0.0	006441679	11659531,37	21-APR-2008	44500000	OSD	10-NOV-2045	∞
SDB2012888052,0.0.0	006441679	3374861.838	12-JUL-2006	15000000	asa	10.JUL-2045	₩.
SDB2012885218.0.0	00644679	2084333.548	21-APR-2006	44500000	asn	15-AUG-2041	100
SDB533918096.0	006815922	1581292.438	06-NOV-2007	23497492.03	OSO	20-DEC-2012	œ
5082012886119,0.0	006441679	13100956.23	21-APR-2005	44500000	nsp	10.SEP-2045	<b>.</b>
SDB2012885135.0.D	006441679	11594502	21-APR-2006	44500000	asn	15-DEC-2040	<b>.</b>
SDB2012967916.0.0.0	<b>006441679</b>	655815,921	12-JUL-2006	12500000	asn	10-JUL-2045	œ
SDB2012988074.0.0.0	006441679	588112,7962	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD OSD	15-AUG-2041	ω,
SDB2012886109.0.0	006441679	5270479,755	21-APR-2006	44500000	asn	10-DEC-2042	œ
SD8532092188.0	006441679	6038185.222	23-OCT-2008	78324973.45	dsn	20-DEC-2011	∞
NUUC4125H0080000000	006441679	74628123,38	22-DEC-2004	146355868.2	asn	06-FEB-2040	∞
00000000000000000000000000000000000000	006441679	104085126.9	27-SEP-2005	180361914,3	SSD	06-MAY-2042	<b>&amp;</b>
SDB2012987838,0.0.0	006441679	1653168,666	12-JUL-2006	12500000	usp	10-SEP-2045	80
SDB2012886220,0.0	006441679	1924\$30.618	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSD	15-OCT-2044	8
SDB2012987858,0,0.0	006441679	1092679.712	12-JUL-2008	12500000	nso	10-NOV-2042	8
NUUQ409HSD080000000		90307259.4	23-SEP-2004	307163963,1	ດຮກ	07-DEC-2012	63

Trade Reference id		Markel Exposure	Trade Dalo		Notional Currency		BuylSeli
NUUQ4091P00800000000	008441679	26102.687	23-SEP-2004	B1954.1	USD	07-DEC-2040	
NUUQ4102N0080000000	006441679	52350089.93	20-OCT-2004	181543957.5	USD	08-DEC-2040	В
NUUQ507CD0080000000		112871.257	20-JUL-2005	233964.33	USD	OB-JUN-2042	
SD8533918128.0	006816922	1222930,649	08-NOV-2007	23497492.03	USD	20-DEC-2012	В
SDB533882552.1.0	006815922	5833194,509	30-QCT-2007	50000000	USD	20-JUN-2012	8
SDB534680582.0	005815922	-4510,117855	07-MAR-2008	1000000	USD	20-MAR-2013	s
SDB531906737.0	006441679	195047,3861	17-AUG-2008	11748746.02	USD	20-JUN-2009	В
NUUQ4123000800000000	006441679	64764,2303	15-DEC-2004	190251,36	USD	D4-JAN-2041	В
SD82012988084.0.0,0	006441679	669387,4122	12-JUL-2006	15500000	USD	15-OCT-2044	
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SDB2012987971.0.0.0	006441679	620495.5244	12-JUL-2006	13000000	USD	15-AUG-2038	8
SD82012885141.0.0	006441679	9150954,311	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-JUL-2039	В
SDB2012988055,0.0.0	005441679	1148660,679	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-JUL-2039	8
SDB2012887934.0.0.0	008441879	1034893.949	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	10-OCT-2045	8
BUUQ511190080000000	008441679	56433.6567	23-NOV-2005		USD	03-JAN-2043	
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SOB2012987962.0.0.0	006441679	3075419.833		15000000	USD	10-MAY-2043	
5082012885165.0.0	005441679	4425179.529	21-APR-2006		USD	16-FE8-2039	8
SDB2012989088.0.0,0	005441679	947315.8891		12500000	USD	15-DEC-2044	
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		236301293,6	11-MAY-2007		OBU	05-OCT-2045	
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BUUQ5120L00800.0.0.0	006441679	335922838.9	11-MAY-2007		USD	05-DEC-2042	
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NUUQ5100P00800.0.0.0		394822500	15-MAY-2007		USD	03-0CT-2045	
		54284081 4.5		1119259411	USD	05-DEC-2040	
		783587977.7		1143924055	USD	04-NOV-2041	
		766163250		1187850000	USD	04-NOV-2041	
	006441679	258972250	08-NOV-2006		USD	03-OCT-2038	
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SD8504678635,0.0.0	006441679	18500000	08-DEC-2006	100000000	UBD	03-OCT-2039	8

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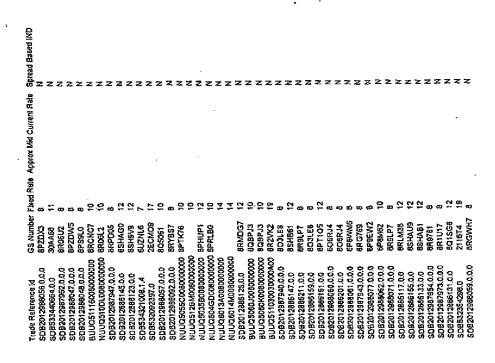
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\$122012888366.0.0 \$1220128883640.0.0 \$122012888047.0.0.0 \$122012888047.0.0.0 \$102510DL0GBR000000 \$1025102887447.0.0.0 \$122012885446.0.0	\$DB\$34321081.4 \$DB\$37329237.0 \$DB\$3712888857.0.0 \$NUUC\$572880920.0.0 NUUC\$72880920000000 NUUC\$728809200000000 NUUC\$72880000000000 NUUC\$728000000000000000000000000000000000000	NUUCEDISAUGEDOCOCO NUUCEGA HADOSOCOCOCO SDB201286178.0.0 BUUCSCOCOCOCOCO BUUCSCOCOCOCOCOCO BUUCSCOCOCOCOCOCO COROMANO DO COCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOCOC	SOB2012886147.0.0 SOB2012886147.0.0 SOB2012886159.0.0 SOB201288050.0.0.0 SOB201288050.0.0.0 SOB201288061.0.0.0 SOB2012880051.0.0.0 SOB2012880051.0.0.0	SDB201288071.0.0. SDB201288617.0.0. SDB2012886150.0.0. SDB2012886150.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.

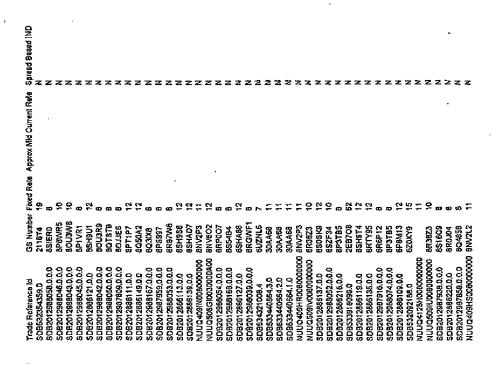
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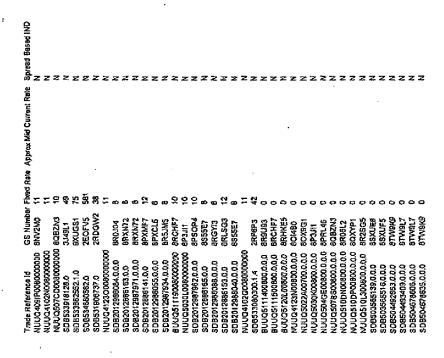
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SDB2012988046.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
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SOB2012988045.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SOB2012886121.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SDB2012988042.0.0.0	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.	112240-1122-44
SD82012988050.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
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SDB2012987959.0.0.0	COMM 2005-C6 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICA	ree
SDB2012988053.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
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SD82012888139.0.0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
NUUQ 4091N0D80000000	GLACIER FUNDING COO II, LTD.	112240-112244
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	RIVER NORTH CDO LTD.	0,0000
	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	
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CUSIP Quantity Description Colleteral Type Helicut Percent Closing Price (USD) USD Amount Halirati USD Amount CASH 111000000 US DOLLAR Cash-USD 111000000 111000000 111000000 CASH 1889000000 US OOLLAR Cash-USD 1

### Unkown

From:

Dias, Marina [Marina.Dias@ny.email.gs.com]

Sent:

Tuesday, March 18, 2008 9:15 AM

To:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

Subject

Margin Call Report GSI vs. AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP

Attachments: Invoice; NSP Details; FX Details; Equity Options Details; Credit Derivatives Details; Collateral

Detail

The 6 attachments to this Email contain the Margin Call Report for close of business 17-MAR-2008. Please confirm receipt of this report by contacting us via e-mail or phone.

Marina Dias 212-902-6537 Marina Dias@gs.com

Prepared Tuesday, March 18, 2008 at 09:15 AM Compass Tracking Code 24834_078091148

<<involce>> <<NSP Details>> <<FX Details>> <<Equity Options Details>> <<Collateral Details>>

5/7/2008

# Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court j 133 Fleet St | London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority

### Collateral Invoice



To Attn: AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP Group

Phone No: Email:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

From Phone No: Fax No: Email:

Marina Dias 212-902-6537 212-428-47.75 Marina.Dias@gs.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close 18-MAR-2008 17-MAR-2008

Market Exposure (USD)

**Credit Derivatives** 7,007,329,338.88 9,105,789,38 **Equity NSP** 54,536,602.54 **Equity Options** Foreign Exchange - Forwards (2,496.44)Foreign Exchange - Options 8,197,055.59 **Total Exposure** 7,079,166,289.97

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required

75,000,000.00 7,004,166,289.97

Collateral Value (USD) Cash Collateral:

3,012,860,000.00 3,012,860,000.00

Increment Minimum Call Amt

10,000,00 100,000.00

Margin Call

3,991,310,000.00

### Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhatlan Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021

Account: 93D1011483 Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

# TAB 38

# Goldman Sachs International

Peterborough Court j 133 Fleet St | London, EC4A2BB Goldman Sachs International is authorised and regulated by the Financial Services Authority

### Collateral Invoice



To Attn: AIG FINANCIAL PRODUCTS CORP Group

Phone No: Email:

aigfpcollateral@aigfpc.com

From Phone No: Fax No: Email:

Marina Dias 212-902-6537 212-428-47.75 Marina.Dias@gs.com

Today's date Valuation as of Close 18-MAR-2008 17-MAR-2008

Market Exposure (USD)

**Credit Derivatives** 7,007,329,338.88 9,105,789,38 **Equity NSP** 54,536,602.54 **Equity Options** Foreign Exchange - Forwards (2,496.44)Foreign Exchange - Options 8,197,055.59 **Total Exposure** 7,079,166,289.97

Trigger/Threshold Margin Required

75,000,000.00 7,004,166,289.97

Collateral Value (USD) Cash Collateral:

3,012,860,000.00 3,012,860,000.00

Increment Minimum Call Amt

10,000,00 100,000.00

Margin Call

3,991,310,000.00

### Instructions

GSCO - USD Cash, Margin and Coupons: Chase Manhatlan Bank, New York, ABA # 021000021

Account: 93D1011483 Account: Goldman, Sachs & Co.

Reference: COLLATERAL

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59277522A	OMNI		530	S		SSIL	79599004		15000000
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81149457A	OMNI	m	Š	8		CSIL	76599004		15000000
61149411A	INMO	9	Š			189	79599004		15000000
611915814	OMN	_	EXO	9	Option	. ଅଧ	79599 <b>004</b>	02587567	2000000
61191573A	INMO	<del></del>	Š	8		GSIL	79599004		20000000
62706861A	NWO		EXO OX	œ		SSIL	79559004		2500000
62706876A	OMN	m	EXO S	8		SSIL	79599004		25000000
62962454A	OMN	2	PXO CX	e e		58%	79599004		3000000
82982448A	OMN	2	ξXO	80		GSIL.	78599004		30000000
64549267A	OMNI	•	5XO	s		GSI,	79599004		10000000
64549259A	INMO	4	58	s		GSIL	79599004		10000000
65826733A	OMN	r)	500	9		GSIL	79599004		2500000
65826741A	OMN	7	5. O.	9		GSIL	79599004		25000000
902899710A	NFX	-	æ	<b>*</b>		GSIL	79599004	02587567	1302180000
909355036A	NFX	2	X	۰ ه		OSIL	79589004	02587557	204120000
902821272A	XEX	_	X.	_		GSIL	79599004	02587567	1250075600
945770207A	NFX	0	ž.	s		<b>GSI</b> L	79599004	2520520	-166290000

<b>VadeRolld</b>	FXsecubiO	tradeDate	(radeLocation	<b>PUICSHIND</b>	optionStyle	payoutAmnt	strikePrice	etrikePriceTerms	expireDate	expirel ocation
56455702A	O JYUD CE 995000 5Mar09 9FH 0	05-MAR-2004	TKO	C	E		99.5	JPY/USD	05-MAR-2009	TKO
564823B2A	O JYUD GE 100000 6Mar09 BY3 0			C	E		100	JPY/USD	08-MAR-2009	
59277514A	O JYUD CE 756000 200ct16 97P 0	20-QCT-2004	TKO	C	E		75.6	JPY/USO	20-OCT-2016	TKO
54635010A	O JYUD PE 690500 22Sep09 A9V 0	22-SEP-2003	TKO	P	Ē		89.05	JPY/USD	22-SEP-2009	TKO
54635021A	O JYUD CE 890500 225ep09 5HZ 0	22-SEP-2003	TKO	С	E		69.05	JPY/USD	22-SEP-2009	TKO
59277522A	O JYUD PE 756000 200ct16 687 0	20-OCT-2004		P	E		75.6	JPY/US0	20-OCT-2016	TKO
59708758A				P	Ε		86.85	JPY/USO	17-NOV-2009	
64282974A				P	E				27-AUG-2020	
64285350A	O JYUD CE 723000 27Aug20 27H 0			C	E E E		72.3	JPY/USD	27-AUG-2020	TKO
B1679075A				Ρ	E			JPY/USD	18-MAR -2020	TKO
61679084A			TKO	C	E		64.2	JPY/USD	18-MAR-2020	TKO
	Fwd USD 23Mar20	18-MAR-2005							23-MAR-2020	
54556943A	O JYUD CE 125000 11Sep08 G96 0			C	Ε			JPY/USD	11-SEP-2008	
				P	ε			JPY/USO	1,1-SEP-2008	
					E		88.85	JPY/USD	17-NOV-2009	
61149457A	O JYUD PE 723500 16Feb15 HRW 0	16-FEB-2005	TKO	P	Ε		72.35	JPY/USD	16-FEB-2015	TKO
61149411A	O JYUD CE 723500 16Feb15 5T2 0	16-FEB-2005	TKO	C	E		72.35	JPY/USD	16-FEB-2015	TKO
611915B1A	O JYUD PE 867000 16Feb10 BAR 0	16-FEB-2005		P	E		86.7	JPY/USD	16-FEB-2010	TKO
61191573A	O JYUD CE 857000 16Feb10 ST4 0	16-FEB-2005	TKO	C	E		86.7	JPY/USO	16-FEB-2010	TKO
62706861A	O JYUD PE 91 1500 22May09 YJ3 0	20-MAY-2005	TKO	P	E		91.15	JPY/U6D	22-MAY-2009	TKO
62706876A	O JYUD CE 911500 22May09 93W 0	20-MAY-2005			E		91,15	JPY/USD	22-MAY-2009	TKO
62952454A	O JYUD PE 957000 5Jun08 23L 0	03-JUN-2005	TKO	Ρ,	E		95.7	JPY/USD	05-JUN-2008	TKO
62962446A	O JYUD CE 957000 5Jung8 KFV 0	03-JUN-2005	TKO	C	E				05-JUN-2008	TKO
64549267A	O JYUD PE 927500 10Sep09 C4A 0	12-SEP-2005	TKO		ε		92.75	JPY/USD	10-SEP-2009	TKO
64549259A	O JYUD CE 927500 10Sep09 2JE 0	12-SEP-2005		C	Ε		92.75	JPY/USD	10-SEP-2009	TKO
66826733A	O JYUD PE 948500 28Jan11 62R 0	30-JAN-2006		Þ	E E				28-JAN-2011	
	O JYUD CE 948500 28Jan11 XA3 D			C	E		94.85		28-JAN-2011	TKO
	Fwd USD 10MerQ9	08-MAR-2004							10-MAR-2009	
	Fwd USD 240ci16	20-OCT-2004							24-OCT-2018	
	Fwd USD 9Mar09	05-MAR-2004							09-MAR-2009	
945770207A	Fwd USD 31Aug20	29-AUG-2005							31-AUG-2020	

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1rdeRelid \$\$4\$\$702A \$\$482392A \$\$277514A \$4\$35010A \$4\$35021A \$9277522A \$928536A \$4285360A \$4285360A	9145155334 545569434 545569534 59708750A 61149411A 61191573A 61191573A 61191573A 61191573A 62706861A 62706861A 62962446A 6454257A 6454257A 6454259A 66826733A	902899710A 909355035A 902821272A 945770207A

ciosingPrica		0.028725439	0,124758234	0,037230313	0.104354583	0,085923189	0.034767318	0.122636767	0,122879387	0,089171924	0.162640753	73.15898208	4,03838E-05	0.020173482	0.121945051	0.058775823	0,165329898	0,037933153	0,122545322	0,036898367	0.086967543	0.025820774	0,039875538	0.046538835	_	_			•	96.30848575	72.32874709	
margnGroupName closingPrice	Foreign Exchange	Foreign Exphange	Foreign Exchange	Foreign Exchange	Foreign Exchange	Foreign Exchange	Foreign Exchange	Foreign Exchange																								
vatuedNtniVelue	31681876.41	3079449B.05	11640320,26	22852083.76	22852083.76	11640320,26	8915007.185	7421474.03	7421474.03	9885033.674	9885033,874	3750000	64155204.27	46191747.07	8915007.185	11139809.67	11139309.67	17799219.87	17799219.87	23390987.48	23390987.48	29470334,63	29470334.63	9520632.314	9520832,314	24340484.5	24340484.5	13200000	2700000	13020000	2300000	
FXmktExposure	963820.8603	861763.159	-1871373.514	930757,8136	-2609864.572	1283847.828	347673,1773	1226387.67	1228793.868	-1337578.853	-2439611.298	-275508.1111	2019.191179	-1008674,091	12/8450.513	861637.4421	2479948,477	758663,0503	2450906,448	922409.1708	2:74189,584	774623,2099	1199286.131	465388.3508	-765043,8563	1893568.723	1532076.097	314847.9725	-104854.6236	62464 8945B	553.4253865	
FXdella	0.401909705	0,383397233	0.454102454	626100000	0.669183528	-0.265073087	0.257478434	0.23100445	0.354157442	0.182224994	0.417233827		0.001869344	1254678177	0.698577935	-0.218176669	0.565477232	0.274986314	0.685194052	0.329858434	0.846199584	0.412726804	0.581431567	0.37888411	0.591141306	D. A. B. A. B.	0.489137184					
actionalization	3100000	30000000	1500000	25000000	2500000	1500000	1000000	10000000	1000000	1500000	1500000	2471258,458	5000000	50000000	10000000	15000000	1500000	2000000	20000000	2500000	25000000	3000000	3000000	1000000	1000000	วรดบอนที่ดี	2500000	13355549 82	2005257 547	C SOLVERON		
PiloCobra	SEASTON S	556973824	4637751 db	54614010A	5.663502fA	50277522	507087584	54393974A	54285360A	516700754	61679084A	914515533A	5,455,643,4	545569634	59708750A	S1140457A	ES1404110	811015814	611915734	6270E861A	G22088764	52952454A	\$2952448A	B4549267A	845402500	64875734	4347464	0028007108	ADDITION OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	40500000000000000000000000000000000000	945770207A	

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tradeRelld	IransactionType		accountivation FXmktExposure		primaryccy	primaryCcy nottonetValue	tradeDate	effeotiveDate	maturityDate	explicibate	buySelaND
9EF6566A6	Equity Derivative	033968843	6518208,482	49999907.1	USD	49999907.1	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006	18-OCT-2010	18-OCT-2010	מ
9EF856699	Eouth Derivative	033968843	8747003.177	49999907.1	oso	49999907.1	16-NOV-2008		19-OCT-2015	19-0CT-2015	<b>a</b>
9FF656B4	Foulty Derivative	_	5895084.915	30000272,76	OSD	30000272.76	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006 21-DEC-2015	21-DEC-2015	21.DEC-2015	ø
94 F658RC2	Foculty Derivative		8533092.38	30000272.76	osn	30000272.76	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006	21-DEC-2015	21-DEC-2015	<b>.</b>
GE 565658	Equity Derivative	_	45BG910 2BB	25000090.8	USD	25000080.6	16-NOV-2006	18-NOV-2006	10-MAR-2018	10-MAR-2016	80
SEFESHOO	Foulty Derivative	033968843	9402002.857	50000244	OSO OSO	50000244	16-NOV-2005	16-NOV-2006	19-JAN-2016	19-JAN-2016	αĵ
955650.100	Equity Derivative	033968843	10689450	42375000	DSO CSO	42375000	18-NOV:2006	16-NOV-2006	OI-MAY-2013	01-MAY-2013	es es
9EF650JT4	Eouty Derivative	_	-9207150	48825000	asa	48825000	16-NOV-2006		O1-MAY-2013	01-MAY-2013	ø
SDR1624655254.0.1.0	EGOTC-OTCNFF 03396884	03396884	163710,1751	16230200	asn	16230200	18-NOV-2006		10-DEC-2010	10-DEC-2010	8
SOR1624655256.0.1.0	FOOTC-OTCFF 03396884	03395684	-70867,79159	20230200	OSO	20230200	16-NOV-2006		10-DEC-2010	10-DEC-2010	מט
SDR59424382U.0.1.0	EOOTC-OTCNFF 03396884	F03196884	541062.5804	750000	CS CS	7500000	16-JAN-2008	16JAN-2008	17.SEP-2010	17-SEP-2010	8
SDB56424389411010	FOOTC-OTCFF 03396884	03396884	-371275,3987	11250000	oso	11250000	16-JAN-2008	16-JAN-2008	17-SEP-2010	17.5EP-2010	v,
SDB1826239221,0.0,0	EOOTC-OTCNFF 03396884	03396884	4848410,423	5908600	osn	59dB600	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2006	11-AUG-2015	11-AUG-2015	Ð
SDR1628239424.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCFF 03396884	03396884	-5738310,698	3940000	OSD	3940000	16-NOV-2005	18-NOV-2006	11-AUG-2015	11-AUG-2015	s
SDB1603441134.0.0.0	EOOTC-OTCNFF 02340543	02340543	1655237,288	12761239.99	OSO	12761239.99	09-NOV-2007	09-NOV-2007	12-DEC-2008	12-DEC-2008	æ
SDB16748553447 0 0 0		03396884	1244850.072	8400000	USO	8400000	17-OCT-2007	17-0CT-2007	16-JAN-2009	16-JAN-2009	₽
SOB16246553467.0.0.0		03396834	-26260,6262	17640000	osn	17640000	17-OCT-2007	17:OCT-2007	16-JAN-2009	16-JAN-2009	w
SOB1525828357 0 0 0	_	03396884	635182,1196	50025600	asa	60025600	25-JAN-2008	25-JAN-200B	21-SEP-2011	21-SEP-2011	w
SDB1626828359 0 0 0	FOOTC-OTCFF	_	625435,4707	60025600	osn	50025600	25-JAN-2008		14-SEP-2011	14-SEP-2011	·
SDB1626828359.0.0.0	FOOTC-DTCFF	_	-606211,1986	50025600	asn	60025600	25-JAN-2008	25-JAN-2008	31-AUG-2011	31-AUG-2011	v
SDB1626828360.0 0 0	FOOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-586996,2906	50025600	OSD	50025500	25~JAN-2008	25-JAN-2008	17-AUG-2011	17-AUG-2011	s
SDB1626828361.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCFF		-570435.356	50025500	USD	50025600	25-JAN-2008	25-JAN-2008	CB-AUG-2011	03-AUG-2011	w
SDB1626828367.0.0.0	E00TC-0TCNF! 03388884	03388884	1173607,438	34045200	oso	34045200	25~JAN-2008	25-JAN-2008	26-JAN-2011	26-JAN-2011	œ
SDB1626828369.0.0.0	FOOTC-OTCNF# 03386884	03386884	1162505.701	34045200	asn	34045200	25~JAN-2008	25-JAN-2008	19-JAN-2011	19-JAN-2011	<b>6</b> 0
SDB1626828370.0.0	EGOTC-OTCNF! 03396884	03396884	1234815.088	34045200	OSD	34045200	25-JAN-2008	25-JAN-2008	29-DEC-2010	29-DEC-2010	et)
SDB1626828376.0.0.0	E001C-01CNF! 03396884	03395834	1211802.193	34045200	asn	34045200	25-JAN-2008	25-JAN-2008	15-DEC-2010	15-DEC-2010	£Δ
SDB1528828380.0.0.0	E001C-01CNFf 03386884	03386884	1199931.968	34045200	O\$D	34045200	25-JAN-2009	25-JAN-2008	01-DEC-2010	01-DEC-2010	භ
SDB1603413787,0.0,0	EGOTC-OTCNF? 02340543	02340543	4260458.392	27034284,54	asn	27034284,54	23-OCT-2007		12-DEC-2008		ற
SDB1623043627.0.1.0	E00TC-0TCFF 03396884	03396884	48922850.84	30000000	aso	30000000	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2008	OI-NOV-2010		ω ·
SDB1623043841.0.1.0	EGOTC-OTCNFF 03396884	03396884	55613213,91	22500000	OS)	22500000	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	01-NOV-2010	_	Φ.
SOB1522963271Z.0.0.0		03396884	-1437825,397	5264868.49	OSD OSD	5264888.49	10-OCT-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2015	_	n)
SDB1622963288Z,0.0.0		_	-274461.3241	2835227,49	asa	2835227.48	10.0CT-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2015	٠.	ın ı
\$0816229833122,0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCFF	_	-4058821.876	15615350.45	OSD	15615350.45	10-OCT-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2019	•-	<b>1</b> 0 (
SDB1522963364Z.0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03386884	.900626.734	8409586.15	usp	B409586.15	10-OCT-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2019	-	מש
SDB1622963386Z.0.0.0	EDOTC-OYCFF	03396884	-4084162.943	16119064.39	USD OSD	16119064.39	10-OCT-2007	10-OCT-2007	13-NOV-2020	13-NOV-2020	ທ
SDB1622963400Z,0,0,0		03396884	-939950.7266	8640859,33	asn	8680859,33	10-OCT-2007		13-NOV-2020	13-140V-2020	v)
SDB1626849485.0.0.0		03396884	-44679.19189	11250000	925	11250000	16-JAN-2008		21-SEP-2012	21-SEP-2012	S
SDB507094078U.0.0.0	EGOTC.OTCNFF 03396884	03396884	129117.3815	8500000	asa	8500000	16-JAN-2008	16-JAN-2008	21-SEP-2012	21-SEP-2012	80
SDB1622963409Z,0,0,0		03395884	-2642217.577	11049729.45	USB	11049729.45	10-OCT-2007	10-OCT-2007	14-NOV-2022	14-NOV-2022	v
SOB1622963427Z.0.0.0		03396884	-651403,4581	5949673.28	OSD	5949873.28	10 OCT-2007	10-OCT-2007	14-NOV-2022	14-NOV-2022	v)
SDB594243831U.0.1.0		03396884	45142.02709	7600000	OSO	7500000	16-JAN-2008	16~JAN-2008	19-JUN-2009	19-JUN-2003	rD
SDB594223071U.0.1.0	EGOTC-OTCNF 03386884	03386884	1892755,671	15000000	gsn	1500000	16-JAN-2008		15-JAN-2010	S-JAN-2010	eo.
SDB1605589308.0,0,0	EDOTC-OTCNFF 02340543	102340543	5516086,458	25000713.7	asu asu	25000713.7	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2007	27-JUN-2017	\$100-NOT-2017	m
SDB1625989016.0.0.0	EDOTC-OTCNFf 03396884	03356884	10980840,33	83521350	OSD	83521350	16-NOV-2006	16-NOV-2006	08-MAY-2013	06-MAY-2013	ဆ

IradeRelld	transactionType	accountNumber	FXmMExposure	primaryAmnt	primaryCcy	nollonalValue	tradeDate	effectiveDate	maturityDate	exp)reDale	buySeiliNO
SDB1625989093,0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-3556787.027	113895000	OSU	113895000	16-NOV-2008	16-NOV-2008	24-SEP-2013	24-SEP-2013	s
SDB594243852U.0.1.0	EQOTC-OTCNF	03396884	5903150.495	15625000	USD	15625000	16-JAN-200B	16-JAN-2008	17-SEP-2010	17-SEP-2010	В
SDB594243857U.0.1.0	EGOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-4877859,509	21875000	USD	21875000	16-JAN-2008	16-JAN-2008	17-SEP-2010	17-SEP-2010	S
SDB1523049431Z.0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-4212123.172	123539000	USD	123539000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	23-AUG-2013	23-AUG-2013	S
SDB1623049454Z.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCNF	03396884	60030570.67	30000000	USD	30000000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	15-JUN-2012	15-JUN-2012	8
SDB1623D49495Z.0.0.0	EQOTG-OTCFF	03396884	-55995513.37	37500000	USD	37500000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	15-JUN-2012	15-JUN-2012	s
SDB1623049567Z,0,0,0	EQOTC-OTCNF	03395884	81983444.3B	300000000	UBD	30000000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	21-JUN-2013	21-JUN-2013	8
SDB1623049574Z.0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-58366642.53	37500000	USD	37500000			21-JUN-2013		
SDB1623049426Z.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCNF	03396884	4654310.899	107068000	UŞD	107068000			15-MAY-2013		
SDB1625549836Z.0.0.0	EQOTC-OTCFF	03396884	-168825.4328	5400000	USD	5400000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	29-MAR-2010	29-MAR-2010	S
SD81625549837Z.0.0.0	EGOTC-OTCNF	03396884	39540.1414	9900000	USD	9900000	17-OCT-2007	17-OCT-2007	29-MAR-2010	29-MAR-2010	B

tradeReffd	pulCellIN		underlierQuantity	
9EF6566A6	P	SPX	42148	1188,35
9EF656698	6	SPX	42146	1186.35
9EF6566B4	C·	SPX	19821	1513.56
9EF6566C2	P	SPX	19821	1513,56
9EF6566E8	P	SPX	19542	1279.3
9EF6566D0	٩	SPX	38941	1284
9EF650JQ0	C	CIEN	7500000	5.65
9EF650JT4	C	CIEN	7500000	6,61
SDB1624655254.0.1.0	C	VRX.N	500000	32,4604
SDB1624655256.0.1.0	C	VRX.N	500000	40.4604
SDB594243882U.0.1.0	С	LCC.N	250000	30
SD8594243884U.0.1.0	C	LCC.N	250000	45
SDB1626239221.0.0.0	C	NRG.N	200000	29.543
SDB1626239424.0.0.0	C	NRG.N	20000D	19.7
SDB1603441134,0,0,0	P	.N225	100000	12432
SQB1824855344Z,0.0.0	٩	NTAP.O	420000	20
SD81624655346Z,0.0,0	C	NTAP.O	420000	42
SD81626828357,0.0.0	c	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
SDB1626828358,0.0.0	Ċ	NCC,N	1800000	27.792
SDB1626828359.0.0.0	Ç	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
SDB1626828360.0.0.0	С	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
SDB1626828361.0.0.0	C	NCC.N	1800000	27.792
SD81626828367.0.0.0	Ċ	NCC.N	1800000	18,914
SDB1626B28369.0.0.0	С	NCC.N	1800000	18,914
SD81626828370.0.0.0	ċ	NCC.N	1800000	18,914
SD81626828376.0.0.0	ċ	NCC.N	1800000	18.914
SDB1626828360.0.0.0	č	NCC.N	18000DD	18.914
SD81603413787.0.0.0	P	N225	200000	13168.4
SD81623043827.0.1.0	c	MA.N	375000	80
SDB1623043841.0.1.0	č	MA.N	375000	60 .
SDB1622963271Z.0.0.0	P	.SPX	2817	1868.97
SDB1622963288Z.0.0.0	, C	SPX	1517	1868.97
SDB1622963312Z.0.0.0	ř	.SPX	7277	2145.85
SDB1622963364Z.0.0.0	c	SPX	3919	2145.85
SDB1622963386Z.0.0.0		.SPX	7277	2215.07
SD81622963400Z.0.0.0	ć	SPX	3919	2215.07
SDB1626849485.0.0.0	č	ABG.N	250000	45
SDB507094078U.O.0.0	c	ABG.N	250000	34
SDB1622863409Z.0.0.0	ř	SPX	4695	2353.51
SDB1622963427Z.0.0.0	ć	,SPX	2528	2353.51
SDB594243831U.0.1.0	P	NAVZ.PK		16
	P	GT.N	1500000	10
SDB594223071U.0.1.0				1493.65
SDB1505589308,0.0.0	P	SPX MOT.N	16738 1500000	1493.63 55.6809
SDB1625989016.0.0.0	G	MULN	1300000	20,0009

tradeRefld	pulCalRNC	underlier (	underlierQuentity	61rikePrice
SDB1625989093.0.0.0	Ċ	MDT.N	1500000	75,93
SDB594243852U,0.1.0	C	CAL.N	625000	25
SDB594243857U,0,1,0	Ċ	CALN	625000	35
SOB1623049431Z.0.0.0	Ċ	SNDK.O	1300000	95.03
SDB1623049454Z.0.0.0	C	PCLN.O	750000	40
SDB1623049496Z.0.0.0	C	PCLN.O	750000	50
SDB1623049567Z.0.0.0	C	PCLN.O	750000	40
SDB1623049574Z.0,0.0	C	PCLN.O	750000	50
SDB16230494262,0.0.0	C	SNDK.O	1300000	82,36
SOB1625549836Z,0,0.0	C	LSI.N	500000	10.8
SOB16255498377 0.0.0	c	LSUN	500000	19.8

Trade Reference id	Acct Number		Trade Date	Notional Value	Notional Currency	~ 1	BuyhSeil
9	006441679	3472895.25	12-JUL-2008	42500000	080	35-JUL-2042	6 a
SDB201244004.0.0	00541679	921147,0545	12-JUL-2008	12500000		15-101-2044	) EO
SDR2012988047.0.0.0	005441879	4115044.071	12-JUL-2006	48500000	cso	10-MAY-2043	æ
NULDS06B004200.0.0	008441579	122517310	22-UN-2005	222352342	osp	09-JUL-2040	œ
SD82012988048.0.0.0	006441879	2286563,884	\$2-JUL-2006	110000001	asn	10-MAY-2043	æ
SDB2012988043,0.0,0	005441679	2828226.669	12-JUL-2006	15000000	asn	10-AUG-2042	₩
SDB2012988042.0.0.0	006441679	3627848.872	12-JUL-2006	42500000	asn	10-AUG-2042	œ
BUUGS11180080000000	008441679	202658656.3	24NOV-2005	469121335.2	asn	03-JAN-2043	₽
NUUGSIGDLOOBOOCOCC	008441673	121250	07-0CT-2005	250000	asn	03-0CT-2045	<b>.</b>
SDB2012988071,0.0.0	008441679	B53568,704	12-JUL-2006	13000000	OSD OSD	14-NOV-2042	
SDB2012987947,0,0,0	006441679	653786.703	12-JUL-2006	12500000	ash	11-SEP-2042	₽
SDB2012886145.0.0	006441679	10070712.16	21-APR-2006	44500000	nsp	15-AUG-2042	ш.
SDB2012886123.0.0	005441879	11378784.82	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSO	11-SEP-2042	
SDB534321008.1.4	006441679	1489862.762	17-JAN-2008	80000000	OSD OSD	20-3EP-2015	œ
SDB532092397.0	006815922	-3821516.19	23-OCT-2006	82919990,94	asn	20-050-2011	vs.
SDB2012988057.0.0.0	006441679	3156895,034	12-101-2006	15000000	oso	15-701-2042	<b>.</b>
5082012988092.0.0.0	006441679	248046.9627	12-JUL-2006	12500000	asn	15-JAN-2045	Ϙ
NUUQ5055C0080000000	006441679	58317503,91	13-MAY-2005	165184970.5	asn	06-JUN-2044	₩.
NUCOS128M0080000000	008441679	68457,1311	19-DEC-2005	240200.46	osn	05-DEC-2042	血
NUUQ5035B0080000000	006441679	42393566.41	11-MAR-2005	94631081.82	ash	15-NOV-2040	凸
NUCCED4GD008GDC0000	006441678	356577918.4	21-APR-2005	661284113,8	dsn	06-JAN-2041	<b>E</b>
VUUC6013A0080000000		225987144.8	12-JAN-2005	327584447.6	OSD	06-OCT-2043	80
NUUQ6014M0080000000	006441679	135111.8984	12-JAN-2006	237710.05	asn	06-001-2043	ez)
SD82012886125.0.0	006441679	11623380.63	21-APR-2005	44500000	asn	15-701-2044	Ф
9UUQ5080J008000000	006441679	124473727.8	28~JUN-2005	212845894.9	asn	06-AUG-2040	<b>.</b>
3UUQ5050K0080000000	006441679	29116861.48	28-JUN-2005	49611905,2	asn	05-AUG-2040	т)
9UUQ511030030000A00	006441679	29468727.05	10-NOV-2005	339477565.4	asn	28-DEC-2045	Ф
SDB2012886147,0.0	006441679	11792347.3	21-APR-2006	44500000	asn	[5-DEC-2044	60
SDB2012886151.0.0	006441679	8525281.754	21-APR-2008	44500000	asn	15-MAR-2042	60
SDB2012988060,0.0.0	006441879	576292.6366	12-101-2008	12500000	OSD	15-AUG-2029	æ
SDB2012896201.0,0	006441679	2038722.06	21-APR-2006	44500000	OSD	15-AUG-2029	ď
SD82012988061.0.0,0	006441679	3641925.943	12-JUL-2006	42500000	OSO	15-FEB-2030	යා
SDB2012387943.0.0.0	008441679	856095,3561	12-JUL-2006	12500000	OSD	11-050-2040	<b></b>
SDB2012988077.0.0.0	006441579	1003007.543	12 JUL 2008	12500000	OSD OSD	15-MAR-2042	EÚ)
SDB2012988062,0.0.0	008441679	2875! 13.676	12-JUL-2008	15000000	asn	15-FEB-2040	血
SDB2012886117.0.0	006441679	11501531.55	21-APR-2006	44500000	aso	10-OCT-2045	ф
SDB2012886155.0.0	006441679	13019451.67	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD CSD	15-JAN-2045	<b>-</b> 20
SDB2012886133.0.0	006441879	11482464.22	21-APR-2008	44500000	USD	15-AUG-2038	œ
5082012987954,0,0,0	006441679	1120135,153	12-101-2006	12500000	osn	15-MAY-2043	æ
SDB2012987973,0.0.0	005441679	915134,7784	12-JUL-2008	12500000	OSD	15-AUG-2038	ш
SDB2012886131.0.0	006441879	9245065.398	21-APR-2006	44500000	os)	15-MAY-2043	œ
SDB532354298.0	006441679	166715.6337	19-JAN-2007	75000000	asn	20-JUN-2010	- 62
SDB2012988059,0,0,0	006441679	1072867.168	12-JUL-2008	12500000	asn	15-DEC-2044	ω

Trade Reference Id		Market Exposure	Trade Date		Notional Currency	Maturity Date	Buy\Se
SDB532354359.0	006441679	57114.41119	19-JAN-2007	25000000	USD	20-JUN-2010	В
. SDB2012988058,0,0.0	006441679	605857.7812	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-AUG-2042	
SDB2012988046.0.0.D	006441679	2854286.209	12-JUL-2008	15000000	USD	10-JUN-2048	8
SDB2012988045.0,0.0	006441679	3655236.058	12-JUL-2006	42500000	USD	10-JUN-2048	8
SD82012886121.0.0	006441679	11745245.25	21-APR-2008	44300000	USD	11-DEC-2040	В
SDB2012988050,0.0.0	006441679	4095354.538	12-JUL-2006	42500000	USD	10-JUL-2045	в.
SD82012987809.0.0.0	006441679	597849.1836	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	10-DEC-2042	В
SDB2012886111.0,0	006441679	8909120.908	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-NOV-2042	В
SD82012886149.0.0	006441679	9339083,341	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	12-JUN-2043	В
SDB2012988167,0.0.0	006441679	1124000,845	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	12-JUN-2043	В
SD82012987959.0.0.0	006441679	3801083.847	12-JUL-2008	42500000	USD	10-MAY-2043	В
SDB2012968053,0,0.0	006441679	1098673,227	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	8
SDB2012886113.0.0	008441679	11252864.07	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-JUL-2045	В
SDB2012886139.0.0	006441679	11714372.7	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	В
NUUQ409IN0080000000	008441679	20755.45825	23-SEP-2004	69221,45	USD	12-NOV-2042	В
NUUQ505GI0030000A00		56450210.51	26-MAY-2005	730000000	USD	28-OCT-2044	В
SD82012988054.0.0.0	006441679	970928.4451	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	В
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	005441679	1008525.743	12-JUL-2005	12500000	USD	15-JAN-2048	В
SDB2012886127,0.0	008441879	13047158.64	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-JAN-2046	В
SDB2012988039.0.0.0	006441679	1007942.085	12-JUL-2008	12500000	USD	15-DEC-2040	В
SDB534321008.4	006441679	1489662.762	17-JAN-2008	50000000	USD	20-SEP-2015	В
SDB533440684.3.0	006815922	110807.5411	05-SEP-2007	17000000	USD	20-JUN-2010	В
SDB533440664.2.0	006815922	110807.5411	05-SEP-2007	17000000	USD	20-JUN-2010	в
SDB533440664.1.0	006815922	110807.5411	05-SEP-2007	17000000	USD	20-JUN-2010	8
NUUQ409HR0080000000	006441679	67413768.71	23-SEP-2004	202904178.7	USO	12-NOV-2042	В
NUUQ5091V0080000000	006441679	113721,2994	27-SEP-2005	232284,64	USD	06-MAY-2042	В
SDB2012886137.0.0	006441679	11643795.78	21-APR-2008	44500000	USD	10-NOV-2045	В
SDB2012966052.0.0.0	006441679	3398468.951	12-JUL-2006	15000000	USD	10-JUL-2045	B
SOE2012886216.0.0	006441679	2047931,914	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-AUG-2041	В
SDB533918095.0	006815922	1949973,681	08-NOV-2007	23594996.6	USD	20-DEC-2012	B
SDB2012886119.0.0	006441679	13199942.45	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-SEP-2045	В
SD82012886135.0.0	008441679	11659009,26	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	15-DEC-2040	В
SD82012987915.0.0.0	005441679	655919.384	12-JUL-2005	12500000	USD	10-JUL-2045	8
SDB2012988074.0.0.0	006441679	577905,3658	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	15-AUG-2041	В
SOB2012886109.0.0	006441679	5303908,479	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD	10-DEC-2042	В
SD8532092188.0	006441879	6272848.886	23-OCT-2005	78849988.67	USD	20-DEC-2011	В
NUUQ4125H0080000000	006441679	74628123.38	22-DEC-2004	148355888.2	USD	06-FEB-2040	В
NUUQ509IU0080000000	006441679	104095126.9	27-SEP-2005	160361914.3	USD ·	06-MAY-2042	6
SDB2012987938.0.0.0	006441679	1650141.403	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-SEP-2045	8
SDB2012886220.0.0	006441679	1924902.134	21-APR-2006	44500000	USD		В
SDB2012967858.0.0.0		1085977.839	12-JUL-2006	12500000	USD	10-NOV-2042	В
NUUQ409HSD0800DD00D		90307259.4	23-SEP-2004	307163963.1	USD		8
NUUQ4091P00B0000000	005441579	28102,687	23-SEP-2004		USD	07-DEC-2040	В
NUUQ4102N0080000000		52350089.93	20-OCT-2004		USD	08-DEC-2040	
			001-2004	4 1000 4		000-2010	-

8	03-001-5028			08-DEC-\$002	18200000		
9	03-OCT-2039	വടവ	100000000	09-DEC-2006	110000001	649197900	0.0.0.00878508808
8	95-05-TOO-60	asn	1399920000	900Z-VON-80	123383200	673124900	0.0,0,20469402803
8	03-OCT-2039	asu	1388850000	900Z-AON-80	092278832	649144900	0.0.0.68826>>02802
8	1402-VON-2041	asn	00000\$81831	18-101-2008	Q\$Y1408YY	873174900	\$08203292218:00:0
8	140Z-VOV-40	<b>ด</b> ธก		19-101-5008	7.776788587	649100900	508503565139,0,0,0
8	09-DEC-5040	asn			542840814.5	673144800	0.0.0.00800810 I2OUUN
8	240S-T00-20	nap		15-MAY-2007	384825200	678144800	NUUQSI 00900900.0.0.0
9	03-OCT-2045	asa		T005-YAM-21	003475860	678122800	0.0,000000M00180UUN
8	09-1UN-2042	QSA		7005-YAM-81	81980640948	649154800	NUU0507BS00800.0.0.0
8	140S-MAL-70	OSN			8557.467151	678154800	NUUG504GE00800.0.0
8	02-NOA-5040	asn			148340000	649100800	NUUQ5030K00800.0.0.0
8	15-FEB-2035	asa		16-FEB-2005	00000094	678163800	0.0.0,00100ASS03DUUM
8	15-MAR-2013	asn			112366248.9	678144800	0.0.0.0800NES 140UUW
8	05-DEC-2042	asu	\$.7685Z5918	7005-YAM-11	935922836.9	6181A+800	BULGS1 20L06800.0.0.0
8	540S-NAL-20	ดอก		7005-YAM-11	148127544,6	649144900	BUUQ5111500800.0.0.0
8	05-OCT-2045	ดูรถ		T005-YAM-11	236301293.6	629199800	BUUGS111400800.0.0.0
S	20-SEP-2012	asu	20000002	700%-JUL-81	7818.887878-	228519900	
Я	08-DEC-2040	asu	69.17SEÐ	20-0 CT-2004	2>>7.51881	678155800	0000000800DZ01>DUUN
8	15.FEB-2039	ดรถ	15200000	12-101-2006	1241433.085	678154900	
8	12-DEC-2044	GSD	00000Sbb	21-APR-2006	£1,2649,13	678164800	SDB2012886153,0,0
8	12-DEC-2044	asu	12500000	12-101-2006	6688, 1867) 6	649144900	SDB20129880880.0.0.0
8	12-FEB-2039	₫8N	44500000	3005-R9A-1S	725.1702SAA	673125900	SD82012886165.0.0
8	EDDS-YAM-OI	osn	12000000	12-101-2008	817.8518905	678164850	SDB2012987962,0.0.0
8	02-NON-50	asu		2005-RAM-20	93750	673154300	MUUUS0301008000000
8	6405-MAL-E0	asu		23-NOV-2005	4959.656493	6/9144900	000000080061113DUU3B
8	10-OCT-2045	asu	\$2200000	12-101-2006	65,0354501	673124900	0.0.0.4667862102802
8	10*101-5028	neo	12200000	15-101-2006	1141587.93	878144800	0.0,0,250866\$105802
8	10-101-5038	OSO	44500000		9213594132	629194900	5082012886141.0,0
8	13-FEB-2046	สรถ	15200000	12-101-2008	8021.685262	649144900	9.0.0.0467982102802
8	850S-DUA-81	qsn	13000000	15170152006	9148,568918	669155900	0.0.0.1767822705803
8	15-AUG-2038	ดรถ	00000599	300S-R4A-1S	2125183.518	619144900	5DB2012886183.0.0
9	15-OCT-2044	สธบ	12200000	12-101-2008	6669,878699	829199900	0.0.0,680886S10SEIGS
8	14-NOV-2042	asu	44500000	3005-R9A-1S	324,6658826	629199900	SDB2012886211.0,0
8	THOS-NAU-DO	asn		12-DEC-5004	64764.2303		NUUQ4123C1080000000
8	20-JUN-2009	asu		3005-DUA-71	2016.36 <u>2</u> 871	65816640	0,757809163802
	CTOS-FIAM-OS	nep .		800S-RAM-YD	12665,91401-	226519900	\$DB\$34680\$82.0
8	20-JUN-2012	; asu		30.OCT-2007	5786394.624	226916900	508533882552,1,0
8	13.468-2046	ดรก		3005-89A-1\$	5029564575	629144900	O.0.6278865 1058@2
8	20-DEC-2012	asn		08-NOV-2007	686.1886861	226218900	0.8S181858BD2
. 8	SPOS-MUL-BO	. asn	CC.P3666S	20-101-2005	112871.257		NUUGS07C D0080000000
BUY/	Maturity Date	Nellonal Currency	Notional Value	ejBC sbmT	Market Exposure	Acc! Number	Trade Reference (d

	Total Cofee and the	Defense Obligation	5 - 1 - 1 - D-1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
	Trade Reference Id SDB 2012988056.0.0.0	Reference Obligation JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	Counterparty Ref, Number	
	SDB533440664.0.0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC		
	SDB2012987952.0.0.0	CD 2005-CD1 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
	SDB2012988047.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
		COOLIDGE FUNDING, LTD.		
	SD82012988048.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION		
	SD82012988043.0.0.0	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FUNDING CORP.		
	SDB2012988042.0.0.0	GREENWICH CAPITAL COMMERCIAL FONDING CORP.		
		BRODERICK COD 1 LTD		
		ORIENT POINT CDO. LTD.		
	SD82012988571.0.0.0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL		
	SDB2012987847,0.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC		
	SDB2012886145.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244	
	SD82012885123.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244	
	SDB534321008.1.4	KINGDOM OF SPAIN	112240-712644	
	SD8532092397.0	MUNICH RE FINANCE B.V.		
	SD82012988057,0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP		
	SDB2012988092.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
		SATURN VENTURES I. LTD.		
		KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II. LLC	727404	
		ORCHID STRUCTURED FINANCE CDO. LTD.	121707	
		SOUTH COAST FUNDING		
		SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD		
		SOUTH COAST FUNDING VIII LTD		
	SD82012886125.0.0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244	
	BUUQ5060J0080000000		712240-112244	
	EUUQ5060K0080000000			
		ISCHUS COO LLTD ABACUS 2005-CB1, LTD.	717970	
	SOB2012886147.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	772240-772244	
	SDB2012888151.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244	
		LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244	
	SOB2012886201.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244	
	SDB2012988061,0,0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-112244	
		BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC		
	SOB2012987943.0.0.0 SDB2012988077.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECORTIES INC		
	SDB2012966062.0.0.0	LB-UBS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST		
		BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244	
•	SD82012886117.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	172240-772244	
	S082012886155.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244	
	SDB2012886133,0.0		112240412244	
		CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004-C2		
	SDB2012987973.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP CITIGROUP COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST 2004-C2	772240-772244	
			772240-772244 659038	
		REPUBLIC OF ITALY	099/20	
	SDB2012988059.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP		

Trade Reference id	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Ref. Number
SDB532354359.0	REPUBLIC OF ITALY	659037
SDB2012988058.0.0.0	JP MORGAN CHASE COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECS CORP	
\$D82012988045.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012988045.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SD82012885121.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SD82012988050.0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SD82012987809.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012886111.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012886149.0.0	MERRILL LYNCH MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988187.0.0.0	MERRILL LYNCH MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012987959.0.0.0	COMM 2005-C6 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICAT	TES
SD82012988053,0.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012885113.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012886139.0.0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
NUUQ4091N0080000000	GLACIER FUNDING CDG II, LTD,	
NUUQ505G10030000A00	ABACUS 2004-2, INC.	
SD82012988054.0.0.0	GMAC MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SDB2012988168.0.0.0	DEUTSCHE MÖRTGAGE AND ASSET RECEIVING CORP-ASS	
SD82012886127.0,0	CITIGROUP/DEUTSCHE BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGES	772240-772244
SDB2012988039.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	•
SD8534321008.4	KINGDOM OF SPAIN	
SDB533440564,3.0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC	
SDB533440564.2.0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC	
SDB533440554,1,0	HELLENIC REPUBLIC	
NUUQ409HR0080000000	GLACIER FUNDING CDO II, LTD,	
NUU Q5091V0080000000	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	
SOB2012885137.0.0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	772240-772244
SDB2012988052.0,0,0	GE CAPITAL COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE CORPORATION	
SD92012885215.0.0 .	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB533918096.0	BANK OF SCOTLAND PLC	
SDB2012686119.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012885135.0,0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SD82012987915.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
SDB2012988074.0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886109.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	772240-772244
SD8532092188.0	DEUTSCHE BANK FINANCE N.V.	856085
	RIVER NORTH CDO LTD.	
	LEXINGTON CAPITAL FUNDING, LTD.	
	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012987858.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA STRUCTURAL SECURITY TRUST	
	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
	RESERVOIR FUNDING LTD.	
NEED COATO 2 NO CONTROLO CONTR	MERCURY COO 20041, LTD.	

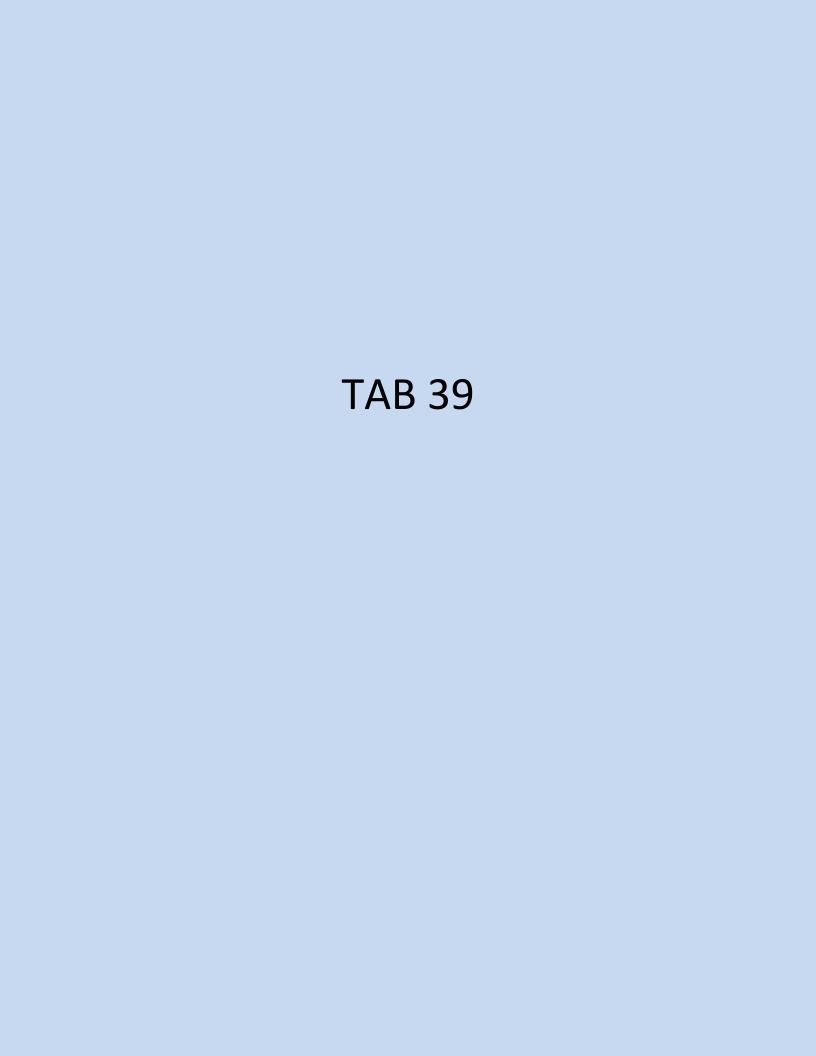
Trado Reference Id	Reference Obligation	Counterparty Ref. Number
NUUQ507CD0080000000	JUPITER HIGH GRADE CDO LTD	· · ·
SDB533918128.0	THE ROYAL BANK OF SCOTLAND PUBLIC LIMITED COMPANY	
SDB2012886159.0.0	BEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	772240-772244
SD8533882552.1.0	CDX.NA.IG,HVQL8	· ·
SDB534880582.0	ARGENTINE REPUBLIC	
SDB531906737.0	VALEO	
NUUQ412300080000000	DUNHILL ABS CDO LTD	
SDB20128862(1,0,0	MORGAN STANLEY CAPITAL	772240 - 772244
SDB2012988084,0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012886163.0,0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	772240-772244
SD82012987971,0.0.0	FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORP	
SDB2012987940.0,0.0	SEAR STEARNS COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE SECURITIES INC	
SDB2012886141.0.0	COLUMBIA CENTER TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988055.0.0.0	(GS) GS MORTGAGE SECURITIES CORPORATION II	·
SDB2012987934.0.0.0	BANC OF AMERICA COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE INC	
BUUQ511190080000000	BRODERICK 1 CDO LTD.	
NUUQ5030L0080000000	HUNTINGTON CDO, LTD.	
SDB2012987962.0.0.0	COMM 2005-C6 COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE PASS-THROUGH CERTIFICAT	ES
SDB2012886185.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988088,0.0.0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	
SDB2012885153,0,0	WACHOVIA BANK COMMERCIAL MORTGAGE TRUST	772240-772244
SDB2012988040.0.0.0	CS FIRST BOSTON MORTGAGE TRUST	
NUUQ4102Q0080000000	MERCURY CDO 2004-1, LTD.	
SD8533080300,1.4	KRAFT FOODS INC.	
	SHERWOOD FUNDING CDO, LTD.	•
BUUQ5111500800.0.0.0	BRODERICK 1 COO LTD.	'
BUUQ5120L00800.0.0.0	KLEROS PREFERRED FUNDING II, LLC	
0.0.0,00800/IE214 PUUUN	DUNHILL ABS COOLTD	
	orkney holdings, llc	
	HUNTINGTON COO, LTD.	
	SOUTH COAST FUNDING	
	JUPITER HIGH GRADE CDO LTD	
	ORIENT POINT CDO. LTD.	
	ORIENT POINT COO, LTD.	
NUUQ510L300800.0.0.0		
SD850356\$139,0.0.0		5295168/5295168/6295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/5295168/
	WEST COAST FUNDING LTD 2006-1A	5298309/5296309/5296309/5296309/5296309/5296309/5298309/5296309/
SDB504492863,0,0.0		
SDB504493409.0.0.0		
SD8504678608.0.0.0		•
0DDC04070C0C0C0		

e Approx Mid Current Rafe Spread Breed IND	Z	Z	Z	<b>z</b>	Z	z	z	≉	z	22	Z	Z	z	z	Z	⋜	Z	Z	2	Z	z	z	Z	Z	2	Z	×	<b>z</b> ;	2;	2 ;	2 7	2 2	. 2	. 2	: 2	: 2	• 2	. 2	E 2	2 3	2 3		2 3	
r Flaggi Rate	<b>1</b> 00	<b>=</b>	<b>E</b>	æ	2		9	ъ	2	₽	89	60	5	2	_	-	ᅌ	ω	2	2	2	2	7	<u>4</u>	ŭ	무	2	₽ P	24 :	;		<b>D</b> 6	0 0		. \$	2 Ç	<u> </u>	9 5	<u>'</u> a	ים	ъ 9	2 9	<u> </u>	•
GS Number	8PZDX3	30AA68	8R08U2	8PZDW5		8PS910	BOUSING	BOUGHS	BRCNC7	8R06L2	<b>BRBLP7</b>	8RPD0S	<b>BSHAGD</b>	8SH9V9	8UZN46	2ECMO8	805061	8RYBS7	89TK78		8PHUP!	8PRL80			<b>BRMDG7</b>	8QBPJ3	808PJ3	BR2VK2	98HS8	BPTIOS	805RJ4	SCOKUS CONTRACTOR	OFFICE	20/2KB	24426	OF OWNER.	02/07/00	000000	00400	(9)840	8R1U17	801568	211614	
Trada Reference id	SDB2012988055.0.0.0	SDB533440664.0.0	SD32012887952.0.0.0	SDB2012988047.0.0.0	NUU0506B004200,0,1,0	SDB2012988048.0.0.0	SD82012988043.0.0.0	SDB2012988042,0.0.0	BUCO511160080DD0000	NUUQ\$10DU008000B000	SDS2012988071.0.0.0	SDB2012987947.0.0.0	SDB2012886145,0.0	SDB2012886123.0.0	508534321008.1.4	SDB532092397.0	SDB2012988057.0.0.0	SD82012368092.0.0.0	NUCQ5055C0080000000	NUUGS12BM0080000000		NUUQ504GD0050000000	NUUQ6013A0080000000	NUUG6014M0080000000	SDB2012886125.0.0	8010206030080000000	BUUQ\$060K0080000000	BUUGS11030030000ADD	SDB2012986147.0.0	SDB2012886151.0.0	SDB2012986060,0.0.0	SCB2012886201.0.0	0.007.000000000000000000000000000000000	SUBSUITERATORS.C.O.O.	SUBSUITSB0007.00.00	SDB20123000B2;0;0;0	SUBSUITED 17,0.0	5082014888133.0.0	SUBZUTZ886153.0.0	SDB2012887854,0.0.0	SDB2012987873,0,0.0	SDB20129BS131,0,0	SDB532354298,0	0.000.9208090500000

Trade Reference id	GS Number	Fixed Rate	Approx Mid Current Rate	Spread Based IND
SOB532354359,0	2116T4	19		N
SO82012888058.0.0.0	BSIERO	8		N
SDB2012988046,0.0.0	8P8WR5	10		N
SD82012988045.0.0.0	8P1VR1	8		N
SDB2012886121,0,0	8SH9U1	12		N
SDB2012988050.0.0.0	8QTST9	8		N
SDB2012987809,0.0,0	80JJE6	8		N
SDB2012886111.0.0	8PT1P7	12		N
SDB2012886149,0.0	8Q50A2	12		N
SDB2012988167.0.0,0	8Q3IX6	В		N
SDB2012987959,0.0,0	8PS997	В		N
SDB2012988053,0,0.0	8R97W8	В		Ν .
SDB2012886113.0.0	eshese	12		N
SDB2012886139.0.0	8SHAD7	12		N
NUUQ409IN0080D00000	8NV2P3	11		N
NUUQ505GI0030000A00	8NV602	12		N
SD82012988054.0.0.0	8RP007	В		N
SD82012988168,0,0.0	8S54B4	В		N
SDB2012886127.0.0	8SHA88	12		N
SDB2012988039.0.0.0	8RGWF1	8		N
SDB534321008.4	6UZNL6	7		N
SDB533440664.3.0	30AA68	11		N
SDB533440884,2,0	30AA6B	11		N
SDB533440664.1.0	30AA68	11		N
NUUQ409HR0080000000	BNV2P3	11		N
NUUQ5091V0080000000	8R38Z3	10		N
SDB2012886137.0.0	BSOSK9	12		N
SD82012988052.0.0.0	8SZF34	10		N
SDB2012886Z16.0.0	8P3T85	8		N
SDB5339f8096.0	258708	62		N
SDB2012885119,0.0	8SH9T4	12		N
SD82012886135.0.0	8RTY9S	12		N
SDB2012987916.0.0.0		В		N
SDB2012988074.0,0,0	8P3T85	8		И
SD82012886109.0.0	8P8M13	12		N
SO8532092188,0	6Z0XY9	15		N
NUUQ4125H00800000000		11		Ν '
NUUQ5091U0080000000	8R38Z3	10		N
SDB2012987938.0.0.0		8		N
SD82012886220.0.0		8		N
SD82012987858.0.0.0		8		N
NUUQ409HS0080000000		11		N
NUUQ4091P00800000000	8NV2M0	11		N
NUUQ4102N0080000000		11		N

Trade Reference Id	GS Number	Fixed Rate	Approx Mid Current Rate	Spread Based IND
NUUQ507CD0080000000	8QBZN3	10		N
SDB533918128.0	3J49L1	49		N
SD82012886159.0.0	8Q3LE8	8		N
SD8533882552.1.0	9XUGS1	75		N
S D8534680582.0	2EOFV5	561		N
S DB531906737.0	2RDGW2	38		N
NUUQ4123Q0080000000		11		N
SDB2012886211.0.0	8R9LP7	8		N
SD82012988084.0.0,0	8R0J04	8		N
\$DB2012886163.0.0	BRXN72	8		N
SOB2012987971,0.0.0	8RXN72	8		N
SDB2012987940.0.0.0	803LE8	6		N
SD82012886141.0.0	8PXMF7	12		N
SDB2012988055.0.0.0	8PXCL5	8		N
SDB2012987934.0.0.0	8R5JM5	8		N
BUUQ511190080000000	8RCHF7	10		N
NUUQ5030L0080000000	8P3JI1	10		Ν .
SDB2012987962.0.0.0	8PSOP4	10		N
SDB2012886165.0.0		8		N
SDB2012988088,0.0.0	BRGY13	В		N
SDB2012888153.0.0	BRESG3	12		N
SDB2012988040,0.0.0	8555E7	8		N
NUUQ4102Q00500000000		11		N
SDB533080300.1.4	2RF6P3	42		N
BUUQ5111400800.0.0.0		0		N
8UUQ5111500800.0.0.0	6RCHF7	0		N
BUUQ5120L00800.0.0.0	BRHKE5	0		N
NUUQ4123NQ0800.0.0.0		0		N
		0		Ν .
		0		N
NUUQ504GE00800.0.0.0		0		N
		0		N
NUUQ510DN00800.0.0.0		0		N
		0		N
		0		N
SDB503565139.0.0.0		0		N
SDB503565516.0.0,0		0		N
		0		N.
SDB504493409.0.0.0		0		N
		0		N
SDB504678635.0.0.0	8TW9K9	0		N

CUSIP Quantity Description Collected Type Haircut Percent Closing Price (USD) UBD Amount Haircut USD Amount CASH 111000000 U.S. DOLLAR Cash-USD (11000000 111000000 11000000 CASH 2801860000 U.S. DOLLAR Cash-USD i 2801860000 2801860000



## CONFIDENTIAL TREATMENT REQUESTED BY GOLDMAN SACHS MAIDEN LANE III LLC

2110201AAB   BROD 051A A1W						Payment to	Collateral Due		Collateral
2110201AAB   BROD 051A A1W		Cusip	<b>Product Description</b>	Trade Date	PYMT from ML3		from AIG	<b>Collateral Posted</b>	Shortfall
31   12021ABB   BROD 051A A1NA	1	02149WAA5	ALTS 052A A1	11/21/2008	491,285,394	398,067,840	677,738,152	584,568,581	(93,169,571)
4112021AC4   BROD 051A A1NB	2	112021AA8	BROD 051A A1V	11/24/2008	236,020	-	-	-	-
S   216444AA7	3	112021AB6	BROD 051A A1NA	11/21/2008	116,616,781	83,655,654	250,966,963	218,024,620	(32,942,343)
Foresting   Fig.   Fi	4	112021AC4	BROD 051A A1NB	11/21/2008	159,546,228	114,451,316	343,353,949	298,284,736	(45,069,213)
7 264403AK2 DUKE 041A 1A2V 11/24/2008 16,286	5	216444AA7	COOL A1 144A	11/24/2008	75,092,199	55,202,028	135,598,489	115,271,719	(20,326,770)
8  265450AA7   DUNHL 041A A1VA	6	264403AJ5	DUKE7 041 1A2	11/21/2008	51,292,364	27,479,787	74,297,202	50,492,887	(23,804,315)
9265450AQQZ   DUNHL 041A A1NV	7	264403AK2	DUKE 041A 1A2V	11/24/2008	78,514	-	-	-	-
10 39498CAA2 FORTIUS I A1 144A 11/21/2008 103,048,148 68,446,445 257,972,411 222,869,594 (35,102,8 1) 37638VAA1 GLCR 042A A1VV 11/21/2008 81,320,748 74,363,011 73,647,982 61,657,090 (11,990,8 13,446279AA9 HUNTN 051A A1A 11/21/2008 168,077,315 131,656,546 224,022,118 187,540,421 (36,481,6 14,446279AC5 HUNTN 051A A1A 11/21/2008 168,077,315 131,656,546 224,022,118 187,540,421 (36,481,6 14,446279AC5 HUNTN 051A A1A 11/21/2008 218,726	8	26545QAA7	DUNHL 041A A1VA	11/24/2008	116,286	-	-	-	-
10 39498CAA2 FORTIUS I A1 144A 11/21/2008 103,048,148 68,446,445 257,972,411 222,869,594 (35,102,8 1) 37638VAA1 GLCR 042A A1VV 11/21/2008 81,320,748 74,363,011 73,647,982 61,657,090 (11,990,8 13,446279AA9 HUNTN 051A A1A 11/21/2008 168,077,315 131,656,546 224,022,118 187,540,421 (36,481,6 14,446279AC5 HUNTN 051A A1A 11/21/2008 168,077,315 131,656,546 224,022,118 187,540,421 (36,481,6 14,446279AC5 HUNTN 051A A1A 11/21/2008 218,726	9	26545QAQ2	DUNHL 041A A1NV	11/21/2008	66,359,135	53,251,504	98,895,651	85,798,709	(13,096,942)
12 37638VAG8   GLCR 042A A1NV   11/21/2008   81,320,748   74,363,011   73,647,982   61,657,090   (11,990.8   13,446279A9   HUNTN 051A A1B   11/21/2008   168,077,315   131,568,546   24,022,118   187,540,421   (36,481.6   14,446279A95   HUNTN 051A A1B   11/21/2008   218,726	10	34958CAA2	FORTIUS I A1 144A	11/21/2008		68,446,445	257,972,411	222,869,594	(35,102,817)
1346279AA9	11	37638VAA1	GLCR 042A A1V	11/24/2008	44,024	-	-	-	-
14 46279AC5	12	37638VAG8	GLCR 042A A1NV	11/21/2008	81,320,748	74,363,011	73,647,982	61,657,090	(11,990,893)
15   46426RAA7   ICM 052A A1A	13	446279AA9	HUNTN 051A A1A	11/21/2008		131,568,546	224.022.118	187,540,421	(36,481,697)
16   46426RAB5   ICM 052A A1B   11/21/2008   10,873,399   6,519,254   34,767,184   30,520,440   (4,246,77)   17   48206AA63   JPTR 053A A1VA   11/24/2008   226,832	14	446279AC5	HUNTN 051A A1B	11/24/2008	218,726	-	-	-	-
17   48206AAA6	15	46426RAA7			,	27,869,810	148,629,713	130,474,880	(18,154,833)
17   48206AAA6	16	46426RAB5		11/21/2008	, ,			, ,	(4.246.745)
18   48206AAG3					-,,	-	-	-	-
19   498588AAO	18	48206AAG3		11/21/2008	-,	253.459.305	925.421.182	809.568.470	(115,852,711)
20   498588AC6						-	-	-	-
12   52902TACO					,	272.927.410	518.166.532	449.293.893	(68,872,639)
22 52902TAE6 LEXN 051A A1B	_				, ,			-,,	(11.943.754)
23 55311TAA2 MKP 3A A1 11/21/2008 6,647,722 4,281,809 1,135,968 923,883 (212,0 24 58936RAA5 MRCY Q41A A1VA 11/24/2008 53,661					, ,	-	-	-	-
24         58936RAA5         MRCY 041A A1VA         11/24/2008         53,661         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -					,	4.281.809	1.135.968	923.883	(212,085)
25         58936RAB3         MRCY 041A A1VA         11/21/2008         85,161,973         70,788,824         90,094,866         75,735,434         (14,359,426)           26         68571UAA7         ORCHD 052A A1         11/24/2008         19,911,850         13,458,145         47,576,228         41,264,742         (6,311,46,314)           27         68619MAJO         ORPT 051A A1V         11/24/2008         124,024         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -						-	-	-	-
26         68571UAA7         ORCHD 052A A1         11/21/2008         19,911,850         13,458,145         47,576,228         41,264,742         (6,311,4           27         68619MAJO         ORPT 051A A1V         11/24/2008         247,024         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -					,	70.788.824	90.094.866	75.735.434	(14.359.432)
27 68619MAJ0 ORPT 051A A1V 11/24/2008 247,024	26	68571UAA7	ORCHD 052A A1	11/21/2008	19.911.850	13,458,145	47.576.228	41,264,742	(6,311,486)
29         68619MAQ4         ORPT 051A A1VB         11/21/2008         181,336,578         118,753,901         523,159,299         460,605,880         (62,553,4           30         76112CAA6         RESF 041A A1V         11/24/2008         78,111         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -						-	-	-	-
29 68619MAQ4         ORPT 051A A1VB         11/21/2008         181,336,578         118,753,901         523,159,299         460,605,880         (62,553,4           30 76112CAA6         RESF 041A A1V         11/24/2008         78,111         -         -         -         -           31 76112CAB4         RESF 041A AINV         11/21/2008         121,456,544         90,741,151         201,972,240         171,276,411         (30,695,8           32 768277AA3         RIVER 051A A1         11/21/2008         47,546,568         34,975,632         91,749,037         79,645,207         (12,103,8           33 80410RAA4         SATV 051A A1         11/21/2008         45,066,197         38,205,935         64,007,345         54,177,256         (9,830,0           34 82437XAA6         SHERW 052A A1         11/21/2008         68,070,564         35,578,237         260,907,070         228,425,707         (32,481,3           35 83743LAG5         SCF 8A A1NV         11/21/2008         192,111         -         -         -         -           36 83743YAS2         SCF 7AA 1B         11/21/2008         142,942         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	28	68619MAL5	ORPT 051A A1VF	11/21/2008	180.638.861	118.297.030	521.146.373	458.833.637	(62,312,736)
31         76112CAB4         RESF 041A AINV         11/21/2008         121,456,544         90,741,151         201,972,240         171,276,411         (30,695,8)           32         76827AA3         RIVER 051A A1         11/21/2008         47,546,568         34,975,632         91,749,037         79,645,207         (12,103,8)           33         80410RAA4         SATV 051A A1         11/21/2008         45,066,197         38,205,935         64,007,345         54,177,256         (9,830,0)           34         82437XAA6         SHERW 052A A1         11/21/2008         68,070,564         35,578,237         260,907,070         228,425,707         (32,481,3)           35         83743LAA9         SCF 8A A1NV         11/21/2008         62,476,848         35,071,004         229,615,818         202,220,037         (27,395,7)           37         83743YASB9         SCF 7AA 1B         11/24/2008         142,942         -         -         -         -         -           38         83743YAS2         SCF 7AA 1A         11/21/2008         120,810,907         77,383,627         364,808,526         321,400,704         (43,407,8)           40         896008AB5         TRIAX 062A A1B1         12/17/2008         355,790,653         318,521,869         306,030,815	29	68619MAQ4		11/21/2008	, ,			460,605,880	(62,553,419)
31         76112CAB4         RESF 041A AINV         11/21/2008         121,456,544         90,741,151         201,972,240         171,276,411         (30,695,8)           32         76827AA3         RIVER 051A A1         11/21/2008         47,546,568         34,975,632         91,749,037         79,645,207         (12,103,8)           33         80410RAA4         SATV 051A A1         11/21/2008         45,066,197         38,205,935         64,007,345         54,177,256         (9,830,0)           34         82437XAA6         SHERW 052A A1         11/21/2008         68,070,564         35,578,237         260,907,070         228,425,707         (32,481,3)           35         83743LAA9         SCF 8A A1NV         11/21/2008         62,476,848         35,071,004         229,615,818         202,220,037         (27,395,7)           37         83743YASB9         SCF 7AA 1B         11/24/2008         142,942         -         -         -         -         -           38         83743YAS2         SCF 7AA 1A         11/21/2008         120,810,907         77,383,627         364,808,526         321,400,704         (43,407,8)           40         896008AB5         TRIAX 062A A1B1         12/17/2008         355,790,653         318,521,869         306,030,815	30	76112CAA6	RESF 041A A1V	11/24/2008	78.111	-	-	-	-
32         768277AA3         RIVER 051A A1         11/21/2008         47,546,568         34,975,632         91,749,037         79,645,207         (12,103,8           33         80410RAA4         SATV 051A A1         11/21/2008         45,066,197         38,205,935         64,007,345         54,177,256         (9,830,0)           34         82437XAA6         SHERW 052A A1         11/21/2008         68,070,564         35,578,237         260,907,070         228,425,707         (32,481,3)           35         83743LAA9         SCF 8A A1AV         11/21/2008         192,111         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         - <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>90.741.151</td><td>201.972.240</td><td>171.276.411</td><td>(30,695,829)</td></t<>						90.741.151	201.972.240	171.276.411	(30,695,829)
33         80410RAA4         SATV 051A A1         11/21/2008         45,066,197         38,205,935         64,007,345         54,177,256         (9,830,00)           34         82437XAA6         SHERW 052A A1         11/21/2008         68,070,564         35,578,237         260,907,070         228,425,707         (32,481,3)           35         83743LAA9         SCF 8A A1AV         11/24/2008         192,111         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	32	768277AA3	RIVER 051A A1	11/21/2008	47,546,568		91,749,037	, ,	(12,103,830)
34         82437XAA6         SHERW 052A A1         11/21/2008         68,070,564         35,578,237         260,907,070         228,425,707         (32,481,3)           35         83743LAA9         SCF 8A A1AV         11/24/2008         192,111         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -	33	80410RAA4							(9,830,089)
35         83743LAA9         SCF 8A A1AV         11/24/2008         192,111         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -					-,, -				(32,481,364)
36         83743LAC5         SCF 8A A1NV         11/21/2008         62,476,848         35,071,004         229,615,818         202,220,037         (27,395,70)           37         83743YAB9         SCF 7AA 1B         11/24/2008         142,942         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -						-	-	-	-
37         83743YAB9         SCF 7AA 1B         11/24/2008         142,942         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -         -						35,071.004	229.615.818	202.220.037	(27,395,781)
38 83743YAS2         SCF 7AA 1A         11/21/2008         120,810,907         77,383,627         364,808,526         321,400,704         (43,407,8           39 896008AB5         TRIAX 062A A1B1         12/17/2008         355,790,653         318,521,869         306,030,815         268,873,344         (37,157,4           40 896008AB5         TRIAX 062A A1B1         11/21/2008         209,333,308         187,434,268         180,083,905         158,218,583         (21,865,3           41 896008AC3         TRIAX 062A A1B2         11/21/2008         859,318,483         764,923,500         734,926,500         640,669,927         (94,256,5)           42 952186AA2         WCOAST A1A 144A         11/21/2008         383,793,306         284,920,730         770,341,234         671,530,476         (98,810,7)           43 952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         12/17/2008         97,971,363         67,500,000         232,539,455         202,092,689         (30,446,7)           45 442451AA8         HOUT BAY         12/21/2008         300,486,409         254,432,832         509,045,790         442,543,147         (66,502,6)							-	- ,===,===	-
39         896008AB5         TRIAX 062A A1B1         12/17/2008         355,790,653         318,521,869         306,030,815         268,873,344         (37,157,47,47)           40         896008AB5         TRIAX 062A A1B1         11/21/2008         209,333,308         187,434,268         180,083,905         158,218,583         (21,865,33,44)         (21,865,33,44)         (37,157,43,4268)         180,083,905         158,218,583         (21,865,33,44)         (37,157,43,4268)         180,083,905         158,218,583         (21,865,33,44)         (37,157,43,4268)         180,083,905         158,218,583         (21,865,33,44)         (37,157,43,4268)         180,083,905         158,218,583         (21,865,33,446,56,50)         (21,865,33,446,56,50)         440,669,927         (94,256,56,50)         (94,256,56,50)         640,669,927         (94,256,56,50)         (94,256,56,50)         (98,810,73,44,224,56,50)         (98,810,73,44,224,56,50)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,224,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,24,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,24,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,46,70)         (98,810,73,44,46,70) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>7-</td> <td>77.383.627</td> <td>364.808.526</td> <td>321,400,704</td> <td>(43,407,821)</td>					7-	77.383.627	364.808.526	321,400,704	(43,407,821)
40         896008AB5         TRIAX 062A A1B1         11/21/2008         209,333,308         187,434,268         180,083,905         158,218,583         (21,865,33,33,308)           41         896008AC3         TRIAX 062A A1B2         11/21/2008         859,318,483         764,923,500         734,926,500         640,669,927         (94,256,53,33,426,420)           42         952186AA2         WCOAST A1A 144A         11/21/2008         383,793,306         284,920,730         770,341,234         671,530,476         (98,810,73,426,420)           43         952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         12/17/2008         97,971,363         67,500,000         232,539,455         202,092,689         (30,446,70,446,70,446,70,446,446,446,446,446,446,446,446,446,44								, ,	(37,157,471)
41         896008AC3         TRIAX 062A A1B2         11/21/2008         859,318,483         764,923,500         734,926,500         640,669,927         (94,256,5)           42         952186AA2         WCOAST A1A 144A         11/21/2008         383,793,306         284,920,730         770,341,234         671,530,476         (98,810,7)           43         952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         12/17/2008         97,971,363         67,500,000         232,539,455         202,092,689         (30,446,7)           44         952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         11/24/2008         289,904,893         199,766,250         688,044,295         597,957,545         (90,086,7)           45         442451AA8         HOUT BAY         12/21/2008         300,486,409         254,432,832         509,045,790         442,543,147         (66,502,6)					, ,			, ,	(21,865,322)
42         952186AA2         WCOAST A1A 144A         11/21/2008         383,793,306         284,920,730         770,341,234         671,530,476         (98,810,72,434)           43         952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         12/17/2008         97,971,363         67,500,000         232,539,455         202,092,689         (30,446,74,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,44,								, ,	(94.256.573)
43         952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         12/17/2008         97,971,363         67,500,000         232,539,455         202,092,689         (30,446,70)           44         952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         11/24/2008         289,904,893         199,766,250         688,044,295         597,957,545         (90,086,70)           45         442451AA8         HOUT BAY         12/21/2008         300,486,409         254,432,832         509,045,790         442,543,147         (66,502,60)					,,	- ,,	- ,,	,,-	(98,810,757)
44 952186AB0         WCOAST A1B 144A         11/24/2008         289,904,893         199,766,250         688,044,295         597,957,545         (90,086,74,245)           45 442451AA8         HOUT BAY         12/21/2008         300,486,409         254,432,832         509,045,790         442,543,147         (66,502,642)									(30,446,766)
45 442451AA8 HOUT BAY 12/21/2008 300,486,409 254,432,832 509,045,790 442,543,147 (66,502,6						, ,			(90,086,749)
									(66,502,643)
	.0	10 17 0 10	1	TOTAL	5,552,611,619	4,301,271,632	9,694,512,169	8,422,666,771	(1,271,845,398)

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CUSIP	BOND	Underwriter	Grand Total Per Bond	DZ Bank AG Deutsche Zentrale- Genossenschafts Bank	sanco Santander Central Hispano SA	Rabobank Nederland-London Branch	ZurcherKantonalbank	Dexia Bank S.A	BGI INV FDS GSI AG	Calyon-Cedex Branch	The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	Depfa Bank Plc	Skandinaviska Enskilda Bankensweden	Sierra finance plc	PGGM Pensioenfonds	Natixis	Zulma finance plc	Stoneheath Re CRDV G	dospitals of Ontario Pension Plan	Venice finance plc	KBC Asset Management NVD Star Finance	MNGD Pension Funds LTD	Shackleton Re Limited	Infinity finance pic	Legal & General Assurance	Barclays Bank PLC	GSAM Credit CDO LTD	Signum Platinum	Lion Capital Global Credit I LTD	Kommunalkredit Int Bank	Credit Linked Notes LTD	Ocelot CDO I PLC	Hoogovens PSF ST	Hypo Public Finance Bank The Royal Bank of Scotland
000	Grand Total Per CounterParty		14.060	2.504	1,544	852	998	865	633	663	631	692	365	322	440	399	661	300	273	363	308	244	128	375	87	102	84	102	16	24	14	9	46	10 5
02149WAA5	Altius Funding	Credit Suisse First Boston	1,073	0	173		0	0	125	0	0	0	365	75		0	138	0	0	67	0	0	0	130	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
112021AC4		Merrill Lynch	460				0	0	125	0	0	0	0	14		0	4	0	0	57	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
112021AB6		Merrill Lynch	339	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	86	0	0	0	0	189	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
216444AA7		Goldman Sachs	191	0	0	0	0	191	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
264403AJ5		Morgan Stanley	102	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	102	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
26545QAQ2		Merrill Lynch	156		0	0	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	25	0	0	2	0	0	5	0	0	0	46	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
34958CAA2		Goldman Sachs	326		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	253	0	27		0	15	0	0	2	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0 0
37638VAG8	Glacier CDO	Merrill Lynch	137	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	46	0	0	23	0	0	43	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
442451AA8		Goldman Sachs / Investec	770	0	91	482	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	51	0	0	0	0	0	0	136	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10 0
446279AA9		Merrill Lynch	357	270	0	0	0	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
46426RAA7		Credit Suisse First Boston	177		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	177	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
46426RAB5		Credit Suisse First Boston	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
48206AAG3	Jupiter High-Grade CDO	Merrill Lynch	1.189	0	181	115	0	113	254	0	101	109	0	10	0	0	109	0	0	20	0	0	0	88	87	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
498588AC6		Merrill Lynch	797	26	136	0	0	53	130	0	0	0	0	89	0	0	22	0	273	0	0	0	0	31	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0 0
52902TAC0	Lexington Capital	Merrill Lynch	136	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	136	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
58936RAB3	Mercury CDO	Merrill Lynch	157	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	133	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0 0
55311TAA2		RBS Greenwich Capital	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 5
68571UAA7	Orchid Structured Finance	Citigroup	61	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
68619MAQ4		Merrill Lynch	644	218	198	48	0	0	0	181	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
68619MAL5	Orient Point	Merrill Lynch	640	55	0	87	0	0	0	332	0	0	0	1	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	67	0	2	0	0	47	43	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
76112CAB4	Reservoir Funding	Merrill Lynch	296	81	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	215	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
768277AA3	River North CDO	JPMorgan	134	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	76	0	57	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
80410RAA4	Saturn Ventures	Citigroup	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	99	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
82437XAA6		Morgan Stanley	303	162	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	28	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	37	0	16	0	14	9	0	0 0
83743YAS2	South Coast Funding	Merrill Lynch	436	66	57	0	0	0	0	0	298	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
83743LAC5		Merrill Lynch	283		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	56	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
896008AC3		ICP Securities	1,500		0	93	111	0	0	150	0	42	0	22	0	0	0	0	0	0	308	0	0	9	0	0	0	26	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
896008AB5	Triaxx Prime CDO	ICP Securities	994	446	298	26	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	179	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	33	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
952186AB0	West Coast Funding	Goldman Sachs	1,188		0	0	888	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	300	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0
952186AA2	West Coast Funding	Goldman Sachs	1,069	0	222	0	0	369	0	0	0	196	0	0	0	0	71	0	0	66	0	0	128	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 0

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CUSIP	BOND	Underwriter	Grand Total Per Bond	DZ Bank AG Deutsche Zentrale- Genossenschafts Bank	Banco Santander Central Hispano SA	Rabobank Nederland-London Branch	Zurcher Kantonalbank	Dexia Bank S.A	BGI INV FDS GSI AG	Calyon-Cedex Branch	The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	Depfa Bank Plc	Skandinaviska Enskilda Bankensweden	Sierra finance plc	PGGM Pensioenfonds	Natixis	Zulma finance plc	Stoneheath Re CRDV G	Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plan	Venice finance plc	KBC Asset Management NVD Star Finance	MNGD Pension Funds LTD	Shackleton Re Limited	Infinity finance plc	Legal & General Assurance	Barclays Bank PLC	GSAM Credit CDO LTD	Signum Platinum	Lion Capital Global Credit I LTD	Kommunalkredit Int Bank	Credit Linked Notes LTD	Ocelot CDO I PLC	Hoogovens PSF ST	Hypo Public Finance Bank The Royal Bank of Scotland	
	Grand Total Per CounterPart		9,759	1,324	1,060	670	799	759			459	566	365		393	398	244	233	179	147	117	175	128	98	87	74	71	64	14	14	12	8	15	10	1
02149WAA5		Credit Suisse First Boston	675		109	9			125				365	14			26			13				24											П
112021AC4	Broderick CDO	Merrill Lynch	346	70	142	2			125					2			1			7				0											T
112021AB6		Merrill Lynch	256	47		0						86					120			3															П
216444AA7	Coolidge Funding	Goldman Sachs	136					136																											T
		Morgan Stanley	74																							74									П
26545QAQ2		Merrill Lynch	103	27				33						19			1			3				18											П
34958CAA2	Fortius I Funding	Goldman Sachs	258									253		-1			-1			0				-1									8		П
37638VAG8	Glacier CDO	Merrill Lynch	63	18										12			10			20				3											П
442451AA8		Goldman Sachs / Investec	516		62	319									51							73												10	П
446279AA9		Merrill Lynch	226	171				55																											T
46426RAA7	Ischus CDO	Credit Suisse First Boston	149												149																				T
46426RAB5	Ischus CDO	Credit Suisse First Boston	35																			35													T
48206AAG3		Merrill Lynch	936		142	115		113	254		79	109		2			8			6				20	87										П
498588AC6	Kleros Preferred Funding	Merrill Lynch	524	26	89	)		53	130					15			15		179					11									6		T
52902TAC0		Merrill Lynch	117												117																				T
58936RAB3	Mercury CDO	Merrill Lynch	87								73																			14					П
55311TAA2		RBS Greenwich Capital	1																																1
68571UAA7		Citigroup	48	48																															
68619MAQ4	Orient Point	Merrill Lynch	525	178	161	48				139																									
68619MAL5		Merrill Lynch	522	32		87				255				1		4						67		2			38	35							
76112CAB4		Merrill Lynch	205	-10												215																			
		JPMorgan	99												76		22																		
80410RAA4		Citigroup	61								61																								
		Morgan Stanley	267	162										14			14			11							32		14		12	8			
	South Coast Funding	Merrill Lynch	359	66		,			_		245			_																					
		Merrill Lynch	248	183													2			56				7											
896008AC3		ICP Securities	735	179		93	111		·	150		42		22			T				117			9				12							_
896008AB5		ICP Securities	488	127	146	7						7		0		179	0			6								16							
952186AB0	West Coast Funding	Goldman Sachs	920				688											233																	
952186AA2	West Coast Funding	Goldman Sachs	784		162	2		369				70					27			24			128	4											

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CUSIP	BOND	Underwriter	Grand Total Per Bond	DZ Bank AG Deutsche Zentrale- Genossenschafts Bank	Banco Santander Central Hispand SA	Rabobank Nederland-London Branch	ZurcherKantonalbank	Dexia Bank S.A	BGI INV FDS GSI AG	Calyon-Cedex Branch	The Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation	Depfa Bank Plc	Skandinaviska Enskilda Bankensweden	Sierra finance plc	PGGM Pensioenfonds	Natixis	Zulma finance plc	Stoneheath Re CRDV G	Hospitals of Ontario Pension Plar	Venice finance plc	KBC Asset Management NVD Sta Finance	MNGD Pension Funds LTD	Shackleton Re Limited	Infinity finance plc	Legal & General Assurance	Barclays Bank PLC	GSAM Credit CDO LTD	Signum Platinum	Lion Capital Global Credit I LTD	Kommunalkredit Int Bank	Credit Linked Notes LTD	Ocelot CDO I PLC	govens F	Hypo Public Finance Bank	The Royal Bank of Scotland
	Grand Total Per CounterPa	rty	4,301		484	182	200	105	0	120	173	126	0	223	47	2	416	68	94	216	191	69	0	277	0	27	13	38	2	11	2	1	31	0	4
02149WAA5	Altius Funding	Credit Suisse First Boston	398		64	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	61	0	0	112	0	0	55	0	0	0	106	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
112021AC4	Broderick CDO	Merrill Lynch	114		47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	3	0	0	50	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
112021AB6	Broderick CDO	Merrill Lynch	84		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	69	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
216444AA7	Coolidge Funding	Goldman Sachs	55	0	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
264403AJ5	Duke Funding	Morgan Stanley	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26545QAQ2	Dunhill ABS CDO	Merrill Lynch	53	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	2	. 0	0	0	27	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
34958CAA2	Fortius I Funding	Goldman Sachs	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	16	0	0	2	0	0	0	23	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
37638VAG8	Glacier CDO	Merrill Lynch	74		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	34	0	0	12	0	0	24	. 0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
442451AA8	Hout Bay	Goldman Sachs / Investec	254	0	29	163	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
446279AA9	Huntington CDO	Merrill Lynch	132	99	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46426RAA7	Ischus CDO	Credit Suisse First Boston	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
46426RAB5	Ischus CDO	Credit Suisse First Boston	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
48206AAG3	Jupiter High-Grade CDO	Merrill Lynch	253	0	39	0	0	0	0	0	22	0	0	8	0	0	101	0	0	15	0	0	0	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
498588AC6	Kleros Preferred Funding	Merrill Lynch	273	0	47	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	73	0	0	8	0	94	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	31	0	0
52902TAC0	Lexington Capital	Merrill Lynch	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
58936RAB3	Mercury CDO	Merrill Lynch	71	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0
55311TAA2	MKP CBO	RBS Greenwich Capital	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4
68571UAA7	Orchid Structured Finance	Citigroup	13	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
68619MAQ4	Orient Point	Merrill Lynch	119	40	37	0	0	0	0	42	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
68619MAL5	Orient Point	Merrill Lynch	118	22	0	0	0	0	0	78	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
76112CAB4	Reservoir Funding	Merrill Lynch	91	91	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
768277AA3	River North CDO	JPMorgan	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	35	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
80410RAA4	Saturn Ventures	Citigroup	38		0	0	0	0	0	0	38	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
82437XAA6	Sherwood Funding CDO	Morgan Stanley	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	2	0	2	1	0	0	0
83743YAS2	South Coast Funding	Merrill Lynch	77	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
83743LAC5	South Coast Funding	Merrill Lynch	35		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
896008AC3	Triaxx Prime CDO	ICP Securities	765		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	191	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
896008AB5	Triaxx Prime CDO	ICP Securities	506	319	152	19	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
952186AB0	West Coast Funding	Goldman Sachs	267	0	0	0	200	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
952186AA2	West Coast Funding	Goldman Sachs	285	0	60	0	0	0	0	0	0	126	0	0	0	0	44	0	0	43	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0