

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant To Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): **August 1, 2017**

Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Freddie Mac

**Federally chartered
corporation**

001-34139

52-0904874

*(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation)*

*(Commission
File Number)*

*(IRS Employer
Identification No.)*

**8200 Jones Branch Drive
McLean, Virginia**

22102-3110

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: **(703) 903-2000**

Not applicable

(Former name or former address, if changed since last report)

Check the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K filing is intended to simultaneously satisfy the filing obligation of the registrant under any of the following provisions (see General Instruction A.2. below):

- ☐ Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 under the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)
- ☐ Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
- ☐ Pre-commencement communications pursuant to Rule 13e-4(c) under the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13e-4(c))

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of this chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).

Emerging growth company ☐

If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act. ☐

Item 2.02. Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On August 1, 2017, Freddie Mac (formally known as the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation) announced its results of operations for the quarter ended June 30, 2017. A copy of the related press release for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 is being filed as Exhibit 99.1 to this report and is incorporated herein by reference. In addition, a copy of the Second Quarter 2017 Financial Results Supplement is being furnished as Exhibit 99.2 to this report and is incorporated herein by reference.

Exhibit 99.1 submitted herewith shall be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934.

Exhibit 99.2 submitted herewith shall not be deemed to be “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of Section 18, nor shall it be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any disclosure document relating to Freddie Mac, except to the extent, if any, expressly set forth by specific reference in such document.

Item 9.01. Financial Statements and Exhibits.**(d) Exhibits.**

The following exhibits are being filed or furnished as part of this Report on Form 8-K:

<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Description of Exhibit</u>
99.1	Press release, dated August 1, 2017, issued by Freddie Mac
99.2	Second Quarter 2017 Financial Results Supplement

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

FEDERAL HOME LOAN MORTGAGE CORPORATION

By: /s/ James G. Mackey

James G. Mackey

Executive Vice President — Chief Financial Officer

Date: August 1, 2017

EXHIBIT INDEX

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Exhibit 99.1



Freddie Mac Reports Net Income of \$1.7 Billion and Comprehensive Income of \$2.0 Billion for Second Quarter 2017

The Company is Focused on Effectively Delivering on its Mission and has Returned over \$108 Billion to Taxpayers since 2008

Second Quarter 2017 Financial Results

• Comprehensive income of \$2.0 billion; Net income of \$1.7 billion

- o GAAP net interest income of \$3.4 billion; Adjusted net interest income ⁽¹⁾ of \$1.2 billion – both remained relatively stable when compared to the prior year, despite the mandated decline in the mortgage-related investments portfolio.
- o GAAP guarantee fee income of \$0.2 billion; Adjusted guarantee fee income ⁽¹⁾ of \$1.7 billion – both increased from the prior year partly driven by continued growth in the guarantee portfolios.
- o Market-related impacts remained low as market spreads were relatively unchanged and the implementation of hedge accounting offset most net losses arising from changes in interest rates.

Comprehensive Income
2Q 2017 = \$2.0B

Total Guarantee Portfolio
Up 6% from 2Q 2016

Available PSPA Funding
2Q 2017 = \$140.5B

Second Quarter 2017 Business Highlights

Continued Solid Business Environment and Growing Guarantee Businesses

- Total guarantee portfolio increased to \$1,958 billion at June 30, 2017; up 6 percent from a year ago.
- Total investments portfolio declined to \$366 billion at June 30, 2017; down 11 percent from a year ago.
 - o Total mortgage-related investments portfolio declined to \$284 billion at June 30, 2017; down 12 percent from a year ago.

Delivering on Our Mission

- Provided approximately \$190 billion in liquidity to the mortgage market during the first six months of 2017. Expanded access to affordable housing: funding for first-time homebuyers, as a percentage of new purchases, continued at a 10-year high and nearly 85 percent of rentals funded were affordable to working families.

Providing Liquidity while Transforming U.S. Housing Finance

- Guarantee portfolio increased to \$1,784 billion at June 30, 2017; up 4 percent from a year ago.
- Core loan portfolio (after 2008) was 75 percent of the total guarantee portfolio; up 6 percentage points from a year ago.
- Purchase volume of \$73 billion declined 20 percent from a year ago, as refinancing volumes declined.
- Serious delinquency rate of 0.85 percent, down 23 basis points from a year ago; at its lowest point since early 2008.
- Transferred a significant portion of the credit risk on nearly \$105 billion of loans; have now transferred a portion of the credit risk on nearly 33 percent of the total outstanding single-family credit guarantee portfolio; up from 26 percent a year ago.

Leading the Multifamily Finance Industry

- Guarantee portfolio increased to \$174 billion at June 30, 2017; up 23 percent from a year ago.
- Purchase volume of \$14.1 billion increased 50 percent from a year ago due to continued strong market demand. Outstanding loan commitments of \$19 billion were also up significantly over the prior year.
- Delinquency rate continues near zero at 0.01 percent and has remained below 0.05 percent since early 2014.
- Transferred a large majority of the credit risk on \$12.3 billion of loans in the second quarter of 2017 and over \$200 billion of loans since the program's inception in 2009.

"Our continued very solid financial results and strong business fundamentals reflect the company's transformation into a well-run commercial enterprise. This transformation is enabling us to better deliver on the mission that is our purpose – to provide liquidity, stability and affordability to the American primary mortgage market. We're doing that by helping lenders of all sizes compete which, in turn, expands affordable housing opportunities for borrowers and renters nationwide. Additionally, through our award-winning credit risk transfer programs, we're fulfilling our mission with much less risk to taxpayers than in the past."

"We at Freddie Mac are proud of the work we're doing and proud of the success we're having in making home possible for millions of Americans and in building a better housing finance system."

Donald H. Layton
Chief Executive Officer

¹ See Non-GAAP Financial Measure Highlights on pages 5-6 and 15-16 of this press release for additional details and reconciliations to the comparable amounts under GAAP.

Multifamily Single-family Guarantee Corporate

Freddie Mac Second Quarter 2017 Financial Results
August 1, 2017
Page 2

McLean, VA — Freddie Mac (OTCQB: FMCC) today reported net income of \$1.7 billion for the second quarter of 2017, compared to net income of \$2.2 billion for the first quarter of 2017. The company also reported comprehensive income of \$2.0 billion for the second quarter of 2017, compared to comprehensive income of \$2.2 billion for the first quarter of 2017.

Summary Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income

(\$ Millions)	2Q 2017	1Q 2017	Change	2Q 2016	Change
1 Net interest income	\$ 3,379	\$ 3,795	\$ (416)	\$ 3,443	\$ (64)
2 Benefit (provision) for credit losses	422	116	306	775	(353)
3 Derivative gains (losses)	(1,096)	(302)	(794)	(2,058)	962
4 Other non-interest income (loss) ⁽¹⁾	802	676	126	234	568
5 Non-interest income	(294)	374	(668)	(1,824)	1,530
6 Administrative expense	(513)	(511)	(2)	(475)	(38)
7 Other non-interest expense	(493)	(453)	(40)	(460)	(33)
8 Non-interest expense	(1,006)	(964)	(42)	(935)	(71)
9 Pre-tax income	2,501	3,321	(820)	1,459	1,042
10 Income tax expense	(837)	(1,110)	273	(466)	(371)
11 Net income	\$ 1,664	\$ 2,211	\$ (547)	\$ 993	\$ 671
12 Total other comprehensive income (loss)	322	23	299	140	182
13 Comprehensive income	\$ 1,986	\$ 2,234	\$ (248)	\$ 1,133	\$ 853
Memo Item					
14 Guarantee fee income ⁽¹⁾	\$ 158	\$ 149	\$ 9	\$ 124	\$ 34

⁽¹⁾ Guarantee fee income on a GAAP basis is primarily from the company's multifamily business and is included in Other income (loss) on Freddie Mac's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Financial Results Discussion

Freddie Mac's second quarter 2017 net income of \$1.7 billion and comprehensive income of \$2.0 billion decreased \$0.5 billion and \$0.2 billion, respectively, from the first quarter of 2017. The company's quarter-over-quarter earnings were relatively stable as market-related impacts remained low.

- Net Interest Rate Effect: \$0.1 billion (after-tax) estimated fair value loss for the second quarter of 2017 driven by slight decreases in interest rates, compared to near zero (after-tax) estimated fair value gain for the first quarter of 2017 driven by slight increases in interest rates. (See Net Interest Rate Effect table for additional details.)
- Spread Change Effect: \$0.1 billion (after-tax) estimated gain for the second quarter of 2017, comparable to the \$0.1 billion (after-tax) estimated gain for the first quarter of 2017, as market spreads were relatively unchanged from the first quarter of 2017.

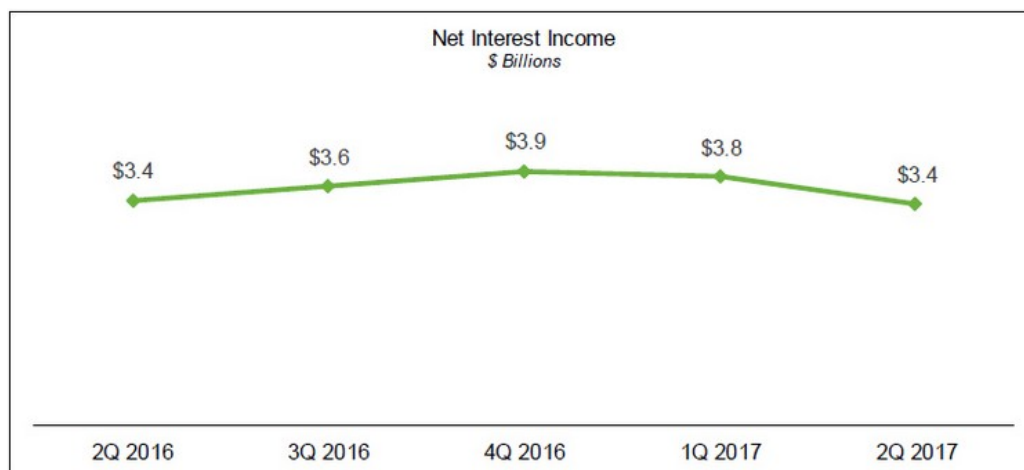
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Net Interest Rate Effect

(\$ Billions)	2Q 2017	1Q 2017	Change	2Q 2016	Change
1 Interest rate effect on derivative fair values	\$ (1.1)	\$ 0.5	\$ (1.6)	\$ (1.7)	\$ 0.6
2 Estimate of offsetting interest rate effect related to financial instruments measured at fair value ⁽¹⁾	0.5	(0.5)	1.0	1.0	(0.5)
3 Gains (losses) on mortgage loans in fair value hedge relationships	0.4	—	0.4	—	0.4
4 Income tax (expense) benefit	0.1	—	0.1	0.3	(0.2)
5 Estimated net interest rate effect on comprehensive income (loss)	\$ (0.1)	\$ 0.0	\$ (0.1)	\$ (0.4)	\$ 0.3

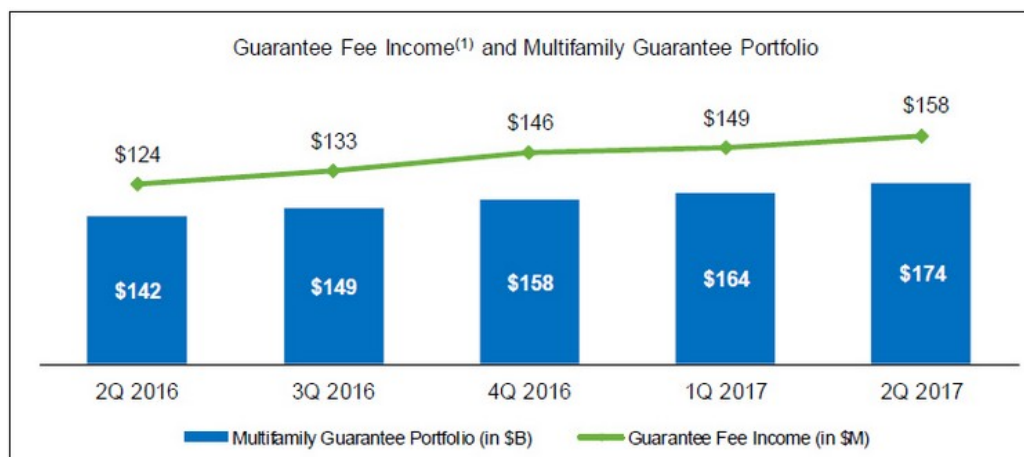
(1) Includes the interest-rate effect on the company's trading securities, available-for-sale securities, mortgage loans held-for-sale, and other assets and debt for which the company elected the fair value option, which is reflected in Other non-interest income (loss) and Total other comprehensive income (loss) on Freddie Mac's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Selected Financial Measures



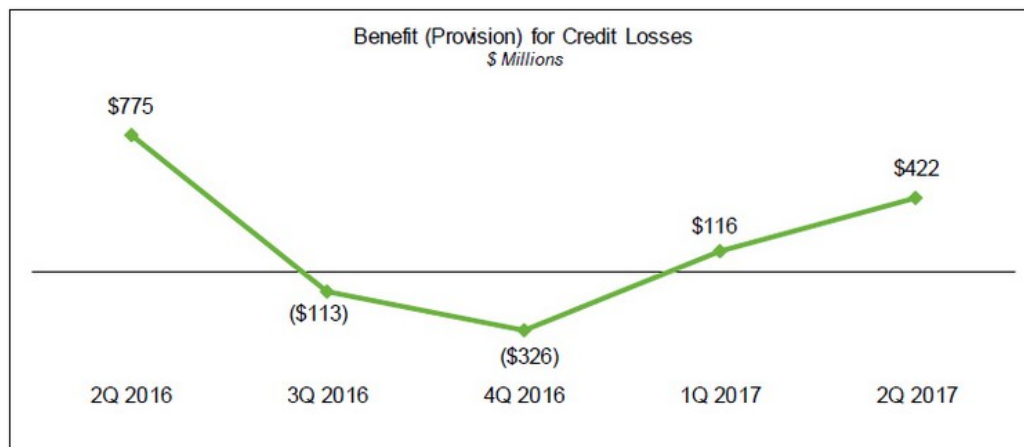
- Net interest income was \$3.4 billion for the second quarter of 2017, a decrease of \$0.4 billion, or 11 percent, from the first quarter of 2017 and unchanged from the prior year.
 - The decrease in net interest income from the prior quarter primarily reflected lower amortization income and a 2 percent decline in the balance of the mortgage-related investments portfolio.

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(1) Guarantee fee income on a GAAP basis is primarily from the company's multifamily business and is included in Other income (loss) on Freddie Mac's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

- Guarantee fee income, primarily from the company's multifamily business, was \$158 million for the second quarter of 2017, increasing \$9 million, or 6 percent, from the first quarter of 2017 and \$34 million from the prior year.
 - The increases in guarantee fee income primarily reflected higher average multifamily guarantee portfolio balances.



- Benefit for credit losses was \$422 million, an increase of \$306 million from the first quarter of 2017 and a decrease of \$353 million from the prior year.
 - The increase in benefit for credit losses from the prior quarter primarily reflected a significant increase in the number of reperforming loans reclassified from held-for-investment to held-for-sale as the company continued to focus on reducing the balance of its less liquid assets.
 - The decrease in benefit for credit losses from the prior year primarily resulted from smaller improvements in probability of default and estimated loss severity in the second quarter of 2017,

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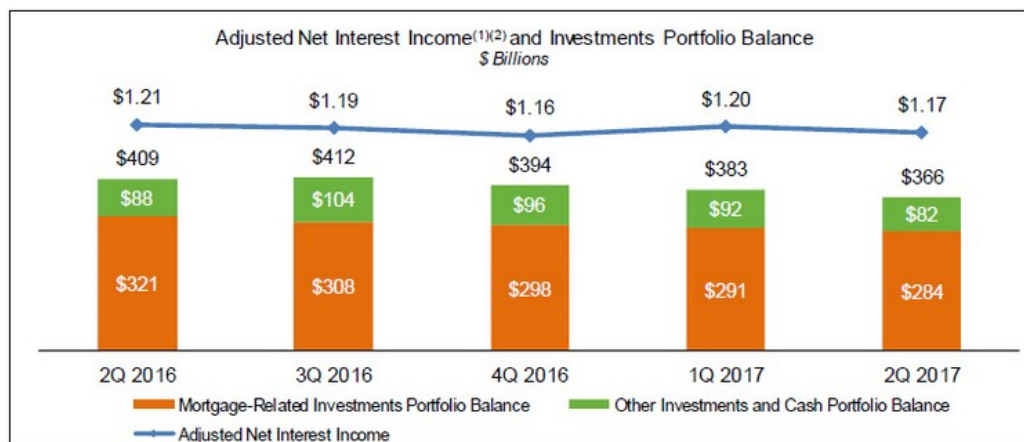
compared to larger improvements in probability of default and estimated loss severity in the second quarter of 2016.

Non-GAAP Financial Measure Highlights

In addition to analyzing the company's results on a GAAP basis, management reviews certain financial measures on an "adjusted", or non-GAAP, basis. The adjusted, or non-GAAP, financial measures are calculated by reclassifying certain credit guarantee-related activities and investment-related activities between various line items on the company's GAAP condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Management believes the non-GAAP financial measures are useful because they more clearly explain the company's sources of revenue. The company does not present adjusted measures for net income or comprehensive income.

- The company's GAAP net interest income includes the spread earned on its investments activities plus the guarantee fees earned by its single-family business. GAAP guarantee fees are primarily those generated by its multifamily business.
 - Adjusted net interest income is the net spread earned on the company's investments activities, including the cost of funds associated with using derivatives.
 - Adjusted guarantee fee income consists of the revenues from guarantee fees from both the single-family and multifamily businesses, net of the 10 basis point guarantee fee remitted to Treasury as part of the Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011.

The two graphs that follow show the company's non-GAAP financial measures – adjusted net interest income and adjusted guarantee fee income.



(1) Non-GAAP financial measure. For reconciliations to the comparable amounts under GAAP, see pages 15-16 of this press release.

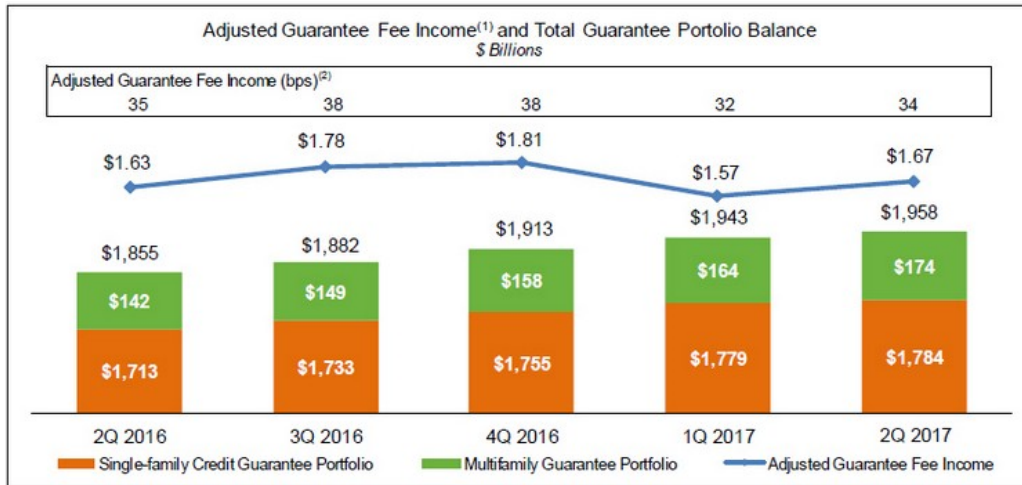
(2) During the first quarter of 2017, the company discontinued adjustments which reflected the reclassification of amortization of upfront cash paid and received upon acquisitions and issuances of swaps and options from GAAP derivative gains (losses) to adjusted net interest income. Prior period results have been revised to conform to the current period presentation.

Note: Amounts may not add due to rounding.

- Adjusted net interest income was \$1.17 billion, a decrease of \$33 million from the first quarter of 2017 and \$41 million from the prior year.
 - Adjusted net interest income has remained relatively stable over the last year, despite the expectation of a decline over the long-term, primarily due to higher net interest yield on both other investments and mortgage-related investments.

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- The expectation of a decline in adjusted net interest income over the long-term is primarily a result of the company's ongoing reduction of its mortgage-related investments portfolio in accordance with the requirements of the Purchase Agreement and FHFA.
- The mortgage-related investments portfolio was \$283.7 billion as of June 30, 2017, a decline of \$7.5 billion from March 31, 2017.
 - The company remains focused on reducing the balance of less liquid assets in this portfolio. The balance of less liquid assets was \$109.2 billion as of June 30, 2017, a decline of \$8 billion, or 7 percent, from March 31, 2017.
 - o Less liquid assets include reperforming loans, single-family seriously delinquent loans, and mortgage-related securities not guaranteed by a GSE or the U.S. government.



(1) Non-GAAP financial measure. For reconciliations to the comparable amounts under GAAP, see pages 15-16 of this press release.

(2) Calculated as annualized quarterly adjusted guarantee fee income divided by the total guarantee portfolio balance.

Note: Amounts may not add due to rounding.

- Adjusted guarantee fee income was \$1.67 billion, an increase of \$99 million from the first quarter of 2017 and \$43 million from the prior year.
 - The increase in adjusted guarantee fee income from the prior quarter primarily reflected higher amortization of single-family upfront fees driven by an increase in loan prepayments during the second quarter of 2017.
 - Adjusted guarantee fee income increased slightly when compared to the prior year driven by continued growth in the total guarantee portfolio.
 - o Adjusted guarantee fee income from contractual guarantee fees is expected to increase over the long-term as guarantee fees on new single-family business are generally higher than the fees received on older vintages that continue to run off.
 - o Changes in the rates of amortization of single-family upfront fees into income are driven by fluctuating levels of loan prepayments due to changes in interest rates.
 - The total guarantee portfolio balance grew to \$1,958 billion at June 30, 2017, an increase of \$15 billion, or 1 percent, from March 31, 2017 and \$103 billion, or 6 percent, from the prior year.

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Segment Financial Results and Business Highlights

Freddie Mac's operations consist of three reportable segments, which are based on the types of business activities they perform – Single-family Guarantee, Multifamily and Capital Markets (formerly called "Investments"). The company presents Segment Earnings by reclassifying certain credit guarantee-related activities and investment-related activities between various line items on its GAAP condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income and allocating certain revenues and expenses, including funding costs and administrative expenses, to its three reportable segments. For more information about Segment Earnings, see Note 11 to the financial statements included in the company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the three months ended June 30, 2017 and page 16 of this press release.

Single-family Guarantee Segment

Providing liquidity to the U.S. housing market while continuing to transfer credit risk to the private market

Financial Results ⁽¹⁾

(\$ Millions)	2Q 2017	1Q 2017	Change	2Q 2016	Change
1 Guarantee fee income	\$ 1,506	\$ 1,418	\$ 88	\$ 1,501	\$ 5
2 Benefit (provision) for credit losses	12	39	(27)	121	(109)
3 Administrative expense	(332)	(333)	1	(314)	(18)
4 Other	(17)	(58)	41	(398)	381
5 Income tax (expense) benefit	(391)	(356)	(35)	(326)	(65)
6 Segment earnings, net of taxes	778	710	68	584	194
7 Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	—	(2)	2	(1)	1
8 Total comprehensive income	\$ 778	\$ 708	\$ 70	\$ 583	\$ 195

(1) The financial performance of the company's Single-family Guarantee segment is measured based on its contribution to GAAP net income (loss).

- Single-family Guarantee segment earnings were \$778 million for the second quarter of 2017, an increase of \$68 million, or approximately 10 percent, from the first quarter of 2017 and \$194 million, or 33 percent, from the prior year.
 - The increase in segment earnings from the prior quarter primarily reflected higher amortization of upfront fees driven by an increase in loan prepayments during the second quarter of 2017.
 - The increase in segment earnings from the prior year was primarily driven by gains due to price improvements on reperforming loans reclassified from held-for-investment to held-for-sale in the second quarter of 2017 compared to losses primarily on seriously delinquent loans reclassified during the second quarter of 2016.

Business Highlights

- Core loan portfolio (after 2008), which excludes HARP and other relief refinance loans, continued to grow and was 75 percent of the single-family credit guarantee portfolio at June 30, 2017.
- Average guarantee fees charged on new acquisitions were 43.6 basis points (net of the legislated 10 basis point guarantee fee remitted to Treasury as part of the Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011) for the second quarter of 2017, down slightly from 44.2 basis points in the first quarter of 2017.
 - Average guarantee fees on the single-family credit guarantee portfolio were 33.9 basis points, an increase of 1.8 basis points from the first quarter of 2017, primarily due to higher amortization of upfront fees driven by loan prepayments during the second quarter of 2017.

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- Transferred a small portion of expected credit losses and a significant portion of the credit losses in a stressed economic environment on approximately \$105.2 billion in UPB of mortgage loans in the Core loan portfolio during the second quarter of 2017.

Multifamily Segment

Providing financing for workforce housing while continuing to transfer credit risk to the private market

Financial Results ⁽¹⁾

(\$ Millions)	2Q 2017	1Q 2017	Change	2Q 2016	Change
1 Net interest income	\$ 292	\$ 271	\$ 21	\$ 283	\$ 9
2 Guarantee fee income	162	151	11	124	38
3 Gains (losses) on loans and other non-interest income	412	236	176	378	34
4 Derivative gains (losses)	(180)	127	(307)	(296)	116
5 Administrative expense	(95)	(95)	—	(86)	(9)
6 Other	(6)	(15)	9	(3)	(3)
7 Income tax (expense) benefit	(196)	(226)	30	(136)	(60)
8 Segment earnings, net of taxes	389	449	(60)	264	125
9 Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	73	(4)	77	7	66
10 Total comprehensive income	\$ 462	\$ 445	\$ 17	\$ 271	\$ 191

(1) The financial performance of the company's Multifamily segment is measured based on its contribution to GAAP comprehensive income (loss).

- Multifamily segment comprehensive income was \$462 million for the second quarter of 2017, an increase of \$17 million, or 4 percent, from the first quarter of 2017 and \$191 million, or 70 percent, from the prior year.
 - The increase in comprehensive income from the prior quarter was primarily driven by higher net interest income on certain multifamily securities and higher guarantee fee income, partially offset by lower mark-to-market gains in the second quarter of 2017.
 - The increase in comprehensive income from the prior year was primarily driven by fair value gains and increased guarantee fee income.
- Derivative gains (losses) for the Multifamily segment are largely offset by interest rate-related fair value changes of the loans and investment securities being economically hedged. As a result, there is minimal net impact on total comprehensive income for the Multifamily segment from interest rate-related derivatives.

Business Highlights

- New purchase volume of \$14.1 billion for the second quarter of 2017 increased 11 percent from the first quarter of 2017, while outstanding loan commitments increased \$5 billion to \$19 billion, reflecting continued strong market demand.
 - The capped multifamily new business activity for the second quarter of 2017 was \$6.7 billion.
 - The 2017 FHFA Scorecard goal is to maintain the dollar volume of annual multifamily new business activity at or below a production cap of \$36.5 billion.
- Executed 12 K Certificate and 5 SB (Small Balance) Certificate transactions that transferred a large majority of expected and stress credit losses associated with \$12.3 billion in UPB of loans during the second quarter of 2017.
- Provided financing for approximately 174,000 rental units in the second quarter of 2017.
 - 84 percent of the eligible units financed in the first half of 2017 were affordable to families earning at or below area median incomes.

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Capital Markets Segment

Enhancing the liquidity of the company's securities in the secondary mortgage market while reducing less liquid assets using an economically sensible approach

Financial Results ⁽¹⁾

(\$ Millions)	2Q 2017	1Q 2017	Change	2Q 2016	Change
1 Net interest income	\$ 875	\$ 929	\$ (54)	\$ 925	\$ (50)
2 Derivative gains (losses)	(485)	52	(537)	(1,322)	837
3 Other non-interest income	444	686	(242)	622	(178)
4 Administrative expense	(86)	(83)	(3)	(75)	(11)
5 Other	(1)	(4)	3	(1)	—
6 Income tax (expense) benefit	(250)	(528)	278	(4)	(246)
7 Segment earnings, net of taxes	497	1,052	(555)	145	352
8 Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	249	29	220	134	115
9 Total comprehensive income	\$ 746	\$ 1,081	\$ (335)	\$ 279	\$ 467

(1) The financial performance of the company's Capital Markets segment is measured based on its contribution to GAAP comprehensive income (loss).

- Capital Markets segment comprehensive income was \$746 million for the second quarter of 2017, a decrease of \$335 million, or 31 percent, from the first quarter of 2017 and an increase of \$467 million from the prior year.
 - The decrease in comprehensive income from the prior quarter was primarily driven by lower amortization income and higher fair value losses as a result of decreases in longer-term interest rates during the second quarter of 2017.
 - The increase in comprehensive income from the prior year was primarily driven by decreased losses due to the use of hedge accounting during the second quarter of 2017.
- On February 2, 2017, the company began using fair value hedge accounting for certain single-family mortgage loans, which reduced its GAAP earnings sensitivity to large interest rate movements by nearly 55 percent in the second quarter of 2017.

Business Highlights

- Continued to responsibly reduce the balance of the company's mortgage-related investments portfolio, with a focus on reducing the balance of less liquid assets. The Capital Markets segment less liquid assets were \$73.3 billion at June 30, 2017, down \$2.7 billion, or 4 percent, from March 31, 2017, due primarily to sales of \$1.1 billion of reperforming loans and \$0.5 billion of non-agency mortgage-related securities and ongoing portfolio liquidations.
- The Capital Markets segment securitization pipeline assets, which represent performing single-family loans purchased for cash and held until securitized, were \$12.1 billion at June 30, 2017, up \$4.4 billion from March 31, 2017.
- Continued to maintain a presence in the agency mortgage-related securities market to strategically support the guarantee business.
 - Liquid assets held by the Capital Markets segment were \$137 billion at June 30, 2017, or 62 percent of the portfolio.

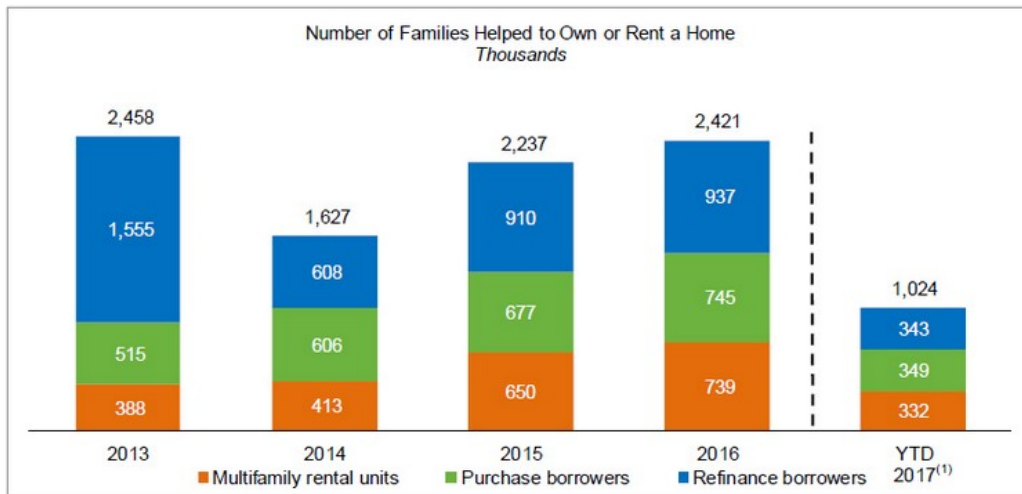
Housing Market Support

Freddie Mac supports the U.S. housing market by executing its charter mission to ensure credit availability for new and refinanced mortgages as well as rental housing while also helping struggling homeowners avoid foreclosure.

Preventing Foreclosures – Freddie Mac continued to help struggling borrowers retain their homes or otherwise avoid foreclosure, completing approximately 35,000 single-family loan workouts in the six months ended June 30, 2017.

Mortgage Funding – Freddie Mac provided approximately \$190 billion in liquidity to the market in the six months ended June 30, 2017, funding:

- Nearly 692,000 single-family homes, approximately 343,000 of which were refinance loans; and
- Approximately 332,000 multifamily rental units.



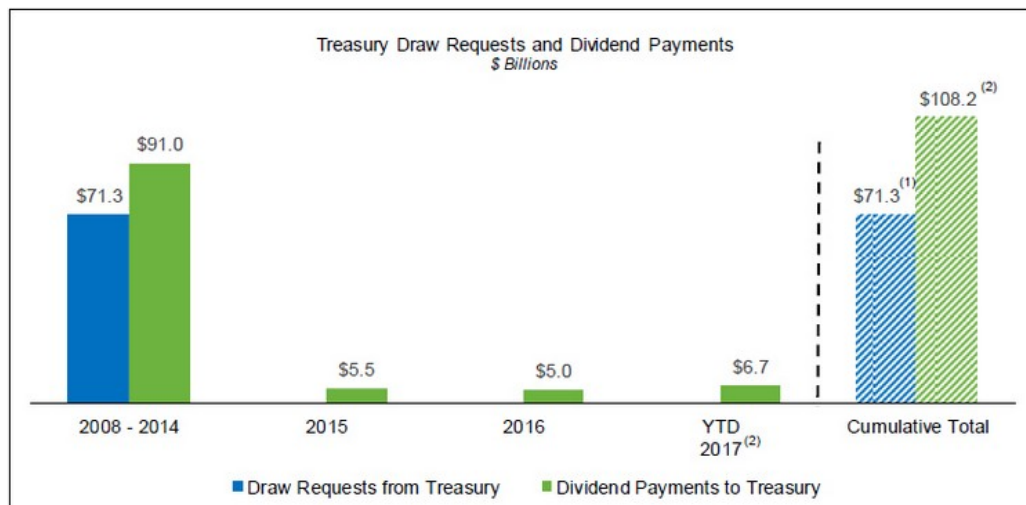
(1) As of June 30, 2017.

Note: Amounts may not add due to rounding.

About Freddie Mac's Conservatorship

Since September 2008, Freddie Mac has been operating under conservatorship, with FHFA as Conservator. The support provided by Treasury pursuant to the Purchase Agreement enables the company to maintain access to the debt markets and to have adequate liquidity to conduct its normal business operations.

Treasury Draw Requests and Dividend Payments



(1) Excludes the initial \$1 billion liquidation preference of senior preferred stock issued to Treasury in September 2008 as consideration for Treasury's funding commitment. The company received no cash proceeds as a result of issuing this initial \$1 billion liquidation preference of senior preferred stock.

(2) As of June 30, 2017.

Note: Amounts may not add due to rounding.

- Based on our Net Worth Amount of \$2.6 billion as of June 30, 2017 and the Capital Reserve Amount of \$600 million in 2017, our dividend requirement to Treasury in September 2017 will be \$2.0 billion. If the Conservator declares a senior preferred stock dividend equal to our dividend requirement and directs us to pay it before September 30, 2017, we would expect to pay a dividend of \$2.0 billion by September 30, 2017.
 - The applicable capital reserve amount is \$600 million for 2017 and will be zero beginning on January 1, 2018.
 - The declining capital reserve required under the terms of the Purchase Agreement (ultimately reaching zero in 2018) increases the risk of Freddie Mac having a negative net worth and thus being required to draw from Treasury.
- Aggregate cash dividends paid to Treasury totaled \$108.2 billion, \$36.9 billion more than cumulative cash draws of \$71.3 billion received from Treasury through June 30, 2017.
- The amount of funding available to Freddie Mac under the Purchase Agreement remains unchanged at \$140.5 billion and will be reduced by any future draws.
- Treasury still maintains a liquidation preference of \$72.3 billion on the company's senior preferred stock as of June 30, 2017.
 - The payment of dividends does not reduce the outstanding liquidation preference under the Purchase Agreement, although we are permitted to pay down the liquidation preference of the outstanding shares of senior preferred stock to the extent of accrued and unpaid dividends previously added to the liquidation preference and not previously paid down.
 - Freddie Mac is not permitted to redeem the senior preferred stock prior to the termination of Treasury's funding commitment under the Purchase Agreement.

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Additional Information

For more information, including that related to Freddie Mac's financial results, conservatorship and related matters, see the company's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017, and the company's Financial Results Supplement. These documents are available on the Investor Relations page of the company's Web site at www.FreddieMac.com/investors.

Additional information about Freddie Mac and its business is also set forth in the company's filings with the SEC, which are available on the Investor Relations page of the company's Web site at www.FreddieMac.com/investors and the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. Freddie Mac encourages all investors and interested members of the public to review these materials for a more complete understanding of the company's financial results and related disclosures.

Webcast Announcement

Management will host a conference call at 9 a.m. Eastern Time on August 1, 2017 to discuss the company's results with the media. The conference call will be concurrently webcast. To access the live audio webcast, use the following link: <http://edge.media-server.com/m/p/gg52puix>. The replay will be available on the company's Web site at www.FreddieMac.com/investors for approximately 30 days. All materials related to the call will be available on the Investor Relations page of the company's Web site at www.FreddieMac.com/investors.

Media Contact: Lisa Gagnon (703) 903-3385

Investor Contact: Laurie Garthune (571) 382-4732

* * * *

This press release contains forward-looking statements, which may include statements pertaining to the conservatorship, the company's current expectations and objectives for its Single-family Guarantee, Multifamily and Capital Markets segments, its efforts to assist the housing market, liquidity and capital management, economic and market conditions and trends, market share, the effect of legislative and regulatory developments and new accounting guidance, credit quality of loans the company owns or guarantees, the costs and benefits of the company's credit risk transfer transactions, and results of operations and financial condition on a GAAP, Segment Earnings, non-GAAP and fair value basis. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond the company's control. Management's expectations for the company's future necessarily involve a number of assumptions, judgments and estimates, and various factors, including changes in market conditions, liquidity, mortgage spreads, credit outlook, actions by the U.S. government (including FHFA, Treasury and Congress), and the impacts of legislation or regulations and new or amended accounting guidance, could cause actual results to differ materially from these expectations. These assumptions, judgments, estimates and factors are discussed in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 and Current Reports on Form 8-K, which are available on the Investor Relations page of the company's Web site at www.FreddieMac.com/investors and the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. The company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements it makes to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this press release.

Freddie Mac makes home possible for millions of families and individuals by providing mortgage capital to lenders. Since its creation by Congress in 1970, the company has made housing more accessible and affordable for homebuyers and renters in communities nationwide. The company is building a better housing finance system for homebuyers, renters, lenders and taxpayers. Learn more at FreddieMac.com, Twitter [@FreddieMac](https://twitter.com/FreddieMac) and Freddie Mac's blog FreddieMac.com/blog.

Freddie Mac Second Quarter 2017 Financial Results
August 1, 2017
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FREDDIE MAC
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
(UNAUDITED)

	Three Months Ended		
	June 30, 2017	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2016
	(in millions, except share-related amounts)		
<i>Interest income</i>			
Mortgage loans	\$ 15,848	\$ 15,965	\$ 15,238
Investments in securities	902	914	978
Other	150	101	56
<i>Total interest income</i>	<u>16,900</u>	<u>16,980</u>	<u>16,272</u>
Interest expense	(13,479)	(13,142)	(12,781)
Expense related to derivatives	(42)	(43)	(48)
<i>Net interest income</i>	<u>3,379</u>	<u>3,795</u>	<u>3,443</u>
Benefit for credit losses	422	116	775
<i>Net interest income after benefit for credit losses</i>	<u>3,801</u>	<u>3,911</u>	<u>4,218</u>
<i>Non-interest income (loss)</i>			
Gains (losses) on extinguishment of debt	50	218	(119)
Derivative (losses)	(1,096)	(302)	(2,058)
Net impairment of available-for-sale securities recognized in earnings	(3)	(13)	(72)
Other gains on investment securities recognized in earnings	61	56	450
Other income (loss)	694	415	(25)
<i>Non-interest income (loss)</i>	<u>(294)</u>	<u>374</u>	<u>(1,824)</u>
<i>Non-interest expense</i>			
Salaries and employee benefits	(266)	(275)	(240)
Professional services	(118)	(112)	(117)
Occupancy expense	(16)	(13)	(15)
Other administrative expense	(113)	(111)	(103)
<i>Total administrative expense</i>	<u>(513)</u>	<u>(511)</u>	<u>(475)</u>
Real estate owned operations expense	(37)	(56)	(29)
Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 expense	(330)	(321)	(280)
Other expense	(126)	(76)	(151)
<i>Non-interest expense</i>	<u>(1,006)</u>	<u>(964)</u>	<u>(935)</u>
Income before income tax (expense)	2,501	3,321	1,459
Income tax (expense)	(837)	(1,110)	(466)
<i>Net income</i>	<u>1,664</u>	<u>2,211</u>	<u>993</u>
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of taxes and reclassification adjustments:			
Changes in unrealized gains (losses) related to available-for-sale securities	295	(2)	109
Changes in unrealized gains related to cash flow hedge relationships	27	28	32
Changes in defined benefit plans	—	(3)	(1)
<i>Total other comprehensive income, net of taxes and reclassification adjustments</i>	<u>322</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>140</u>
Comprehensive income	<u>\$ 1,986</u>	<u>\$ 2,234</u>	<u>\$ 1,133</u>
<i>Net income</i>			
Undistributed net worth sweep and senior preferred stock dividends	\$ 1,664	\$ 2,211	\$ 993
	(1,986)	(2,234)	(933)
<i>Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders</i>	<u>\$ (322)</u>	<u>\$ (23)</u>	<u>\$ 60</u>
Net income (loss) per common share — basic and diluted	\$ (0.10)	\$ (0.01)	\$ 0.02
Weighted average common shares outstanding (in millions) — basic and diluted	3,234	3,234	3,234

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August 1, 2017
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FREDDIE MAC
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
(UNAUDITED)

	<u>June 30, 2017</u>	<u>December 31, 2016</u>
	(in millions, except share-related amounts)	
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 6,666	\$ 12,369
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	4,464	9,851
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	47,791	51,548
Investments in securities, at fair value	98,799	111,547
Mortgage loans held-for-sale (includes \$17,982 and \$16,255 at fair value)	28,019	18,088
Mortgage loans held-for-investment (net of allowance for loan losses of \$10,311 and \$13,431)	1,804,123	1,784,915
Accrued interest receivable	6,237	6,135
Derivative assets, net	951	747
Deferred tax assets, net	14,751	15,818
Other assets (includes \$2,629 and \$2,408 at fair value)	10,956	12,358
<i>Total assets</i>	<u>\$ 2,022,757</u>	<u>\$ 2,023,376</u>
Liabilities and equity		
<i>Liabilities</i>		
Accrued interest payable	\$ 6,090	\$ 6,015
Debt, net (includes \$6,124 and \$6,010 at fair value)	2,009,166	2,002,004
Derivative liabilities, net	298	795
Other liabilities	4,617	9,487
<i>Total liabilities</i>	<u>2,020,171</u>	<u>2,018,301</u>
Commitments and contingencies		
<i>Equity</i>		
Senior preferred stock	72,336	72,336
Preferred stock, at redemption value	14,109	14,109
Common stock, \$0.00 par value, 4,000,000,000 shares authorized, 725,863,886 shares issued and 650,054,731 shares and 650,046,828 shares outstanding	—	—
Additional paid-in capital	—	—
Retained earnings (accumulated deficit)	(80,777)	(77,941)
<i>AOCI, net of taxes, related to:</i>		
Available-for-sale securities (includes \$813 and \$782, related to net unrealized gains on securities for which other-than-temporary impairment has been recognized in earnings)	1,208	915
Cash flow hedge relationships	(425)	(480)
Defined benefit plans	18	21
<i>Total AOCI, net of taxes</i>	<u>801</u>	<u>456</u>
Treasury stock, at cost, 75,809,155 shares and 75,817,058 shares	<u>(3,883)</u>	<u>(3,885)</u>
<i>Total equity</i>	<u>2,586</u>	<u>5,075</u>
<i>Total liabilities and equity</i>	<u>\$ 2,022,757</u>	<u>\$ 2,023,376</u>

Freddie Mac Second Quarter 2017 Financial Results
August 1, 2017
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Freddie Mac
Non-GAAP Reconciliations
\$ Millions, Pre-Tax

Reconciliation of GAAP Net Interest Income to Adjusted Net Interest Income

	2Q 2016	3Q 2016	4Q 2016	1Q 2017	2Q 2017
1 GAAP Net Interest Income	\$ 3,443	\$ 3,646	\$ 3,885	\$ 3,795	\$ 3,379
Reclassifications:					
2 Guarantee fee income reclassified out of net interest income ^{(1), (2)}	(1,781)	(1,935)	(1,970)	(1,741)	(1,840)
3 Accrual of periodic cash settlements reclassified into net interest income ⁽³⁾	(420)	(416)	(434)	(467)	(429)
4 Other reclassifications ⁽⁴⁾	(34)	(106)	(325)	(387)	58
5 Total reclassifications	<u>\$ (2,235)</u>	<u>\$ (2,456)</u>	<u>\$ (2,730)</u>	<u>\$ (2,595)</u>	<u>\$ (2,212)</u>
6 Adjusted Net Interest Income	<u>\$ 1,208</u>	<u>\$ 1,190</u>	<u>\$ 1,155</u>	<u>\$ 1,200</u>	<u>\$ 1,167</u>

Reconciliation of GAAP Guarantee Fee Income* to Adjusted Guarantee Fee Income

	2Q 2016	3Q 2016	4Q 2016	1Q 2017	2Q 2017
7 GAAP Guarantee Fee Income*	\$ 124	\$ 133	\$ 146	\$ 149	\$ 158
Reclassifications:					
8 Guarantee fee income reclassified from net interest income ^{(1), (2)}	1,781	1,935	1,970	1,741	1,840
9 Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 expense reclassified from other non-interest expense ⁽⁵⁾	(280)	(293)	(307)	(321)	(330)
10 Total reclassifications	<u>1,501</u>	<u>1,642</u>	<u>1,663</u>	<u>1,420</u>	<u>1,510</u>
11 Adjusted Guarantee Fee Income	<u>\$ 1,625</u>	<u>\$ 1,775</u>	<u>\$ 1,809</u>	<u>\$ 1,569</u>	<u>\$ 1,668</u>

* Guarantee fee income on a GAAP basis is included in Other income (loss) on Freddie Mac's condensed consolidated statements of comprehensive income.

Note: Columns may not add due to rounding.

For notes on reclassifications, see page 16 of this press release.

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August 1, 2017
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During the first quarter of 2017, the company changed how it calculates certain components of its Segment Earnings for its Capital Markets segment. The purpose of this change is to simplify Segment Earnings results relative to GAAP results in order to better reflect how management evaluates the Capital Markets segment. Prior period results have been revised to conform to the current period presentation. The change to the calculation of net interest income for the Capital Markets segment is also reflected in the company's calculation of adjusted net interest income.

The change includes:

- The discontinuation of adjustments which reflected the reclassification of amortization of upfront cash paid and received upon acquisitions and issuances of swaptions and options from derivative gains (losses) to net interest income for the Capital Markets segment.
 - o The discontinuation of the adjustments resulted in an increase to adjusted net interest income of \$281 million, \$319 million, \$402 million, and \$347 million for the three months ended March 31, 2016, June 30, 2016, September 30, 2016, and December 31, 2016, respectively, to align with the current presentation. This change did not affect the calculation of adjusted guarantee fee income.

Notes on Significant Reclassifications

(1) Net guarantee fees are reclassified from GAAP net interest income to adjusted guarantee fee income.

(2) Implied guarantee fee income related to unsecuritized loans held in the mortgage investments portfolio is reclassified from GAAP net interest income to adjusted guarantee fee income.

(3) The accrual of periodic cash settlements of all derivatives is reclassified from GAAP derivative gains (losses) into adjusted net interest income to fully reflect the periodic cost associated with the protection provided by these contracts.

(4) Other reclassifications primarily relate to items reclassified out of GAAP net interest income, including the amortization of premiums and discounts associated with the company's PCs and the loans underlying those PCs, amortization of non-cash premiums on single-family loans in trusts and on consolidated PCs, amortization of discounts on loans purchased with deteriorated credit quality that are on accrual status, the accretion of other-than-temporary impairments on available-for-sale securities, STACR debt note expense and net float income or expense.

(5) The expense related to the Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011 is reclassified from GAAP other non-interest expense to adjusted guarantee fee income. As a result of the reclassification, the revenue and expense related to the legislated 10 basis point increase are netted within adjusted guarantee fee income.

Exhibit 99.2



Second Quarter 2017 Financial Results Supplement

August 1, 2017



Corporate Highlights



Financial highlights

\$ Millions

	2Q17	1Q17	2Q16	2Q17 vs. 1Q17	2Q17 vs. 2Q16
Net interest income	\$ 3,379	\$ 3,795	\$ 3,443	\$ (416)	\$ (64)
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	422	116	775	306	(353)
Derivative gains (losses)	(1,096)	(302)	(2,058)	(794)	962
Other non-interest income (loss)	802	676	234	126	568
Non-interest income	(294)	374	(1,824)	(668)	1,530
Administrative expense	(513)	(511)	(475)	(2)	(38)
Other non-interest expense	(493)	(453)	(460)	(40)	(33)
Non-interest expense	(1,006)	(964)	(935)	(42)	(71)
Pre-tax income	2,501	3,321	1,459	(820)	1,042
Income tax expense	(837)	(1,110)	(466)	273	(371)
Net income	\$ 1,664	\$ 2,211	\$ 993	\$ (547)	\$ 671
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	322	23	140	299	182
Comprehensive income	\$ 1,986	\$ 2,234	\$ 1,133	\$ (248)	\$ 853

Non-GAAP Financial Measures¹

Adjusted net interest income	\$ 1,167	\$ 1,200	\$ 1,208	\$ (33)	\$ (41)
Adjusted guarantee fee income	\$ 1,668	\$ 1,569	\$ 1,625	\$ 99	\$ 43

Portfolio Balances (\$ Billions)

Total guarantee portfolio	\$ 1,958	\$ 1,943	\$ 1,855	\$ 15	\$ 103
Total investments portfolio	\$ 366	\$ 383	\$ 409	\$ (17)	\$ (43)

Delinquency Rates (%)

Single-family serious delinquency	0.85%	0.92%	1.08%	-0.07%	-0.23%
Multifamily delinquency	0.01%	0.03%	0.02%	-0.02%	-0.01%

Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Key highlights

- Comprehensive Income (CI) of \$2.0 billion, Net Income of \$1.7 billion.
- CI stable quarter-over-quarter due to reduction in market-related earnings volatility.
 - » Market spreads were relatively unchanged.
 - » Implementation of hedge accounting offset most net losses arising from changes in interest rates.
- Higher adjusted guarantee fee income partly due to continued growth in total guarantee portfolio balances.
- Credit quality: improving in Single-family, very strong in Multifamily.

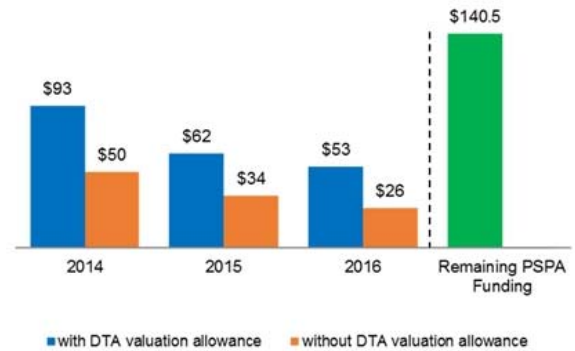
Corporate Highlights, continued



Treasury draw requests and dividend payments
\$ Billions



DFAST⁴ - Additional draws needed under
severely adverse scenario
\$ Billions

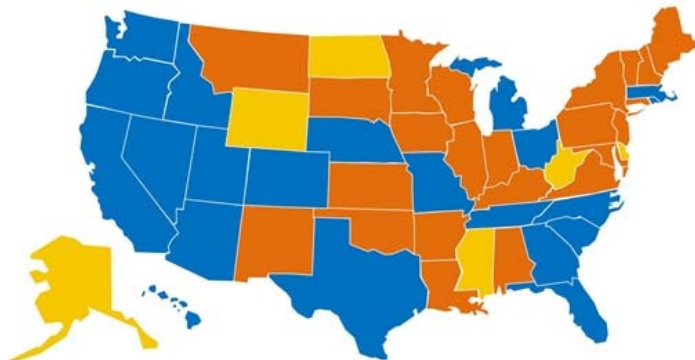


Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Key Economic Indicators



National home prices increased by an average of 6.9% over the past year⁵



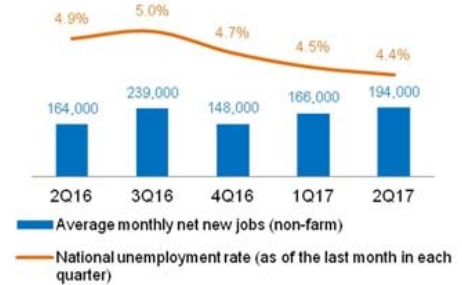
National home price trends^{5,6} have surpassed the 2006 peak



Quarterly ending interest rates



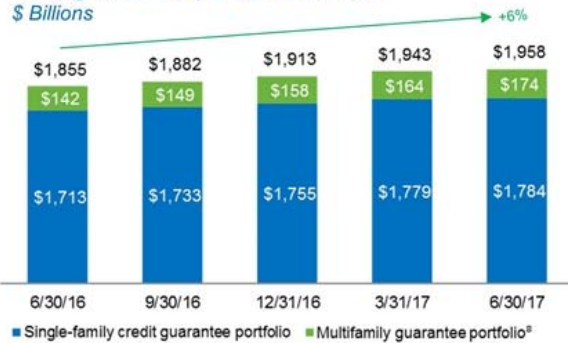
Unemployment rate and job creation



Total Portfolio Balances



Total guarantee portfolio balance⁷
\$ Billions



Portfolio balance highlights

- Total guarantee portfolio balance:
 - Single-family - increased \$71 billion, or 4% YoY, to \$1,784 billion.
 - Multifamily - increased \$32 billion, or 23% YoY, to \$174 billion.
- Total investments portfolio balance:
 - Mortgage-related investments portfolio decreased \$37 billion, or 12% YoY, to \$284 billion.

Total investments portfolio balance
\$ Billions



Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Total debt outstanding^{11,12}
\$ Billions



Single-family Financial Highlights and Key Metrics



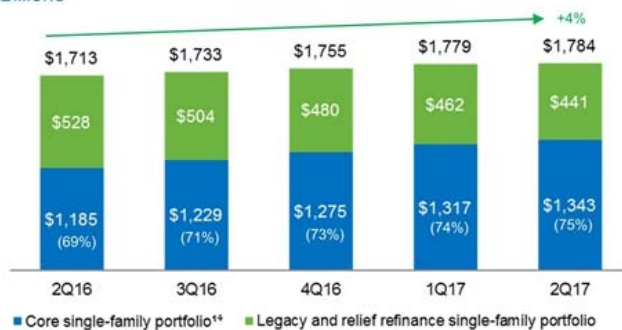
Single-family financial highlights

\$ Millions

	2Q17	1Q17	2Q16	2Q17 vs. 1Q17	2Q17 vs. 2Q16
Guarantee fee income	\$ 1,506	\$ 1,418	\$ 1,501	\$ 88	\$ 5
Benefit (provision) for credit losses	12	39	121	(27)	(109)
Administrative expense	(332)	(333)	(314)	1	(18)
Other	(17)	(58)	(398)	41	381
Income tax (expense) benefit	(391)	(356)	(326)	(35)	(65)
Segment earnings, net of taxes	\$ 778	\$ 710	\$ 584	\$ 68	\$ 194
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	-	(2)	(1)	2	1
Total comprehensive income	\$ 778	\$ 708	\$ 583	\$ 70	\$ 195

Credit guarantee portfolio balance

\$ Billions



Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

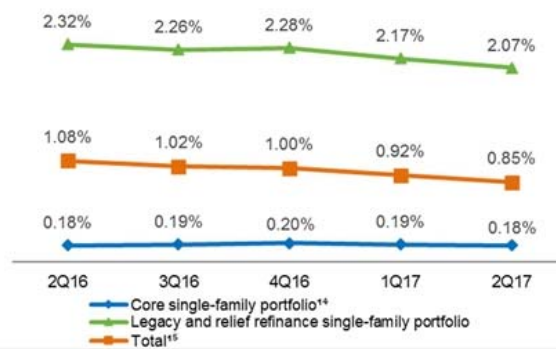
New funding volume

\$ Billions

Guarantee fees charged on new acquisitions (bps)¹³



Serious delinquency rates

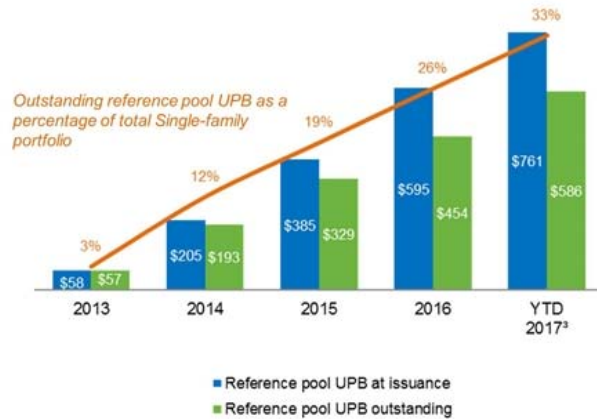


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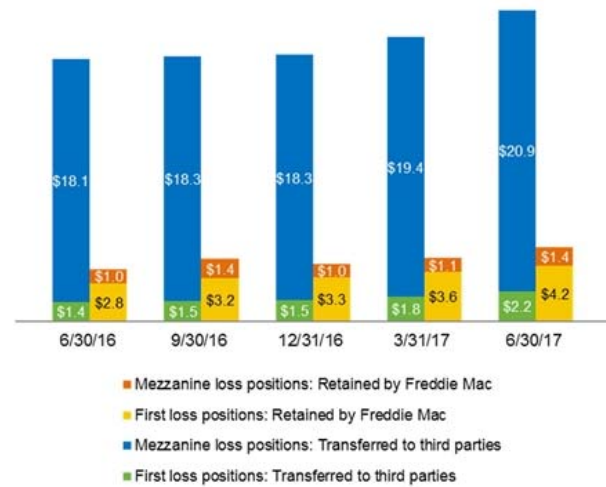
Single-family Credit Risk Transfer – STACR / ACIS¹⁶



Total Single-family credit guarantee portfolio with transferred credit risk
\$ Billions



Cumulative Single-family transferred credit risk based on outstanding balance at period end
\$ Billions



Multifamily Financial Highlights and Key Metrics



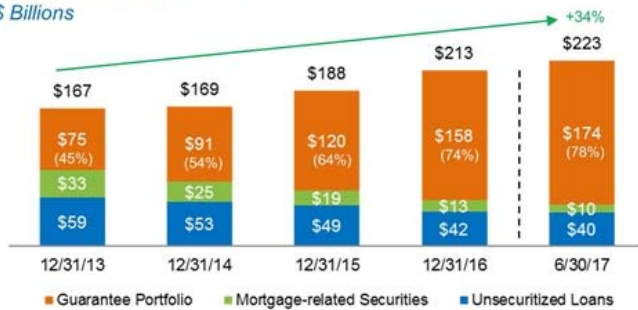
Multifamily financial highlights

\$ Millions

	2Q17	1Q17	2Q16	2Q17 vs. 1Q17	2Q17 vs. 2Q16
Net interest income	\$ 292	\$ 271	\$ 283	\$ 21	\$ 9
Guarantee fee income	162	151	124	11	38
Gains (losses) on loans and other non-interest income	412	236	378	176	34
Derivative gains (losses)	(180)	127	(296)	(307)	116
Administrative expense	(95)	(95)	(86)	-	(9)
Other	(6)	(15)	(3)	9	(3)
Income tax (expense) benefit	(196)	(226)	(136)	30	(60)
Segment earnings, net of taxes	\$ 389	\$ 449	\$ 264	\$ (60)	\$ 125
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	73	(4)	7	77	66
Total comprehensive income	\$ 462	\$ 445	\$ 271	\$ 17	\$ 191

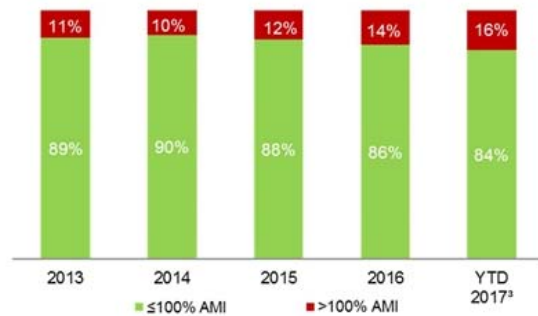
Total portfolio balance

\$ Billions

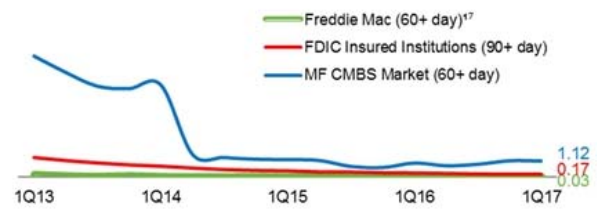


Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Multifamily acquisitions of units by area median income (% of eligible units acquired)



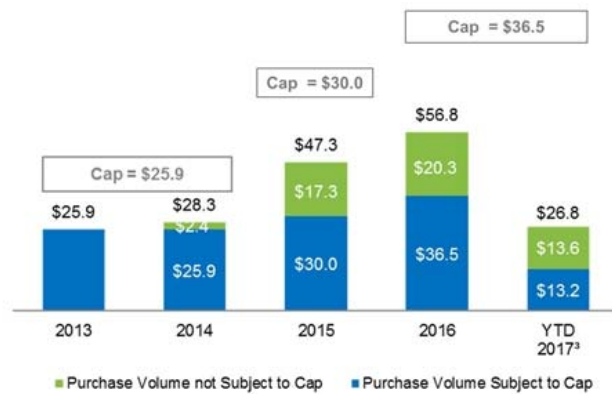
Multifamily market and Freddie Mac delinquency rates (%)



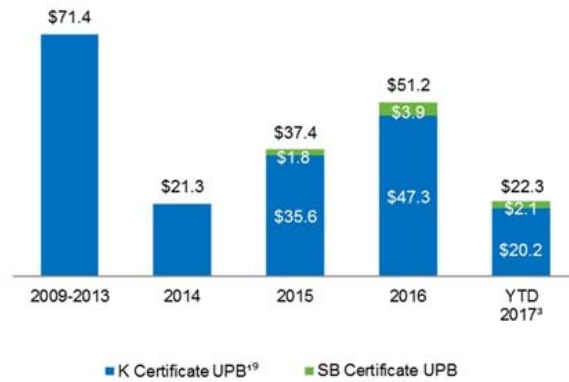
Multifamily Key Metrics, continued



New funding volume
\$ Billions



Multifamily securitization volume¹⁸
\$ Billions



Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Capital Markets Financial Highlights and Key Metrics



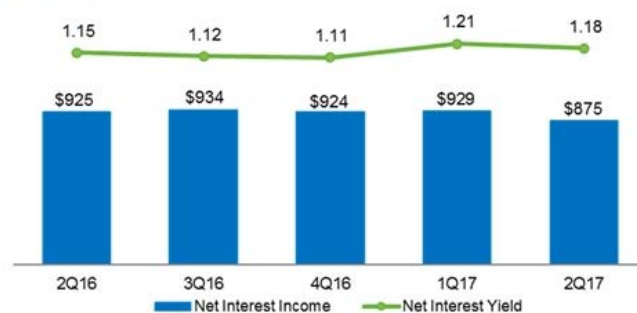
Capital Markets financial highlights

\$ Millions

	2Q17	1Q17	2Q16	2Q17 vs. 1Q17	2Q17 vs. 2Q16
Net interest income	\$ 875	\$ 929	\$ 925	\$ (54)	\$ (50)
Derivative gains (losses)	(485)	52	(1,322)	(537)	837
Other non-interest income	444	686	622	(242)	(178)
Administrative expense	(86)	(83)	(75)	(3)	(11)
Other	(1)	(4)	(1)	3	-
Income tax (expense) benefit	(250)	(528)	(4)	278	(246)
Segment earnings, net of tax	\$ 497	\$ 1,052	\$ 145	\$ (555)	\$ 352
Total other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax	249	29	134	220	115
Total comprehensive income	\$ 746	\$ 1,081	\$ 279	\$ (335)	\$ 467

Capital Markets net interest yield & net interest income

% and \$ Millions



Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Capital Markets investments portfolio balance

\$ Billions



Capital Markets mortgage investments portfolio

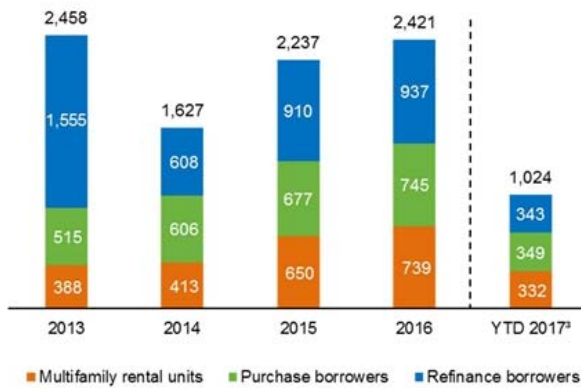
\$ Billions



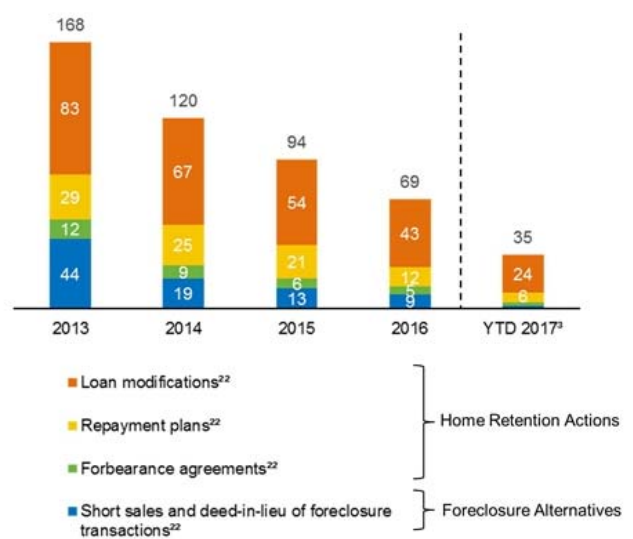
Housing Market Support



Number of families Freddie Mac helped to own or rent a home²⁰
In Thousands



Number of single-family loan workouts²¹
In Thousands



Note: Totals may not add due to rounding.

Footnotes



- 1 For additional information regarding Freddie Mac's non-GAAP financial measures and reconciliations to the comparable amounts under GAAP, see the company's earnings release for the quarter ended June 30, 2017.
- 2 Excludes the initial \$1 billion liquidation preference of senior preferred stock issued to Treasury in September 2008 as consideration for Treasury's funding commitment. The company received no cash proceeds as a result of issuing this initial \$1 billion liquidation preference of senior preferred stock.
- 3 Data for the six months ended June 30, 2017.
- 4 For additional information, see Regulation and Supervision – Federal Housing Finance Agency – Capital Standards in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016. (DFAST: Dodd-Frank Act Stress Test)
- 5 The Freddie Mac House Price Index for the U.S. is a value-weighted average of the state indices where the value weights are based on Freddie Mac's single-family credit guarantee portfolio. Other indices of home prices may have different results, as they are determined using different pools of mortgage loans and calculated under different conventions. The Freddie Mac House Price Index for the U.S. is a non-seasonally adjusted (NSA) monthly series. Cumulative increase, based on the NSA series, calculated as the percent change from June 2006 to June 2017.
- 6 Seasonal factors typically result in stronger house price appreciation during the second and third quarters. Historical growth rates change as new data becomes available. Values for the most recent periods typically see the largest changes.
- 7 Based on unpaid principal balances (UPB) of loans and securities. Excludes mortgage-related securities traded, but not yet settled. The mortgage-related investments portfolio is determined without giving effect to the January 1, 2010 change in accounting standards related to the transfer of financial assets and consolidation of variable interest entities (VIEs).
- 8 Primarily Freddie Mac's K Certificate and SB (Small Balance) Certificate transactions.
- 9 See Freddie Mac's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2017 for information about the company's Other investments and cash portfolio.
- 10 Represents the unpaid principal balance of the company's mortgage-related investments portfolio.
- 11 The company's Purchase Agreement with Treasury limits the amount of mortgage assets the company can own and indebtedness it can incur. Under the Purchase Agreement, mortgage assets and indebtedness are calculated without giving effect to the January 1, 2010 change in the accounting guidance related to the transfer of financial assets and consolidation of variable interest entities (VIEs). See the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 for more information.
- 12 Represents the company's aggregate indebtedness for purposes of the Purchase Agreement debt cap and primarily includes the par value of other short-term and long-term debt used to fund its business activities.
- 13 Represents the estimated average rate of guarantee fees for new acquisitions during the period assuming amortization of upfront delivery fees using the estimated life of the related loans rather than the original contractual maturity date of the related loans. Includes the effect of fee adjustments that are based on the price performance of Freddie Mac's PCs relative to comparable Fannie Mae securities. Net of legislated 10 basis point guarantee fee remitted to Treasury as part of the Temporary Payroll Tax Cut Continuation Act of 2011.
- 14 Represents loans acquired after 2008, excluding HARP and other relief refinance loans.
- 15 Certain securitization transactions for which data is not available are only included in the total single-family serious delinquency rate.
- 16 Consists of Structured Agency Credit Risk (STACR) issuances and Agency Credit Insurance Structure (ACIS) transactions. Excludes all other forms of credit enhancement, including mortgage insurance, whole loan securities, senior subordinate securitization structures, seller indemnification, and Deep Mortgage Insurance CRT transactions.
- 17 See Freddie Mac's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016 for information about the company's reported delinquency rates. The multifamily delinquency rate at June 30, 2017 was 0.01%. Source: Freddie Mac, FDIC Quarterly Banking Profile, TREPP (CMBS multifamily 60+ delinquency rate, excluding REOs). Non-Freddie Mac data is not yet available for the second quarter of 2017.
- 18 Represents the UPB of multifamily loans sold via Freddie Mac's K Certificates and SB Certificates.
- 19 Includes K Certificates without subordination, which are fully guaranteed and issued without subordinate or mezzanine securities
- 20 Based on the company's purchases of loans and issuances of mortgage-related securities. For the periods presented, a borrower may be counted more than once if the company purchased more than one loan (purchase or refinance mortgage) relating to the same borrower.
- 21 Consists of both home retention actions and foreclosure alternatives.
- 22 These categories are not mutually exclusive and a borrower in one category may also be included in another category in the same or another period. For example, a borrower helped through a home retention action in one period may subsequently lose his or her home through a foreclosure alternative in a later period.

Safe Harbor Statements



Freddie Mac obligations

Freddie Mac's securities are obligations of Freddie Mac only. The securities, including any interest or return of discount on the securities, are not guaranteed by and are not debts or obligations of the United States or any federal agency or instrumentality other than Freddie Mac.

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Forward-looking statements

Freddie Mac's presentations may contain forward-looking statements, which may include statements pertaining to the conservatorship, the company's current expectations and objectives for its Single-family Guarantee, Multifamily and Capital Markets segments, its efforts to assist the housing market, liquidity and capital management, economic and market conditions and trends, market share, the effect of legislative and regulatory developments and new accounting guidance, credit quality of loans the company guarantees, the costs and benefits of the company's credit risk transfer transactions, and results of operations and financial condition on a GAAP, Segment Earnings, non-GAAP and fair value basis. Forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, some of which are beyond the company's control. Management's expectations for the company's future necessarily involve a number of assumptions, judgments and estimates, and various factors, including changes in market conditions, liquidity, mortgage spreads, credit outlook, actions by the U.S. government (including FHFA, Treasury and Congress), and the impacts of legislation or regulations and new or amended accounting guidance, could cause actual results to differ materially from these expectations. These assumptions, judgments, estimates and factors are discussed in the company's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2016, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q for the quarters ended March 31, 2017 and June 30, 2017 and Current Reports on Form 8-K, which are available on the Investor Relations page of the company's Web site at www.FreddieMac.com/investors and the SEC's Web site at www.sec.gov. The company undertakes no obligation to update forward-looking statements it makes to reflect events or circumstances occurring after the date of this presentation.